

# BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

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1937

# THE FINNISH MARKET REVIEW.

THE MONEY MARKET.

The brisk turnover in our foreign trade was a salient feature of Finnish business conditions during April. As the importation of certain raw materials increased especially, this may be looked upon as a sign of the enhanced activity of our home market industries. As far as these branches of industry are concerned the volume index of production for the first quarter of the year which rose to 179 as against 147 last year  $(1926 \pm 100)$  also points in the same direction, whereas the quarterly index of production in our exporting industries only rose from 168 during the early part of 1936 to 174 in 1937. Such progress both in trade and industry has not failed to make itself felt on the money market, but thanks to the plentiful supply of credit the demands have been easily met.

The total amount of credits granted by the Joint Stock banks rose no less than 323.0 million marks during April. At their total of 8,246.5 million marks they were at that date 667.9 million marks higher than a year ago. The greater part of this increase referred to credits granted to the public which amounted to 8,021.4 million marks at the end of April, 1937, as against 7,391.9 in 1936, the respective figures for loans to other credit institutions being 225.1 and 186.7 million marks. Deposit

business was, however, very lively, too, in April seeing that actual deposits due to the public rose 91.9 millions this year as compared to 12.7 millions last year. The total amount of all kinds of deposits in the Joint Stock banks grew by 294.8 million marks during the month under review and reached 9,373.5 million marks as against 8,251.5 millions a year earlier. At the end of April there was under such circumstances an excess of deposits over credits amounting to 1,127.0 million marks in 1937 in comparison with 672.9 millions in 1936.

As regards the position of the Joint Stock banks towards foreign countries it is obvious that the lively imports should cause a reduction in the credit balances held abroad. At the end of April they amounted to 520.9 million marks, having declined 25.2 millions during the month under review, but being nevertheless 29.1 million marks larger than a year earlier. As the indebtedness rose to some extent during the same period, the net amount of the Joint Stock banks' foreign credit balances represented 241.3 million marks on the last day of April, 1937, in comparison with 296.6 millions in 1936.

According to the weekly statements of the Bank of Finland the influx of foreign exchange has continued almost uninterruptedly during the whole year. On April 23rd the reserve of foreign currency reached a record of more than 1,800

million marks, i.e., fully 300 millions more than the maximum of 1936. Since then a slight reduction has occurred, bringing the foreign currency reserve of the Bank down to 1,776.3 million marks as on May 15th. Side by side this, the prevailing lively business conditions have brought about a rise in the note circulation from 1,912.7 to 2,007.9 million marks during April. But the increase must, of course, also be ascribed to seasonal causes, as, for instance, last year, too, during the spring term the notes outstanding were at their highest on the last day of April. And in accordance with the seasonal rule the note circulation dropped again during the first fortnight in May by 94.0 million marks as compared to 74.4 millions last year. Owing to an increase in the current accounts of the Bank during these weeks the total liabilities payable on demand, however, grew still further and from 368.8 million marks at the end of April the note reserve consequently declined to 339.3 million marks, i.e., less than 50 per cent of its corresponding amount a year ago.

The pause in the rising price tendency for several staple products that occurred in the markets abroad in April was registered also by the Finnish price index for imported goods (c.i.f.) which remained unchanged at 110. As the rise in price for paper products has only recently gained in force, the price index for our exported goods (f.o.b.) on the other hand rose still further, viz., from 117 in March to 122 in April. The Finnish wholesale price index did not change and in retail trade a slight seasonal decline in prices was noticeable.

# TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

As already mentioned imports were very lively in April, their volume index reaching 185 as against 136 and 118 respectively in 1936 and 1935, if calculated on the basis of 1926. Owing to the higher level of prices the corresponding value of imports bounded up to no less than 754.4 million marks, thus ex-

ceeding the value of imports in the previous month by 185.2 millions and the value in April, 1936 and 1935, by 285.0 and 351.3 million marks respectively. As regards exports the development was more even, their value amounting to 528.6 million marks in April and the rise from the preceding month being 44.8 million marks, the gain in comparison with the corresponding amounts in 1936 and 1935 being 130.2 and 181.0 millions.

As a consequence of the rapidly increasing imports the balance of trade moved decidedly against us during the month under review, its result being a surplus of imports of 225.8 million marks as compared to 71.0 and 55.5 millions in the last two years. For the period of January-April, when imports as a rule are heavier than exports, their surplus over exports was 463.0 million marks in 1937 as against 103.7 and 102.6 millions in 1936 and 1935 respectively. As, for instance, shipments of sawn timber have so far been much slower than last year in spite of a larger quantity being sold, there is reason to expect that the present tendency of the balance of trade will soon be counteracted by rising figures for the value of exports.

Representatives of the various countries belonging to the European Timber Exporters' Convention had a meeting in May. It was stated that 72 per cent of this year's total export quantity of sawn timber was already disposed of, the remaining part being calculated to cover the demands of the importing countries fairly well. From Finland 79 per cent of the prescribed quota for 1937 has so far been sold.

# THE LABOUR MARKET.

During the last week in May an agreement was reached in the labour dispute which arose two months ago in the Finnish metal trade and the workmen will resume work immediately. As an outcome of the agreement wages will be raised to some extent. In other trades labour market conditions are normal.

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STATISTICS.
1. — WEEKLY STATEMENT OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1936 Mill. Fmk			37 Fmk	
	15/5	23/4	30/4	8/5	15/ <sub>5</sub>
ASSETS.					
I. Gold reserve	501.3	603.1	603.1	603.1	603.1
Foreign Correspondents	1 341.0	1 803.0	1 789.2	1 787.8	1 776.3
II. Foreign Bills	84.1	90.1	90.2	90.4	93.4
Foreign Bank Notes and Counons	0.8	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1
Inland Bills III. Gold abroad not included in the Note Cover	880.4	981.5	961.8	963.2	960.2
Toons on Security		213.2	213.2	213.2	213.2
Loans on Security Advances on Cash Credit	57.0 54.2	49.3 77.7	49.5 70.7	49.5 61.2	50.0 61.6
Bonds in Foreign Currency	121.1	127.6	136.3	122.2	123.4
» » Finnish «	268.5	300.4	315.7	316.8	315.9
Finnish	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Sundry Assets	315.1	346.4	358.8	393.6	400.9
Total	3 635.5	4 605.4	4 601.6	4 614.2	4 611.1
LIABILITIES.					
Notes in circulation	1 471.7	1 893.0	2 007.9	1 944.2	1 913.9
Bank-Post-Bills	9.1	9.8	25.7	9.2	9.1
Balance of Current Accounts due to the Treasury	124.0	414.6	414.6	421.6	432.8
Foreign Correction 1.	609.3	658.7	494.7	602.5	616.2
Foreign Correspondents	17.2	27.4	18.6	18.6	21.7
Foreign Clearing Accounts	1.2	143.3 7.5	158.1 30.3	160.5 4.8	159.5 4.3
Sundry Accounts Capital	1 000.0	1 000.0	1 000.0	1 000.0	1 000.0
Reserve Fund	312.2	363.0	363.0	363.0	363.0
Bank Premises and Furniture	12.0	12:0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Earnings less Expenses	28.7	25.4	26.0	27.1	28.0
Undisposed Profits	50.1	50.7	50.7	50.7	50.6
	11	4 605.4	4 601.6	4 614.2	4 611.1

# 2. - NOTE ISSUE OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1936		19	937	
	15/5	23/4	80/4	8/5	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>5</sub>
RIGHT TO ISSUE NOTES:					
Gold Reserve and Foreign Correspondents Additional Right of Issue	1 842.3 1 200.0	2 406.1 1 200.0	2 392.3 1 200.0	2 390.9 1 200.0	2 379.4 1 200.0
Total	3 042.3	3 606.1	3 592.3	3 590.9	3 579.4
USED AMOUNT OF ISSUE:					
Notes in circulation	1 471.7 760.8 85.7	1 893.0 1 261.3 66.5	2 007.9 1 142.0 73.5	1 944.2 1 217.2 83.0	1 913.9 1 243.6 82.6
NOTE RESERVE:	2 318.2	3 220.8	3 223.4	3 244.4	3 240.1
Immediately available Dependent on increased supplementary Cover	489.4 234.7	258.0 127.3	221.9 147.0	201.3 145.2	194.0 145.3
Total	724.1	385.3	368.9	346.5	339.3
Grand total	3 042.3	3 606.1	3 592.3	3 590.9	3 579.4

Bank Rate since December 3, 1934, 4  $^{0}$ |0. (Former Rate 4  $^{1}$ |2  $^{0}$ /0).

# 3. - BANK OF FINLAND. NOTE CIRCULATION AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS.

End of		No	ote Circula Mill, Fml					End of			
Month	1934	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	1934	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 183.6] 1 165.7 1 285.8 1 321.8 1 308.8 1 243.8 1 234.3 1 200.1 1 224.1 1 261.2 1 244.9 1 246.3 1 277.4	1 268.1 1 371.5 1 441.5 1 431.4 1 369.5 1 327.6 1 309.7 1 317.2 1 336.0 1 301.6 1 319.4 1 380.7	1 341.5 1 444.7 1 520.3 1 546.1 1 500.9 1 465.0 1 460.1 1 502.8 1 551.4 1 560.8 1 560.3 1 630.1	1 600.0 1 756.6 1 912.7 2 007.9	— 30.1 +156.6 +156.1 + 95.2	[954.0] 1 000.8 1 044.4 1 054.3 1 031.3 984.9 933.9 969.4 1 073.4 1 121.7 1 190.3 1 283.0 1 328.0	1 329.8 1 267.7 1 317.2 1 385.9 1 415.9 1 333.7 1 352.8 1 242.2 1 259.4 1 280.7 1 239.9 1 266.9	1 286.9 1 263.3 1 328.3 1 354.5 1 247.9 1 114.4 1 150.0 1 147.4 1 118.1 1 254.6 1 353.3 1 491.6	1 655.3 1 746.7 1 764.2 1 789.2	+163.7 + 91.4 + 17.5 + 25.0	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Credit balances with foreign correspondents.

# 4. - BANK OF FINLAND. ORDINARY COVER, NOTE RESERVE AND HOME LOANS.

End of	P	Ordin ercentag	ary Cov e of Lia		Note Reserve Mill. Fmk Monthly				Home Loans ') Mill. Fmk				End of
Month	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[96.27] 95.59 91.54 88.55 86.99 87.57 83.16 82.14 87.93 85.83 85.92 83.69	81.25 82.99 80.96 80.09 78.63 73.36 74.09 72.93 74.68 77.29 75.12	77.13 75.61 74.22		[1 136.1] 1 123.8 1 053.1 988.1 944.6 953.2 899.9 860.3 842.3 963.9 912.2 920.2 861.0	791.1 840.8 769.7	503.2 436.5 368.8	— 57.4 + 54.3 — 66.7 — 67.7	764.0	842.9 906.3 1 002.3	1 051.1 1 085.2 1 129.5	+ 26.5 + 75,1 + 34.1 + 44.3	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Inland Bills, Loans on Security and Advances on Cash Credit.

# 5. — BANK OF FINLAND. RE-DISCOUNTED BILLS AND BALANCES OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

End of Month	]	Re-discour Mill.	ited Bill Fmk	§ ¹)	11	due to 1		Accounts asury		hers th		counts due Treasury	End of Month
Monen	1933	1934-35	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	1935	1936	1937	Monthly Movement	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[301.1] 238.8 147.2 95.5 61.8 44.1 31.9 23.1 13.2 5.6				[162.3] 168.1 146.6 99.8 186.9 134.8 80.1 81.8 91.4 91.8 217.3 69.9 161.7	297.2 236.3 172.2 35.2 14.5 104.3 90.3 28.9 169.2 284.9 376.5	390.6 530.9 466.6 414.6	$\begin{array}{c} +\ 14.1 \\ +140.3 \\ -\ 64.3 \\ -\ 52.0 \end{array}$	[181.1] 165.4 123.2 215.6 245.8 371.0 431.3 486.6 445.3 396.0 378.8 473.2 401.7	387.4 307.2 419.6 600.3 583.4 620.0 602.4 559.7 623.7 605.3 522.6 571.3	713.9 512.6 483.4 494.7		Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Included in home loans, see table 4. Re-discounted Bills according to the monthly statements of the Bank of Finland.

The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

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# 6. - RATES OF EXCHANGE QUOTED BY THE BANK OF FINLAND.

