# BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

No. 11 NOVEMBER 1928

# THE FINNISH MARKET REVIEW.

THE MONEY MARKET.

The state of the money market became still tighter in the course of October and the early part of November. Building continued to necessitate appreciable credits, as it is, of course, not desirable that work on partly completed buildings should be interrupted, and very large demands were made on the banks by the heavy imports. As the business world failed to respond sufficiently to the first warning given by the Bank of Finland, the latter found it necessary to give another warning. This occurred on November 15th, when the bank rate was raised another ½ %, so that the lowest rate is now 7 %.

The credits granted by the Joint Stock banks increased during October by 95.6 million marks compared with only 9.4 millions during the same month last year. Deposits, indeed, showed a rise of 12.5 million marks, but the increase referred solely to short-term money, while on the contrary actual deposits were reduced by 52.2 millions. It must, however, be noted that it is quite customary for the banks' deposits to fall off slightly in October. In any case it may be said that the stringency in the position of the Joint Stock banks was not increased during October to the same extent as during the previous months. This is, of course, connected with the circumstance that part of the banks' building credits were transferred to the Municipal Mortgage Bank (Finland Residential Mortgage Bank) which received its new foreign bond loan towards the end of the month. The growth of re-discounts and the withdrawal of the banks' foreign balances indicate, nevertheless, how tight the market is.

The indebtedness of the Joint Stock banks towards foreign countries was only slightly increased, but as their foreign balances dropped appreciably, the net indebtedness rose again by 64.1 million marks to 244.7 millions. A year ago the Joint Stock banks had a net credit balance abroad amounting to 118.4 million marks.

The position of the Bank of Finland became a little easier during October. The reserve of foreign currency increased by 82.3 million marks, the notes in circulation fell off by 59.6 millions and re-discounts by 15.9 millions, but direct credits rose slightly and the reduction of the note reserve continued. The first week in November also shows that the desired definite turn of the tide towards easier times has not yet set in. The direct credits granted by the Bank of Finland were, indeed, reduced to a slight extent, but re-discounts bounded up by 107.2 million marks to 569.0 millions and thereby reached a level that has not been surpassed since June, 1924. Although the reserve of foreign currency increased somewhat and the notes in circulation fell off, the note reserve was reduced in consequence by 37.8 million marks to no more than 240.6 millions. The note reserve has not been so low since June, 1924.

The difficult state of the money market is also illustrated by the continued fall in prices on the Stock Exchange. The number of protested bills, too, their total value and the number of bankruptcies have shown a marked tendency to rise during recent months.

The level of prices has not experienced any great changes. The wholesale price index remains unaltered at 146, though the individual indices record considerable dislocation, and the cost of living index rose 5 points to 1,254, mainly as a result of the rise in the price of foodstuffs.

# TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Foreign trade is still very lively. Imports, at a value of 885.3 million marks, reached a higher figure than ever before during a single month and exceeded the corresponding figure for October, 1927, by 276.5 million marks or 45.5 %. Exports were also larger than during the same month last year, but the increase only represented 64.9 million marks or 9.6 % and at a value of 740.2 millions they were appreciably below the value of imports. Foreign trade which usually shows no inconsiderable surplus of exports for October, resulted on this occasion in a surplus of imports amounting to 145.1 million marks.

For the ten completed months of this year the balance of trade showed a surplus of imports of 1,569.0 million marks. This heavy adverse balance is principally a result of the abnormal size of imports, while exports, though slightly less than last year owing to the reduction in timber shipments, are considerably in excess of the results attained in all previous years.

If the imports are examined group by group, it will be found that practically all contributed

to the increase recorded by the statistics for October this year in comparison with last year. The growth of imports is especially significant in regard to cereals, cattlefood and seed, a natural consequence of the poor harvest. But colonial produce and various kinds of textiles and other articles of consumption were also imported to considerably higher amounts. The same applies to goods intended for the investment of capital, such as metals, machinery, minerals and means of transport.

Sales of sawn timber for delivery before the end of this year were very lively during October. The total quantity of sawn goods sold by the end of October is estimated at 1,060,000 standards, a figure that is about 130,000 stds more than a month earlier. Last year the total sales at the same date amounted, it is true, to 1,200,000 stds, but that constituted a record year; in 1926 the quantity sold was only 970,000 stds. larger exporters have stuck to their determination not to grant any bigger reductions than were demanded by higher freights, but some owners of smaller sawmills have gone a bit further, especially when it was a case of unfavourable assortments. The remaining stocks are estimated at only about 100,000 stds and it should not prove difficult to dispose of this. quantity.

# THE LABOUR MARKET.

The customary seasonal unemployment is beginning to make itself felt by degrees, so far, however, in rather moderate proportions. Some labour disputes in industrial undertakings have been settled satisfactorily, but the dockers' strike remains stubbornly in its former phase, i. e. the strike proceeds officially, supported by the action, for instance, of the dockers in Swedish ports, but at the same time the loading and discharging of vessels goes on quite normally and no longer causes the trouble experienced, when the strike first broke out.

