

BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

Vol. XXVIII. No. 2

FEBRUARY

1954

THE FINNISH MARKET REVIEW

GENERAL SURVEY

Since the turn of the year no essential change has been noticeable in the general position of the Finnish economy as presented in the previous survey. Thanks to increased forest work the unemployment figures have so far been stabilized at 52,000 which is about 10,000 less than a year ago, and it seems more and more likely that the top will be lower than last year. As weather conditions have been favourable, timber cutting and hauling from the forests have, on the other hand, proceeded so well that they may end too early, that is before farming begins to absorb labour in the spring. Unemployment may thus increase somewhat in a few weeks.

In any case the raw-material purchases of the forest industry are distinctly, about 10 per cent, above those of last winter. Owing to low purchases in the previous season and the subsequent increase in sales the stocks of finished products and raw materials of the forest industry firms are so small that they will have to be replenished.

As a whole industrial activity is strong at present. All branches of the forest industry work at full capacity, and their products seem certain to find a market. Preliminary estimates indicate that the export quantities, at least of cellulose, paper, plywood and pit props, will exceed those of last year. As export prices have also risen somewhat export receipts will probably be such as to allow an increase in imports by some 10 per cent above the "austerity level" of last year. It

is almost a necessity to provide more adequate supplies of certain raw materials in order to keep the home market industry going. The situation is not quite satisfactory in this respect though it has not been so bad as actually to reduce employment.

From the monetary point of view the first two months of the year have been calm. Both the wholesale price index and the cost of living index have slightly risen, but there has been no question of the rise being inflationary. Although wages may become a matter of some concern later in the spring there is at the moment no reason to expect them to rise because of the wages agreement as the cost of living index will probably stay below the critical line.

As was mentioned last month, the monetary policy will evidently have to remain strict. The liquidity of the banks has very much improved since a year ago, partly because of the increase in the exchange reserve, partly because of the cash deficit of the Treasury this year. If a real and monetary balance is to be preserved a substantial credit expansion cannot be allowed, but as soon as the seasonal unemployment has disappeared, as it evidently will by summer, excess investments should be checked.

THE BUDGET FOR 1954

The budget proposal presented to the Diet in September last year was not approved until the middle of February. The delay was due to two circumstances above all, to the opposition against the radical reduction of expenditure proposed, and to the change of Cabinet in the beginning of November. The budget was considerably revised in the Diet and only a small part of the proposed reductions were adopted. According to the final budget expenditure will amount to about 183,000 million marks as against not fully 152,000 million in the original Government proposal. Current and capital revenue have also been estimated at 183,000 million marks in the final budget thus making both ends meet.

The total is considerably smaller than in last year's budget and its supplements. 219,000 million marks in all. The reduction is, however, largely apparent only because, if certain transfers and corrections are excluded current expenditure remains on its previous level, at 134,000 million marks. On the other hand, capital expenditure has been very much reduced. Unemployment costs have been entered more than 10,000 million marks lower than last year, and according to the budget the investments in railroads and State business enterprises, and the expenditure on building and construction and various purchases of machinery and equipment will also total 10,000 million marks less than last year. The unemployment costs have perhaps been estimated too low, but reductions in real investments are substantial instead.

Current revenue has been entered at 168,000 million marks as against 171,000 million in the 1953 budget. The greatest reduction applies to the sales tax, about 6,000 million marks. It is brought about by measures such as the abolition of the sales tax on some chemicals used by the forest industry.

Estimating the revenue rather cautiously has traditionally been a characteristic of the Finnish Budget. Nor is the 1954 revenue estimated unduly optimistically, but more stress than before has been laid on an attempt to arrive at a figure as realistic as possible.

A STEP TOWARDS CONVERTIBILITY

As a result of negotiations in Moscow and at the suggestion of Finland, the Soviet Union in the beginning of February agreed to pay part of the Finnish export surplus for 1954 in gold. Swiss francs and sterling. The surplus concerned is not tied by the trade agreement in force and it is at present estimated at about 65 million roubles. The final total will depend on possible additional purchases from the Soviet Union, their size to be ascertained by the end of March. The maximum amount payable in gold is 20 million roubles. The agreement has provided a satisfactory way of handling a problem whose solution was attempted already last autumn by inquiries into the possibilities of extending the triangular agreements between Finland and certain countries of the East Bloc to embrace also countries in Western Europe.

The recent agreement exclusively applies to the trade balance of the current year. The swing-credit limit fixed in the trade and payments agreement between Finland and the Soviet Union was raised to its ten-fold amount or 60 million roubles at the negotiations. This means that the present rouble claims of Finland stay below the limit. According to the mutually established practice no demand for their payment in gold or Western currencies was made earlier.

At the same time the Soviet Union granted Finland a gold loan of 40 million roubles, which corresponds to 8,887 kilogrammes of pure gold, or about 10 million US dollars. This credit of a stand-by type Finland can draw on at its own discretion as gold, US dollars or other currencies within the next three years. The loan is payable within ten years of its being drawn, in gold or the currency in which it was drawn. The interest on the loan will be 2.5 per cent and the aim of the arrangement is to increase the free currencies at the disposal of the Bank of Finland.

February 28, 1954.

CONTENTS OF THE TABLES

I. MONEY MARKET

Bank of Finland

- Statement
- Note issue 2
- 3. Notes in circulation, foreign currency and cover for the issue of notes
- 4. Note reserve, home loans and rediscounted bills
- Б. Bills and balance of current accounts
- Foreign clearing accounts 6
- Rates of exchange

Commercial Banks

- Home deposits and credits from the Bank of 8. Finland¹
- 9. Home loans
- Position towards foreign countries 10.
- Foreign payment position of all banks
 Post Office Savings Bank, deposits and giro accounts
- 13. Deposits in the savings banks
- 14. Deposits in co-operative credit societies and consumers' co-operative societies
- Deposits in all credit institutions
- 16. Insurances in life assurance companies
- 17. Changes in number and capital of limited companies
- 18. Bankruptcies
- 19. Stock Exchange
- 20. Stock Exchange index

II. STATE FINANCES

- 21. Public Debt
- 22. State revenue and expenditure
- 23. Collection of taxes and charges

III. TRADE AND INDUSTRY

Foreign trade

- 24. Value of imports and exports
- 25. Value of imports and exports in different classes of goods
 Imports of the most important articles
- 26.
- 27. Exports of the most important articles 28. Unit value index of imports and exports
- 29. Foreign trade with various countries

Home trade and industry

- 30. Wholesale trade
- 31. Sales of petrol
- Volume index of industrial production 32.
- Building activity 33.

IV. TRAFFIC

- 34. Foreign shipping
- 35. State Railways

V. LEVEL OF PRICES

- 36. Wholesale price index
- 37. Cost of living index
- 38. Bank of Finland building cost index

VI. LABOUR MARKET

- 39. Index of working hours in industry 40. Number of unemployed
- 41. Cessation of work

SOME ARTICLES IN EARLIER ISSUES OF BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

- 1952 Nos. 7-8 Finland's Balance of Payments for 1951.
- 9-10 The Foreign Exchange Situation and Prospects. Public Finances in 1951.
- 11-12 Finnish War Reparations.
- Post-War Building in Finland. The Bank of Finland in 1952 1953 1-2
- The Economic Position in Finland in ¥ à
- 3-4Finland's Foreign Trade in 1952
- Employment Policy in Finland
- 5---6 The Finnish Commercial Banks in 1952 The Mechanization of Farming in Finland

- 1953 Nos. 7-8 Public Finances in 1952
 - The Finnish Railways in Post-War Conditions
 - 9-10 The Foreign Exchange Situation and Prospects
 - Finland's Balance of Payments for ъ
 - 11-12 A Survey of the Population in Fin-
 - Sugar-beet Growing and the Beet-sugar Industry in Finland
- 1954 No. The Bank of Finland in 1953 1
- The Economic Position in Finland in 1953

STATISTICS

1. STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF FINLAND

	1953 Mill. mk		19 Mill.		
	14/2	23/1	³⁰ / ₁	8/2	15/2
ASSETS					
Gold Reserve	5 863	5 862	5 862	5 862	5 862
Foreign Currency	11 687	13 951	14 233	14 508	14 730
Foreign Bills	4 828	5 950	5 948	5 872	5 965
Foreign Bonds	_	313	313	313	313
Foreign Bank Notes and Coupons	166	120	119	119	118
Foreign Clearing Accounts	4 816	8 691	8 840	8 997	8 568
IMF & IBRD cover 1)	1 662	1 662	1 662	1 662	1 662
Inland Bills 2)	37202	17112	16 413	15 215	14 050
Treasury Bond Loan 1953		20 000	20 000	20 000	20 000
Loans on Security	32	33	3 3	33	33
Advances on Current Accounts	630	66	190	58	212
Bonds	1 159	2 229	2 229	2 228	2 228
Sundry Assets	656	1 575	555	427	414
Total	68 701	77 564	76 397	75 294	74 155
LIABILITIES					
Notes in circulationOther Liabilities payable on demand:	43 325	41 130	42 230	42 281	43 813
Current Account of the Treasury		9 606	7 186	7 375	4 754
Other Current Accounts less Banker's cheques	731	2 136	2 561	2 097	2 165
Bank-Post-Bills	92	10	13	3	15
Mark Accounts of holders abroad	4 831	2 411	2 409	1 995	2 086
IMF & IBRD 1)	3 157	3 387	3 387	3 387	3 387
Sundry Accounts	625	192	268	152	175
Foreign Debt	2495	5 810	5 773	5 774	5 868
Equalization Accounts	4 801	3 272	2 931	2 562	2 197
Capital	5 000	5 000	5 000	5 000	5 000
Reserve Fund	2 848	3 683	3 683	3 683	3 683
Earnings less Expenses	190	91	120	149	176
Undisposed Profits	606	836	836	836	836
Total (68 701	77 564	76 397	75 294	74 155

2. NOTE ISSUE OF THE BANK OF FINLAND

	1953 Mill. mk	1954 Mill. mk						
	14/2	23/1	80/1	8/2	15/2			
RIGHT TO ISSUE NOTES								
Gold Reserve and Foreign Balances 3)	22 544	26 196	26 475	26 674	26 988			
Additional Right of Issue	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000	50 000			
Total	72 544	76 196	76 475	76 674	76 988			
AMOUNT OF ISSUE USED								
Notes in circulation	43 325	41 130	42 230	42 281	43 813			
Other Liabilities payable on demand	9 436	17 742	15 824	15 009	12 582			
Undrawn Advances on Current Accounts	397	958	834	967	813			
Total	53 158	59 830	58 888	58 257	57 208			
NOTE RESERVE								
Available	8 250	3 478	4 000	3 632	3 830			
Dependent on supplementary cover	11 136	12 888	13 587	14 785	15 950			
Total	19 386	16 366	17 587	18 417	19 780			
Grand total	72 544	76 196	76 475	76 674	76 988			

¹⁾ IMF & IBRD = International Monetary Fund & International Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

²⁾ All Treasury bills converted into a bond loan on Sept. 16, 1953.

³⁾ Foreign currency, bills payable abroad in foreign currency, foreign bonds listed on foreign Stock Exchanges, bonds and interest coupons in foreign currency which have fallen due and foreign money.