		Yearly (	verage			Monthly	average		
	Parity	1935	1936		1936			1937	
		1000		February	March	April	February \	March }	April
New York	23:45	46: 35	45: 82	45: 58	45: 81	46: 07	46: 52	<b>46</b> : 60	46: 33
London	<b>193: 23</b>	227: —	227: —	227:	227: —	227:	227: —	227: —	227: —
Stockholm	1 064:07	1 171: —	1 171: —	1 171:	1 171: —	1 171: —	1 171:	1 171: —	1 171: —
Berlin	945: 84	1 866: 86	1 844: 42	1 849: 52	1 849: 28	1 849: 83	1 868: 13	1 870: 78	1 859: 69
Paris	155: 56	305: 67	280: 02	303: 73	303: 44	303: 04	217: —	214:66	209: 62
Brussels	397: 50	858: 15	773: 79	774: 68	776: 24	777: 65	783: 13	784: 30	779: 96
Amsterdam	1 596: —	3 138: 48	2 944: 55		3 126: —	3 121: 48	2 540: 92	2 546: —	2 533: 27
Basle	<b>   766: 13   </b>	1 506: 39	1 376: 56	1 501: 32	1 500: 80	1 497: 57	1 060: 58	1 060: 57	1 055: 54
Oslo	1064:07	1 141: —	1 141:	1141: —	1141:	1 141: —	1 141:	1 141: —	1 141:
Copenhagen	1 064:07	1 014:	1014: —	1014:	1 014: —	1 014: —	1014: —	1 014: —	1 014:
Prague	117:64	193: 95	184: 98	192: 76	192: 24	192: —	163: —	163: 17	162: 35
Rome	208:98	384: 04	283: 37			<u> </u>	246: —	246: 83	245: 27
Tallinn	1 064:07	1 251: 13	1 255: —		1 255: —	1 255:	1 255:	1 255: —	1 255: —
Riga	766: 13		1 343: 56	1 495: 80	1 494:	1 492: 83		915: —	915:
Madrid	766: 13		622: 49		630: 80	630: 13	<sup>2</sup> )512:50	45 3: 48	396: 15
Warsaw	445: 42	876: 41	866: 36	870: 64	869: 40	868: 13	880:54	882: 57	880: 46
Montreal	39: 70	46: 12	45: 77	45: 65	45: 76	45: 85	46: 48	46: 60	46: 37

<sup>1)</sup> Quotations suspended from December 12th, 1935, to August 24th, 1936. — 2) Since September 11th, 1936, only a nominal rate is quoted.

# 7. - HOME DEPOSITS IN THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

	Due to the Public Due to other cre-													
End of Month	Cheque a Mill.	ecounts	e Public Depo Mill.		dit inst			Total Mill, Fmk		Mon Move	-	End of Month		
	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	ļ		
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 339.0] 1 255.9 1 217.2 1 159.1 1 270.2 1 285.4 1 387.9 1 381.6 1 388.3 1 450.7 1 519.3 1 499.9	1 553.2 1 586.1 1 582.7 1 709.0	[5 809.6] 5 837.2 5 863.6 5 942.1 5 954.8 5 937.8 6 051.6 6 056.8 6 041.3 6 060.2 6 075.6 6 132.3	6 206.0 6 254.0 6 364.1 6 456.0	898.9 1 018.2	1 009.5 999.5 1 131.9 1 208.5		7 986.5 7 979.7 8 119.4 8 251.5 8 179.8 8 443.8 8 439.0 8 410.5 8 454.7 8 466.1 8 454.0 8 598.0	8 768.7 8 839.6 9 078.7 9 373.5	+ 20.3 - 6.8 +139.7 +132.1 - 71.7 +264.0 - 4.8 - 28.5 + 44.2 + 11.4 - 12.1 +144.0	+170.7 $+70.9$ $+239.1$ $+294.8$	Febr. March		

Tables 7-9 according to Finnish Official Statistics VII, D. Bank Statistics. Mortgage banks are not included.

# 8. - HOME LOANS GRANTED BY THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

		٠.						· •				
End of Month	Inland Mill.		Public Other ( Mill.		institu	To other credit institutions Mill, Fmk		Total Mill. Fmk	;	Move Move		End of Month
	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1936	1936 1937	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 391.3] 1 400.9 1 403.4 1 360.2 1 384.3 1 480.0 1 446.2 1 379.6 1 241.4 1 262.9 1 280.5 1 314.3 1 347.4	1 379.1 1 444.6 1 568.1 1 680.3	[5 892.8] 5 887.1 5 980.5 5 974.2 6 007.6 6 059.1 6 028.4 5 965.9 5 952.9 5 965.2 5 968.9 5 869.5	5 942.4 6 125.2 6 145.4 6 341.1	185.6	183.7 169.0 210.0 225.1	7 502.0 7 603.9	7 465.6 7 541.2 7 520.0 7 578.6 7 7706.3 7 658.8 7 535.5 7 388.0 7 410.9 7 423.7 7 445.8 7 372.8	7 505.2 7 738.8 7 923.5 8 246.5	+ 17.0 + 75.6 21.2 + 58.6 +127.7 47.5 123.3 147.5 + 22.4 + 12.8 + 22.1 72.8	+132.4 +233.6 +184.7 +323.0	Febr. March

The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

# 9. - POSITION OF THE JOINT STOCK BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

End of Month		Claims 1) Mill. Fmk			lebtedness Mill, Fmk	2)	Net Cla Inde	ims (+) ebtedness Mill. Fmk			Movement Claims	End of Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[619.0] 676.9 644.0 459.4 420.8 411.4 405.3 452.8 445.2 461.2 366.2 303.0 372.3	493.9 471.1 518.2 491.8 351.2 440.1 532.9 609.9 703.6 608.6 598.7 560.1	572.3 583.5 546.1 520.9	[247.3] 225.9 230.9 230.7 208.0 219.5 237.8 254.8 254.8 254.3 263.9 248.2 190.4	202.3 178.3 190.3 195.2 207.4 230.3 192.4 177.4 202.5 214.8 222.4 250.7	251.0 252.6 272.0 279.6	[+871.7] +451.0 +413.1 +228.7 +212.8 +191.9 +167.5 +198.0 +188.6 +206.9 +112.3 +54.8 +181.9	+292.8		$+\ 1.2 + 35.1$	32.8	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;) Credit balances with foreign correspondents and foreign bills. -- \*) Due to foreign correspondents.

# 10. — POSITION OF THE BANKS TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.1)

# 11. — CLEARING. 2)

	Net Claims End of Mill, Fmk						Monthly	19	36	19	37	Month
Month	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	Move- ment	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[590.4] 630.0 741.7 843.5 742.9 692.9 574.8 601.9 489.3 466.7 431.3 412.6	804.4 927.2 941.2 925.4 898.0 905.9 994.9 1 070.0 1 008.9	1 564.5 1 514.0 1 487.5 1 386.1 1 336.4 1 341.7 1 340.9 1 570.4 1 601.0 1 479.0 1 669.8	1 881.7 1 783.2 1 644.4 1 668.2 1 684.1 1 573.6 1 619.5 1 497.5 1 526.0 1 443.8 1 342.9 1 504.9	1 637.3 1 623.5 1 724.1 1 695.6 1 461.0 1 403.4 1 554.5 1 652.6 1 671.3 1 698.6 1 785.4	1 946.9 2 058.5 1 998.4 1 944.0	+153.1 +111.6 60.1 54.4	144 487 123 891 130 122 135 154 141 720 140 195 144 833 127 531 142 484 164 124 149 378 162 676	1 934.5 1 980.3 1 979.6 2 078.3 2 177.7 2 371.0 2 149.0 2 435.8 2 671.5 2 408.9		2 619.9 2 813.4 3 228.9	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

1) For the Bank of Finland the net result of the debit and credit accounts with foreign correspondents and of foreign clearing transactions as well as foreign bills are taken into account, and for the Joint Stock banks their net position is taken into account as in table 9 above.

2) Indicates the clearing operations participated in by the Joint Stock banks at the Head Office and six Branch Offices of the Bank of Finland.

# 12. - DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS BANKS.

End of Month	l	n the town Mill. Fmk		In the country Mill. Fmk				Total Mill. Fmk		1	nthly ement	End of Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	2 575.9 2 615.1 2 624.0 2 632.7 2 632.7 2 646.8 2 655.3 2 659.3 2 670.7	2 793.9* 2 820.5* 2 859.5*		2 269.5 2 297.1 2 316.2 2 334.7 2 339.3 2 344.2 2 345.5 2 336.0 2 325.0 2 331.2	2 440.9* 2 460.1* 2 485.6* 2 500.7* 2 520.7* 2 532.0* 2 534.4* 2 545.7* 2 558.8* 2 576.8*		4 845.4 4 912.2 4 940.2 4 967.4 4 972.0 4 991.0 5 000.8 4 994.0 4 984.3 5 001.9	5 280.6* 5 345.1*	5 999.5* 6 108.3* 6 197.1*	+ 45.8* + 64.5*		Febr. March

Deposits in the Savings Banks, including long-term deposits and current accounts, according to figures supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

1) Increased by 203.s mill. Fmk interest for 1935.—
2) Increased by 223.7 mill. Fmk calculated interest for 1936.
The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.
2) Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 13. — DEPOSITS IN POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK AND IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES.

End of Month		posits in Savings Mill.		ice	·	ithly ment	De	Credit S	Co-operatocleties 1)	ijve	Mont Mover	-	End of Month
	1934	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	1934	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	<u> </u>
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[327.1] 329.7 333.3 337.2 338.5 338.6 339.5 341.4 343.2 344.6 344.6 344.9	358.0 361.3 365.1 364.3 363.1 362.7 364.5 365.4 364.5 364.5	378.4 380.9 383.8 384.1 382.5 382.5 384.6 386.4 387.9 387.2	404.1* 408.4* 413.8* 415.4*	+ 2.1 + 2.5 + 2.9 + 0.3 - 1.6 - 2.1 + 1.8 + 1.5 - 0.7 + 0.6 + 13.9	+ 2.4* + 4.3* + 5.4* + 1.6*	[452.8] 459.1 465.6 482.4 489.7 493.3 503.0 504.1 506.2 504.8 507.2 511.8 521.8	529.6 539.0 554.7 565.9 572.7 585.1 592.8 595.7 597.3 596.7 603.4 615.7	621.2 635.1 655.9 667.9 693.8 703.1 713.9 725.0 741.6 763.2 793.7*	815.6 845.2 887.8	+ 5.5 + 13.9 + 20.8 + 12.0 + 7.0 + 18.9 + 9.3 + 10.8 + 11.1 + 16.6 + 21.6 + 30.5*		

1) According to Finnish Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics.—2) Figures supplied by the Central Bank for Co-operative Agricultural Credit Societies.—3) Increased by 13.4 mill. Fmk interest for 1934.—4) Increased by 14.3 mill. Fmk interest for 1936.

# 14. — DEPOSITS IN CONSUMERS' CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES.

# 15. — INSURANCES IN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

	n –	its on Sa		Mor	nthly			New risl	ks accepted			
End of Month		Accounts Mill. Fml			ement	1	935	19	36	19	37	End of Month
	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	ì
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[420.8] 427.9 436.7 447.0 450.9 449.8 455.9 455.2 453.5 452.0 447.8 446.9 450.4	456.0 464.3 475.0 478.6 476.7 484.2 484.5 485.8 487.2 496.4 504.6	515.6 529.6 547.9 561.3	+ 8.3	+ 18.3	6 827 8 479 11 395 9 540 9 812 9 112 6 569 7 663 8 624 11 194 13 240 31 280	115.5 145.5 166.0	9 001 7 665 7 684 7 455 6 069 7 168 8 838 9 792 10 586	63.9 85.7 104.6 95.0 97.9 94.5 74.9 89.7 114.1 122.0 128.9 197.2	6 915* 8 457* 9 286* 9 581*	109.8* 119.6* 124.9*	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
	ccording	to data si	applied b	v the Fin	nish Co-	133 735	1 713.1	100 725	1 268.4	34 239*		Total JanApril

operative Wholesale Society and the Co-operative Wholesale Association. Interest added to capital in June and December.

According to information supplied by the Finnish Life Assurance Companies.

# 16. — CHANGES IN NUMBER AND CAPITAL OF LIMITED COMPANIES.

Year and	31	panies inded		ase of pital		panies idated		anies with ed capital		rease (+) ction ()	Year and
Quarter	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Num-	Reduction of capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Quarter
1984 1935 1936	624 600 679	129.6 92.9 246.5	166 203 218	156.5 242.5 356.6	153 136 117	145.7 49.9 58.3	22 24 21	201.9 23.3 37.3	$+471 \\ +464 \\ +562$	$\begin{array}{r} -61.5 \\ +262.2 \\ +507.5 \end{array}$	1934 1935 1936
1936 Jan.—March April—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.	205 159 145 170	161.3 20.8 25.3 39.1	58 49 40 71	120.3 50.3 114.4 71.6	34 23	22.0 19.6 9.1 7.6	6 6 3 6	12.0 7.0 5.6 12.7	+174 +125 +122 +141	$+247.6 \\ +44.5 \\ +125.0 \\ +90.4$	1936 Jan.—March April—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.
1937 Jan.—March April—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.	252	106.8	76	147.6	33	60.3	6	7.4	+219	+186.7	1937 Jan.—March April—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.