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# STATISTICS. 1. — BALANCE SHEET OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1927 Mill, Fmk		1: Mill.	928 Fmk	
	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>11</sub>	23/10	<sup>31</sup> / <sub>10</sub>	8/11	<sup>15</sup> /11
ASSETS.  I. Gold Reserve Foreign Correspondents and Credit abroad  II. Foreign Bills Foreign Bank Notes and Coupons Inland Bills  III. Loans on Security Advances on Cash Credit Finnish State Bonds in Finnish Currency Other State Obligations 1) Bonds in Foreign Currency    Finnish Bank Premises and Furniture	318.7 1 359.6 54.5 1.3 599.5 32.6 94.5 108.7 12.0 240.4 13.2 12.1	306.6 563.8 59.5 1.7 1 234.6 54.4 120.3 — 297.5 57.3	306.5 683.1 41.2 1.8 1 208.4 54.4 121.9 305.0 57.3 12.1	306.2 691.0 41.8 1.7 1 293.4 54.4 129.8 — 305.3 57.3 12.1	306.0 710.2 37.1 1.4 1 329.8 53.9 129.8 — — 305.5 57.3 12.1
Sundry Assets	47.6	21.3	89.8	46.0	16.3
Total	2 894.6	2 729.0	2 881.5	2 939.0	2 959.4
LIABILITIES.	l l				
Notes in circulation	1 431.6	1 513.3	1 539.3	1 517.4	1 489.1
Other Liabilities payable on demand: Drafts outstanding. Balance of Current Accounts due to Government	10.7 344.7 122.1 114.6 3.3 14.0 500.0 240.5 12.0 101.1	8.5 99.7 79.6 — 5.5 23.2 500.0 357.1 12.0 130.1	31.3 150.7 89.1 ————————————————————————————————————	7.9 298.7 88.8 — 2.8 15.7 500.0 357.1 12.0 138.6	8.4 324.1 110.6 3.3 15.4 500.0 357.1 12.0 139.4
Total  1) Balance free of interest, of the reimbursement, which accord			2 881.5	2 939.0	2 959.4

1) Balance, free of interest, of the reimbursement, which according to a resolution of the Diet the Government makes to the Bank of Finland for special Russian liabilities, already written off.

# 2. — NOTE ISSUE OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1927			28	
·	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>11</sub>	<sup>23</sup> / <sub>10</sub>	<sup>31</sup> / <sub>10</sub>	8/11	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>11</sub>
RIGHT TO ISSUE NOTES:					
Gold Reserve and Foreign Correspondents	1 678.3 1 200.0	870.4 1 200.0	989.6 1 200.0	997.2 1 <b>200.</b> 0	1 016.2 1 200.0
Total	2 878.3	2 070.4	2 189.6	2 197.2	2 216.2
USED AMOUNT OF ISSUE:  Notes in circulation	1 431.6 609.4 27.3	1 513.3 216.5 34.7	1 539.3 338.8 33.1	1 517.4 413.9 25.3	1 489.1 461.8 25.2
NOTE RESERVE:  Immediately available Dependent on increased supplementary Cover	2 068.3 265.3 544.7	1 764.5 305.9	1 911.2 278.4	1 956.6 240.6	1 976.1 240.1
Total	810.0	305.9	278.4	240.6	240.1
Grand total	2 878.3	2 070.4	2 189.6	2 197.2	2 216.2

Bank Rate since November 15 1928, 7 % 0/0.

# 3. — BANK OF FINLAND. NOTE CIRCULATION AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS.

End of	1	Note	Circul Mill. Fml			F	s ¹)	End of			
Month	1913	1926	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	1913	1926	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[ 117.5] 114.4 119.6 116.0 110.6 118.2 114.9 109.9 109.4 112.0 109.2 112.3 113.0	[1 309.3] 1 291.6 1 349.9 1 385.8 1 361.8 1 319.7 1 297.7 1 295.9 1 334.5 1 327.4 1 295.6 1 345.7	1 330.4 1 446.6 1 472.8 1 447.3 1 411.3 1 398.5 1 376.6 1 413.5 1 476.2 1 483.0 1 446.6 1 514.4	1 502.8 1 592.6 1 643.9 1 618.7 1 575.8 1 585.4 1 542.7 1 564.9 1 598.9 1 539.3	- 11.6 + 89.8 + 51.3 - 25.2 - 42.9 + 9.6 - 42.7 + 22.2 + 34.0 - 59.6	[60.4] 55.1 53.6 49.6 48.5 48.7 52.1 51.9 58.5 64.9 62.9 58.5	[1 408.0] 1 360.8 1 226.6 1 182.2 1 073.1 948.0 899.9 890.1 972.2 956.1 901.9 1 006.3 1 082.4	1 047.6 1 126.6 1 185.3 1 096.3 973.9 901.4 914.4 1 095.2 1 230.8 1 324.5 1 390.1 1 359.8	1 311.6 1 201.7 1 076.7 935.0 784.3 712.5 673.7 616.1 600.8 683.1	- 48.2 - 109.9 - 125.0 - 141.7 - 150.7 - 71.8 - 38.8 - 57.6 - 15.3 + 82.3	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Credit balances with foreign correspondents, Including the Credit abroad, which amounted to 256.2 mill. mk. up to January 31st, 1926, 114.6 mill. mk. up to April 14th, 1928, and was then discontinued.

# 4. — BANK OF FINLAND. ORDINARY COVER, NOTE RESERVE AND HOME LOANS.

End of	<b>P</b>	Ordinary Cover Percentage of Liabilities Payable on Demand				Note Mil	Reser l. Fmk	V e	Home Loans 1) Mill. Fmk				End of
Month	1926	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	1926	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	1926	1927	.1928	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[64.80] 81.35 78.15 76.93 76.75 73.94 69.19 73.59 75.74 74.42 69.14 73.22 74.48	75.72 78.36 80.43 79.36 77.42 72.89 73.64 77.01 78.85 75.82 81.42 78.04	75.05 72.08 67.98 63.17 59.13 59.32 53.79 51.00 52.69	$\begin{array}{c} -2.95 \\ -0.04 \\ -2.97 \\ -4.10 \\ -4.81 \\ -4.04 \\ +0.19 \\ -5.53 \\ -2.79 \end{array}$	[763.4] 809.5 761.7 731.8 767.0 733.5 640.6 748.9 767.7 737.4 637.9 696.6 704.2	735.2 776.3 804.6 806.9 782.1 722.3 737.2 749.1 758.5 661.9 796.8 696.9	623.0 661.6 621.0 585.6 520.7 462.1 490.3 369.9 299.7 278.4	- 73.9 + 38.6 - 40.6 - 35.5 - 64.8 - 58.6 + 28.2 - 120.4 - 70.2 - 21.3	[478.9] 477.7 567.1 600.5 594.8 623.3 735.4 649.6 596.7 602.7 653.9 672.2 654.3	721.2 778.2 775.8 729.4 696.5	1 032.1 1 079.7 1 186.2 1 136.9 1 276.2 1 359.7 1 384.7	$\begin{array}{c} + 38.7 \\ + 79.8 \\ + 47.6 \\ + 106.5 \\ - 49.3 \end{array}$	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Inland Bills, Loans on Security and Advances on Cash Credit.