3. BANK OF FINLAND — NOTES IN CIRCULATION, FOREIGN CURRENCY AND COVER FOR THE ISSUE OF NOTES

End of			n sircula ill. mk	ion			Currenc	y 1)		of Notes abilities mand	End of		
Month	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	43 428 44 044 44 338 46 579 45 052 44 173 45 193 43 768 42 440 45 497	41 104 44 238 44 078 43 862 43 247 42 615 45 075 45 075 44 2759 45 019			22 654 20 937 18 005 17 400 14 478 12 831 11 836 9 741 9 467 9 583	11 079 11 698		+ 398	103.8 105.8 106.2 108.2 112.1 116.2 119.3 122.5 119.5 117.7	117.2 114.4 110.9 111.7 113.7 116.7 114.1 112.7 110.1 109.0 109.2 106.8		±0.0	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

¹⁾ Net credit balances with foreign correspondents.

4. BANK OF FINLAND - NOTE RESERVE, HOME LOANS AND BEDISCOUNTED BILLS

End of	N	ote Reserv Mill. mk	76			Loans 1)		(i	End of			
Month	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month
_	32 359			20 694			<u> </u>	16			7	_
Jan.	32 897	18 235	17 587	20 661	41 525	38 298	5 875	217	14 315	3 068	5 200	Jan.
Feb.	30 482	18 610		21 901	39 695			1 995	13 242			Feb.
March	30 467	18 987		22 961	37 314	[4 994	9 781			March
April	29 011	18 195		24 593	38 653			7 655	11 093			April
May	26 823	14 429		28 004	43 711	1		8 332	9 788			May
June	24 774	16 966		31 859	42 474			9 961	8 273			June
July	26 091	15 848		32 311	42 462			7 346	3 756			July
Aug.	21 048	14 838		39 447	42 926			5 716	1 338			Aug.
Sept.	21 152	15 698		40 657	42 240			7 411	4 442			Sept.
Oct.	20 223	15 301		40 199	41 992		·	8 422	5 665			Oct.
Nov.	15 976	16 445		44 294	40 993			9 512	5 149			Nov.
Dec.	11 939	12 273		46 915	44 173	1		17 217	8 268			Dec.

1) IMF & IBRD cover, inland bills, loans on security, advances on current accounts and, since Sept. 1953, the Treasury bond loan 1953.

5. BANK OF FINLAND — BILLS AND BALANCE OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS

	O. BILLE OF THE BALL			27,23,		*********	01 UI	OUCHID			
End of		sims on the ed in Home Mill. mk			Private Billed in Home Mill. mk			to others	Jurrent Action than the Till. mk		End of
Month	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month
	8 686			11 567			4 071				
Jan.	8 115	11 886	14 476	12 253	14 777	13 345	2 599	4 148	2824	1 514	Jan.
Feb.	6 656	10 226		12 803	15 720		2 160	1 118			Feb.
March	4 874	10 701		12 543	16 347		2 095	801			March
April	3 180	10 581		13 247	16 489		1 171	254			April
May.	4 153	15 824	i i	14 973	17 857		1 517	1 653			May
June	5 443	15 133		16 134	18 906		2 671	2 027			June
July	8 769	21 005		15 752	17 459		633	4 367			July
Aug.	18 057	25 192		15 247	16 168		2 635	4 531			Aug.
Sept.	16 935	19 848	i '	15 725	15 782		2 001	5 279			Sept.
Oct.	15 874	16 584		15 406	14 456		2 584	4 277			Oct.
Nov.	18 983	18 519	1	15 230	13 874		3 389	3 180			Nov.
Dec.	14 739	14 381		14 678	13 812		4 033	4 338			Dec.

¹⁾ Up to August 1953 Treasury bills; thereafter the Treasury Bond Loan 1953 plus the IMF & IBRD cover minus the Current Account of the Treasury.

The figures in italics indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

6. BANK OF FINLAND FOREIGN CLEARING ACCOUNTS

7. RATES OF EXCHANGE OHOTED BY THE BANK OF FINLAND

	LOWEIG	IN CLUBA	TIGHTIA DE T	LUUUUM.	19	dontro bi the
End			Ciaims (+) idebtedness Mill. mk	()		
Month	1951	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	-1 662 - 647 + 355 + 676 + 893 - 347 -1 644 -1 711 -1 922 - 763 + 846 +1 373 +3 297	+6 269 +4 970 +3 859 +2 048 +1 672 +3 243 +3 867	+6 473 +5 300 +4 434 +5 651 +5 938 +7 016	+8840	— 757	New York London Stockholm Copenhagen Oslo Paris Brussels Amsterdam Zürich Frankfurt a/M Prague Montreal, nom. Rio de Janeiro Moscow, nom.

		1954 15/2
New York	1 Dollar	231: -
London	1 Pound	646: -
Stockholm	100 Kronor	4 450: -
Copenhagen	100 Kroner	3 340:
Oslo	100 Kroner	3 235: -
Paris	100 Francs	66: -
Brussels	100 Francs	462: -
Amsterdam	100 Guilders	6 090: -
Zürich	100 Francs	5 300: -
Frankfurt a/M	100 DM	5 500: -
Prague	100 Koruny	3 208: -
Montreal, nom.	1 Dollar	239: -
Rio de Janeiro	100 Cruzeiros	1 260: -
Moscow, nom.	100 Rubel	5 775: -

8. COMMERCIAL BANKS — HOME DEPOSITS AND CREDITS FROM THE BANK OF FINLAND

End -	Cheque Accounts Mill. mk 1052 1054 1052 1054		dit inst	Due to other Cre- dit institutions Mill. mk		Total Mill. mk			Gredits from the Bank of Finland Mill. mk				
Month	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	1953	1954	Month	
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	28 020 26 624 25 397 27 423 27 361 28 523 31 951 31 198 33 206 33 815 35 132 34 124	32 743	59 742 60 629 61 798 62 734 63 489 63 906 63 922 64 781 66 183 65 907 65 888 66 017	71 633	6 856 8 137 8 265 8 511 8 855 8 221 8 152 10 021 9 795 7 847 8 014 8 082	8 785	91 840 92 831 94 923 95 100 92 739	95 390 95 460 98 668 99 705 100 650 104 025 106 000 109 184 107 569 109 034 108 223		15 294 13 420 12 907 9 749 11 088 9 270 7 704 3 093 413 1 982 2 531 2 595	2 033	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	

Tables 8—10 according to Finnish Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics. Mortgage banks are not included.

9. COMMERCIAL BANKS — HOME LOANS

		To the	Public		To other		To the	State	To	otal	l
End of	Inland Mill,		Other Credits Mill. mk		institu Mill.		Mill. mk		Mill	. mk	End of
Month	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	Month
	64 809		40 072	1	4 595				109 476		
Jan.	65 354	62 713	40 962	44 134	4 901	5 797		3 000	111 217	115 644	Jan.
Feb.	66 714	1	40 708	1	4 489				111 911		Feb.
March	67 776	ì	40 264	- 1	4 470				112 510		March
April	68 942		40 597	1	4 429				113 968		April
May	68 119	İ	41 232	- 1	4 601		[113 952		May
June	66 743		41 628	I	4 761	l			113 132		June
July	65 925		41 442	- 1	6 224	ĺ			113 591		July
Aug.	64 040		41 257	i	6 269		2 950		114 516		Aug.
Sept.	63 439		41 810	- 1	5 680		4 150		115 079		Sept.
Oct.	63 568	ĺ	42 528	I	5 892		6 000		117 988		Oct.
Nov.	63 660	- 1	43 106	I	6 443		4 050		117 259		Nov.
Dec.	61 696	- [43 963	- 1	5 120		2 500		113 279		Dec.

The figures in italics indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

10. COMMERCIAL BANKS — POSITION TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES

End of		Claims Mill. mk			Indebtedne Mill. mk)t	End of		
Month	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Nov. Dec.	10 608 10 052 9 535 9 078 7 800 7 429 8 158 8 769 8 549 9 091 8 906 8 338 7 539	8 002 6 735 7 383 6 952 4 581 5 329 5 717 5 556 4 671 5 184 6 404 6 183	5 847	8 202 9 238 9 572 9 834 11 107 10 968 10 016 9 698 8 669 9 457 9 276 8 125 7 282	7 417 6 794 6 902 6 200 3 824 3 938 3 923 4 165 3 854 4 693 5 528 5 120	4 122	+2 406 + 814 - 37 - 756 -3 307 -3 539 -1 858 - 929 - 120 - 366 - 370 + 213 + 257	+ 585 - 59 + 481 + 752 + 757 +1 391 +1 794 +1 391 + 817 + 817 + 817 + 876 +1 063	+ 1 725	+ 662	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

11. FOREIGN PAYMENT POSITION OF ALL BANKS 1)

12. POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS AND GIRO ACCOUNTS 2)

End of		Indebted	(+) or Ne ness () mk	t	i i	Giro Ac Mill.				posits ll. mk		End of
Month	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement		1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	+24 214 +20 427 +19 952 +17 880 +15 779 +12 680 +10 030 +10 270 +10 787	+10 250 +10 537 +12 296 +12 471 +10 477 +10 415 +12 518 +14 044 +15 671 +16 724 +17 972 +18 272		+ 904		10 765 6 366 6 598 12 068 6 619 6 875 16 143 6 851 6 548 11 680 7 382 7 066 10 672	7 273	18 243 19 461 20 490 20 849 20 927 21 087 21 202 21 375 22 355 22 449 22 534 22 826 23 562	24 190 24 817 25 057 25 014 25 227 25 181 25 072 25 691 25 702 25 700 25 883 27 074	27 464	+ 390	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

¹⁾ For the Bank of Finland the net result of the debit and credit accounts with foreign correspondents, foreign clearing transactions and the foreign debt as well as foreign bills and the debt to IMF and IBRD are taken into account, and for the Commercial Banks their net position is taken into account according to table 10 above.

18. DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS BANKS

	IV DEI ONI DEI TELL DEVELOR DELLES												
End of	Sa	wings Acco Mill. mk		Gu	Gurrent Accounts Mill. mk			•	Total Mill. m	k		End of	
Month	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	1951	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month	
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	52 307 53 546 54 870 56 054 57 223 58 137 58 604 59 995 61 128 61 041 61 783 62 289	66 937 68 146 69 111 70 117 70 634 70 372 71 061 71 641 71 452 72 085 72 764 77 272*	78 448	2 897 2 862 2 815 2 977 3 476 3 201 3 791 3 521 3 576 3 987 3 557 3 159	2 996 3 153 3 196 3 451 3 529 3 412 3 851 4 043 3 689 4 120 3 698 3 315*	3 381	41 895 42 585 43 293 44 155 45 215 45 765 45 806 46 909 47 957 48 316 50 343 51 498 55 204	56 408 57 685 59 031 60 699 61 338 61 805 63 786 64 649 64 617 65 770 65 846	69 933 71 299 72 307 73 568 74 163 73 784 74 912 75 684 75 141 76 205 76 462 80 587*	81 829	+ 1242	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	

According to figures supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

The figures in italics indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

²⁾ According to figures supplied by the Post Office Savings Bank. Giro accounts include all private accounts except those of Commercial Banks.