Figures supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 17. - STOCK EXCHANGE. BANKRUPTCIES. PROTESTED BILLS.

		over of		Ban	kruptci	es <sup>2</sup> )			Pro	tested I	Bills*)				
Month		xchange Mill. Fn		]	Number	•		Nun	nber				ount Fmk		Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1934	1935	1936	1937	1934	1935	1936	1937	<u> </u>
Iomnom	20.4	21.2	70.3	83	56	477	401	051	010	122		1.		'A -	T
January February	30.1 28.0	39.8	83.5	54	56 54	47 61	401 350	251 182	313 320	155 144		1.0 0.7	1.1 0.6	0.7	January February
March	25.8	33.4	90.9	57	50	39	395	216	240	182		1.0	1.0	0.4	March
April	19.2	39.1	81.8	63	52	00	352	283	241	170		6.8	0.9		April
May	17.4	28.2	02.0	69	55	1	405	282	245	1,0	1.4	5.2	1.1	0.0	Mav
June	12.2	25.8		60	42		384	226	242		1.3	3.1	1.1		June
July	16.8	47.2		47	39		363	224	261		1.4	1.1	0.9		July
August	13.6	24.2		51	37		325	198	257		2.0	0.5	0.8		August
September	17.7	38.3		46	56		263	197	262		1.4	0.7	1.1		September
October	17.3	45.7		66	47		305	213	281		1.6	1.0	1.2		October
November	18.5	38.9		71	60		228	230	172		1.0	1.3	0.5		November
December	18.0	54.5		57	46		242	258	149		0.8	1.1	0.5		December
Total		436.3		724	594		4 013	2 760	2 983		18.8	23.5	10.8		Total
JanApril	103.1	133.5	326.5	ł			1 498	932	1 114		7.9	9.5	3.6	2.3	JanApril

<sup>&#</sup>x27;) According to data supplied by the Stock Exchange Committee.— ') Preliminary figures compiled by the Central Statistical Office from the reports sent in by the various Courts including all bankruptcy petitions, of which only about half will lead in due course to actual bankruptcy.— ') Preliminary figures published in the \*Report of Bills Protested in Finland\*

# 18. - STOCKEEX CHANGE INDEX.

			10 2	TUCE	LAUMAN	IGE IN	JEA. I	926=1UU.			
35			Shares					Bonds			
Month	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	Month
January February March April May June July August September October November	97 95 100 103 103 105 106 109 115 113	127 124 126 130 131 131 132 138 138 137	142 143 140 143 143 143 146 147 143 143	147 150 156 160 161 162 169 175 179 179	200 213 231 209	98 99 101 102 104 107 110 110 111 111 113	118 120 120 122 122 118 119 121 121 121 121	125 125 125 125 125 125 125 126 125 125	125 125 126 126 126 127 128 128 128 128	128 128 128 128 128	January February March April May June July August September October November
December  Whole year	123 107	142 133	144 143	191 168		115 107	124 121	125 125	128 127		Whole yes

<sup>\*</sup>Unitas\* index based on the prices quoted for the shares of 12 banks and industrial firms and for the bonds belonging to 14 State Municipal and other bond loans.

# 19. - PUBLIC DEBT.

10.—I CDMC DIDI.													
End of			Acc	_	the Finan ill. Fmk ¹)		nts			11	viss Fres. 2) gold Fres.)	End of	
Year and Month	E	unded De	bt	Sho	rt-term Cr	edit	Tot	al Public	Debt	Total	Yearly and	Year and Month	
	Foreign	Internal	Total	Foreign	Internal	Total	Foreign	Internal	Total	Public Debt	Monthly Movement		
1934 1935 1936	2 282.6 1 852.0 1 128.7	990.7 1 180.8 1 852.7	3 273.3 3 032.8 2 981.4	59.0 56.5 56.5	49.5 76.7 81.3	133.2	2 341.6 1 908.5 1 185.2	1 257.5	3 381.8 3 166.0 3 119.2	293.8 268.8 252.3	- 35.6 - 25.0 - 16.5	1935	
1936 April	1 612.8	1 276.3	2 889.1	56.5	83.6	140.1	1 669.3	1 359.9	3 029.2	257.4	+ 1.2	1936 April	
1937 Febr. March April	1 043.0 1 033.7 1 033.5	1 837.9 1 827.3 1 862.4	2 880.9 2 861.0 2 895.9	56.5 56.5 56.5	135.1 140.2 144.6	196.7	1 090.2	1 973.0 1 967.5 2 007.0		247.2	- 1.4	1937 Febr. March April	

<sup>1)</sup> According to data supplied by the Treasury. Internal loans are given at their nominal value and foreign loans in Finnish currency according to the rates ruling on the dates of the issue of the loans.—2) Calculated as follows: the outstanding amounts of both internal and foreign loans have been converted into Swiss Francs at the monthly average rates of exchange of the respective currencies. From September, 1936, the amounts have been converted into Swiss Francs of former gold value, in order to eliminate the influence of fluctuating currencies.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 20. — STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

			Curr	ent rev	enue¹) de	rived fr	om		Princi-	E	xpenditu	ıre	
Month	Total revenue	6-6-6	Excise on spirits, wines, etc.	Stamp duty	Interest and Divi- dends	State Rail- ways <sup>2</sup> )	Posts and Tele- graphs <sup>2</sup> )	State Forests <sup>2</sup> )	pal capital reve- nue	Total	Current	Capital	Month
	]				ill. Fmk						Mill. Fr	ık	]
1936 JanMarch	960.3	19.3	19.5	55.1	51.9	42.6	16.8	56.9	210.9	987.5	659.8	327.7	1936 JanMarch
1937 JanMarch	921.7	20.0	33.4	68.5	52.8	56.2	21.8	99.1	60.8	939.0	675.9	263.1	1937 JanMarch
1937 Budget	4 683.7	620.0	139.5	194.0	265.3	146.5	50.4	135.3	966.9	4 680.5	2 912.3	1 768.2	1937 Budget

Preliminary figures compiled by the Treasury from the monthly accounts,

1) The current revenue derived from Customs duty, and other State receipts collected by the Customs are specified in table 21 below. — 3) The figures given refer to net revenue.

# 21. - STATE RECEIPTS COLLECTED BY THE CUSTOMS.

		Customs	duty on		Excise on				l'	
Month	Total Receipts	Imported goods incl. storage charges	Exported goods	Tobacco	Matches	Sweets	Fines	Light Dues	Resti- tutions	Month
				1 000 E	mk				1000 Fmk	
1936 March April JanApril	144 264 154 410 602 645	121 614 132 255 512 525	5 37 83	16 893 15 205 63 344	1 381 1 208 5 466	1 324 1 397 6 228	29 25 118	1 191 1 764 5 665	1 882 2 268 12 701	1936 March April JanApril
1937 March April JanApril	124 502* 155 547* 534 134*		27* 72* 146*		— —	1 - 1	58* 75* 185*	1 184* 1 878* 5 505*	2 623*	1937 March April JanApril
1937 Budget	_	1 585 000	1 000	_	<b> </b>		_	29 000	_	1937 Budg

Tables 21--29 according to Finnish Official Statistics I, A, Foreign Trade of Finland, Monthly Reports.

# 22. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Month		Imports (c. i. f.) Mill. Fmk			Exports (f. o. b.) Mill. Fmk			of Impor or Exports Mill. Fmk	` .	Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	344.4 292.9 383.1 403.1 506.8 472.7 487.1 457.3 468.0 557.1 526.5 445.4	461.2 370.9 394.9 469.4 564.2 559.9 566.5 527.5 601.0 616.6 637.7 599.2	515.6* 504.8* 569.2* 754.4*	362.4 290.4 320.5 347.6 441.4 612.4 712.5 723.3 601.3 621.8 576.6 630.3	437.0 360.5 396.8 398.4 573.7 703.7 820.7 761.5 712.4 794.3 662.2 601.4	484.8* 383.8* 483.8* 528.6*	+ 18.0 - 2.5 - 62.6 - 55.5 - 65.4 + 139.7 + 225.4 + 266.0 + 133.3 + 64.7 + 50.1 + 184.9	- 24.2 - 10.4 + 1.9 - 71.0 + 9.5 + 143.8 + 254.2 + 234.0 + 111.4 + 177.7 + 24.5 + 2.2	121.0*	March
Total JanApril		6 369.0 1 696.4	2 344.0*	6 240.5 1 320.9	7 222.6 1 592.7	1 881.0*	+896.1 $-102.6$	+ 853.6 103.7	<b>463.0</b> *	Total JanApril

The term imports covers all imported goods which are placed on the market either immediately after importation or after storage. Exports covers all goods exported from the open market, including re-exports. Goods are declared to the Customs by their owner, who must at the same time state the value of the goods as calculated at the frontiers of the country.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 23. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN DIFFERENT CLASSES OF GOODS.\*

of class	Classes of Goods			(e.	ports i. f.) . Fmk					(f. (	ports o. b.) . Fmk		
No.		April	March	April	Jan	uary—A	pril	April	March	April	Jan	uary—.A	pril
		1937	1937	1936	1937	1936	1935	1937	1937	1936	1937	1936	1935
2 3 4	Live animals	0.5 2.1 52.2 25.2	0.1 2.2 34.3 24.3	0.0 2.3 61.6 21.4	1.9 8.2 195.2 94.9	0.3 7.3 176.9 95.3	0.2 6.7 64.0 52.3	0.1 43.7 0.0 0.4	0.1 45.1 0.0 1.1	0.2 35.9 0.1 0.3	0.4 186.9 0.4 2.0	1.3 175.3 0.2 2.3	1.4 132.8 0.8 7.5
6 7	Preserves, in hermetically	15.4 39.2	15.7 35.9	13.8 33.9	53.1 152.6	43.6 151.8	38.0 129.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.8 0.8	0.5 0.5
9 10 11 12 13	Bark, cane, branches or	0.6 4.8 43.4 21.4 46.3 22.0 3.3	0.5 4.1 37.8 19.5 44.9 16.8 2.4	0.3 4.6 26.1 13.0 26.0 16.2 1.6	1.9 16.8 154.3 71.8 152.9 55.8 9.8	1.1 17.4 120.5 51.1 101.1 43.5 13.4	0.9 13.9 97.3 44.6 96.4 35.7	0.1 0.0 0.8 4.5 4.4 1.0 101.8	0.0 0.0 0.7 6.7 5.7 1.1 69.5	0.0 0.5 6.6 2.9 0.9 100.9	0.2 0.0 2.9 24.7 18.8 4.0 344.1	0.2 0.0 2.3 20.6 13.8 2.4 368.4	0.2 0.0 2.3 12.3 7.5 0.8 296.2
15	twigs, and articles made from same Pulp, cardboard and paper, and articles made from	2.5	1.8	2.2	9.1	9.1	6.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.8	0.3
16	same Hair, bristles, feathers toge- ther with bones, horn and other carvable goods not specifically mentioned and	4.1	2.7	2.3	10.6	7.9	8.6	310.2	296.5	210.1	1 063.4	865.2	733.5
17	articles made from same Hides and skins, leather-	3.7	2.8	2.4	11.0	8.3	7.9		0.4	0.5	1.1	1.3	1.0
19 20	goods, furs, etc	25.0 122.7 79.8 76.2	22.2 89.8 62.0 34.7	11.3   54.0   36.3   30.4		53.2 237.1 140.3 81.7	55.5 193.7 150.9 64.6	16.4 15.4 2.0 0.1	14.2 22.8 3.8 0.0	10.5 8.8 2.8 0.4		42.9 26.6 6.4 0.9	30.2 24.9 8.1 3.1
li	ments, clocks and watches Minerals and articles made	6.5	5.6	3.9	20.9	13.5	12.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.4	0.1	0.1
23	from same	31.2	16.2 14.2	26.0 11.0	84.3 57.7	62.1 39.3	57.8 40.4	8.0 3.1	6.7 2.5	6.8 1.8	29.0 8.4	25.8 5.7	20.9 4.7
	Oils, fats and waxes, and products of same Ethers, alcohols not speci-	36.7	25.8	21.9	120.4	82.8	73.1	1.3	0.5	1.0	3.2	2.5	0.6
	fically described, volatile oils, cosmetics, etc. Colours and dyes Explosives, fire-arms and materials, fuses and fire-	2.1 10.2	1.4 11.4	1.1 7.3	5.7 34.7	4.0 20.9	4.0 23.8	0.4 0.1	0.0 0.0	0.2 0.1	0.7 0.3	0.9 0.2	0.8 0.1
28	works	2.2	0.5	1.1	į	2.9	2.4	2.0	1.5	1.7		_	8.8
	drugs Fertilizers Literature and works of art, educational materials,	19.8 14.0	8.5	14.3 10.2	67.0 28.2	46.0 21.0	40.9 38.1		0.0	0.3 0.0		3.1 0.0	2.3 0.0
31	office fittings, etc Articles not specified else- where	7.7 13.9	10.5	5.3 7.6	23.3 48.7	18.4 24.6	17.5 34.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	1.8 2.6	2.2 2.1	0.8 1.3
	Total		569.2				1 423.5			395.0			1 304.3
	Re-exports					-	_	9.8	1.9	3.4	34.1	12.5	16.6 1 320.9

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 24. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Rye Tons			Wheat Tons		Wheat	en Flour an of Wheat Tons	d Grain	Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	145.8 312.8 390.0 673.4 1 489.4 6 954.5 6 923.9 2 664.8 402.0 4 209.4 2 396.1 49.1	5 918.9 6 885.8 8 700.6 10 060.7 13 330.9 9 260.6 4 369.4 974.8 744.5 2 707.7 3 264.3 607.8	10 347.2* 8 977.8* 1 142.3* 8 710.7*	2 553.7	6 621.7 3 955.6 6 392.6 7 674.4 6 200.3 8 719.2 8 985.6 8 772.5 5 483.1 4 000.3 3 335.1 2 933.5	6 885.1* 7 193.7* 3 961.5* 5 477.4*	2 859.8 3 006.2	3 934.2 2 094.6 1 999.1 2 516.2 3 021.1 2 987.3 3 437.7 2 489.4 1 176.8 1 209.5 1 363.4	1 143.1* 1 178.6*	February March
Total JanApril		66 826.0 31 566.0	29 178.0*	59 246.3 10 387.8	73 074.2 24 644.3	23 517.7*	34 989.5 13 403.8	27 778.7 10 544.1	5 938.3*	Total JanApril