# 5. — BANK OF FINLAND. REDISCOUNTED BILLS AND BALANCES OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

End of		Rediscou	nted Bi	lis ¹)	Bala	due to	Current Governm	Accounts ent		others th		counts due ernment	End of
Month	1913	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	1913	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	1913	1927	1928	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oot. Nov. Dec.	[12.2] 14.2 15.5 18.3 17.5 20.3 17.3 16.7 16.0 13.6 14.7 15.2	[87.0] 54.7 22.4 8.7 8.2 18.2 40.5 53.3 33.3 15.7 27.2 37.3 55.2	38.1 32.7 17.0 3.0 23.2 103.6 139.5 359.5 477.7 461.8	- 17.1 - 5.4 - 15.7 - 14.0 + 20.2 + 80.4 + 36.3 +219.6 +118.2 - 15.9	[23.1] 20.1 17.7 20.1 22.5 17.7 18.2 19.0 18.1 17.9 27.3 23.1 20.7	[303.4] 181.9 196.8 165.6 99.5 44.5 62.6 131.0 229.5 306.2 331.1 371.3	394,3 231.7 35.4 59.1 36.3 74.3 57.9 67.4 84.4 150.7	-162.6 -196.3 + 23.7 - 22.8 + 38.0 - 16.4	[4.7] 4.9 3.6 4.3 3.6 4.4 4.2 4.5 4.5 4.7 4.3 5.7	[86.6] 137.0 65.5 86.5 95.9 76.3 66.0 91.5 148.8 118.7 198.5 166.6	86.7 34.5 86.0 109.1 78.3 8.5 19.7 53.6 60.4 89.1	- 9.4 - 52.2 + 51.5 + 23.1 - 35.8 - 64.8 + 11.2 + 33.9 + 6.8 + 28.7	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;) Included in home loans, see table 4. Rediscounted Bills for 1913 according to Finland's Official Statistics VII, D. Bank Statistics, for 1927 and 1928 according to the monthly balance sheets of the Bank of Finland.

# 6. - RATES OF EXCHANGE QUOTED BY THE BANK OF FINLAND, MONTHLY AVERAGE.

	Parity	Yearly a	verage		1927			1928	
	Failty	1926	1927	August	September	October	August	September	October
New York	39:70	39: 70	39: 70		39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70
London	193:23	193: 02	193: 09		193: 09	193: 34	192: 84	192: 64	192: 66
Stockholm	1 064: 07	1 063: 75	1 065: 80		1 067: 60	1 069: 79	1 063: 93	1 063: 48	1 062: 74
Berlin	945: 84	948: 52	946: 08	945: 87	946: 31	948: 35	948: 04	947: 16	946: 93
Paris	155: 56	129: 82	156: 68	156: 50	156: 50	156: 50	156: —	155: 64	155: 50
Brussels	<i>552: 15</i>	654: 29	555: 57	555:	555: —	555: —	554: 48	553: 60	553: —
Amsterdam	1 595: 99	1 594: 38	1 593: 93		1 592: 21	1 596: 19	1 594: 56	1 593: 04	1 593: 30
Basle	766: 13	768: 46	765: 94	766: 35	766: 31	766: 73	765: 30	765: 30	765: 04
Oslo	1 064: 07	890: 62	1 036: 71	1 031: 83	1 047: 81	1 047: 46	1 061: 20	1 060: —	1 059: 78
Copenhagen	1 064: 07	1 044: 40	1 062: 70	1 064: 85	1 063: 75	1 064: 96	1 061: 20	1 060:	1 059: 78
Prague	804: 54	119: —	119:		119:	119: —	119:	119: —	119:
Rome	208: 97	157: 44	206: 38	217: 74	217: 58	218: 23	208: 89	208: 60	208: 41
Reval	1 064: 07	10:68	10: 67	10: 65	10: 65	10: 66	<sup>2</sup> ) 1 066: —	1 065: 28	1 065: —
Riga	766: 13	766: 61	766: 48	766: 22	767: —	767:	770:	770:	769: 81
Madrid	766: 13	¹) 623: 86	686: 06	682: 78	688: 85	694: 81	665: 93	663: 80	649: 19

<sup>1)</sup> Regular quotation on Madrid commenced on April 17th, 1926.

# 7. — HOME DEPOSITS IN THE JOINT STOCK BANKS. \*)

End of	Curr	ent Accoun Mill. Fmk	its 1)	I	Deposits Mill. Fmk	*)		Total Mill, Fmk			thly ment	End of
Month	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1927	1928	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[54.3] 57.8 54.8 56.8 55.8 55.6 55.7 57.7 57.9 59.7 54.6	[1 452.8] 1 655.3 1 524.8 1 550.5 1 514.7 1 541.3 1 576.8 1 895.5 1 928.2 1 789.3 1 768.6 1 713.9	1 769.5 1 682.0 1 850.2 1 803.8 1 905.4 1 930.9 1 861.4 1 808.4 1 802.8 1 867.5	599.6 603.3 603.3 601.6 609.7 613.3 615.8 612.8	[4 648.5] 4 735.1 4 817.9 4 930.1 4 992.3 4 996.3 5 119.6 5 137.8 5 187.7 5 211.7 5 164.1 5 286.7	5 417.6 5 526.0 5 649.0 5 701.7 5 703.8 5 876.4 5 882.7 5 851.0 5 810.4 5 758.2	654.4 660.1 657.6 657.4 665.3 669.0 673.5 670.7	6 101.3 6 390.4 6 342.7 6 480.6 6 507.0 6 537.6 6 696.4 7 033.3 7 115.9 7 001.0 6 932.6 6 688.0 6 981.6	7 187.1 7 208.0 7 499.2 7 505.5 7 609.2 7 807.3 7 744.1 7 659.4 7 613.2 7 625.7	- 47.7 + 137.9 + 26.4 + 30.6 + 158.8 + 336.9 + 82.6 - 114.9	+ 20.9 + 291.2 + 6.3 + 103.7 + 198.1 - 63.2 - 84.7 - 46.2 + 12.5	Febr. March April May June July Aug.