14. DEPOSITS IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES AND CONSUMERS'

	00 0122221711 00 0122210													
End	De	posits in C	o-operative Mill. n		oties¹)	Deposit	ocieties *)	End of						
of Month	1951	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	1951	1952	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Month			
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	21 609 21 887 22 493 23 441 24 001 24 401 24 549 25 381 27 166 27 548 28 667 29 645 31 696	32 388 33 526 34 639 35 426 36 135 36 162 37 040 38 517 38 106 37 753 37 529 39 258	39 373 40 291 41 206 41 295 41 504 41 317 41 736 42 839 42 553 42 191 42 197 44 489*	45 174	+ 685	5 356 5 528 5 844 6 226 6 700 6 794 6 825 6 913 7 024 7 170 7 459 7 781 8 442	8 989 9 440 9 793 10 047 10 374 10 260 10 293 10 292 10 204 10 262 10 263	11 091 11 621 11 696 11 690 11 694 11 547 11 461 11 388 11 347 11 424	12 213	+ 262	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.			

¹⁾ Figures supplied by the Central Bank for Co-operative Credit Societies. — 2) According to data supplied by the Finnish Co-operative Wholesale Society and the Co-operative Wholesale Association.

15. DEPOSITS IN ALL CREDIT INSTITUTIONS 1)

16. INSURANCES IN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES

End of	Time D Mill.	-	Total Dep			
Month	1958	1954	1953	1954	Monthly Movement	Num
Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	197 288 200 671 205 128 207 991 209 907 211 145 210 395 212 148 215 949 214 996 215 271 216 297 229 416*	232 975	230 719 232 406 235 775 241 013 243 171 245 518 248 564 250 795 255 890 255 210 257 231 256 854 267 284*	271 740	+ 4456	12 7 13 3 14 1 12 5 11 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

		OOMA PAI		
	New risk	s accepted	')	771 3
19	953	195	4*	End of
Number	Amount Mill. mk	Number	Amount Mill. mk	Month
12 706 13 308 14 101 12 956 11 751 10 785 7 916 9 038 10 695 11 968 12 446 13 548 141 218	2 638 2 794 2 798 2 788 2 471 2 324 1 733 1 826 2 369 2 646 2 719 3 436 80 724	9 566	2 285	Jan. Feb. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

¹⁾ Commercial Banks, Post Office Savings Bank excl. postal giro accounts, Savings Banks, Co-operative Credit Societies, Central Bank for Co-operative Credit Societies, Consumers' Co-operative Societies, and Mortgage Banks.

17. CHANGES IN NUMBER AND CAPITAL OF LIMITED COMPANIES

11. CHANGES IN NUMBER AND CAPITAL OF MIMITED COMPANIES											
Year and	Fou	ınded	_	increased Capital	_	ed or with d capital		mpanies	or reduct	ion (—) companics	Year and
Quarter	Num- ber	Capital Mill. mk	Num- ber	Increase of Capital Mill. mk	Num- ber	Reduction of Capital Mill. mk		Capital Mill. mk	Num- ber	Capital Mill. mk	Quarter
1950 1951	1 421 1 025	3 527 3 288	1 079 671	12 826 8 475	255 253	228 611		+16 125 +11 152		+1 773 +1 850	1950 1951
1952 1953	1 225 1 110	5 530 4 414	878 549	16 980 6 981	316 360	234 2 230		+22 276 + 9 165		$+2727 \\ +3150$	1952 1953
1952 July-Sept. OctDec.	235 419	578 2 142	164 346	924 7 680	61 111	25 131		+ 1 477 + 9 691		+ 501 +1052	1952 July-Sept. OctDec.
1953 Jan March April-June July-Sept. Oct Dec.	257 295 253 305		158 143 90 158	1 315 1 455 235 3 976	107 80 61 112	182 450 720 878	+ 220 + 194	+ 1049	+ 85 + 71	+ 340 +1 136 +1 160 + 514	1953 Jan March April-June July-Sept. Oct Dec.

Figures supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

The figures in Italics indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

• Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

According to information supplied by the Finnish Life Assurance Companies.

18. BANKRUPTCIES

10 STOCK EXCHANGE

Month	Bankrupteies ¹) Number										
	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953*						
January	22	48	20	54	32						
February	25	55	26	47	75						
March	42	55	12	28	43						
April	38	38	26	41	26						
May	43	21	15	32	23						
June	19	19	10	12	22						
July	27	15	4	12	37						
August	12	5	15	10	11						
September	28	44	8	18	49						
October	22	36	41	75	112						
November	25	42	51	56	111						
December	76	28	11	44							
Total	879	406	239	429	l						
JanNov.	303	378	228	385	541						

	Tū	· sinc	AL EA	UMANU	<u>[] [] </u>
	Furnover	of Stock l Mill. mk	_	1)	Month
1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	
148 155 235 358 299 226 185 235 318 340 228 229 2 956	287 248 264 281 219 238 162 230 216 192 215 229 2 781	187 166 203 194 243 107 148 156 169 127 148 1 984	106 127 127 214 172 201 207 301 283 118 144 135 2 134	125	January February March April May June July August September October November December
1) A	ccording	to data	supplied	by the	Stock Exchange

¹) Figures compiled by the Central Statistical Office from the reports sent in by the various Courts including all bank-ruptcy petitions, of which only about half will lead in due course to actual bankruptcy.

20 STOCK EXCHANGE INDEX 1948-100

20. STUCK EACHAIGE INDEA 1946=100													
				S	hare Prices	,							
Month		All kinds		В	ank Share	3	Ind	ustrial Sha	ires	Month			
	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954				
January	203	164	243	137	124	148	217	169	262	January			
February	199	166		139	125		211	172		February			
March	194	165	i i	130	118		207	172		March			
April May	187	176		129	126		198	185		April			
May	169	191		121	132		178	202		May			
June	166	199		119	135		174	211		June			
July	177	203		122	140		187	215		July			
August	180	227	l	123	144	- 1	191	245		August			
September	177	227		123	141	- 1	187	245		September			
October	172	226		122	142		181	243		October			
November	166	230		122	144		173	247		November			
December	164	231	ŀ	121	145		170	247		December			
Whole year	180	200	ı	126	135		190	213		Whole year			

[»]Unitas» index based on the prices quoted for the shares of 3 banks and 10 industrial firms,

21. PUBLIC DEBT

End of Year				According t	o the Finan Mill. mk ¹)		8			Mill. Dollars ²)	End of Year
and		Funded De	bt	Sh	ort-term Cr	edit	То	tal Public	Debt	Total	and
Month	Foreign	Internal	Total	Foreign	Internal	Total	Foreign	Internal	Total	Public Debt	Month
1948 1949 1950 1951 1952	38 512 57 487 60 426 70 686 63 857	53 523 48 162 42 650 42 845 41 481	92 035 105 649 103 076 113 531 105 338	5 098 5 666 5 458 4 126 3 874	24 489 28 550 27 176 13 294 19 901	29 582 34 216 32 629 17 420 23 775	43 605 63 153 65 879 74 812 67 731	78 012 76 712 69 826 56 139 61 382	121 617 139 865 135 705 130 951 129 113	894 605 587 567 559	1948 1949 1950 1951 1952
1953 May June July Aug. Sept. 3) Oct. Nov.	63 226 62 964 64 565 64 507 64 138 64 137 64 083	40 047 40 041 39 762 39 562 60 074 60 730 60 873	103 278 103 005 104 327 104 069 124 212 124 867 124 956	3 773 3 773 1 846 1 825 1 737 1 513 1 472	16 446 25 226 21 150 29 649 10 090 9 252 6 767	20 219 28 999 22 996 31 474 11 827 10 765 8 239	66 999 66 737 66 411 66 332 65 875 65 650 65 555	56 493 65 267 60 912 69 211 70 164 69 982 67 640	123 492 132 004 127 323 135 543 136 039 135 632 133 195	535 571 551 587 589 587 577	1953 May June July Aug. Sept. ³) Oct. Nov.

¹⁾ According to data supplied by the Treasury. Internal loans are given at their nominal value and foreign loans in Finnish currency according to current rates of exchange.—*) The outstanding amounts of both internal and foreign loans have been converted into United States dollars at the Helsinki rates of exchange of the respective currencies.

*) All Treasury bills converted into a bond loan on Sept. 16, 1958.

* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

Committee.

22. STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

			Current	Revenue	_	Capital :	Revenue				oital nditure	
Year and Month	Total Re- venue	Total	Taxes 1)	In- terest and Divi- dends ¹)	Profits of Busi- ness enter- prises*)	Total	Loans	Total Expend- iture	Current Expend- iture	Total	Re- demp- tions	Year and Month
				Mill. m	k				Mill.	mk		
1951 1952	204 633 205 017		150 152 161 437	1 892 2 210					143 924 145 844			1951 1952
1953 Budget Suppl. ³)	180 063 35 348		141 436 —	2 139	4 485 — 28		6 220 30 046		129 905 8 716	50 067 29 958		1953 Budget Suppl. ³)
1952 JanNov.	 175 332	168 492	186 068	1 796	526	6 840	4 448	167 079	127 446	39 6 33	12 859	1952 JanNov.
1953 JanNov.	188 654	161 464	131 427	1 849	2 096	27 190	24 060	 171 060	120 670	50 390	6 926	1953 JanNov.

Tables 22—23 according to the accounts kept by the Treasury.

1) Taxes here include the surplus of the Alcohol Monopoly. — 2) The figures given refer to net revenue. — 3) Passed in June and December,

28. COLLECTION OF TAXES AND CHARGES

	Direct	taxes 1)			In	direct tax	8 5				Em- ployers'	
Year		In-					E	xcise due	8	Stamp	pay- ments	W
and Month	Total	and Pro- perty tax	Total	Sales tax	Import duty	Spirits taxes 2)	Total	On Tobacco	On Coffee	duty	for Child allow- ances	Year and Month
						Mill. mk						
1951 1952	42 087 46 082		102 965 109 773			12 017 16 186	12 567 13 608	8 906 9 828	634 905	5 100 5 582	16 181 17 599	1951 1952
1953 Budget	40 030	39 500	95 756	52 000	17 000	14 140	12 616	9 000	750	5 650	16 500	1953 Budget
1952 JanNov.	38 501	37 910	92 548	47 592	19 135	14 298	11 523	8 146	807	5 019	15 462	1952 JanNov.
1953 JanNov.	43 182	42 652	82 799	40 048	15 353	14 639	12 759	9 004	1 205	5 446	15 677	1953 JanNov.

1) Excluding direct taxes paid by the Alcohol Monopoly. — 2) Surplus of the Alcohol Monopoly, direct taxes paid by it and excise on spirits.

24. VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS

			TO VAL	OH OF	THIL OLUL	0 111(1)	1221 VIVI			
Month		Imports (c. i. f.) Mill. mk		(f. o	Exports . b., free exp Mill. mk	orts)		us of Import r Exports (- Mill. mk		Month
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January	15 197	12 051	10 775	14 637	8 417	9 226	560	3 634	1 549	January
February	15 763	7 273		13 144	5 847		2619	— 1 426		February
March	16 287	9 761		11 559	9 750		4 728	11		March
April	17 305	11 767		11 389	9 345		— 5916	— 2422		April
May	19 513	10 093		13 010	9 186		— 6 503	— 907	[[May
June	18 176	9 986		12 291	12 180		— 5 885	+2194		June
July	16 809	9 630		14 157	13 801		 2 652	+ 4171		July
August	12 190	9 719		12 658	12 900		- 468	+ 3 181	i i	August
September	11 894	9 388		13 537	11 815		+ 1643	+ 2427		September
October	12 093	10 636		14 332	13 683		+ 2 239	+ 3047		October
November	13 278	9 406		13 333	12 543		÷ 55	+ 3 137		November
December	13 681	12 150		12 782	12 088		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		December
Total	182 186	121 860		156 829	131 555		-25 357	+ 9 695		Total

Tables 24—29 according to Finnish Official Statistics I, A, Foreign Trade of Finland, Monthly Reports.