Month	Rice :	and Grain o Tons	f Rice		Bran Tons		]	Raw Hides Tons		Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	<u> </u>
January February March April May June July August September October November December	969.3 764.7 1008.3 466.1 2669.6 1918.6 482.1 444.2 1175.9 2706.5 1176.3 453.2	1 006.1 710.1 811.0 758.9 1 372.1 1 067.4 2 206.4 1 084.3 1 439.2 1 886.7 1 598.5	1 677.3* 1 174.4* 957.7* 1 055.4*	3 888.1 4 321.8 4 013.0 45.4 377.7 1 078.0 1 961.5 3 133.8 2 830.2 3 378.7 4 173.9 213.5	6 948.9 6 742.4 7 849.8 8 458.3 5 391.7 3 623.2 2 202.5 2 815.0 1 986.2 2 627.5 3 014.2	2 757.8* 4 994.1* 5 210.3* 4 169.0*	968.6 656.6 857.3 922.5 707.2 1138.7 811.7 491.7 636.0 827.6 974.1 1092.6	1 007.3 705.6 528.8 400.9 501.8 423.8 646.5 475.5 425.1 625.1 600.4 890.9	561.6* 945.8* 711.7*	January February March April May June July August Septembe October Novembe Decembes
Total JanApril			4 864.8*	29 415.6 12 268.3		17 131.2*	10 084.6 3 405.0	7 231.7 2 642.6		Total JanApr

Month		Coffee Tons		Refi	Sugar ned and Unr Tons	efined	R	aw Tobac Tons	860	Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	1 807.5 1 372.3 1 567.9 1 552.4 1 751.2 1 470.9 1 563.7 1 474.4 1 584.7 1 853.1 256.1	3 255.3 1 584.2 1 611.0 1 548.0 1 639.0 1 880.7 1 676.6 2 164.6 1 863.2 2 014.2 1 828.3 790.4	2 697.2* 1 651.8* 1 720.5* 1 623.2*	6 553.0 3 560.5 5 972.5 7 222.0 7 732.5 7 969.3 10 137.2 9 183.8 7 750.6 7 899.2 3 938.4 1 332.0	9 536.4 6 409.8 7 318.0 8 205.8 9 896.2 10 782.9 17 065.4 13 197.9 5 304.3 3 458.1 10 563.7 6 030.9	5 412.4* 3 917.2* 5 812.9* 7 106.8*	246.0 220.3 207.6 225.1 238.1 260.6 168.2 273.5 273.1 280.7 252.2	272.2 248.5 271.6 242.7 257.2 288.3 214.6 297.7 291.7 287.9 251.6 184.6	278.7* 256.8*	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanApril	17 249.3 6 300.1	21 855.4 7 998.5	7 692.7*	79 251.0 23 308.0	107 769.4 31 470.0	22 249.3*	2 881.1 8 <b>9</b> 9.0	3 108.6 1 035.0	1 165.5*	Total JanApril

<sup>•</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 24. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Pig Iron Tons		Hot rol	led and Sh Tons	eet Iron	o	•	Month	
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	4 351.4 5 084.7	531.6 158.7 1 090.9 2 854.3 3 133.5 4 146.3 4 030.4 3 298.1	2 342.0* 848.1* 683.1* 2 219.7*	3 340.9 4 911.2	7 755.9 3 411.9 2 834.2 4 675.7 10 231.2 10 501.7 11 515.9 11 954.6 11 987.4 15 447.6 13 833.3 12 563.5	13 510.6* 5 744.9* 9 485.8* 16_108.4*	23 850.9 10 467.0 22 693.9 46 843.6 106 967.6 132 121.0 149 823.7 132 621.5 139 064.1 168 919.2 197 480.5 90 790.6	59 073.9 23 717.6 7534.0 85 262.4 158 050.0 165 136.4 205 988.3 206 456.8 242 943.8 270 859.1 183 071.4 115 613.0	26 065.8* 20 608.9* 57 399.5*	
Total JanApril	41 393.8 7 069.8			102 696.4 21 956.3		44 849.7*		1 <b>723 706.</b> 7 175 587.9		Total JanApril

Month		Raw Cottor Tons	1		Wool Tons			Month		
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	1 463.7 512.9 643.6 921.6 874.9 467.0 907.8 735.8 859.1 1 340.9 1 395.8 2 396.1	1 257.9 1 059.7 815.3 593.3 626.6 715.6 876.8 683.4 1 240.6 1 137.9 2 993.2	993.1* 878.7* 770.6* 1 066.0*	231.9	190.5 275.9 232.5 246.8 236.4 211.8 216.4 202.7 283.9 330.8 221.2 241.5	239.3* 260.0* 232.7* 290.0*	5 087.6 4 392.1 4 770.1 5 760.0 6 804.9 7 469.3 9 390.1 7 778.8 6 914.6 7 654.7 6 137.8 4 449.7	5 580.7 4 930.1 4 992.7 4 985.5 7 629.7 10 595.6 9 346.0 8 390.4 8 899.6 8 599.0 7 116.2 5 821.2		
Total JanApril	12 519.2 3 541.8	12 873.7 3 726.2	3 708.4*	2 420.5 816.3	2 840.4 945.7		76 609.7 20 009.8	86 886.7 20 489.0	30 194.0*	Total JanApril

# 25. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Meat All kinds Tons			Butter Tons			Month		
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	428.2 453.0 335.7 283.1 321.9 336.3 397.8 313.3 373.7 557.7 756.8 1 154.6	687.4 702.4 771.9 455.1 312.0 257.1 269.0 174.5 314.5 489.9 496.8 643.7	619.8* 631.7* 615.1* 415.6*	856.9 857.8 993.1 1 103.2 767.3 839.6 893.5 811.1 787.9 823.8 847.1 661.6	942.6 1 115.4 1 244.6 1 207.0 1 117.3 1 263.9 1 440.7 1 038.3 1 114.3 1 186.8 1 088.0 1 228.3	1 345.8* 1 114.3* 1 226.4* 1 377.2*	332.9 360.2 353.3 345.4 290.7 349.6 192.6 454.3 330.0 523.4 401.6 314.2	247.1 381.6 519.8 390.7 418.5 342.9 398.8 453.2 454.4 493.4 411.3		January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanApril	5 712.1 1 500.0	5 574.1 2 616.8	2 282.2*	10 242.9 3 811.0	13 987.2 4 509.6	5 063.7*	4 248.2 1 391.8	4 927.9 1 539.2	1 803.8*	Total Jan.April

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

25. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. - Continued.

Month	]	Raw Hides Tons			ound Timbe kinds excl. 1 000 m <sup>s</sup>		£	Month		
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	362.6 254.9 344.3 213.9 313.0 319.3 221.5 263.7 268.4 393.3 499.5	355.1 405.4 378.0 360.6 482.7 352.9 274.3 332.6 302.1 597.6 595.1	484.7* 470.0* 473.3* 500.6*	22.4 54.4 319.8 468.7 700.4 684.2 513.6 328.1 153.0 77.7	64.5 22.5 29.8 46.1 300.5 489.9 650.7 663.9 535.9 323.1 251.1 85.1	27.4* 2.5* 5.3* 23.5*	23.8 10.7 8.4 23.9 57.7 141.3 177.7 166.8 109.6 108.6 107.9 105.1	43.3 15.6 12.1 26.4 60.7 164.3 191.7 153.3 136.0 156.7 79.5 60.5	28.2* 8.2* 7.1* 16.0*	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanApril		5 043.8 1 499.1	1 928.6*	3 411.6 166.1	3 443.1 162.9	58.7*	1 041.5 66.8	1 100.1 97.4	59.5*	Total JanApril

<sup>1</sup> standard sawn timber = 4.672 m3.

Month		Plywood Tons			Matches Tons			Month		
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	9 916.7 9 642.3 10 704.8 9 977.3 9 802.1 10 949.1 8 386.5 10 440.6 10 883.8 12 744.5 12 675.2 11 214.8	10 205.5 12 395.9 11 892.5 13 555.5 10 393.1 11 051.2 11 732.1 11 770.3 14 046.8 13 287.9	11 588.6* 11 250.6* 14 756.3* 15 191.6*	114.7	184.4 162.3 151.0 117.1 161.2 128.3 142.2 142.5 226.2 282.8 266.8 213.5	275.3* 273.4* 291.5* 283.2*	456.9 329.1 677.2 620.8 502.3 416.7 480.0 534.7 540.1 480.0 591.1	637.6 549.1 481.5 591.6 550.5 461.4 457.9 518.8 371.0 455.1 644.7 559.0	395.2*	January February March April May June July August September October November December
	127 337.7	13 599.1 146 091.1	52 787.1*	184.9 1 891.3 581.5	213.5 2 178.3 614.8	1 123.4*	6 050.9	559.0 6 278.2 2 259.8	2 162.0*	Total

Month	Me	chanical Pi Tons	ılp ¹)	Sul	phite Cellu Tons	lose	Su	Month		
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	33 997.8 24 188.5 37 415.1	25 482.4 21 758.4 30 359.7 20 856.2 22 822.9 20 668.0 21 261.8 26 132.9 18 723.2 24 590.4	20 004.2* 16 998.3* 20 041.0* 23 818.5*	39 237.2 43 624.9 47 484.4 50 517.8 55 549.3 66 530.6 67 700.8 82 718.2 63 340.7 72 789.8		49 108.3* 67 296.2* 73 435.3*	15 360.3 20 519.6 15 606.2 15 833.8 24 027.3 19 027.3 18 558.1 18 786.7 21 115.4 32 440.9	28 318.5 23 260.1 25 532.7 23 706.7 28 766.2 24 216.8 31 275.0 24 032.6 21 561.3 31 005.8 30 308.6 31 253.2	26 236.1* 16 081.7* 32 510.7* 32 915.1*	February March
Total JanApril		277 676.2 92 261.1	80 862.0*	688 683.7 175 499.0		249 000.9*	235 198.7 69 802.7		107 743.6*	Total JanApril

Dry weight.
 Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 25. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. - Continued.

Month		Cardboard Tons			Paper All Kinds Tons		(Include	column)	Month	
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	5 278.3 4 998.0 5 375.1 4 718.3 5 450.5 5 129.1 5 152.2 5 270.4 5 282.5 5 940.9 6 614.8 6 936.6	5 634.7 4 589.2 6 009.9 4 916.8 6 575.0 5 502.9 6 093.5 6 178.1 5 575.8 6 935.4 7 073.8 7 606.6	6 257.7* 5 297.9* 9 176.2* 8 821.3*	25 217.5 30 965.7 32 231.9 29 306.5 29 783.0 28 403.8 32 488.5 31 152.9 37 170.2 36 370.7 31 421.4	31 355.2 37 736.4 34 538.7 38 856.0 35 323.7 37 152.1 38 523.1 40 568.5 38 436.5 41 991.0 42 217.7	41 334.7* 34 921.5* 44 261.4* 44 966.1*	18 960.3 21 982.7 24 402.1 21 911.3 22 408.2 20 842.9 24 719.6 23 527.3 28 261.0 27 446.8 22 383.0	27 817.5 23 941.4 28 986.7 26 592.5 29 632.9 26 599.3 27 656.5 28 222.5 30 707.6 28 794.9 32 016.4 31 166.0	26 404.6* 32 467.7* 34 721.2*	April May June July August September October November December
Total JanApril		72 691.7 21 150.6	29 553.1*	376 135.1 120 038.1		165 483.7*	280 459.1 88 959.0		125 051.1*	Total JanApril

# 26. — FOREIGN TRADE WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

			Imports (c. i. f.)					Exports (f. o. b.)		
Country	Ja	nuary—Ap	oril	Whole	э Үеаг	Ja	nuary—A <u>r</u>	ril	Whole	Year
	19	937	1936	1936	1935	19	37	1936	1936	1935
Europe:	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	%	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	%
Belgium	117.6	5.0	3.8	4.7	4.2	64.3	3.4	3.2	5.1	5.7
Denmark	133.7	5.7	5.1	4.4	4.2	39.0	2.1	2.2	3.3	3.4
Estonia	32.9	1.4	1.6	1.4	1.8	21.2	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.6
France	40.7	1,7	2.2	2.4	2.6	99.1	5.3	4.3	4.2	4.5
Germany	444.8	19.0	18.0	18.9	20.4	227.7	12.1	10.7	9.9	9.6
Great Britain	417.2	17.8	20.5	23.6	24.1	771.7	41.0	46.7	47.9	46.7
Holland	112.4	4.8	3.8	3.9	3.7	39.1	2.1	1.5	2.8	2.9
Italy	26.6	1.1	0.2	0.3	1.0	25.7	1.4	1.4	0.8	1.7
Latvia	6.5	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.3	3.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
Norway	55.1	2.4	1.5	2.0	1.8	39.1	2.1	1.8	1.3	1.2
Poland (and Danzig)	74.7	3.2	3.4	2.8	2.5	5.0	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2
Russia	19.6	0.8	2.0	2.0	3.0	13.4	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.8
Sweden	317.5	13.5	13.1	12.1	11.3	129.2	6.8	6.2	5.5	4.9
Switzerland	26.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	9.7	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.2
Spain	8.1	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.9
Other European countries	104.6	4.5	3.9	3.9	3.1	30.1	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.8
Total Europe	1 938.2	82.7	82.1	84.8	8 <b>6.</b> 0	1 518.4	80.7	81.6	84.6	85.2
Asia	43.6	1.8	1.8	1.2	1.1	50.6	2.7	2.4	2.1	1.6
Africa	3.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	32.4	1.7	1.6	2.1	2.2
United States	202.3	8.6	8.2	8.2	7.6	223.6	11.9	12.1	9.2	9.1
Other States of North		0.5		.		] , [		Δ	ایما	0.0
America	16.2	0.7	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
South America	136.3	5.8	6.5	4.5	4.1	48.3	2.6	2.0	1.6	1.5
Australia	3.6	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	5.8	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2
Grand Total	2 344.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	1 881.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

The country of import indicates the land in which goods were purchased, the country of export the land to which goods were sold.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 27. - VALUE INDICES OF IMPORTS.