Tables 7—9 according to Finland's Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics. The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Actual current accounts and home correspondents.—
2) Deposit accounts and savings accounts.
3 In the tables 7—9 Mortgage banks are not included.

# 8. — HOME LOANS GRANTED BY THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

End of Month		Inland Bill Mill, Fmk	5	Loans and Overdrafts 1) Mill. Fmk				Total Mill. Fmk		Move	-	End of Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1927	1928	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[283.7] 290.2 292.1 294.7 298.1 301.4 297.1 289.0 281.3 278.4 278.1 275.9 274.1	2 245.7] 2 242.6 2 266.7 2 334.1 2 378.4 2 473.1 2 507.6 2 591.4 2 581.8 2 568.3 2 533.6 2 495.3	2 623.5 2 702.1 2 817.1 2 915.6 3 086.0 3 126.4 3 131.0 3 079.6 3 092.5 3 156.1	465.4	[4 844.8] 4 956.2 4 984.6 5 041.7 5 122.2 5 229.3 5 315.5 5 360.1 5 372.9 5 404.6 5 448.6 5 570.3 5 541.0	5 655.5 5 811.9 5 991.0 6 047.8 6 203.6 6 303.6 6 327.3 6 383.4 6 528.4 6 560.4	[737.0] 750.0 757.5 761.9 770.9 779.9 772.0 759.1 753.6 748.9 755.8 749.3 743.4	[7 090.5] 7 198.8 7 251.3 7 375.8 7 500.6 7 702.4 7 823.1 7 951.5 7 954.7 7 972.8 7 982.2 8 065.6 8 117.8	8 514.0 8 808.1 8 963.2 9 295.6	+124.5 +124.8 +201.8 +120.7 +128.4		Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept.

<sup>1)</sup> Home loans, cash credits and home correspondents.

<sup>?)</sup> From January 1st 1928 the quotation on Reval concerns 100 Resti crowns, whose parity is given above.

# 9. — POSITION OF THE JOINT STOCK BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

End of Month		redits ' Mill, Fmk			ebtedne Mill. Fmk		Net Clai	ims (+) and ebtedness (- Mill. Fmk	)		Movement Claims	End of Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1927	1928	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[32.9] 30.1 30.4 27.8 26.7 27.5 32.2 40.9 50.5 52.1 53.8 50.5 49.5	[270.9] 372.4 308.1 223.7 223.0 202.2 214.8 377.6 436.9 414.3 475.1 390.9 366.5	405.1 280.0 244.1 201.5 183.9 195.3 211.9 291.4 278.9 218.6	[15.7] 14.7 17.2 17.6 23.1 27.7 26.0 19.7 16.1 15.6 20.1 20.3 16.2	[321.9] 316.6 325.1 353.8 354.9 370.8 359.0 320.5 326.0 355.9 356.7 372.1 359.4	363.9 357.7 380.1 420.6 515.5 501.4 457.3 459.5 463.3	$\begin{array}{r} -0.2 \\ +6.2 \\ +21.2 \\ +34.4 \\ +36.5 \end{array}$	[- 51.0] + 55.8 - 17.0 - 130.1 - 131.9 - 168.6 - 144.2 + 57.1 + 110.9 + 58.4 + 118.4 + 18.8 + 7.1	+ 41.2 - 77.7 -136.0 -219.1 -331.6 -306.1 -245.9 -140.8 -180.6 -244.7	- 72.8 - 113.1 - 1.8 - 36.7 + 24.4 + 201.3 + 53.8	-83.1 $-112.5$ $+25.5$	Febr. March April May June July Aug.

The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Balances with foreign correspondents and foreign bills. — 2) Due to foreign correspondents. (85—95 % foreign deposits in Fmks.)

# 10.—POSITION OF THE BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.1)

# 11. — **CLEARING.**<sup>2</sup>)

End of		Net Claim		d Net Inde	ebtedness (	—)	Monthly Movement	199	27	19	28	Month
Month	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	of Net Claims	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	WOUTH
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept.	— 335.2 — 394.2 — 472.1 — 552.0	+ 2.2	+ 344.1 + 297.4 + 571.4 + 503.5 + 446.5 + 545.5 + 559.6	+ 961.8 + 921.2 + 768.5 + 596.3 + 582.0 + 655.5 + 794.0	+1 053.6 + 988.2 + 886.6 + 733.8 + 682.0	+1 050.9 + 853.8 + 731.1 + 468.4 + 437.8 + 483.0 + 545.7	$\begin{array}{r} -197.1 \\ -122.7 \\ -262.7 \\ -30.6 \\ +45.2 \\ +62.7 \end{array}$	113 277 102 953 120 853 118 394 125 701 117 190 120 602 114 635 125 791		135 705 124 915 143 948 139 021 140 303 163 948	1 980.7 2 225.4 2 007.5 2 149.3 2 186.7	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug.
Oct. Nov. Dec.		+ 11.8	+ 995.9		+1386.9 $+1337.9$ $+1296.3$		— 19.3 	140 414 137 208 143 685 1480 703	2 271.6 2 165.3 2 249.6 22 156.8		2 440.4	Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> The figures indicate the position towards foreign countries of the Bank of Finland (balances with foreign correspondents and of the Joint Stock Banks (net claims or net indebtedness; see table 9 above).

1) Indicates the clearing operations joined by 12 Joint Stock Banks both at the Head Office and five Branch Offices of the Bank of Finland.