The term imports covers all imported goods which are placed on the market either immediately after importation or after storage. Exports covers all goods exported from the open market, including re-exports. Goods are declared to the Customs by their owner who must at the same time state the value of the goods as calculated at the frontiers of the country.

* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

25. VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN DIFFERENT CLASSES OF GOODS

			Imports (c. i. f.) Mill. mk					Exports (f. o. b.) Mill. mk		
Classes of Goods	Whol	e year		January		Whol	e year		January	
	1952	1953	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1952	1953	1954*
Dairy produce, eggs, honey Other animal products, live	473	412	266	71	2	2 826	2 094	82	158	73
animals	638	709	82	28	77	153	187 1	22	18	15
Vegetables Eatable fruit	123 3 594	93 2 150	$\frac{4}{260}$	332	5 458	152	10	0	0	_
Coffee, tea, spices	5 896	6 855	353	594	600	0 643	1 104	. —	131	194
Cereals, milling products Certain seeds and fruit, plants for industrial	15 911	10 641	907	1 057	344	045	1 164		191	154
purposes	483	591	89	32	152	472	636	57	92	31
Raw materials for tanning and dyeing	65	85	6	15	8	1	3		0	0
Animal and vegetable fats	2 678	2 530	346	118 24	158	21 3	38 0	0	8 0	0
Meat and fish products Sugar, sweets	593 4 611	432 3 722	50 299	205	54 123	19	22	0	1	0
Beverages, vinegars	739	547	85	137	90	438	234	4	2	42
Fodder	2 593 1 551	1 109 1 554	198 139	135 134	128 134	89	196	_	33	11
Minerals, ore	2 049	1 198	91	75	185	693	1 120	4 6	77	52
Mineral fuel and oils Chemical and pharmaceu-	22 715	16 396	2 150	1 432	1 442	10	30		0	0
tical products	4 445	3 663	367	344	490	246	256	27	14	18
extracts, varnishes	1 645	1 321	151	113	89	6 3	6		0	0
Casein, albumen, glues Fertilizers	407 4 272	336 2 662	49 422	27 51	32 204	0	2 1	_	1 1	_
Hides, skins, leather and furs; manufactures of	1212	1 002	100	0.2	202	J				!
these materials	1 788	1 562	251	115	101	881	672	59	155	113
Rubber and rubber articles	1 941	1 359 234	347 19	79 55	99 24	70 312	18 53 085	3 900 I	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2714 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2900 \end{array}$
Wood and wood goods	248 14	11	19	1	Z4 —	36 307	22 256	5 959	1 822	1 882
Cardboard and paper, their	209	116	18	10	7	30 077	26 530	3 652	1 837	2 276
applications		_								
goods	24 081 108	14 883 46	2 520 17	1 709 0	1 973 6	1 213 21	1 115 23	47 0	31 0	95 2
Articles of stone and of other mineral material,									 	
glass	1 313	793	112	74	77	494	466	41	21	29
therefrom	29 628	13 987	2 510	2 095	1 353	1 823	2 588	103	136	110
Machinery, apparatus Electric machinery and	15 570	11 525	985	1 381	610	3 122	5 702	101	398	379
apparatus	6 777	4 780	528 1 217	513 733	379	755 5 083	1 034 11 077	33 432	85 663	82 865
Transport material Instruments, clocks and	19 975	11 851	1 21 7	199	.1 030	0000	11011	*04	000	000
watches, musical instru-	1 070	1 000	139	119	0.0	62	54	7	3	28
ments	1 676 1 3 377	1 082	220	241	93 248	897	935	64	18	28
		121 860		12 051	10 775	156 829	131 555	14 637	8 417	9 226
	ł							F00		
Reparation deliveries	J	İ	l,		l ,	8 215	ı —	533	_	_

^{*} Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

26. IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES

Month		Wheat Tons			Coffee Tons		Refin	afined	Month	
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	20 001 24 219 30 649 34 448 38 863 31 078 22 783 16 028 1 898 13 302 42 158 40 521 315 948	20 956 793 17 208 54 317 35 461 26 780 30 041 23 694 15 726 5 975 6 952 11 260 249 163	9 376 l	1 409 2 116 1 771 1 187 2 271 1 847 1 949 1 688 1 689 1 841 2 219 1 804 21 791	2 075 1 791 1 583 1 917 1 841 1 988 1 827 1 914 1 779 920 2 501 2 881 23 017	2 083	6 758 8 507 7 635 9 921 9 368 13 710 15 540 10 417 8 963 8 795 13 720 7 180 120 514	5 725 7 469 7 771 13 572 12 360 13 820 10 187 14 353 10 924 11 391 5 995 9 568 123 135	4 206	January February March April April June July August September October November December Total

	1952	1050							Month	
		1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	443 425 387 362 461 435 240 443 469 511 430 266	411 396 407 399 367 375 229 455 497 395 439 362	402	245 332 190 350 120 097 173 122 253 915 308 438 250 309 300 973 234 381 115 359 228 464 180 654	188 777 99 657 82 223 84 619 87 770 165 568 193 076 203 479 230 275 245 954 253 010 191 188	187 653	20 012 17 260 20 436 20 787 24 681 26 130 28 099 19 213 29 688 35 408 20 780 21 771	15 094 20 200 19 680 25 797 20 251 39 597 31 299 30 141 28 333 22 907 21 638 28 690	23 447	January February March April May June July August September October November December

Month	:	Mineral oils Tons			Fertilizers Tons		F		Month	
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January	24 460	32 420	47 937	43 900	5 286	31 024	597	1 020	4 405	January
February	33 365	40 823)	26 194	2 362	ĺ	1 401	1 524	!	February
March	26 832	28 171	ľ	23 591	22 526		876	1 293		March
April	88 223	25 588		47 921	15 813		2 244	463		April
May	22 801	30 205		62 156	44 074		1 335	724		May
June	27 219	41 881	ŀ	45 710	27 578		1 149	518		June
July	25 050	25 557	i	63 132	36 172	1	1 631	— i		July
August	20 192	23 031	i	52 957	40 683	1	1	2 369		August
September	27 424	40 861	ľ	45 426	. 19 214		554	348		September
October	36 572	44 061	ı	36 704	56 144		1 082	1		October
November	30 830	40 739		46 336	38 715		2 416	371		November
December	36 118	42 061	ì	35 410	34 319	1	984	1 607		December
Total	344 086	415 398	i	529 437	342 886		14 270	10 237		Total

[•] Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

26. IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES - Continued

Month		Pig Iron Tons			Bar Iron and Bar Steel Tons			t Iron and Tons	Steel	Month
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January February March April May June July August	1 630 1 515 50 3 339 3 016 1 274 4 757 2 073	124 20 30 130 57 50 327	2 018	10 512 11 258 14 462 11 628 11 746 15 493 12 469 11 355	9 388 3 614 2 813 2 841 3 037 2 320 1 945 1 588	4 517	11 066 13 689 12 356 11 779 12 377 12 004 11 276 6 657	7 846 7 893 7 605 5 968 6 518 2 786 5 899 3 660	8 178	January February March April May June July August
September October November	2 703 968 80	272 150 1 857		10 813 8 680 7 384	1 519 2 768 4 083		8 829 7 735 8 278	4 731 5 655 8 905		Septembe October November
December Total	70 21 475	3 424 6 446	·	7 096 132 896	4 189 40 105		8 500 124 546	11 890 79 356		December Total

27. EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES 1)

Month	Wooden Houses and Huts Floor area 1 000 m ²			Round Timber All kinds excl. fuel 1 000 m²			Se 1	Month		
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	<u> </u>
January February March April May June July August September October November	43 88 70 129 80 62 76 57 53 144 133 114	19 36 126 115 49 6 93 103 74 118 78	49	144 137 139 148 617 678 888 874 666 477 203 141	47 24 76 66 172 318 381 349 297 262 208 188	116	35 23 21 13 32 40 71 71 76 92 73 64	49 13 27 34 40 79 120 85 67 56	39	January February March April May June July August September October November December

Month		Matches Tons		Plywood 1 000 m²			В	els)	Month	
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	<u> </u>
January	239	83	111	27	17	16	169	148	80	January
February	190	78		19	11	[137	44		February
March	54	127	1	20	22	}	99	83		March
April	72	61		24	20		80	78		April
May {	117	111	1	19	15		80	166		May
June	50	104		18	17		97	67		June
July	61	128		15	21		117	53		July
August	37	29	1	10	10		42	107		August
September	106	82		17	16	1	77	56		September
October	83	134		16	23	1	125	131		October
November	123	125	1	20	19		76	95		November
December	136	116		17	25	ļ	68	115		December
Total	1 268	1 178	[222	216	i	1 167	1 143		Total

i) Free exports. — i) 1 standard sawn timber = 4.672 m².
 Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

27. EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES - Continued

Month	Mechanical Pulp ¹) Tons			Sulphite Cellulose ¹) Tons			Sulp	50 ¹)	Month	
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January February March April May June July August September October November December Total	6 914 11 830 8 124 14 456 20 286 8 835 9 000 2 834 11 549 17 632 17 709 14 274 148 443	18 038 6 911 12 420 19 496 18 892 14 839 13 244 17 498 26 622 18 656 20 739 20 177 203 532	16 843	49 647 48 897 41 843 48 180 29 725 26 413 17 867 22 976 39 765 49 671 52 881 48 637 476 502	39 984 23 542 50 328 37 233 35 430 33 103 27 655 49 017 43 035 42 922 36 351 45 524 464 124	36 898	29 197 24 524 15 118 20 198 19 799 13 174 8 091 7 967 23 077 17 229 32 691 34 358 245 423	22 268 13 872 41 821 25 483 22 964 36 780 22 974 23 254 29 309 27 801 26 153 30 244 822 923	24 092	January February March April May June July August September October November December Total

		All kinds Tons			Paper All kinds Tons		(included	Month		
	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	1952	1953	1954*	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	13 285 11 547 9 074 10 474 7 419 6 339 6 107 4 729 6 794 10 350 11 479 11 604 109 201	9 983 8 666 11 096 9 906 9 004 10 711 9 984 7 011 9 630 10 866 11 545 11 545 12 816	11 230	52 270 44 992 41 623 47 864 50 133 36 184 44 957 37 083 50 557 59 928 54 134 49 363 569 088	48 944 30 401 68 284 57 866 55 299 56 412 53 396 62 111 53 196 67 726 58 849 64 109 676 598	50 245	35 768 27 795 25 338 36 967 39 000 28 576 34 731 28 773 34 865 38 814 32 982 28 833 392 442	35 637 18 699 42 733 34 040 34 553 32 564 33 697 35 279 31 377 36 762 32 222 34 618 402 181	33 686	January February March April May June July August September October November December Total

¹⁾ Dry weight.