Year and	Total¹)		Group 1	indices1)			Details <sup>1</sup> )			Year and
Month	All kinds	Foodstuffs	Raw ma- terials	Machinery	Industrial products	Cereals and their prod.	Sugar	Agricultur- al require- ments	Total*)	Month
1913	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1926
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936	913 750 634 720 684 644 651 696	928 700 552 703 652 597 604 583	910 763 649 710 675 650 658 766	877 867 795 897 972 955 894 802	894 839 750 783 747 642 636 639	982 752 586 709 646 585 686 689	603 452 375 475 440 389 339 346	994 834 745 848 778 721 740 776	95 82 70 79 75 73 76	1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936
January JanFebr. JanMarch JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	730 768 777 792	698 730 715 718	776 830 849 868	887 771 803 832	589 637 664 680	899 936 925 938	358 369 372 369	846 949 954 974	91	January February March April May June July August September October November December

# 28. — VALUE INDICES OF EXPORTS.

										4
Year and	Total <sup>1</sup> )				Details <sup>1</sup> )					Year and
Month	All kinds	Butter	Cheese	Sawn Timber	Round Timber	Mechanic- al pulp	Chemical pulp	Paper	Total <sup>2</sup> )	Month
1913	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1926
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1936	1 060 993 806 795 789 854 805 819	1 163. 934 820 804 657 532 684 678	914 796 742 751 728 698 774 805	1 071 1 031 801 798 865 1 017 861 940	1 472 1 449 1 228 1 033 994 1 105 1 177 1 176	1 155 1 180 997 979 906 951 825 879	1 064 1 016 801 909 794 830 830 834	796 760 691 678 609 553 544 537	96 90 75 73 71 76 73 74	1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934 1935 1936
1937 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanDec.	814 803 805 812	643 669 680 670	735 753 770 777	1 137 1 157 1 172 1 187	977 977 1 068 1 476	1 037 1 153 1 192 1 149	925 906 913 918	547 544 553 558	75 74 75 76	1937 January February March April May June July August September October November December

<sup>1)</sup> Base 1913 = 100; the indices are calculated by the Statistical Dept. of the Board of Customs in the following manner: after multiplying the quantities of imports and exports for the current year by the average price for the class of goods in question during the corresponding period of the basic year the values of imports and exports are calculated in percentage of the figures thus obtained. —

\*) Base 1926 = 100; the indices are calculated by \*Unitas\* according to the same main principles as above.

29. — VOLUME INDEX OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. 19	S. 1920	6 = 100.
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Month			Imports					Month			
Monon	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	HOLL
January February March April May June July August September October Docember	85 84 88 73 94 94 102 104 97 94 102	129 130 123 115 122 117 127 113 105 110 109 97	145 136 141 118 117 119 123 113 128 124 110	197 173 148 136 132 143 161 139 142 131 144 134	199 202 182 185	127 193 192 156 130 145 120 113 111 108 115	206 234 212 182 165 166 116 128 110 111 120 168	251 233 229 200 165 143 119 133 117 123 137 195	307 295 286 229 221 164 137 139 132 144 147 184	318 293 327 280	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Whole year JanApril	93 82	115 121	126 131	147 154	190	131 192	142 200	150 229	170 277	305	Whole year JanApril

\*Unitas\* index based on seasonally adjusted monthly figures. Although not exactly preliminary, the figures are sometimes subject to subsequent minor alterations.

30. — TOTAL SALES OF SOME WHOLESALE FIRMS.

Month				То	tal sal Mill. Fmk	e s				Month			
	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937				
January	239.1	206.2	152.9	143.8	176.0	220.1	235.1	265.0	337.9*	January			
February March	257.3 277.0	214.9 264.9	151.2 205.3	141.0 183.4	176.8 222.6	212.4 258.8	230.7 282.2	259.4 302.5	350.9* 364.1*	February March			
April	335.8 302.7	298.6 277.7	227.4	220.6	239.9	267.7	290.0	321.6 328.9	441.8*	April May			
May June	271.4	234.9	220.7 203.0	219.2 210.3	249.7 230.1	258.7 258.4	297.6 265.7	292.1	1	June			
July August	291.5 299.9	243.2 257.1	202.6 200.4	227.3 241.0	234.1 246.1	241.0 272.7	283.0 301.4	307.3 334.5		July August			
September	293.3	250.7	204.4	227.4	241.2	253.0	309.8	338.0		September			
October November	299.3 229.0	247.8 247.2	265.9 236.7	218.5 213.7	231.3 221.1	254.3 234.8	340.7 285.5	351.8 309.2		October November			
December	214.5	185.2	193.3	180.7	199.7	212.4	222.4	302.3		December			
Total JanApril	3 310.8 1 109.2	2 928.4 984.6	2 463.8 736.8	2 426.9 688.8	2 668.6 815.3	2 944.3 959.0	3 344.1 1 038.0	3 712.6 1 148.5	1 494.7*	Total JanApril			

According to data supplied by nine wholesale firms — either co-operative or limited liability companies — the total sales of which represent about  $^{1}/_{2}$  of the whole turnover of all wholesalers in Finland.

31. — VOLUME INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION. 1926=100.

			rota.	1			Hom	e indu	stries			Expor	ting in	dustrie	S	
Month	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	Month
January February March April May June July August September October November	104 110 115 114 120 117 116 121 121 116 115	132 136 135 141 141 145 139 147 146 143 141 133	148 144 142 146 147 133 146 143 143 153 154 151	160** 157** 154** 156** 144** 164** 167** 166** 161**	182* 169*	107	121 126 129 132 133 143 129 137 131 136 131	147 142 142 143 143 138 153 149 148 160 156 140	154* 146* 144* 144* 147* 141* 164* 157* 168* 175* 159*	166*	110 114 117 116 123 114 126 130 129 121 121	145 148 143 153 152 148 152 160 164 152 154 149	150 149 148 150 152 127 138 136 136 145 152	168* 170* 167* 163* 166* 148* 164* 157* 165* 155* 163*	176* 173*	January February March April May June July August September October November
Whole year		140	146	160*		112	132	147	156*		121	151	148	164*		Whole year

<sup>\*</sup>Unitas\* index based on seasonally adjusted monthly figures.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 32. — FOREIGN SHIPPING.

			A	rrivals					S	ailings			
Month	Wit	h Cargo	In	Ballast	7	Cotal	Wit	h Cargo	In	Ballast	2	Cotal	Month
	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net	Ves- sels	Reg. tons	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net							
1937							1						1937
Jan.	221	154 227	75	$64\ 250$	296	218 477	297	240 995		6 935		247 930	Jan.
Febr.	165	132 729	46	54 738	211	187 467	194	172 894	6	4 143	200	177 037	Febr.
March	179	143 688	51	65 889	230	209 577	214				216	190 767	March
April	272	207 197	91	80 729	363	287 926	322	258 400	68	21 647	390	280 047	April
May			ŀ				l i						May
June					ì					ļ į		'	June
July										}			July
Aug.		1	- 1		1	į	1			1	1		Aug.
Sept.	j j						1						Sept.
Oct.									i	ļ	- 1		Oct.
Nov.			- 1					i			i		Nov.
Dec.							1			<u> </u>			Dec.
JanApril 1936	837	637 841	263	265 606	¹)1 100	903 447	1 027	860 451	91	35 330	1118	895 781	JanApril 1936
JanApril	791	629 748	317	327 509	1 108	957 257	1 006	899 368	93	46 558	1 099	945926	JanApril

# 33. — PASSENGER TRAFFIC BETWEEN FINLAND AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

		Pass	engers arriv	red			Pe	assengers le	ft		
Month	1935	19	936	19	937	1935	19	936	1	937	Month
	Total	Total	Of whom Foreigners	Total	Of whom Foreigners	Total	Total	Of whom Foreigners	Total	Of whom Foreigners	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	1 822 1 703 1 918 2 377 4 405 14 854 21 605 16 426 5 503 3 463 2 398	2 062 2 149 2 194 3 275 7 153 19 235 25 626 19 873 6 172 3 342 2 548	1 288 1 281 1 308 1 719 4 836 12 876 20 374 14 036 4 031 1 995 1 550	2 533 1 867 2 694 2 700	1 582 1 162 1 416 1 665	1 827 1 727 2 082 2 638 3 865 12 793 17 536 18 927 5 542 3 693 2 525	2 237 2 275 2 302 3 650 6 946 15 506 23 731 21 274 7 003 3 366 2 713	1 304 1 304 1 464 1 573 3 142 9 839 18 090 17 273 4 734 2 040 1 611	2 820 2 316 2 523 3 246	1 399 1 529	Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.
Dec. Total JanApril	2 475   78 949   7 820	2 746 96 375 9 680	1 523   66 817   5 596	9 794·	5 825	2 205 75 360 8 274	2 824 93 827 10 464	1 764   64 138   5 645	10 905		Dec. Total JanApril

# 34. — STATE RAILWAYS.

					D	IAII	1074117	WAL	•				
Month	Weight	of Goods ported 1000 Tons		Go	kilometr ods-truc Vill. Km	ks	(less R	Revenue e-imburse Mill. Fm	ments)		r Expen Mill. Fm		Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	1 002.2 1 039.8 1 031.1 937.5 1 122.6 1 055.6 1 165.7 1 078.7 962.2 999.8 1 019.4	1 002.8* 1 135.3* 1 113.1* 1 051.5* 1 156.5* 1 218.3* 1 253.3* 1 108.6* 1 091.4* 1 023.9* 1 039.3*	1 043.2* 1 179.0* 1 208.4*	57.1	54.9 66.4 73.7 59.7 61.5 65.1 62.5 59.8 58.6 55.5 57.1	59.8 68.3 77.9	66.2 63.3 71.3 69.8 70.8 74.2 81.5 75.7 68.2 70.4 66.8 74.8	68.4* 73.0* 79.7* 76.1* 75.6* 79.8* 86.1* 80.4* 76.8* 75.4* 70.6* 84.1*	74.0* 78.9* 90.7*	56.6	53.6* 59.8* 65.0* 56.8* 69.8* 70.7* 59.4* 60.5* 66.1* 60.6* 72.3*	61.6* 70.7*	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
Total JanMarch		13 327.8* 3 251.2*		686.2 173.5	735.8 195.0	206.0		925.9* 221.1*	243.6*		754.6* 178.4*	187.3*	Total JanMarch

According to Monthly Statistics of the Finnish State Railways.

Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

<sup>1)</sup> Of which 563 Finnish vessels and 587 foreign vessels.
2) 5 595 5 5 523 5 Tables 32 and 33 according to figures supplied by the Statistical Office of the Shipping Board.

35. — WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX. 1926=100.

			Inde	x for	goods	in Fi	nish	wholes	ale tr	ade			Tota	i inde	x for	Tota	l inde	x for	
Month	To	tal ind	lex	l l	ducts ricultu			oducts e indu		Imp	orted g	oods		orted ( [c. i. f			rted g l. o. b		Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	90 90 90 90 90 90 90 91 92 91 91	90 91 91 90 90 91 91 92 93 94 95	98 101 103 103	75 76 75 75 74 75 78 77 79 78	79 81 78 76 78 79 79 78 81 81	84 88 91 88	93 93	93 93 93 93 94 94 95 95 96 96	99 102 103 104	94 93 93 93 93 92 92 93 94 94	93 92 93 93 92 91 92 93 94 97	102 105 108 109	88 87	87 87 87 86 86 87 89 91 93 98	103 106 110 110	77 77 76 74 73 72 72 73 74 75	77 78 79 79 80 82 85 92 93 100	105 111 117 122	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
Whole year	90	92		76	79		93	94		93	93		86	89		74	86		Whole year

Calculated by the Central Statistical Office. The first group of indices refers to prices of goods appearing in local wholesale trade in Finland, whereas the indices for imported and exported goods refer to foreign trade prices. An indirect weighting has been applied, each class of goods being represented by the number of commodities corresponding to the calculated importance of this class in wholesale trade. The averages are arithmetical ones.

36. — COST OF LIVING INDEX.

	Old ser	ies. 1914	=100.				Nev	series.	1935-10	00.				
Month	T	otal indes	r	To	tal	Food	stuffs	Clot	hing	Re	ent	Та	xes	Month
	1935	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	1936	1937	
Jan.	993	992	1 020	100	102	100	102	100	101	100	104	95	97	Jan.
Febr.   March	984 979	997 997	•	:		100 100	105 106							Febr. March
April May	980 974	989 983	1 041	99	104	98 96	105	100	103	100	104	95	97	April May
June	983	<b>984</b>		•		97		:   :		•				June
July Aug.	996 1 012	988 1 000		99		98 100		100		100		95		July Aug.
Sept.   Oct.	1 010 1 021	1 004 1 008		101	1	99 100		100		104		95		Sept. Oct.
Nov.	1 020	1 013				101				104				Nov.
Dec.	1 012	1 018		•		101			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Dec.
Whole)	997	998		100		99		100		101		95		Whole year

Calculated by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs according to monthly reports from 36 different centres. The index for the total cost of living is the average of the weighted group indices.

37. — BANK OF FINLAND CONSUMPTION PRICE INDEX. JULY 1981=100.