# 12. — DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS-BANKS.

End of Month		n the tow Mill. Fml			the cour			Total Mill. Fmk		iL	nthly ement	End of Month
	1926	1927	1928	1926	1927	1928	1926	1927	1928	1927	1928	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	972.2 986.5 1 004.1 1 016.7 1 025.8 1 032.5 1 045.6 1 057.3 1 062.0 1 070.6 1 083.1 1 169.3	1 223.3 1 256.3 1 276.6 1 289.4 1 300.0 1 315.1 1 331.2 1 337.5		1 174.2 1 192.1 1 208.1 1 223.4 1 219.3 1 221.2 1 218.7 1 220.8	1 400.9 1 429.6 1 457.0 1 480.9 1 480.8 1 493.3 1 495.0	1 808.3* 1 806.8* 1 800.2*	2 160.7 2 196.2 2 224.8 2 249.2 2 251.8 2 266.8 2 276.0 2 282.8	2 572.8 2 624.2 2 685.9 2 733.6 2 770.3 2 780.8 2 808.4 2 826.2 2 835.1 2 862.4 2 893.7 73 105.8	3 211.6* 3 268.4* 3 334.4* 3 380.9* 3 424.2* 3 431.8* 3 469.4* 3 479.9* 3 488.1*	+ 51.4 + 61.7 + 47.7 + 36.7 + 10.5 + 27.6 + 17.8 + 8.9	+ 46.5* + 43.3* + 7.6* + 28.1* + 9.5* + 10.5* + 8.2*	Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept.

Deposits in the Savings Banks, including long-term deposits and current accounts, according to figures supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

') Increased by 172.6 mill. Fmk interest for 1926.—
') Increased by 207.1 mill. Fmk interest for 1927.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 13. — DEPOSITS IN POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK AND ON CONSUMERS' CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES' SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

End of Month	Deposits in Post Office Savings Bank Mill, Fmk			ice		nthly ement	Co-oper Savi	is on Con rative Soc ngs Accor Mill. Fm	cieties' Monthly punt <sup>3</sup> ) Movement nk			End of Month
	1913	1926	1927	1928	1927	1928	1926	1927	1928	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October October December	8.2 8.2 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.6 8.7 8.6 8.9	164.5 166.8 169.0 169.6 169.2 169.0 170.4 172.2 172.8 172.8 173.8	184.3 185.1 185.7 184.8 183.0 182.3 183.1 184.5 186.9 186.7 186.7	199.4* 200.4* 201.0* 199.0* 199.1* 200.4* 201.5*	+ 0.8 + 0.6 - 0.9 - 1.8 - 0.7 + 0.8 + 1.4	+ 1.6* - 1.0* - 2.0* + 0.1* + 1.3* + 0.6* - 1.1*	204.0 213.2 221.1 224.0 223.1 231.3 234.8 236.7 238.4 241.0 246.3 254.4	264.7 277.1 290.2 295.3 296.8 308.5 313.8 318.0 320.6 324.8 332.3 345.0	378.5 393.4 400.1 395.5 408.6 413.1 414.2 414.1 412.7	+ 1.5	+17.1 +14.9 + 6.7 - 4.6 +13.1 + 4.5 + 1.1 - 0.1 - 1.4	January February March April May June July August September October November December

Post Office Savings Bank deposits according to Finnish Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics. Monthly Reports.
Consumers' Co-operative Societies' deposits according to data from the Finnish Co-operative Wholesale Society Ltd. and the Co-operative Wholesale Society.

') Increased by 11,7 mill. Fmk interest for 1926.— ') Increased by 11,8 mill. Fmk interest for 1927.

') Interest added to capital partly in January, partly in June and December.

# 14. — CHANGES IN NUMBER AND CAPITAL OF LIMITED COMPANIES.

Year and	II .	panies inded		ase of oital	1	panies idated	1 -	anies with		rease (+)	Year and
Month	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Reduction of capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill, Fmk	Month
1925	593	171.3	216	168.8	134	85.2	6	13.6	+ 459	+ 241.3	1925
1926	578	223.2	182	160.6	143	39.6	4	. 2.1	+ 435	+ 342.1	1926
1927 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.	185 203 147 174	80.0 84.9 73.9 54.4	64 85 68 114	52.8 69.9 62.1 579.6	36 46 28 38	15.5 14.8 7.2 7.0	2 - 2 1	0.1  0.6 1.6	+ 149 + 157 + 119 + 136	+ 117.2  + 139.3  + 127.5  + 625.4	1927 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.
1928 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.	225 210	95.4 95.5	102 101	386.5 253.9	33 32	14.0 10.8	4 6	2.8 5.3	+ 192 + 178	+ 465.1 + 333.3	1928 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.

According to information supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

1) Of which 5 were such which after being declared bankrupt, came to an agreement with their creditors.

# 15. — NEW RISKS INSURED BY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

	!	New	risks acce	pted by Finnis	h Life Assur	ance Compan	ies		
End of Month	19	)25 ¹)	.1	926	1	927	1	928	End of
MOILUI	Number	Amount Mill, Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Month
January	5 530	54.2	6 906	85.6	6 341	88.7	7 107*	98.1*	January
February	7 651	75.3	8 695	102.2	8 991	121.9	10 035*	147.7*	February
March	9 780	96.5	11 283	137.3	12 004	161.8	14 044*	200.1*	March
April	7 823	79.2	10 658	131.4	9142	131.0	9 837*	146.8*	April
May	7 521	78.1	7 494	98.7	8 199	123.5	8 506*	153.3*	May
June	7 364	73.7	7 498	96.5	7 850	108.7	8 308*	126.9*	June
July	5 585	58.1	5 996	80.4	6 423	89.9	6 782*	100.8*	July
August	6 321	64.3	7 317	101.4	7 486	107.7	7 154*	110.8*	August
September	8 188	84.8	8 621	122.1	8519	122.0	8 302*	134.9*	September
October	7 821	84.3	8817	121.3	8 664	126.1	8 759*	146.6*	October
November	8 845	91.5	10 028	135.1	10 728	155.3			November
December	11 287	135.4	12 758	217.1	15 487	264.1	j		December
Total	93 716	975.4	106 071	1 429.1	109 834	1 600.7			Total
Jan.—Oct.	73 584	748:5	83 285	1 076.9	83 619	1 181.3	88 834*	1 366.0*	Jan.—Oct.