28. UNIT VALUE INDEX OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS 1935 - 100

		Gre	oups of In	ported G	oods		Pr	incipal Ex	ported G	aboc	
Year and Month	Total Imports	Raw ma- terials	Machi- nery	Food- stuffs	Other con- sumption goods	Total Exports	Sawn timber	Mechan- ical pulp	Dry cellu- lose	Paper	Year and Month
1949 1950 1951 1952	1 105 1 403 1 946 1 841	1 117 1 358 2 133 1 946	1 134 1 395 1 585 1 586	1 089 1 590 1 955 2 017	1 043 1 257 1 594 1 396	1 336 1 500 2 801 2 614	1 440 1 663 2 605 2 457	1 249 1 386 3 258 2 797	1 144 1 355 3 835 2 900	1 199 1 347 2 374 2 298	1949 1950 1951 1952
JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	1 719 1 709 1 699 1 695	1 712 1 706 1 691 1 677	1 611 1 590 1 596 1 633	1 998 1 979 1 955 1 935	1 359 1 357 1 358 1 361	2 091 2 100 2 089 2 074	2 491 2 503 2 500 2 499	2 027 2 024 2 015 2 011	1 705 1 705 1 697 1 702	1 761 1 761 1 759 1 762	JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.
1954 January	1 689	1 652	1 734	1 953	1 343	1 881	2 469	1 982	1 792	1 729	1954 January

Calculated by the Statistical Department of the Board of Customs. For details concerning the calculation of the indices see article in this Bulletin No. 4, 1939.

* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

29. FOREIGN TRADE WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES

			Imports (6. i. f.)				(f. o.	Exports b., free e		
Country	Whol	e year	, ,	January		Whole	year		January	
	1952	1953	1953	195	4*	1952	1953	1953	195	4*
Turana	%	%	%	Mill. mk		1 %	%		Mill .mk	%
Europe: Belgium — Luxembourg	3.3	2,7	2.7	359	3.3	2.7	2.8	3.4	250	2.7
Bulgaria	0.0	0.1	0.1	27	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.0	16	0.2
Czechoslovakia	1.5	3.4	2.6	320	3.0	0.4	0.6	0.8	27	0.3
Denmark	3.7	3.0	2.2	294	2.7	3.4	3.5	3.0	216	2.3
France	10.1	5.7	11.1	499	4,6	7.0	4.5	3.2	598	6.5
Germany, Eastern	0.5	1.9	1.3	311	2.9	0.4	1.4	0.3	93	1.0
Western	12.4	7.7	11.6	509	4.7	9.2	7.0	6.2	494	5.4
Great Britain	18.8	15.8	14.3	1 637	15.2	23.8	22.0	32.3	1 986	21.5
Greece	0.5	0.8	1.1	52	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	95	1.0
Holland	5.6	6.2	3.9	1 046	9.7	4.9	4.6	3.5	235	2.5
Italy	1.3	1.1	1.0	123	1.0	1.2	0.9	0.5	50	0,5
Jugoslavia	0.1	0.1	0.4	22	0.2	0.0	0.0	1		-
Norway	1.7	1.6	1.3	174	1.6	1.2	0.8	0.5	61	0.7
Poland	5.0	6.8	5.8	725	6.7	2.1	2.1	3.0	249	2.7
Rumania	0.0	0.0	0.0	'-1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0,0	19	0.2
Soviet Union	12.1	21.4	20.7	2 800	26.0	17.5	25.4	14.5	2 498	27.1
Sweden	5.8	4.3	3.8	238	2.2	4.0	3.2	2.7	196	2.1
Switzerland	1.2	1.6	2.3	61	0.6	1.3	0.3	0.2	51	0.6
Turkey	0.5	0.9	0.3	88	0.8	0.7	1.3	0.5	74	0.8
Rest of Europe	1.9	2.8	3.2	505	4.7	1.8	2.6	2.5	360	3.9
Total for Europe	86.0	87.9	89.7	9 791	90.7	82.1	83.8	77.7	7 568	82.0
Argentina	1.4	1,5	1.1	58	0.6	5,1	0.9	1.0	112	1.2
Brazil	1.4	2.3	0.0	403	3.8	1.5	1.3	0.7	. 48	0.5
Canada	0.3	0.2	0.5	21	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.0	19	0.2
United States	7.7	5.0	6.9	256	2.4	5.5	7.2	13.7	687	7.5
Rest of America	0.9	0.6	0.0	-0	0.0	0.9	0.9	1.2	68	0.8
Africa	0.9	0.4	0.4	39	0.4	1.5	2.2	1.1	162	1.8
Asia	1.3	2.1	1.4	207	1.9	2,8	3.3	4.6	555	6.0
Oceania	0.1	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	7	0.0
Grand total	100.o	100.o	100.0	10 775	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	9 226	100.0

The country of import indicates the land in which goods were purchased, the country of export the land to which goods were sold.

30. WHOLESALE TRADE

Total Sales Mill. mk Month 1950 1951 1952 1953 January 10 224 14 541 17974 15 944 16 375 11 329 19886 16 998 February 13 363 17 820 20 304 19 134 March 20 765 21 092 April 13 818 19 966 May 22 994 14 295 20 584 20 502 19 702 June 13 553 19 785 20 893 17 070 July 20 980 13 387 19821 14 898 20 620 20 054 August 22 475 September 16812 20 544 23 320 24 088 23 018 October 15 564 21 667 22 730 November 15 199 23 363 21 355 20 937 21 722 20 551 December 16 048 22 589 Total | 168 490 | 234 856 | 251 230 | 246 077

Calculated by the $\nu Uuai$ Suomi». The figures represent 80-90~% of the turnover of all wholesalers in Finland.

81. SALES OF PETROL

	Whole	sale for 7 1 000 tor			Month
1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	·
15.0 13.5 15.7 15.6 17.7 18.7 18.8 22.2 17.1 18.0 15.7 15.8	34.4 9.1 16.1 18.8 25.4 21.0 23.3 21.5 19.9 21.5 18.7 22.8	17.4 16.8 18.3 19.3 22.5 24.2 26.1 24.7 23.4 24.8 23.0 26.2	15.2 18.4 19.2 20.0 26.1 27.0 28.4 28.1 25.6 25.7 20.9 22.1	22.2 21.0 21.6 22.2 29.5 29.0 23.8 27.9 28.4 27.9 28.4 27.9 28.8 24.5 30.4	January February March April May June July August September October November December
203.8	252.5	266.7	276.7	309.8	Total

Figures supplied by the Ministry of Communications and Public Works.

^{*} Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

32. VOLUME INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION 1948 - 100

Month	т	otal Induş	try	Home Market Industry			E 3	stry	Month	
	1951	1952*	1953*	1951	1952*	1953*	1951	1952*	1953*	
January	129	134	121	130	136	127	126	130	106	January
February	126	132	118	127	135	122	123	125	108	February
March	125	131	126	127	135	129	120	124	117	March
April	137	123	124	137	130	132	137	105	106	April
May	136	133	123	139	140	132	129	119	105	May
June	138	112	122	141	121	134	130	91	97	June
July	107	93	101	100	100	102	122	76	99	July
August	136	107	124	138	116	131	131	87	109	August
September	135	128	140	139	139	145	124	103	127	September
October	142	137	149	146	147	156	133	114	133	October
November	139	134	140	146	141	145	125	120	128	November
December	120	121	135	123	125	139	112	111	124	December
Whole year	131	124	127	133	130	133	126	109	113	Whole yea

Calculated by the Central Statistical Office.

88. BUILDING ACTIVITY

	_							O					
	Consumption of Cement in Finland 1) 1 000 tons						Buildings completed in towns and market towns ³) 1 000 m ³						
Quarter			100	0 00113			Total Dwelling houses				Quarter		
	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	1951 ⁸)	1952	1953*	1951³)	1952	1953*	
JanMarch	74	100	103	125	194	95	735	1 585	1 396	457	922	991	JanMarch
April-June	160	192	240	201	205	272	938	1 190	1 489	607	566	691	April-June
July-Sept.	164	219	237	274	219	329	720	1 659	1 709	398	885	924	July-Sept.
OctDec.	129	133	182	205	133	160	1 617	2 556	2 355	955	1 288	1 079	OctDec.
Total	527	644	762	805	751	856	4 010	6 990	6 949	2 417	3 661	3 685	Total

¹⁾ Comprising the total quantity of cement delivered by the country's 2 cement companies and including the quantity imported which is, however, only a negligible part of the total consumption.— 2) Compiled by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs.— 3) The figures for 1951 cover only 3/4 of all house building in the centres of population.

34. FOREIGN SHIPPING

		Vessel	arrived			Vessels	departed	a	Goods transported 1 000 tons		
Year and Month	Nu	mber	1 000 ne	et reg. tons	Nu	mber	1 000 n	et reg. tons			Year and Month
	Total	Finnish	Total	with Cargo	Total	Finnish	Total	with Cargo	Imports	Exports	
	1	1		}			1				
1949	5 595	2 460	3 979	2 487	5 585	2 468	3 980	3 328	3223	4 705	1949
1950	7 1 1 8	2 845	4 876	2 948	7 088	2 823	4 834	4 199	4021	6 001	1950
1951	9 079	3 051	5 853	3 590	9 052	3 051	5 846	4 978	5 537	7 527	1951
1952	8 443	3 131	5 946	4 046	8 426	3 094	5 957	4 607	5475	5 911	1952
1953	6 704	2 629	5 047	3 199	6 728	2 631	5 058	4 333	3 952	5 518	1953
1953		1	<u> </u>			ĺ					1953
July	926	320	564	334	993	332	590	520	392	699	July
August	843	316	571	348	854	314	566	500	413	641	August
September	689	258	479	293	697	254	486	410	380	557	September
October	625	254	482	334	636	243	501	426	479	549	October
November	601	226	522	326	575	216	498	410	487	525	November
December	512	230	453	304	536	230	468	386	420	495	December

Figures supplied by the Statistical Office of the Shipping Board.

Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

85. STATE RAILWAYS

001 VIIII 141111V													
Month	Weight of goods trans- ported 1 000 tons			Axle-kilometres of goods trucks Mill. km			Revenue (less Re-imbursements) Mill. mk			Regular Expenditure Mill, mk			Month
	1951	1952	1953	1951	1952	1953	1951	1952	1953	1951	1952	1953	
January	1 394	1 622	1 145	75	87	63	1 202	2 178				1 609	January
February	1 285	1 483	1 019	74 77	79 80	63 80	1 438 1 672	2 015 2 082	1 531 1 898			1 922	February March
March April	1 316 1 435	1 473 1 385	1 328 1 200	78	75	69	1 693	2 101	1 843				April
May	1 703	1 565	1 233	81	75	67	1 771	2 058	1 753	1 818	2 193	2 175	May
June	1 752	1 421	1 390	85	72	71	1 880	2 046					June
July August	1 853 1 889	1 419 1 246	1 355 1 284	87 90	74 69	74 72	2 042 1 971	2 180 2 034	2 125 1 947	1 660 1 624	1 870	1 820 1 810	
September		1 341	1 398	87	73	75	1 734	1 893	1 806	1 794	1 945	1 868	
October	1 880	1 441	1 478	91	78	77	1 822	1 965	1 878		1 976	1 823	
November	1 733 1 497	1 466	1 438	87 78	74 65	73	1 708 2 303	1 864 1 983	1 732	1 851 2 241	1 973 2 465	1 793	November December
December Total		1 316 17 178		990	901		21 236			20 505			Total
JanNov.		15 862	14 268	912	836	784	18 933	22 416	20 191	18 264	21 537	20 693	JanNov.

According to Monthly Statistics of the Finnish State Railways.

36. WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX 1935 - 100

				Index	or Good	s in Fin	nish WI	olesale	trade				Arti	cles	Art	icles	
					1	Finnish	Goods						۰	ł.	(of	
Month	Total	index	To	otal	Prod of a cult	gri-		ducts restry		iucts dustry	Go	orted ods	Imr (c. i	ort . f.)		port o. b.)	Month
	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	
	1 765		1 869		1 707		3 026		1 531		1 542		1 679		1 983		
Jan.	1 769	1 733	1 884	1 844	1 733	1 726	3 073	2 884	1 530	1 531	1 525	1 495	1 674	1 539	1 972		Jan.
Feb.	1 771		1 891		1 765		3 065		1 535		1 516	ĺ	1 653		1 977		Feb.
March	1 755		1 866		1 717		2 988		1 534		1 517		1 653		1 970		March
April	1 752		1 869		1 736		2 988		1 534		1 502		1 629		1 963		April
May	1 738		1 856		1 743		2 920		1 534		1 484		1 590		1 952		May
June	1 726		1 843		1 725		2 865		1 535		1 477		1 566		1 933		June
July	1 714		1 824		1 744		2 759		1 534		1 478		1 574		1 915		July
Aug.	1 699		1 803		1 757		2 631		1 539		1 475		1566		1 914		Aug.
Sept.	1 687		1 789		1 723		2 596		1 538		1 469		1 556		1 907		Sept.
Oct.	1 703		1 811		1 703		2 734		1534		1 474		1 549		1 920		Oct.
Nov.	1 703		1 820		1 712		2 806		1 521		1 455		1 534		1 939		Nov.
Dec.	1 709		1825		1 701		2 856		1 516		1 461		1 534	ĺ	1 967		Dec.
Whole year	1 727		1 840		1 730		2 857		1 532		1 486		1 590		1 944		Whole year

Calculated by the Central Statistical Office. For details concerning the calculation of the index see article in this Bulletin No. 4, 1939.

87. COST OF LIVING INDEX																	
	Octobe	r 1951	August							1935	= 100			34 = 12			
Month	= 1		July 1	939 ==	Total	index	Food	stuffs	Re	ent		and	Clot	hing	Та	xes	Month
	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	1953	1954	
	102		1 117		1 217		1 375		554		2 575		1 445		2 574		
Jan.	102	104	1 111	1 110	1 210	1 210	1 375	1 373			2 567	2 400		1 431	2 431	2 062	Jan.
Feb.	103		1 119		1 219		1 394		554		2 564		1 441		2 431		Feb.
March	103	ļ	1 119		1 219		1 396		554		2 555		1 440		2 431	[March
April	103	Ì	1 119		1 219		1 399		554		2 544		1 428		2 431		April
May	103	1	1 122		1 223		1 406		554		2 546		1 433		2 431		May
June	103		1 117		1 217		1 393		554		2 521		1 439		2 431		June
July	103	ì	1 121		1 221		1 402		554		2 492		1 437		2 431		July
Aug.	103	Ì	1 125		1 225		1 408		554		2 487		1 448		2 431		Aug.
Sept.	103		1 125	}	1 225		1 406		554		2 487		1 450		2 431		Sept.
Oct.	104		1 130		1 231		1 414		616		2 425		1 454		2 287		Oct.
Nov.	103		1 112		1 212		1 380		616		2 413		1 441		2 287		Nov.
Dec.	102		1 106		1 205		1 364	ļ	616	1	2 408	1	1 443		2 287		Dec.
Whole	103		1 119		1 219		1 395		569		2 500		1 441		2 395		Whole year

Calculated by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs according to monthly reports from 33 different

The figures in italics indicate the position at the end of the previous year. $3\ 1555-54$

38. BANK OF FINLAND BUILDING COST INDEX

	1935 — 100						-		1951 -	100				· ·
Month	th Total index Index of the				Total index				Index of the Gontractor 1)				Month	
	1949	1950	1951	1950	1951	1951	1952	1953	1954	1951	1952	1953	1954	<u> </u>
Jan. Feb.	••				•••	87 90	103 102	101 100	100	87 90	104 103	101 101	101	Jan. Feb.
March April May	1 208	1 229	1 864	1 223	1 837	98 98 99	102 103 104	100 101 100		98 98 99	103 104 105	101 102 101		March April May
June July	1 199	1 363	1 936	1 357	1 908	100 102	103 105	101 100		100 102	104 106	102 101	 	June July
Aug. Sept. Oct.	1 166	1 441	1 983	1 434	1 955	103 106 105	104 104 103	101 101 101		103 106 105	105 105 104	102 102 102		Aug. Sept. Oct.
Nov. Dec.	1 170	1 593	1 990	1 570	1 962	105 105 105	103 103 101	101 101 100		105 105 105	104 104 102	102 102 101	:	Nov. Dec.
Whole year	1 186	1 407	1 943	1 396	1 916	100	103	101		100	104	101		Whole year

¹⁾ Total index less experts' fees and interest on building capital. For details concerning the calculation of the index see p. 33 in this Bulletin Nos. 3—4, 1952.

89. INDEX OF WORKING HOURS IN INDUSTRY

			99. IMD	EA UE	11010	WING T	UULS I	M IMD	COTTE			
		All indus	tries				Branch of	Industry				
Quarter	Total	Home Indus- tries	Exporting Indus- tries	Metal	Glass, Stone, etc.	Chemicals	Foodstuffs and luxuries	Leather	Textile	Paper	Timber	Quarter
1951 OctDec.	102.0	102.1	101.8	105.3	100.9	103.2	97.4	94.9	100.7	108.4	97.0	1951 OctDec.
1952 JanMarch April-June July-Sept. OctDec.	99.6 94.6 90.1 93.7	101.8 96.8 94.5 95.9	94.7 89.4 80.6 88.5	100.1 98.5 97.3 96.4	101.9 97.3 80.7 81.3	100.9 84.6 90.3 83.6	100.9 101.4 103.4 96.6	93.4 85.5 87.3 101.0	108.3 96.8 93.4 100.2	99.0 98.0 84.8 95.3	82.6 77.2	1952 JanMarch April-June July-Sept. OctDec.
1953 JanMarch April-June July-Sept. OctDec.	93.8 93.7 96.8 97.8	95.3 94.3 95.5 99,1	90.0 91.9 100.3 94.4	94.5 89.7 89.9 96.6	76.3 73.7 91.8 98.3	85.7 92.1 98.6 104.1	96.3 96.4 101.9 108.9	108.9 114.0 108.9 108.1	100.9 104.3 99.8 97.1	93.2 90.7 97.4 93.8	93.0 103.0	1953 JanMarch April-June July-Sept. OctDec.

The index, which is based on the number of working hours during the corresponding quarters in the previous year, is calculated by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs.

40. NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED

40.	NUM	DER U	t ONI	THEFO	ILD	
		Unemploy	ed qualif	ied for r	egistratio	n
End of Month		Total		On	Relief W	ork
	1952	1953	1954	1952	1953	1954
January February March April May June July August September October November December	8 273 2 514 151 58 37 1 068 4 139 17 208	65 726 61 582 40 181 21 457 2 390 696 1 056 5 562 16 037		8 600 10 752 7 765 2 444 148 55 37 627 2 960 9 747	54 822 56 324 38 077 20 978 2 285 514 614 3 224	

Statistics supplied by the Ministry of Communications and Public Works according to the Unemployment Records.

41. CESSATION OF WORK

195	2	195	i8	
Employers affected	Work- people affected	Employers affected	Work- people affected	Month
1	39	8	1190	January
9	726	14	1576	February
10	1 067	8	736	March
22	727	7	549	April
10	1 785	47	5 095	May
6	995	13	965	June
3	2 910	13	770	July
1	133	4	539	August
1	177	7	1 591	September
1	151	11	1 462	October
1 5	1 200	3	466	November
5	85	1	26	December

The above particulars, which are of a preliminary nature, are compiled by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs.

CERTAIN PARTICULARS ABOUT FINLAND

1. FORM OF GOVERNMENT

Finland formed a part of the kingdom of Sweden from 1154 to 1809; from 1809 it was an autonomous Grand Duchy connected with Russia up to December 6, 1917, when Finland declared its independence, which was acknowledged by all the Powers including Soviet Russia. It became a republic in 1919. The legislative power of the country is vested in the Diet and the President. The highest executive power is held by the President chosen for a period of 6 years. The President for the current period, March 1, 1950, to March 1, 1956, is Juho Kusti Paasikivi who has been in office since March 11, 1946.

The Diet, composed of 200 members, is elected by universal suffrage. The number of seats of the different parties in the Diet elected in 1951 are as follows: Social Democrats 53, Agrarians 51, People's Democrats 43, Conservatives 28, Swedish Party 15, Liberal Party 10.

2. LAND

THE AREA is 337,009 square kilometres (Great Britain's area is 245,000 sq. km. and Italy's area 301,000 sq. km.). Of the total area 9.4% are inland waters. On an average 14.4% of the land in the South of Finland is cultivated (1949), 2.0% in the North, 8.2% of the whole land. Of the land area 21.7 mill. ha (53.5 mill. acres) or 70.9% are covered by forests.

3. POPULATION

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS (1953): 4.1 millions. Sweden (1952) 7.1, Switzerland (1953) 4.8, Denmark (1952) 4.3 and Norway (1952) 3.3 millions.

DENSITY OF POPULATION (1953): In South Finland 23.4, in North Finland 3.7 and in the whole country an average of 13.7 inhabitants to the square kilometre.

DISTRIBUTION (1953): 66.8% of the population inhabit the country, 33.2% the towns and market towns. The largest towns are (1953): Helsinki (Helsingfors), the capital 394,500 inhabitants, Turku (Åbo) 106,800, Tampere (Tammerfors) 105,000.

OCCUPATION (1950): Agriculture and forestry 42 %, industry 29 %, commerce 7 %, transport and communication 6 %, services 9 %, other economically active persons 1 %, economically inactive persons 6 %.

LANGUAGE (1950): Finnish speaking 91.1 %, Swedish speaking 8.6 %, others 0.3 %.

EDUCATION (1952): Practically all persons over 15 years of age are literate. There are three universities (the oldest founded in 1640) and 12 colleges of university standard.

INCREASE OF POPULATION (1952): Births 23.0 $^{\circ}/_{00}$, deaths 9.5 $^{\circ}/_{00}$, increase 12.8 $^{\circ}/_{00}$. Deaths in France (1952) 12.3 $^{\circ}/_{00}$ and in Great Britain (1952) 11.4 $^{\circ}/_{00}$.

4. TRADE AND COMMUNICATIONS

NATIONAL INCOME (1952, in thousand million marks): Gross national income at market price 798. Net national product at factor cost, by origin: agriculture 80 (13%), forestry and fishing 77 (13%), manufacturing 191 (31%), construction 56 (9%), transport and communications 44 (7%), commerce, banking and insurance 76 (12%), public activities 55 (9%), other services 31 (5%), total 610. Volume index 120 (1948 = 100).

FOREST RESOURCES (1950): The growing stock comprises 1.370 million of solid cub. m. incl. bark (48,384 million cub. ft), of which pine is 45.8 %. spruce 32.2 %, the rest 22.3 % being leaf-trees, chiefly birch. Of the growing stock 7,471 million cub. ft, 65.0 % of them pines, are up to the standard required for logs (minimum for sawmill logs 18' × 6" and for veneer logs 18' × 7"). The annual growth is about 41 million of solid cub. m. green wood excl. bark (1,448 mill. cub. ft). The

total removal in 1949 calculated according to the use of wood was 40 million cub. m. (1,413 million cub. ft). In the years 1923 to 1938 in the then area of the country, it averaged 41 million cub. m. (1,448 million cub. ft) per year, the corresponding yearly growth being 46 million cub. m. (1,624 million cub. ft).