	Total	consump	tion		Inc	lex of sen	sitive pric	es			ex of rarel	У	
Month	p	rice index	Į.		All kinds		]	Foodstuffs	3		prices	_	Month
	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	1935	1936	1937	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	99.8 99.5 99.5 99.3 98.4 98.9 100.5 101.3 100.9 101.8	100.3 100.8 100.8 99.5 99.1 99.2 99.5 99.8 99.3 100.5 100.8	101.3 103.0 103.6 103.4	106.6 105.9 105.8 105.6 104.2 104.8 107.1 108.4 107.7 109.1	106.8 107.6 107.6 105.5 104.9 105.7 106.5 105.8 106.9 107.4	108.1 110.9 111.9 111.6	110.2 109.1 109.1 109.2 106.9 107.9 111.7 113.9 112.4 114.7 115.3 114.6	110.6 111.9 111.1 107.6 106.7 107.3 108.3 109.7 108.5 110.4 111.3	112.5 116.5 117.7 116.6	85.7 86.0 86.0 86.3 86.4 86.5 86.5 86.5 86.5	86.5 86.5 86.5 86.5 86.4 86.4 86.4 87.4 87.4	87.2 86.9 86.8 86.8	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
Whole year 22. V		100.0	102.9	107.0	106.4 104.8	110.7	111.3 106.8	109.6 106.6	114.6	86.3 86.3	86.7 86.5	86.8	Whole year 22. V

For details concerning the calculation of the consumption price index see article in this Bulletin No. 10, 1936.

# 38. - INDEX OF WORKING HOURS IN INDUSTRY. 1926-100.

				Branch of	Industry	7			Total	Of	which	
Quarter	Metal	Glass, Stone, etc.	Chemicals	Foodstuffs and luxuries	Leather	Textile	Paper	Timber	All Indus- tries	Home Indus- tries	Exporting Indus- tries	Quarter
1936 JanMch. AplJune July-Sept. OctDec.	119.8 140.8 119.9 133.2	141.5 128.9 91.9 118.5	132.9 103.0 94.1 103.3	89.0 98.6 99.7 95.6	115.9 95.7 93.0 105.9	116.6 122.4 125.9 106.4	90.2 76.0 85.7 89.5	89.9 97.0 91.1 73.8	104.7 109.4 103.0 93.5	117.5 121.0 118.4 108.9	96.9 93.7	1936 JanMch. AplJune July-Sept. OctDec.
1937 JanMch. AplJune July-Sept. OctDec.	142.3 142.8	160.7 152.4	139.0 119.0	98.2 105.7	109.8 114.7	119.9 133.2	91.3 81.1	87.6 101.2	109.4 117.3	127.5 131.4		1937 JanMch. AplJune. July-Sept. OctDec.

The index, which is based on the number of working hours during the corresponding quarters in 1926, is calculated by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs.

# 39. — NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED.

End of	Registere	d at the M	Iunicipal L	abour Excl	anges¹)	Regist	ered at the	e Unempl	oyment B	oards³)	End · of
Month	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	Month
Januarv	23 178	20 109	12 479	10 117	6 805	87 857	76 862	43 172	22 026	19 912	January
February	20 731	17 510	11 280	8 257	5 383		69 386	42 913	22 590	20 591	February
March	19 083	14 026	9 780	6 687	4 482		64 300	39 723	22 193	18 665	March
April	17 732	9 942	8 369	5 836	3 554		53 386	32 178	18076	13 323	April
Mav	13 082	5 996	5 804	2 795		53 387	42 402	23 695	12 698	8 182	May
June	11 479	5 946	3 948	1 877		32 444	27 384	15 979	6 205	2 409	June
July	13 437	5 691	3 122	2 129		23 189	19 660	10 988	3 732	1 647	July
August	15 269	6 064	4 003	2 431		28 645	22 646	11041	4 684	996	August
September	17 134	6 834	4 755	3 086		54 807	31 306	12 420	5 786	1 702	Septembe
October	17 752	7 629	6 446	4 594		67 819	42 151	15 712	9 739	3 097	October
November	19 729	9 708	8 538	5 348		81 022	45 362	18 598	14 841		Novembe
December	17 062	10 680	7 427	4 398		82 626	41 026	19 208	17 778		December

Figures provided by the Besearch Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs, comprising 1) regular statistics from the Municipal Labour Exchanges in the majority of towns and urban districts only; 1) statistics covering the whole country, temporarily compiled by the Unemployment Boards which owing to the disappearing unemployment have discontinued the compilation of statistics from the beginning of 1937.

# 40. — CESSATION OF WORK.

		Initiated		Contin	ied from pr month	revious		Total		
Month	number	affec	ting	number	affec	ting	number	affec	ting	Month
	humber	employers	hands	Hamber	employers	hands	пашьет	employers	hands	
1936										1936
April	1	2	4	2	8	51	3	. 10	55	
Mav	11	78	987	l —	1 _1		11	78	987	May
June	4	71	535	8	47	407	12	118	942	June
July	6	52 495		5	33	159	11	85	654	July
August	3	34	301	6	31	217	9	65	518	
September	2	25	132	2	25	545	4	50	677	September
October	l —		_	4	50	677	4	50	677	October
November	l —			2	7	366	2	7	366	
December	∥ —		-	2	1 7	366	2	7	366	December
1937			,							1937
January	1	1 1	13	1	6	180	2	7	193	January
February	$\ddot{2}$	5	562	ī	6	140		11	702	
March	$\parallel$ $\bar{1}$	16	93	l <u> </u>	_		l i	16	93	March
April	2	31	3 650	1	16	108	3	47		April

The above particulars which are of a preliminary nature, are compiled by the Research Office of the Ministry for Social Affairs.

# CERTAIN PARTICULARS ABOUT FINLAND.

# 1. FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

Finland formed a part of the kingdom of Sweden from 1154 to 1809; from 1809 it was an autonomous Grand Duchy connected with Russia up to December 6th, 1917, when Finland declared its independence, which was acknowledged by all the Powers including Soviet Russia. It became a republic in 1919. The legislative power of the country is vested in the Diet and the President. The highest executive power is held by the President chosen for a period of 6 years. The present President Kyösti Kallio is elected for the term March 1st, 1937, to March 1st, 1943.

The Diet, composed of 200 members, is elected by universal suffrage. The proportions of the different parties in the Diet elected in 1936 are as follows:

	TI minner.
Social-Democratic party	83
Agrarian party	53
Swedish party	21
Unionist party	20
Patriotic National Movement's party	14
Progressive party	7
Small farmers' party	1
People's party	1

### 2. LAND.

THE AREA (excluding lake Laatokka) is 382,801 square kilometres = 147,761 square miles (Great Britain's area is 89,047 sq. m. and Italy's area 117,982 sq. m.). Of the total area 9.0 % are inland waters. On an average 11.8 % of the land in the South of Finland is cultivated, 1.1 % in the North, 6.6 % of the whole land, Of the land area 25.3 mill. ha (62.5 mill. acres) or 73.6 % are covered by forests.

THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE in the coldest month is in S. W. Finland —  $5^{\circ}$  to —  $6^{\circ}$  C., in Lapland —  $15^{\circ}$  C. and during the warmest month +  $15^{\circ}$  and +  $13^{\circ}$  to +  $14^{\circ}$  C. resp. The average temperature in Helsinki (Helsingfors) is +  $4.6^{\circ}$  (in Oalo +  $5.4^{\circ}$ , In Montreal +  $5.4^{\circ}$ , in Moscow +  $3.6^{\circ}$ ). The ground is covered by snow in the South for about 100 days, in Central Finland for 150 to 180 days, in Lapland about 210 days.

# 3. POPULATION.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS (1935): 3.8 millions (of whom 0.2 million emigrants), Sweden (1935) 6.2, Switzerland (1935) 4.2, Denmark (1932) 3.6 and Norway (1933) 2.9 millions.

DENSITY OF POPULATION (1935): In South-Finland 18.6, in North-Finland 2.6 and in the whole country an average of 10.9 inhabitants to the square kilometre.

DISTRIBUTION (1985): 79.4 % of the population inhabit the country, 20.6 % the towns and urban districts. The largest towns are (1985): Helsinki (Helsingtors), the capital, 277,771 inhabitants, Viipuri (Wiborg) 72,755, Turku (Åbo) 69,953, Tampere (Tammerfors) 59,882.

OCCUPATION (1930): agriculture 59.6 %, industry and manual labour 16.8 %, commerce 4.3 %, transport 3.8 %, other occupations 15.5 %.

LANGUAGE (1930): Finnish speaking 89.4 %, Swedish speaking 10.1 %, others 0.5 %.

RELIGION (1935): Lutheran 96.1 %, Greek-Orthodox 1.8 % others 2.1 %.

EDUCATION (1930): Amongst persons over 15 years of age only 0.9 % are illiterate. There are three universities founded in 1640, 1917 and 1920.

INCREASE OF POPULATION (1935): Births 18.5 °/00, deaths 12.0 °/00 (in France in 1933 15.8 °/00, and in England in 1933 12.3 °/00), natural increase 6.5 °/00.

# 4. TRADE AND COMMUNICATIONS.

FOREST RESOURCES. The growing stock of the forests is 1,620 million  $m^3$  (57,214 million cubic feet). The merchantable timber

(measuring 20 cm at breast height = 6 in. at a height of 18 ft.) amounts to 1,557 million trees. Of this number pine is represented by 60.7 %, spruce by 28.1 %, the conifers thus constituting 88.8 % or 1,383 million trees; leaftrees, mostly birch, 11.2 % or 174 million trees. The annual increment is 44.4 million m³ (1,568 million cub.ft.). The annual fellings according to earlier calculations are 40 million m³ (1,413 million cub.ft.).

AGRICULTURE (1935): Cultivated land 2.2 million hectars, divided as follows: area under cultivation 0.3—10 hectars 33.4 %, 10—50 ha 52.1 %, 50—100 ha 8.4 %, over 100 ha 6.1 %. Cultivated land is divided between the different kinds of crops as follows: 50.5 % hay, 18.7 % oats, 9.6 % rye, 5.1 % barley, 3.3 % potatoes 12.8 % other. The number of dairies in 1935 amounted to 593.

OWNERSHIP OF LAND. The land area is distributed among different classes of owners approximately as follows: private 52.1%, State 39.7%, Joint Stock Companies 6.5%, communities 1.7%.

INDUSTRY (1985): Number of industrial concerns 3,917, hands 174,310, gross value of products of industry 13,929 million marks.

LENGTH OF RAILWAYS (1936): 5,757 km, of which 5,501 km State railways and 256 km private. The gauge is 1.524 m.

COMMERCIAL FLEET (1937): Steamships 557 (291,104 reg. tons net), motor vessels 172 (19,080 reg. tons net), sailing ships 137 (38,702 reg. tons net). Total 866 (348,886 reg. tons net).

# 5. FINANCE AND BANKING.

CURRENCY. Since 1860 Finland has its own monetary system. From 1877 up to the Great War the currency maintained its stable gold value and after the disturbances caused by the war Finland has again from January 1st, 1926, a gold standard. The unit of currency is the mark (Finnish \*markka\* = 100 pennis). According to the monetary law of December 21st, 1925, a gold coin of 100 marks' value shall contain 3 <sup>15</sup>/<sub>18</sub> grams of fine gold. Since October 12th, 1931, the redemption of bank notes in gold is, however, suspended.

STATE FINANCES. According to the finance accounts for 1936 the State revenue was 4,870.3 million marks of which 3,725.2 million marks were current revenue, and State expenditure 4,861.6 million marks, of which 2,983.6 million marks were current expenditure. The principal sources of revenue were as follows: State property and undertakings (net) 358.3, direct taxes 619.3, indirect taxes 2,020.1, stamp duty 199.1, charges 102.6, interest and dividends 284.8 and capital revenue 1,145.1. The value of State property in 1922 was estimated at 11,150.6 million marks. For Public Debt see table 19 in this issue.

MUNICIPAL FINANCES. According to the Budget for 1936 expenditure amounted to 1,444.2 million marks. Income from taxation was calculated at 501.5 million marks, taxed income at 5,805.0 million marks. The municipal income tax (non-progressive) averaged 8.5 % of the ratepayers' income.

THE BANK OF ISSUE. The Bank of Finland, (founded in 1811) is a State Bank. Its head-office is in Helsinki (Helsingfors) with branches in Turku (Åbo), Pori (Björneborg), Vaasa (Vasa), Oulu (Uleáborg), Kuoplo, Joensuu, Sortavala, Viipuri (Wiborg), Mikkeli (St Michel), Tampere (Tammerfors), Hämeenlinna (Tavastehus), Jyväskylä and Kotka.

THE JOINT STOCK BANKS (1937): Number 9, possess 467 offices, where all kinds of banking business is transacted. Including all banks, there is one banking establishment per 7,200 inhabitants.

The largest banks are: Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken and Helsingfors Aktiebank, all with head offices in the capital.

OTHER BANKS (1936): Mortgage banks 5, Savings banks 482, Co-operative Credit Societies 1,235 and a Central Bank for the latter.

# THE FINNISH STATE FINANCES IN 1936.

BY

A. E. TUDEER, PH. D. STATISTICIAN TO THE BANK OF FINLAND.

GENERAL REVIEW FOR 1932-1936.

The course of the State finances in 1936 was influenced by the favourable aspect of the general economic situation during the year. The yield of the principal sources of revenue increased automatically and this, in turn, led to the provision of more liberal grants for various purposes.

The principal figures in the finance accounts for 1936 will be found in the following table which, for the sake of comparison, contains the corresponding figures for 1932—1935, for which period the accounts have been drawn up on uniform principles.