According to information supplied by Life Assurance Companies.

1) Distribution by months partly according to estimates.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### BANKRUPTCIES. 16. — HELSINGFORS STOCK EXCHANGE. PROTESTED BILLS.

		over of		Ba	nkrupt	cies			Prot	sted	Bills	1			
Month		Exchang fill. Fm			Numbe	r		Num	ber				ount Fmk		Month
	1926	1927	1928	1926	1927	1928	1913	1926	1927	1928	1913	1926	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	34.1 26.2 37.6 24.0 30.0 17.2 16.3 26.2 42.9 35.7 24.8 28.1	59.0 99.0 78.2 63.4 70.8 41.7 87.0 76.7 48.5 45.6 44.0 70.3	90.1 64.9 79.3 33.2 31.1 22.7 25.4 36.3 37.1 37.1	76 73 68 70 47 48 58 49 74 97 93	100 65 94 79 85 54 42 44 67 101 66 60	90* 88* 71* 55* 58* 49* 42* 98*	959 762 957 881 861 820 799 838 888 888 762 942	453 473 533 531 642 639 718 548 623 728 610	688 593 691 654 659 626 685 516 641 656 592	508 458 497 492 551 549 533 572 578 736	2.8 2.1 1.1 1.2 1.0 0.8 0.8 1.0 1.1 0.8	2.2 2.5 2.7 2.4 3.1 3.8 2.8 2.1 3.0 4.1 5.6	4.6 2.7 2.8 3.6 3.2 3.3 2.6 3.1 3.4 2.5	2.4 2.2 2.7 2.6 3.0 3.3 2.4 2.7 4.1 4.7	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanOct.	343.1		457.2	828	857		10 276 8 572	7 269 5 888	7 578 6 409	5 474	14.3	37.4 28.7	37.5	30.1	Total JanOct.

Turnover of Stock Exchange according to figures supplied by the Stock Exchange Committee.

The figures for bankruptcles are not comparable with those published earlier in 1923. The figures above, compiled by the Central Statistical Office according to the reports sent in by the various Courts, include all bankruptcy petitions, of which only about half will lead in due course to actual bankruptcy, whereas the rest owing to agreement, lack of means etc. will be cancelled.

Protested bills according to figures published in the \*Report of Bills Protested in Finland\*.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 17. — STOCK EXCHANGE INDEX.

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
1925 1926 1927 1928	126 144 198 270	127 147 211 265	121 152 222 267	118 154 219 257	120 153 224 255	125 157 233 257	132 164 265 255	134 172 256 241	135 175 248 235	136 172 250 225	141 177 253	147 178 270	1925 1926 1927 1928

According to figures published in the \*Mercators.

This revised index series is based on the prices bid at the end of each month for 18 representative securities, viz., 4 bank, 12 and 2 other kinds of shares. By multiplying the price bid for each security by the number of shares in the corresponding company the so-called \*Exchange value\* has been arrived at for the share capital of the company, the sum of which values has been calculated in % of the total nominal value of the share capital of the same companies. These percentages in the above table usually show a fall during March and April owing to the payment of dividends.

# 18. — NATIONAL DEBT.

End of Month	Accord	ling to the O	lficial Book-l Fmk¹)	keeping.	Ca	;2)	End of Month		
or Year	Foreign	Internal	Total	Monthly Movement	Foreign	Internal	Total	Monthly Movement	or Year
1925	1 714.0	761.3	2 475.3		72.5	19.2	91.7		1925
1926	2 349.9	496.9	2 846.8		89.9	12.5	102.4		1926
- 1927 October November December	2 236.0 2 204.8 2 203.1	492.7 492.7 491.9	2 728.7 2 697.5 2 695.0	— 2.6 — 31.2 — 2.7	81.7 79.0 79.0	12.4 12.4 12.4	94.1 91.4 91.4	2.7	1927 October November December
1928 January February March April May June July August September	2 202.2 2 257.6 2 732.2 2 732.1 2 731.2 2 729.3 2 618.5 2 616.9	491.9 355.8 354.0 340.8 337.8 342.8 341.9 340.3 339.7	2 694.1 2 613.4 3 086.2 3 073.0 3 069.9 3 074.0 3 071.2 2 958.8 2 956.6	- 0.9 - 80.7 +472.8 - 13.2 - 3.1 + 4.1 - 2.8 -112.4 - 2.2	78.9 76.6 88.6 88.6 88.7 88.6 79.5 79.4 79.0	12.4 9.0 8.9 8.6 8.5 8.6 8.6 8.6	91.3 85.6 97.5 97.2 97.1 97.3 97.2 88.1 88.0	- 0.1 - 5.7 +11.9 - 0.3 - 0.1 + 0.2 - 0.1 - 9.1 - 0.1	1928 January February March April May June July August September

The above table is based on the monthly report on the National Debt published by the Treasury in the Official Gazette. — The whole National Debt is funded.

1) Internal loans are given at their nominal value. Foreign loans are given in Finnish currency according to the rate ruling on the date of the raising of the loan. As a result of this, loans of an earlier date than 1914 are set down at par.

2) Calculated as follows: The loans raised in the country have been calculated in dollars, according to the average rate of exchange of each month. The loans, negotiated abroad, which are all issued in different currencies, are grouped according to the proportion of currencies, shown by the coupons paid, and reduced to dollars at the rate of exchange just mentioned.