AGRICULTURE (1950): Cultivated land 2.5 million hectares, divided as follows: area under cultivation under 10 hectares 41.2 %, 10—50 ha 53.6 %, 50—100 ha 3.6 %, over 100 ha 1.6 %. Cultivated land (1953) is divided between the different kinds of crops as follows: 43.4 % hay, 7.7 % temporary grassland for grazing, 19.0 % oats, 5.0 % wheat, 3.7 % rye, 6.7 % barley, 3.7 % potatoes, 10.8 % others. Dairy units in operation in 1953 amount to 459.

OWNERSHIP OF LAND (1950): The land area is distributed among different classes of owners approximately as follows: private 56.9 %, State 35.0 %, joint stock companies etc. 6.4 %, communities 1.7 %.

INDUSTRY (1951): Number of industrial concerns 6,122, workpeople 283,223, gross value of products of industry 529,066 million marks

LENGTH OF RAILWAYS (1953): 5,046 km, of which 4,859 km State railways and 187 km private. The gauge is in general 1,524 m.

MERCHANT FLEET (1.4.1953): Steamers 346 (461,072 gross reg. tons), motor vessels 134 (153,441 gross reg. tons), sailing vessels with auxiliary engines 127 (12,035 gross reg. tons), other sailing vessels 3 (299 gross reg. tons). Total 610 (626,847 gross reg. tons).

5. FINANCE AND BANKING

CURRENCY. Since 1860 Finland has its own monetary system. From 1877 up to 1914 the currency maintained its stable gold value, and after the disturbances caused by the war a gold standard was again introduced from January 1, 1926. The unit currency is the mark (Finnish markka» = 100 pennis). Since October 12, 1931, the redemption of bank notes in gold is, however, suspended. In 1948 Finland joined the International Monetary Fund and on June 27, 1951, the official par value of the mark was established at 230 marks per one U.S. dollar, the selling rate of the Bank of Finland being 231 marks and its buying rate 229 marks.

STATE FINANCES. According to the finance accounts for 1952 the State revenue was 205,017 million marks, of which 196,555 million marks were current revenue, and State expenditure 204,180 million marks, of which 145,844 million marks were current expenditure. See tables 21—23 in this issue.

MUNICIPAL FINANCES. According to the finance accounts for 1951 expenditure amounted to 81,026 million marks. Total revenue was 82,398 million marks, of which income from taxation was 45,693 million marks. The municipal income tax (non-progressive) averaged 10.5 % of the rate-payers' income.

THE BANK OF ISSUE. The Bank of Finland (founded in 1811) is a State Bank. Its head office is in Helsinki (Helsingfors) with branches in Turku (Åbo), Porl (Björneborg), Vaasa (Vasa), Oulu (Uleåborg), Kuopio, Joensuu, Mikkeli (S:t Michel), Tampere (Tammerfors), Hämeenlinna (Tavastehus), Jyväskylä, Kotka and Lahti.

THE COMMERCIAL BANKS (1953): Number 6, possess 509 offices, where all kinds of banking business is transacted. There is one banking establishment per 8,419 inhabitants.

The largest banks are Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, Oy Pohjois-maiden Yhdyspankki — Ab Nordiska Föreningsbanken and Helsingin Osakepankki — Helsingfors Aktiebank, all with head officer in the capital.

OTHER BANKS (1953): Mortgage Banks 5, Savings banks 435, Co-operative Credit Societies 619 and a Central Bank for the latter.

No. 2, 1954

THE STRUCTURE OF FINLAND'S POPULATION IN 1950

ΒY

A. TUNKELO

HEAD OF DEPARTMENT, CENTRAL STATISTICAL OFFICE

A complete census was undertaken for the first time in Finland on December 31, 1950. Previously a census, in its modern sense, had been taken only in the biggest towns every ten years since 1870. The data concerning the population had been based since 1749 on the parish registers and other lists of the population, the information being collected at first every three or five years and latterly every ten years. By means of the parish registers the growth and structure of population in Finland can be followed uninterruptedly for over 200 years.

THE SIZE OF THE POPULATION AND PROPORTION OF SEXES

According to the census the population of Finland at the end of 1950 was 4.029.800. Of this total 1,926,200 were males and 2,103,600 females, so that the excess of females was 177,400. There were 1.092 females to every thousand males in the country as a whole. Among the urban population the preponderance of females was proportionately larger (1.254 females to 1.000 males). The preponderance of females was largest in the oldest age classes, whereas in the classes 0-14 and 15-24 there were more males. In spite of the losses among the male population caused by the war, the excess of females had not increased appreciably. In 1938 it was calculated that there were 1.047 females to 1.000 males in the whole country and 1,247 in the towns.

DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO AGE CLASSES

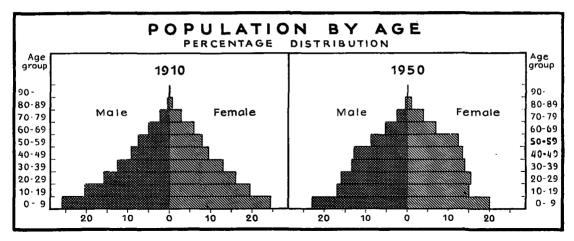
The distribution of the population according to age is very significant from the point of view of the national economy, as it indicates the proportion of the ablebodied to those requiring care. At the same time it illustrates the different stages of the growth

of the population in an interesting way. During normal development the youngest age classes are largest and the numbers in different age classes decrease as they advance to the older ones. The fall of the birthrate in the 1920's and 1930's narrowed down the age pyramid on the lower floors. During the post-war years, on the contrary, the birthrate rose rapidly, so that the pyramid erected on the basis of the age classes in 1950 had already assumed a more natural form.

The diagram on next page, illustrating the structure of the population according to age classes in 1910 and 1950, shows that in 1910 the structure was normal and the pyramid was still tapering fairly evenly. On the contrary, 1950 records many irregularities. In the age classes 20—29 and 30—39 there is an appreciable decline in regard to men, due to losses in the war. In the old age classes there are considerably more women than men.

The fairly large movement of young people into the towns has made the age distribution of the urban population differ considerably from that of the population of the rural districts. It is characterized, owing to the comparatively low birthrate, by the small size of the youngest age classes and the large size of the ablebodied classes owing to immigration. The following proportions illustrate the differences in the structure of the urban and rural population according to age.

Age class	wns and urban listricts	Rural districts	Whole country
	per cent	per cent	per cent
0-14 years	 26.0	31.9	30.0
15—24 "	 14.5	16.5	15.8
25—44 "	 33.0	26.5	28.6
45—64 "	 20.5	18.1	18.9
65— "	 6.0	7.0	6.7
,,	100.0	100.0	100.0



DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO LANGUAGE

The population is divided as follows according to the languages spoken.

	Number	per cent
Finnish-speaking	3,670,900	91.1
Swedish-speaking	348,300	8.6
Other languages	10,600	0.3
Total	4.029,800	100.0

The Swedish-speaking population is concentrated on the islands of Ahvenanmaa (Åland) and Turku (Åbo) and in the coastal districts of Uusimaa (Nyland) and Pohjan-maa (Österbotten). Of these only the province of Ahvenanmaa is entirely Swedishspeaking (96.3 per cent of total population). A comparatively large part of the Swedishspeaking inhabitants, 42.6 per cent, are town-Of the total urban population, dwellers. however, only 11.4 per cent are purely Swedish. The communes of the country are divided, as regards their official language, into Finnish. Swedish and bi-lingual according to the language of their population. The present division is illustrated by the following figures.

:	Fowns and urban districts	Communes	Population
Finnish-speaking	49	409	3,158,800
Bi-lingual, preponder-			-,,
atingly Finnish	4	8	590,500
Bi-lingual, preponder-			•
atingly Swedish	10	22	183,500
Swedish-speaking	2	45	97,000
Total	65	484	4,029,800

Of the Swedish-speaking population 27 per cent live in purely Swedish-speaking communes, 34 per cent in bi-lingual communes that are preponderatingly Swedish, 35 per

cent in bi-lingual communes that are preponderatingly Finnish, and 4 per cent in Finnish-speaking communes. Of the urban Swedish-speaking population the majority also speak Finnish, e.g., of the population of Helsinki only 4.4 per cent do not know Finnish.

The proportion of the Swedish-speaking inhabitants to the total population has constantly decreased owing to their low birthrate. The decrease is also due to a proportionately greater emigration among the Swedish-speaking inhabitants compared with that of the Finnish-speaking. In 1930 the Swedish-speaking population formed 10.1 per cent of the total population of the country, in 1940 9.6 per cent and in 1950 8.6 per cent.

The Laplanders live in the northern parts of the country and there were 2,300 people who spoke Lappish.

CIVIL STATUS AND FAMILY CONDITIONS

The distribution of the population according to its civil status is shown in the following table.

	Number	Per cent
Single	2,140,400	53.1
Married	1,589,600	39.4
Widowed	256,500	6.4
Divorced	43,300	1.1
Total	4.029.800	100.0

The number of marriages was very high, especially in 1945—1949, so that the number of married persons is comparatively high. The number of widows is strikingly high, 9.9 per cent, this being mainly due to the war losses in 1939—44.

According to the family statistics there were 928,800 families composed as follows:

36 13 3 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	Numbe r	Per cent
Married couples with no children under 18	176,200	19.0
under 18	592,700	63.8
Men with children	22,300	2,4
Women with children	137,600	14.8
Total	928,800	100.0

Altogether 1.392,700 children under the age of 18 were members of families, so that 53,300 children of that age or 3.9 per cent of the total had to be cared for outside the The number of unmarried women. widows and divorced women who had children to provide for was six times as large as the number of men with children under their care. On an average there were almost 2 children per parent or guardian.

In the whole country there were 1,121,300 following proportionate households. The figures represent their size in the towns and urban districts on the one hand and in the rural districts on the other.

Members in household	Towns and urban districts Per cent	Rural districts Per cent	Whole country Per cent
1	26.0	13.4	18.5
2	21.7	15.6	18.0
3	20.3	17.3	18.5
4	16.0	17.0	16.6
5	8.7	13.2	11.4
67	5.9	15. 0	11.4
8—9	1.1	6.0	4.0
10—	0.3	2.5	1.6
Tota	1 100.0	100. 0	100.0
Total number	r		
of households	451,000	670,300	1,121,300

Fully one-quarter of the households in the towns were those of single persons, while in

the rural districts this proportion was halved.		
Households of five members already begin		
to be rare in the towns, whereas in the rural		
districts they still form as numerous a class		
as the households of single persons.		
Industry		

Industry	active p		dependants	Tota	al
	Number	per cent		Number	per cent
Agriculture and forestry	912,000	46.0	762,400	1,674,400	41.5
Manufacturing industry and construction	549,800	27.7	626,900	1,176,700	29.2
Commerce	160,400	8.1	116,400	276,800	6.9
Transport and communication	106,800	5.4	135,400	242,200	6.0
Public service & professions	226,900	11.4	144,900	371,800	9.2
Other occupations or none	28,400	1.4	259,500	287,900	7.2
Total	1,984,300	100. 0	2,045,500	4,029,800	100. 0

Toonomically

DISTRIBUTION ACCORDING TO INDUSTRY

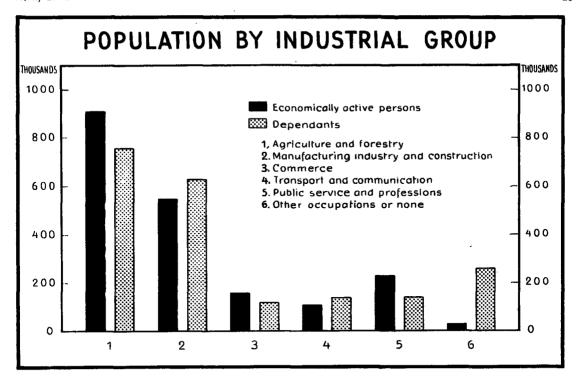
Of the total population 49.2 per cent were engaged in occupations (of the urban population 50.5 per cent). In addition there were about 510,000 housewives or female members of families engaged in domestic work, so that there were only 332,000 persons of or above the age of 15 not engaged in economic activity, of whom the greater part were pensioners, students and permanent invalids.