Table I. FINNISH STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE

	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936
Revenue :	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.
Current revenue Loans issued Other capital reve-	2 438.1 214.6				
nue	272.4	227.9	265.2	217.2	245.1
Total Deficit	2 925.1 76.6		4 135.7	4 559.4	4 870.3
Grand total	3 001.7	3 300.5	4 135.7	4 559.4	4 870.3
Expenditure:					
Current expenditure Redemption of loans Transfer to the Bud-	2 484.6 58.2				
get Equalisation Fund Other capital ex-	l —		300.0	65.0	31.0
penditure	458.9	634.7	807.3	780.5	932.0
Surplus	3 001.7 —	53.3	35.0	25.9	8.7
Grand total	3 001.7	3 300.5	4135.7	4559.4	4 870.3

These figures afford an opportunity for many interesting considerations. If we look at the current revenue first, we find that it has risen in an unbroken series since 1932 which was a year of depression. The increase for the whole period amounted to 1,287.1 million marks or 52.8 per cent. Last year the current revenue grew by 243.0 millions or 7.0 per cent. The increase would have been larger, if some reductions in the income and property tax and in certain import duties had not come into force at the beginning of 1936.

The revenue under the heading "Loans issued" should be taken in conjunction with the "Redemption of loans" in the expenditure. It will then be seen that the loans issued exceeded the redemption by 156.4 million marks in 1932, 131.1 millions in 1933, 109.4 millions in 1934 and 44.7 millions in 1935. It was only during last year that redemption outstripped loans by 15.0 million marks. The large amounts of loans and redemption are a result of the considerable conversion of loans undertaken.

Other capital revenue did not experience any great changes. Last year it increased by 27.9 million marks.

With regard to expenditure it is worth noting that the current expenditure displays an equally steadily rising series as the current revenue, but that the increase is not so great. During the whole period this expenditure was increased by 499.0 million marks or 20.1 per cent. Last

year the increase amounted to 110.9 millions which is equal to 3.9 per cent.

The changes that have occurred in regard to "Other capital expenditure" are relatively greater, as is natural, seeing that current expenditure is for the greater part fixed by law or is otherwise essential for maintaining the administration of the country, whereas investments of various kinds can be made to a greater or smaller extent according to the decisions of the Government and the Diet. This expenditure increased from 1932 to 1936 by 473.1 million marks or no less than 103.1 per cent. The increase above 1935 was also very appreciable or 151.5 millions which is equivalent to 19.4 per cent.

The totals of revenue and expenditure are less instructive, as the conversion operations have increased the amounts. It is clear, however, from the above table that these amounts, even after deducting conversion of loans, have been very much on the rise in recent years.

According to the finance accounts 1932 alone showed a deficit, while there was a larger or smaller surplus in other years. In examining its size, however, it should be noted that the transfers to the Budget Equalisation Fund should in reality be regarded as a surplus. In order to obtain a correct idea the net borrowing or net redemption of debt should also be taken into account. In this way the following results are obtained.

For 1932 there was a deficit of 76.6 million marks, but if the excess borrowing is taken into consideration, it will be found that the expenditure was actually 233.0 million marks larger than the revenue. In the following year there was a surplus of 53.3 millions, but actually the expenditure exceeded the revenue by 77.8 millions. In 1934 conditions were much more favourable, the surplus amounting to 35.0 million marks, besides which 300.0 millions were transferred to the Budget Equalisation Fund. If the excess borrowing is taken into account, the final result is that the revenue exceeded

the expenditure by 225.6 millions. As expenditure was increased during the following year. the finance accounts proved less favourable: they recorded a surplus of 25.9 million marks in addition to which 65.0 millions were transferred to the Budget Equalisation Fund, but if the excess borrowing is considered, the actual surplus of revenue only amounted to 46.2 millions. Finally, with regard to the result for 1936, the finance accounts showed a surplus of 8.7 million marks. If we add the 31.0 million marks transferred to the Budget Equalisation Fund and the excess redemption of 15.0 millions, the revenue will prove to have been 54.7 millions higher than the expenditure. — In calculating these net figures the fact has been ignored that the finance accounts must always include an item for redemption of the Public Debt, as a certain measure of amortisation is stipulated by the terms of the loans.

### EXPENDITURE.

In drawing up the Budget for 1936 the expenditure was estimated at 3,838.2 million marks. Of this 2,720.1 millions represented current expenditure and the rest capital expenditure, of which 365.0 millions were set aside for redemption of the Public Debt. Subsequently, when it appeared that appreciably revenue could be expected, the Diet made considerable additional grants. By this means the expenditure budgeted for amounted to 4,669.2 million marks, of which 2,820.5 millions constituted current expenditure. Thus increase of the latter amounted to 100.4 millions. The increase in the estimated capital expenditure was considerably larger, amounted to 730.6 millions, of which, however, 550.0 millions were intended for conversion transactions.

The actual expenditure, however, was not confined to these amounts, but, as already shown, represented slightly higher sums. The actual current expenditure exceeded the amount in the Budget, including additional grants, by

163.1 million marks. On the other hand the capital expenditure corresponded very closely to the amounts in the Budget. Only the transfer to the Budget Equalisation Fund which had been estimated in the Budget at 1.0 million marks, was raised to 31.0 millions, when it was found that there was a possibility of doing so.

The distribution of expenditure according to main groups is given in the following table:—

Table II. EXPENDITURE.

	1934	1935	1936
Main groups			
	Mill.mks.	Mill.mks.	Mill.mks.
		1	
1. President of the Republic			
2. Diet	11.5		
3. Government			
4. Chancellery of Government		5.9	6.1
5. Ministry for Foreign Af-		44 -	44 -
fairs	42.7		
6. Ministry of Justice			
7. Ministry of the Interior 8. Ministry of Finance			
9. Ministry of Defence			
10. Ministry of Education			
11. Ministry of Agriculture 12. Ministry of Communications	146.8		176.4
13. Ministry of Trade and	140.8	199.1	110.4
Industry	74.7	74.9	82.9
14. Ministry for Social Affairs	62.7		
15. Miscellaneous expenditure			
16. Pensions and relief pay-	102.3	140.0	140.4
ments	88.1	90.4	94.0
17. Interest and expenditure	00.1	₩	27.0
on the Public Debt	283.6	436.3	343.4
18. State industrial under-	200.0	100.0	010.1
takings			·
Total current expenditure	2 599.2	2 872.7	2 983.6
_	1		
19. Revenue-producing capital			
19. Revenue-producing capital expenditure	1 073.0	1 239.7	1 345.2
i 20. Capital expenditure not		1	
producing revenue	428.5	421.1	532.8
Total capital expenditure	1 501.5	1 660.8	1 878.0
Grand total	4 100.7	4 533.5	4 861.6

This shows that the increase in the current expenditure was distributed among the majority of the main groups, although some of them recorded a decrease. The increase was largest in the case of expenditure on defence, agriculture, interior administration and education. On the other hand there is a considerable reduction in the expenditure on the Public Debt. The interest on foreign debt fell off

from 143.6 to 119.7 million marks and loss in exchange and other expenses from 221.3 to 143.8 millions, while interest on internal debt increased from 71.4 to 79.9 millions.

The revenue-producing capital expenditure was divided into the following five main items:—

	1934 Mill, mks.	1935 Mill. mks.	1936 Mill. mks.
Investments in State business			
undertakings, forests and			
landed property	224.2	241.7	252.1
Auxiliary grants	57.3	45.3	<del>44</del> .1
Redemption of Public Debt	394.2	815.3	915.0
Transfers to State funds .	310.0	85.4	95.0
Relief of unemployment	87.3	52.0	39.0
Total	1.073.0	1.239.7	1.345.2

In the first item the lion's share refers to the development of the railways.

The twentieth main group, capital expenditure not producing revenue, was divided into four main items, viz.:—

	1934 Mill. mks.	1935 Mill. mks.	1936 Mill. mks.
Purchases of essential			
requirements	181.6	220.1	240.7
New buildings	83.7	92.5	147.7
Various public works .	71.2	73.5	94.4
Relief of unemployment	92.0	<b>35.</b> 0	50.0
Total	428.5	421.1	532.8

In the first group the grant for the essential requirements for defence, amounting to 210.0 million marks, constitutes the most important item.

### REVENUE.

In the Budget for 1936 passed by the Diet the revenue was estimated at 3,841.5 million marks, of which 3,337.1 millions were current revenue and 504.4 millions capital revenue. During the year some small additional grants were made besides which an item of 600.0 million marks was included in the supplementary budget for conversion of the Public Debt.

However, the actual revenue exceeded the estimates in several important points. This was the case with both direct and indirect taxes, as well as with the yield of the business undertakings of the State. Altogether the current revenue yielded 388.2 million marks more than it had been possible to calculate in drawing up the Budget.

In the finance accounts the revenue of the State is divided into six main groups. The revenue in these groups, compared with the corresponding figures for 1935, is shown in the following table:—

Table III. REVENUE.

Main groups	193	5	1936	
main groups	Mill.mks.	%	Mill, mks.	%
1. Taxes	2 629.7 96.1	57.7 2.1	2 838.5 102.6	58.3 2.1
share in profit of Bank of Finland  Sundry revenue  State undertakings and	290.4 163.7	6.4 3.6		5.8 2.9
landed property	302.3	6.6	358.3	7.4
Total current revenue	3 482.2	76.4	3 725.2	76.5
6. Capital revenue			1 145.1	23.5
Grand total	4 559.4	100.0	4 870.3	100.0

It will be seen that the increase in the current revenue was due principally to the larger yield from taxation, this having increased by 208.8 million marks or 7.9 per cent. The increase in revenue from State undertakings and landed property was very considerable and relatively even larger, as it amounted to 56.0 million marks or 18.5 per cent. The revenue from dues also rose, while the other groups of current revenue fell off slightly. The capital revenue increased by 67.9 million marks, of which, however, 40.0 millions were due to considerable conversion of loans.

If the current State revenue is divided, as in former reviews, according to the nature of the revenue into three main groups, we obtain the following table:—

Table IV. CURRENT REVENUE.

	1935	1936		
	Absolute amount			
Income from undertakings and	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.		
landed property	592.7	643.1		
Receipts from taxation	2 629.7	2 838.5		
Other revenue	259.8	243.6		
Total	3 482.2	3 725.2		
	In % of n	et revenue		
Income from undertakings and	Per cent	Per cent		
landed property	17.0	17.3		
Receipts from taxation	75.5	76.2		
Other revenue	7.5	6.5		
Total	100.0	100.0		
	Per head of	f population		
   Income from undertakings and	Mks.	Mks.		
landed property	166	179		
Receipts from taxation	737	789		
Other revenue	73	68		
Total	976	1 036		

The centre of gravity of the State revenue has always lain in taxation which has brought in over three-quarters of the total current revenue. Last year this proportion amounted to 76.2 per cent. The business undertakings of the State, landed property, forests and other investments produced fully one-sixth and other revenue only one-fifteenth of the current State revenue.

# REVENUE FROM TAXATION.

The revenue of the State from taxation was divided into main groups as shown in table V below:—

Table V. REVENUE FROM TAXATION.

	OH JAKAIN		
	1935	1936	
	Absolute amount		
	Mill. mks	Mill. mks.	
Direct taxes	575.8	619.3	
Indirect taxes	1 880.0	2 020.1	
Miscellaneous taxes	173.9	<b>19</b> 9.1	
Total	2 629.7	2 838.5	
		tal revenue axation	
	Per cent	Per cent	
Direct taxes	21.9	21.8	
Indirect taxes	71.5	71.2	
Miscellaneous taxes	6.6	<b>7.</b> 0!	
Total	100.0	100.0	
	Per head of population		
	Mks.	Mks.	
Direct taxes	161	172	
Indirect taxes	527	562	
Miscellaneous taxes	49	55	
Total	737	789	

All the groups of revenue recorded an increase. The yield from indirect taxes increased most, by 140.1 million marks altogether. Direct taxes yielded 43.5 millions more than in 1935 and the increase in miscellaneous taxes amounted to 25.2 millions.

Direct taxes yielded slightly more than onefifth or more exactly 21.8 per cent of the total revenue from taxation. The only direct tax of any importance is the State income and property tax that produced a revenue of 617.8 million marks or 27.8 millions more than the Diet had estimated. The increase from the previous year was considerably larger: in 1935 this tax yielded 574.3 million marks and in 1934, when the effects of the depression were still felt, only 483.0 millions.

The indirect taxes produced slightly more than seven-tenths of the total receipts from taxation. The most important of them are given in the following table:—

Table VI. INDIRECT TAXATION.

	193	1935		3
	Absolute	% of total	Absolute	% of total
	amount	revenue from	amount	revenue from
	Mill. mks.	taxation	Mill. mks.	taxation
Customs revenue: Import duties Export duties	1 482.2	56.4	1 619.7	57.1
	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.0
Excise: Tobacco Matches Sweetstuffs Beer tax Spirits and berry wines	193.5	7.3	210.9	7.4
	14.6	0.6	15.3	0.5
	16.5	0.6	18.7	0.7
	45.4	1.7	56.7	2.0
	95.5	3.6	81.1	2.9
Margarine products and cattlefood	31.0	1.2	17.0	0.6

Decidedly the greatest importance, from the point of view of the State finances, attaches to the import duties which by themselves brought in close on three-fifths of all revenue from taxation and about four-fifths of the yield from indirect taxes. The increase in the Customs revenue amounted to 137.5 million marks or 9.3 per cent. The export duties are of no practical importance. The excise system,

however, has developed in recent years and its yield has grown by degrees.

In regard to the principal source of taxation, the import duties, their yield is calculated to have been divided among the most important goods imported as shown in table VII.

Table VII. CUSTOMS REVENUE.