# 19. — STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Groups of revenue and expenditure		-Sept. Fmk	Groups of revenue and expenditure		Sept. Fmk
0.000	1927	1928		1927	1928
Revenue derived from State forests	226.5 9.4 628.9 53.1	247.5 9.0 678.1 61.0	Postal and Telegraph fees	102.0 18.6 25.0 289.6	112.3 18.6 25.8 267.4
Customs dues	916.7 118.2	1 011.9 116.6	Total State revenue	2 629.3	2 872.6
» matches  » sweets  Stamp duty	11.5 13.3 158.1	12.3 17.1 210.5	Ordinary expenditure Extraordinary expenditure	2 368.7 260.3	2 512.6 431.4
Interest		84.5	·		

According to figures compiled by the Treasury from the balances of accounts at the end of each month. These are preliminary figures of gross amounts. This table gives figures for the excise on tobacco excluding stamp duty on imported tobacco, which is included in the respective figures in table 20.

# 20. — MISCELLANEOUS STATE RECEIPTS COLLECTED BY CUSTOMS. (Fmk, 000's omitted.)

Import Customs and Storage Charges Export Clearing Light Excise on Excise on Excise on Fines Month Month Customs Charges Dues Tobacco Matches Sweets 1928 1928 1 356\* 2 581\* 60\* 603\* 107\* 433\* 14 564\* 108 550\* January January 25\* 1 901\* 1 575\* 92\* 344\* 11 952\* 91 520\* 259\* February February 16\* 1 452\* 657\* 422\* 1 557\* 112 953\* 106\* 13 797\* March March 96 653\* 35\* 206\* 127\* 591\* 15 328\* 1 481\* 1 664\* April April 630\* 863\* 419\* 2 184\* 13 226\* 1 227\* 2 343\* May 127 536\* May 1 619\* June 507\* 1981\* 1 199\* 121 793\* 1 208\* 524\* 13 275\* June 600\* 2 290\* 1 822\* July 1716\* 676\* 14 151\* 1 344\* 97 309\* July 651\* 2 208\* August 2 465\* 16 391\* 125 358\* 2 070\* 186\* 969\* August 2 199\* 3 656\* 1 270\* 1 804\* 130 834\* 1724\* 325\* 581\* September September 1 098\* 516\* 527\* 25 267\* 1 520\* 2 297\* October October 151 800\* 1 921\* November November December December Jan.-Oct. 1 164 306\* 8 582\* 4815\* 3717\* 14 830\* 141 607\* 13 824\* 19 365\* 1928 Jan.-Oct. 1928 1 027 487 10 533 5736 3766 15 391 133 954 12 571 15 067 1927 1927 1928 Budget 1928 Budget 1 100 000 10 000 3500 15 500 160 000 16 000 18 000 Estimate Estimate

#### Tables 20-29 according to Finland's Official Statistics I. A., Foreign Trade of Finland, Monthly Reports.

# 21. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Month	((	Imports C. I. F. Value Mill. Fmk	e)	(1	Exports F. O. B. Val Mill. Fmk		Surplo	s of Impor Exports (- Mill. Fmk	rts (—) +)	Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January	29.9	393.3	512.1*	13.0	255.2	229.0*	—16.9	-138.1	-283.1*	
February March	26.6 30.0	364.7 452.9	527.9* 650.3*	$14.2 \\ 13.6$	236.8 237.2	234.3* 280.5*	-12.4 $-16.4$	127.9 215.7	-369.8*	
April May	32.3 52.6	466.1 605.8	601.9* 766.5*	17.3 36.6	267.3 411.0	239.3* 489.9*	— 15.0 — 16.0	198.8 194.8	362.6* 276.6*	
June July	43.0 43.5	600.4 516.8	693.3* 576.8*	49.1 56.6	670.4 930.6	529.3* 752.9*	$+6.1 \\ +13.1$	+ 70.0 + 413.8	$-164.0* \\ +176.1*$	June
August	40.3	574.4	714.8*	52.1	874.8	825.2*	+ 11.8	+ 300.4	+110.4*	August
September October	51.8 61.4	621.9 608.8	762.6* 885.3*	50.3 42.9	827.0 675.3	801.9* 740.2*	$\begin{array}{c c} -1.5 \\ -18.5 \end{array}$	+205.1 +66.5	+ 39.3* 145.1*	September October
November December	48.4 35.6	617.3 563.5		32.3 26.8	549.6 389.2		— 16.1 — 8.8	- 67.7 - 174.3		November December
Total JanOct.	495.4 411.4	6 385.9 5 205.1	6 691.5*	404.8 345.7	6 324.4 5 385.6	5 122.5*	90.6 65.7	-61.5 + 180.5	1 569.0*	Total JanOct.

The term imports covers all imported goods which have been placed on the market either immediately after importation or after storage. Exports covers all goods exported from the open market, including re-exports. Goods are declared to the Customs by their owner, who must at the same time state the value of the goods as calculated at the frontiers of the country.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 22. - VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN DIFFERENT GROUPS OF GOODS. \*