The proportions between the different industries are shown in the table below.

As the bases for this classification were radically revised for the census of 1950, it is difficult to establish the changes that have occurred. The proportion of agriculture and forestry has fallen off, but this group still occupies the first place. Before the second world war agriculture and forestry provided a livelihood for more than half of the population. Owing to the spread of industrialization, manufacturing industry has provided work for an increasing part of the population. The public service and professions, which occupy the third place, include Government and municipal officials and teachers, professional classes, and those in the employ of private individuals, such as hotel and restaurant staffs, barbers etc.

In manufacturing industry the number of dependants exceeds the number of persons employed owing to the large families of this part of the population and to the wives taking a comparatively small part in actual occupations. In agriculture and forestry, on the other hand, farmers' housewives are reckoned as being engaged in occupations, if, e.g., they themselves attend to the livestock. If that part of the dependants of the working population that is under the age of 15 is taken separately, there were 33.2 per cent of them in agriculture and forestry, 33.0 per cent in transport and 31.6 per cent in industry and handicrafts. As there are many

Number of



single women in the classes of commerce and public service and professions, the proportions in these classes are considerably lower (25.0 per cent in commerce and 24.0 per cent in public service and professions).

STATUS IN OCCUPATION

The branch of his occupation does not indicate the social position of an individual, but it is defined mainly by his position in regard to employment. This division works out as follows.

Status in occupation	Number	per cent
Owners of independent enter-		
prises and employers	400,800	20.2
Managers and office staff	318,600	16.1
Manual workers	834,200	42.0
Assistant members of families	430,700	21.7
Total	1,984,300	100.0

Thus every fifth person engaged in an occupation is the owner of his own business. The greater part of this class, however, consists of farmers and smallholders. The class of assistant members of families belongs almost entirely to the economic category of farmers and smallholders. Manual workers

constitute 42.0 per cent of those engaged in occupations, and managers and office staff a considerably smaller class or 16.1 per cent.

By her demographic structure Finland belongs to the northern group the characteristics of which are: vigorous population, numerous country population, and independent class of farmers. Owing to the improvements on the sanitary and economic conditions the changes in the population have been favourable. Thus the differences between the conditions of population in Finland and in other Scandinavian countries have considerably diminished. The birthrate is still fairly high in Finland and a proportionate increase in the older age classes is chiefly due to the growth of the age and not to the decrease of the birthrate. The continuously increasing industrialization in the last few decades is reflected clearly as well in the distribution of the population according to industry as in its distribution between rural and urban districts. In 1930 population engaged in the manufacturing industry was only 15.1 per cent of the whole population against 29.2 per cent twenty years later.

ITEMS

The Budget. The Budget for 1954 was passed by the Diet on February 11, 1954. The following figures give a general idea of it as compared with the 1954 Budget proposal and the total revenue and expenditure authorized in 1953 (Budget for 1953 plus supplementary Budgets passed on June 19, 1953 and December 23, 1953).

	1953	195	4
	Budget	Budget s proposal	Budget
	1 000	millions of	marks
$oldsymbol{Revenue}$			
Current	171.4	136.3	168.2
Capital	44.0	15.8	15.0
Other than loans	7.7	5.6	4.8
Loans	36.8	10.2	10.2
Total	215.4	152,1	183.2
Expenditure			
Current	138.6	105.6	129.5
Capital	80.0	46.3	53.6
Other than redemptions	65.5	34.8	42.0
Redemptions	14.5	11.5	11.6
Total	218.6	151.9	183.1

An outline of the Budget is given in the Market Review of this issue. For the Budget proposal see this Bulletin Nos. 9—10, 1953.

Payments and Loan Arrangement with U.S.S.R. At the negotiations in Moscow in January—February this year, new payments and loan arrangements between Finland and the U.S.S.R. have been agreed upon. The agreements are outlined in the Market Review of this issue.

Trade Agreements. Finland has recently concluded trade agreements with the following countries:

Bulgaria, on January 25, 1954. Period: 1954. Trade in each direction is estimated to amount to 2 million dollars. Finnish exports will include machinery, equipment and apparatus, chains and anchors, various other metal products, electrical equipment and telephone accessories, steel, pulp, paper, and cardboard. Finnish imports will include wheat, vetch, peas, rice, fruit and vegetables both fresh and dried, and tobacco.

Czechoslovakia, on February 17, 1954. Period: 1954. Finnish exports are estimated at about 13.9 million dollars and imports at 3.5 million, the difference to be covered by imports from the U.S.S.R. within triangular arrangements. Finnish exports will include rayon pulp, paper, woodworking and other machinery and equipment, and cheese. Finnish imports will include lubricating oils, various chemical products, raw materials for the plastic industry, textiles, rolling products, cars, motor cycles, tractors, and spare parts.

New Bond Loans. In the beginning of March the State will issue four bond loans at an aggregate amount of 4,900 million marks. 1) The 1954 bond loan will carry an interest rate of 6 1/2 per cent. The amount has been fixed at 1.000 million marks and the loan expires in 1969. The bonds are intended to be sold to insurance companies. 2) The 1954 bond loan of varying interest rates amounts to 1.000 million marks. The loan is intended for subscription by Savings Banks. It expires in 1964. The interest rate is $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent above the rate on the 6 months' deposits in the two biggest commercial banks. These two loans are tied to the cost of living index as to one half of their amount. 3) The 1954 Post Office Savings Bank loan is intended for the convertion of the 1949 Post Office Savings Bank loan falling due at the beginning of March. 4) The 1954 premium bond loan. This is a 7-year loan of an amount of 400 million marks. The number of prizes is 2,218 amounting in all to 100 million marks. The only allotment of bonds takes place in April.

Motor Vehicles in Use. The following table shows the number of motor vehicles registered at the end of 1952 and 1953.

	Dec. 31, 1952	Dec. 31, 1953
Passenger cars	52,619	59,216
Lorries	35,006	34,412
Delivery vans	8,208	9,257
Buses	3,933	3,951
Other	1,486	1,434
Total	l 101.252	108.270

The car stock increased by about 7,000 vehicles in 1953 as against 25,000 in 1952. The sharp fall in the rate of growth is due to the heavy import cuts in 1953. Only 8,728

No. 2, 1954

vehicles and 1,637 chassis were imported, whereas the corresponding figures for 1952 were 20,235 and 6,150. The greater part of the vehicles imported were passenger cars: 7,701 in 1953 and 17,945 the year before. Simultaneously with the drop in imports, a remarkable change in the country of purchase composition took place owing to the shortness of western currencies. In 1952, 87.0 per cent of total car imports came from the western European countries and the United States; in 1953 this percentage fell to 38.3, the rest coming from eastern Europe. On the other hand, practically all chassis have been imported from western countries in these years.

The number of motor cycles grew rapidly in 1953, from 28,853 to 40,814; imports amounted to 10,258 cycles, of which more than 90 per cent from eastern Europe. The tractor stock is estimated to have grown from about 20,000 to 25,000.

Death of Mr. U. Varjonen. Mr. Unto Varjonen, member ad. int. of the Board of Management of the Bank of Finland since May 1, 1953, died of a heart attack on February 11, 1954 in Washington, D. C. Mr. Varjonen was on leave from his duties at the Bank of Finland acting as alternate executive director of the International Bank for Recontsruction and Development.

The Publications of the Bank of Finland. In the series B of the "Suomen Pankin taloustieteellisen tutkimuslaitoksen julkaisuja" (Publications issued by the Bank of Finland Institute for Economic Research) the following new publication has appeared:

14. Ole Bäckman, Sidotusta maksuliikkeestä Suomen ulkomaankaupassa (Clearing and Payments Agreements in Finnish Foreign Trade). Helsinki 1954, 92 p. Available only in Finnish.

BANK OF FINLAND

(Cable address Suomenpankki)

BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Tuomioja, Sakari, Governor, absent as Prime Minister Kivialho, K., Governor ad. int.
Jutila, K. T., absent as Minister of Agriculture Kekkonen, Urho
Waris, Klaus
Leinonen, Esko K., ad. int.
Sundman, C. G., ad. int.

HEADS OF DEPARTMENT

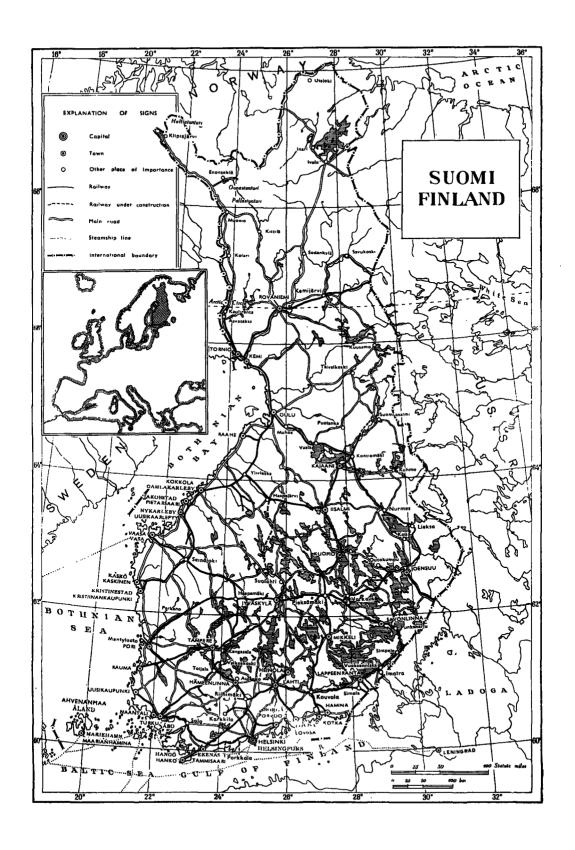
Leinonen, Esko K., Secretariat
Tudeer, A. E., Institute for Economic
Research
Engberg, G., Personnel
Sundman, C. G., Foreign currency

Blomquist, P., Accounts Kajantie, A., Control Tauriala, T., Foreign currency Aspelund, A., Cash

Helander, J., Foreign currency control Österlund, P.-E., Documentary credits

Jussila, Eino, Office

Nenonen, A., Foreign correspondence



THE BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

is sent free of charge to anyone wishing to receive it. Finnish booksellers are, however, allowed to sell it at a price of 20 marks per copy. Should extracts from the Bulletin be printed, the source should be stated. Correspondence with regard to the Bulletin should be addressed to the Bank of Finland Institute for Economic Research, Helsinki, Finland.