	1935	1936
	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.
Wheat, wheaten flour and grain	100 4	197.0
of wheat	163.4 62.8	$137.6 \\ 120.5$
Coffee	207.2	196.7
Sugar	372.6	398.0
Tobacco		93.5
Spirits		34.3
Total	915.6	980.6
Other commodities	604.4	659.0
Grand total	1 520.0	1 639.6

In comparing the figures for 1936 and 1935 it should be borne in mind that the changes are a result on the one hand of larger quantities imported and on the other of lower rates of duty on, e.g., wheat, rye, coffee and sugar.

According to the calculations of the Board of Customs the import duties last year amounted to 25.9 per cent of the value of the goods imported. The corresponding figure for 1935 was 28.4 per cent and exceeded 30 per cent in previous years.

# STATE UNDERTAKINGS.

The income of the State from its landed property, business undertakings and investments in shares and loans was divided into the following categories:—

Table VIII. INCOME FROM LANDED PROPERTY, BUSINESS UNDERTAKINGS AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

	1935	1936
	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.
Interest on loans, bonds and depo- sits	51.0	38.2
Interest on the working capital		
of State business undertakings Dividends	10.8 173.6	11.2 185.4
Share in profit of the Bank of Finland	55.0	50.0
Net income from State business undertakings and property	302.3	358.3
Total	592.7	643.1

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The most important part of this revenue consists of the yield from the business undertakings of the State and its landed property which last year produced about 55 per cent of such revenue. The difference between this item and the next largest, "Dividends", is small in practice, for the greater part of the dividends is obtained from companies that belong entirely to the State, although for practical reasons they exist in the form of limited companies. The most important of these concerns are the woodworking mills of the State, the Outokumpu copper works, the Imatra power station, the superphosphate and sulphuric acid works and the monopoly for the manufacture and sale of alcoholic liquors.

The income derived from the business undertakings and landed property of the State is given in the following table:—

Table IX. STATE UNDERTAKINGS.

		1936	Î	1935
!	Gross revenue	Gross expen- diture	Surplus (+) or deficit (-)	Surplus (+) or decifit (-)
-	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.	Mill. mks.
Means of communication:				
State railways	925.9 137.4	754.6 137.4	+171.3 —	+133.7
business	33.8			
Posts and Telegraphs	245.2 9.4		$+55.4 \\ +2.3$	
Works of the Ministry of Defence: Powder Works, Cartridge Works, Rifle Factory, Aircraft Works, Ship-				
yard and Tailoring Shop	77.2	77.2	[+ 0.0]	+ 0.2
Other undertakings:  Margarine factory Government Printing	11.8	10.3	+ 1.5	+ 1.7
Works	$\begin{array}{c c} & 13.6 \\ & 1.7 \end{array}$		$+\ 3.5 \\ +\ 1.2$	$\begin{array}{c c} + & 3.1 \\ + & 1.3 \end{array}$
Blue-Print Office of the Board of Survey			+ 1.2 + 0.5	, -
	1.2	0.7	T U.5	J U.2
State forests: Forest Service Forest Research Institute	278.5 5.2		$+110.3 \\ + 2.4$	$^{+110.9}_{+2.6}$
State landed property: In all	33.4	23.5	  + 9.9	+ 6.6
Total	1 774.3	1 416.0	+358.3	+302.3

The revenue from the State forests, the State railways and the Posts and Telegraphs alone has any importance worth mentioning from the point of view of the State finances. The considerable increase in the total revenue from the business undertakings of the State referred principally to the railways and the Posts and Telegraphs.—The net income from the business undertakings of the State does not indicate, as we have pointed out in previous reviews, the earnings of the different concerns, as their accountancy is based chiefly on cameral principles.

### THE PUBLIC DEBT.

The booked value of the Public Debt experienced comparatively small changes during 1936. At the beginning of the year under review it amounted to 3,166.0 million marks, of which 3,032.8 millions were funded debt and 133.2 millions floating debt. By the end of the year the total booked value of the Debt had been reduced to 3,119.2 million marks, of which 2,981.4 millions were funded debt and 137.8 millions floating debt. Thus the funded debt had been reduced during the year by 51.4 million marks, while the floating debt had grown by 4.6 millions. The whole Public Debt had therefore decreased by 46.8 million marks.

There was a much greater change in regard to the composition of the funded debt. Last year the 6 ½ per cent dollar loan of 1926, of which 12,994,000 dollars were outstanding, was redeemed in its entirety. In addition, one-fifth or 2,000,000 dollars of the 4 ½ per cent mediumterm loan of 1935 was repaid. For this purpose, and as some small medium-term internal loans were also redeemed, two bond loans bearing 4 1/2 per cent interest were issued in the home market, altogether for 900 million marks. By this means the funded foreign debt was reduced from 1,852.0 to 1,128.7 million marks, while the internal debt increased at the same time from 1,180.8 to 1,852.7 millions. Thus, at the end of 1936 62.1 per cent of the funded debt consisted of internal loans and only 37.9 per cent of foreign loans. The latter proportion was 61.1 per cent a year before and 76.9 per cent at the end of 1933 previous to the policy of conversion being embarked upon. This policy aims partly at reducing the cost of the foreign debt service and partly at lowering

the expenditure of the national economy of Finland abroad by transferring the loans to the home market. In actual fact the amounts of bonds held abroad were less than indicated above, as considerable quantities of bonds belonging to the foreign loans, are held in Finland.

# ITEMS.

Bank anniversary. On May 21st Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken — Oy. Pohjoismaiden Yhdys-Pankki celebrated the 75th anniversary of the foundation of Förenings-Banken i Finland. At the end of 1862 the share capital of the latter bank amounted to 3.0 million marks and its deposits to 1.8 millions. After Förenings-Banken i Finland had decided in 1918 to amalgamate with Nordiska Aktiebanken för Handel och Industri, established in 1873, the share capital of Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken amounted in 1919 to 100.0 million marks and its reserve funds to 70.3 millions, while the deposits in the bank totalled 920.9 millions. Although the change in the value of the Finnish mark during the subsequent period must be taken into consideration, the powerful development of the bank is proved by the fact that by the end of last year its share capital and reserve funds had risen to 240.0 and 201.1 million marks respectively, while the total deposits had increased to 2,284.9 millions.

In connection with the 75 years' jubilee the Supervisory Board of Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken has decided to propose an increase in the bank's capital of 40 million marks to 280.0 millions by issuing 400,000 new shares of 100 marks nominal value per share. Of these 300,000 shares are to be reserved for the shareholders of the bank and are to be issued

at a rate of 175 marks per share, while 100,000 shares may be subscribed for by depositors at a rate of 250 marks per share. By means of this issue the bank's own funds, including the Pensions Fund, will amount to 518.5 million marks.

Conversions and new issues of bond loans. As the right of conversion has now come into force, notice has been given of the redemption on November 1st, 1937, of the 4 1/2 per cent bond loan of the Finnish State, known as the Railway Loan of 1909, that was issued in England and of which bonds to the value of £ 1,393,680 were outstanding at the end of April. The bonds will be redeemed in Finland at the Treasury and the Bank of Finland, in London by Hambros Bank Ltd., in Amsterdam by Messrs Hope & Co. and in Basle by the Schweizerischer Bankverein. Besides, the Government has decided to redeem the internal Liberty loans issued in 1918 that carry 5 1/2 per cent interest. For the purpose of converting the loans referred to it has been decided to issue a new State loan of 600 million marks in the home market. The new loan, bearing 4 per cent interest, is to be dated June 1st, 1937, and the interest falls due on June 1st and December 1st. The period of amortisation is 30 years and the right of conversion comes into force on December 1st, 1942. — It is worth mentioning that the Republic of Finland has never before been in a position to issue an internal loan at such a low rate of interest. Last year the Treasury issues were made at  $4^{1/2}$  per cent interest and in 1935 at a rate of 5 per cent.

The Government has empowered The Finnish Mortgage Association to issue an internal bond loan of 50 million marks at 4½ per cent interest. The loan is to be issued without a State guarantee and will be placed on the market in July, 1937.

Amendment of the law concerning the stamp tax. On April 7th the Government submitted a proposal to the Diet for amending the law of December 28th, 1929, concerning the stamp tax. The principal changes proposed referred to § 9 clause 1 with regard to imposing a stamp duty on share certificates issued on the increase of share capital out of a company's own funds, and to § 12 clause 1 with regard to payment of stamp duty on the sale or exchange of securities. The Diet has now agreed with regard to the former clause that shares issued on the share capital being increased, should be liable to a stamp tax of 2 per cent on the price of the share paid to the company and of 10 per cent on such part of the nominal value of the shares as is issued out of the company's own funds. In the case of a sale or exchange of securities the stamp tax to be paid has been fixed at 1 mark for every full 100 marks or part thereof of the purchase price, provided the sale is made on the Stock Exchange, and at 1 mark 20 penni for every full 100 marks or part thereof of the purchase price or the value of the exchange, if the transfer is made without the intermediary of the Stock Exchange. — This measure has been adopted with a view to counteracting tendencies in speculation in shares that are of an unsound nature.

The Finnish Stock Exchange. The rise that has occurred on the Stock Exchange since the beginning of this year both as regards the price of shares and the figures for the turnover, developed into a distinct boom in March. In the middle of that month the "Unitas" weekly . index of industrial shares reached 383 in comparison with a monthly average of 235 for March, 1936. After that, however, a reaction set in that became more pronounced in April and lowered the price index of industrial shares to 317 in the fourth week in April and to 311 in the last week in May. With regard to bank shares the fluctuations in price have been much more restricted. The general course of prices is clearly visible in the following monthly figures in the "Unitas" index of shares (1926 = 100):---

	1937 Jan.	1937 Feb.	1937 <b>Mch.</b>	1937 Apl.	1936 Apl.
Industrial shares	317	341	373	330	244
Bank shares	127	133	141	132	108
All shares	200	213	<b>2</b> 31	209	160

The figures for the total turnover on the Stock Exchange display the same curve of development, as they amounted in January, February and March this year to 70.3, 83.5 and 90.9 million marks respectively, but dropped to 81.8 millions during April. Last year, however, the business done on the Stock Exchange did not amount to more than 39.1 million marks in April and two years ago the corresponding figure was only 19.2 millions.

Meeting of the S.P.S. The members of the Sulphite Pulp Suppliers representing Finland, Norway and Sweden, as well as Austria, Czechoslovakia, Germany and Memel, met in Vienna in the beginning of May. No restrictions are imposed any longer on the manufacture of sulphite cellulose, it will be recalled, and a notice issued after the meeting states that the position of the market continues favourable.

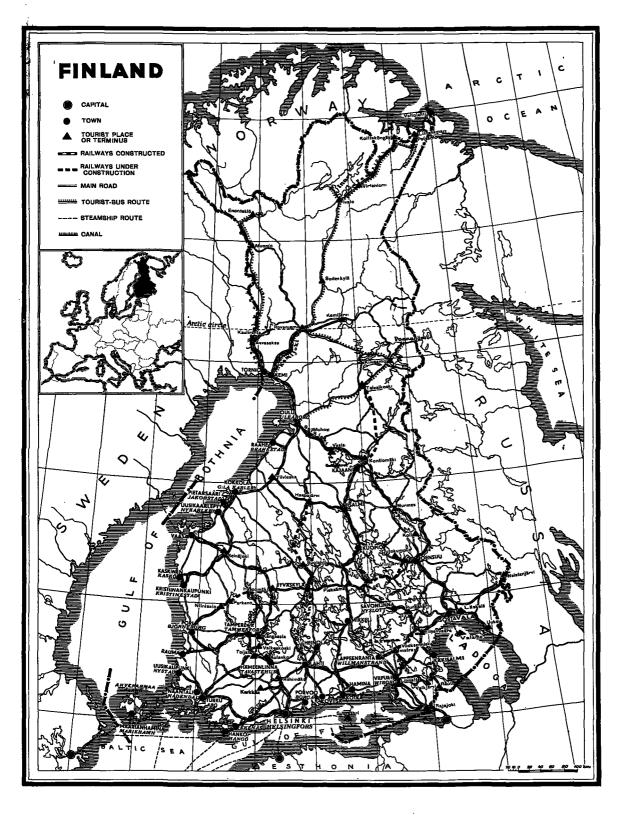
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Year Book of the Bank of Finland. The seventeenth volume of the Year Book of the Bank of Finland has been published in Finnish and Swedish and the English edition will be ready very shortly. The Year Book, which is arranged on the same plan as former issues. contains, in addition to the tables, a review of the economic position in Finland and of the business of the Bank of Finland. The English edition also includes a short description of the business of the Joint Stock banks during the year under review. — The Statistical Department of the Bank of Finland publishes this Year Book and supplies it free of charge to anyone wishing to receive it.

The Finnish Timber and Paper Calendar. A new edition, the sixth, of this calendar has been published. The arrangement is the same as in the former editions. The first section contains general information about Finland, its

forests, economic conditions, organisations in the woodworking sphere etc. The second section provides detailed information of practically all the sawmills in Finland. The third section is devoted to the plywood and spool mills and contains data of all the mills in this branch. The fourth section deals with all the papermills, chemical pulpmills, mechanical pulpmills and cardboard and wallboard mills. The fifth section contains the customary forms of contracts in use for timber, pitprops, plywood, woodpulp and paper. The concluding section contains numerous particulars of various kinds, such as shippers' brands for sawn and planed timber. It also includes a list of the papermills, chemical pulpmills, mechanical pulpmills and cardboard mills arranged according to the goods they manufacture.

Like the former editions, the new calendar is authorised by the central organisations of the Finnish woodworking industries and their selling associations.



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