-													=====
ام		l 			orts					-	orts		1
group					'. Value)						3. Value)		
	Groups of Goods	(		21111	. Fmk					Mill.	Fmk		{
8	aroups or about	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	To	nOctoi	NOT	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	Te	nOctob	NOW .
No.		<u> </u>			ļ								
1-!		1927	1928	1928	1926	1927	1928	1927	1928	1928	1926	1927	1928
	Ti	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.4	3.8	8.2	0.3	0.1	امما	2.2	10	1.0
1 2	Live animals	18.2	19.6	26.6	111.8	88.7	131.4		0.1 40.3	$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 39.1 \end{array}$	456.5	$\begin{array}{c} 1.9 \\ 496.3 \end{array}$	1.8 433.1
	Cereals and their products		95.9	152.5	547.0				0.1	0.2	1.1	2.1	3.3
4	Fodder and seed	29.4	43.5	69.1	253.0	199.1	336.6		0.5	0.5	4.6	5.5	3,3
5	Fruit, vegetables, live												
	plants, etc	14.6	15.3	16.8	101.8	101.9	130.0		8.5	4.0	16.3	18.9	13.2
6	Colonial produce and spices	52.2	64.5	68.4	373.0	546.9	633.6	1.6	1.3	1.6	3.2	3.8	3,5
7	Preserves, in hermetically sealed packages	0.3	1.1	0.3	2.7	3.1	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.7	0,1
8	Beverages	1.1	0.4	1.0	17.1	15.4	13.3		0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
9	Spinning materials	26.4	26.5	26.9	240.4	235.2	267.7	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.6	1.0
10	Yarns and ropes	16.1	18.1	20.5		125.8	164.6		0.3	0.3	1.0	3.3	1.9
11	Cloth	34.6	55.7	20.2	317.7	347.8	467.1	0.6	1.5	0.7	8.8	8.5	8.4
12 13		22.4 2.3	32.9 2.7	29,3 3.9	179.9 17.5	$201.8 \\ 24.0$		$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{0.1} \\ \textbf{462.1} \end{array}$	0.2 568.1	0.1 491 9	0.5 2 582.8	0.8 3 226 6	2 875 5
14	Bark, cane, branches or		ļ <b>-</b>	) 5.5	11.0	24.0	10.2	102.1	000.1	TUT.0	2 002.0	J 220,0	2010.0
	twigs, and articles made				]			[		İ			
	from same	2.3	3.7	3.4	19.2	23.2	32.2	2.2	2.0	2.0	5.2	5.5	5.5
15	Board, cardboard an paper	ıl	1	[	i l			[ [	'	i			i (
	and articles made from	2.1	2.4	2.1	14.8	18.2	99 9	137.1	154 5	165.0	1 316.3	1 271 7	1 510 0
16	Hair, bristles, feathers toge-	2.1	4.4	2.1	14.0	10.2	44.5	131.1	194.5	100.9	1 910.5	1 011.1	1 310.0
10	ther with bones, horn and	Į	)	,	) )			]	ļ ,				
	other carvable goods not	l! Ii			1			i i					
	specifically mentioned and				;								_
1	articles made from same	2.1	1.8	2.0	16.0	17.7	20.7	0.2	0.1	0.6	2.2	2.3	2.4
17	Hides and skins, leather-	27.2	33.6	33.6	181.0	209.1	336.7	11.4	8.5	11.2	89.8	106.3	107.9
18	goods, furs, etc Metals and metal goods	72.8	88.9	105.4	480.5	614.2			1.9	2.0	11.2	12.5	15.7
19	Machinery and apparatus	40.9	73.0	57.9	298.0	427.0	509.9		1.9	0.8	14.1	11.6	14.0
20	Means of transport	16.1	25.9	27.0	257.4	332.1	422.3	0.3	0.3		0.3	0.5	2.2
21	Musical instruments, instru-	// J_	0 -	امما	ا ا	40.4				<u> </u>	ا ما	٠.	ا م
00	ments, clocks and watches	5.7	8.0	9.2	42.0	49.4	66.5	-	_	_	0.0	0.1	0.0
22	Minerals and articles made from same	45.0	57.3	61.8	185.4	324.8	342.0	2.5	3.3	3.0	19.3	19.8	18.4
23	Asphalt, tar, resins, rubber	10.0	01.0	01.0	100.	021.0	012.0	[ 2.0	0.0	5.0	10.5	10.0	10.4
	and products made from												
	same	13.3	15.3	17.0	122.1	125.9	140.6	3.7	1.8	3.5	13.9	18.8	16.7
24	Oils, fats and waxes, and	95.0	90.0	49.0		oen 4	940-	ا م			1 1	Λ-	
95	products of same Ethers, alcohols not speci-	35.9	38.9	43.9	243.4	260.4	313.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.7	1.1
20	fically described, ethereal				.								
	oils, cosmetics, etc		1.0	1.2	7.1	7.3	9.5		0.1	0.0	1.1	0.7	0.6
26	Colours and dyes	4.2	3.9	4.8		48.6	51.4		0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
27	Explosives, fire-arms and				j l			i i					
	materials, fuses and fire-	1.0	0.6	0.9	و م	6.3	e o	ای ا	1.	9.4	31.6	23.6	25.9
22	works	1.0	0.0	0.9	6.2	0.5	6.2	2.5	1.4	2.0	31.6		25.9
20	binations thereof and	 											
	drugs	22.3	16.9	25.7		122.7			0.1	0.2	4.6	4.5	5.6
29	Fertilizers	17.7	4.0	10.8	96.7	116.0	125.5	—				0.0	
30	Literature and works of				: 								
	art, educational materials,	    5.2	5.4	6.3	35.1	43.4	57.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	4.2	3.9	3.4
21	office fittings, etc Articles not specified else-		9.*	0.3	00.1	<del>1</del> 0.2	31.4	9.5	U,±	0.0	]	0.0	0,4
	where	3.9	5.4	15.6	54.2	48.1	63.1	0.3	0.9	0.4	3.2	2.6	3.8
	Total		762.6	<u> </u>	4 502.8				798.3	734.2	1		5 079.5
1	Re-exports	—	-		-		_	3.1	3.6	6.0	15.5		
		608.8	762.6	885.3	4 502.8	5205.1	6 691.5	675.3	801.9	740.2	4 612.5	5 385.6	5 122.5
•	# Decliminary figures subject					•	•		-			•	

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 23. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Rye Tons	-		Rye Flour Tons		_	Wheat Tons		Month
1	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January	903.3	5 653.6	8 107.0*	7 844.3	48.0	100.5*	69.7	_	*	January
February	974.5	6 962.8	11 316.9*	8 619.6	32.0	34.1*	12.4	- 1	*	February
March	1 391.5	7 796.0	15 124.4*	9 524.5	30.0	24.2*	10.5	5.0	12.6*	March
April	906.6	6 206.2	9 608.6*	5 218.6		11.3*	23.0	21.7	19.2*	April
May	6 902.8	8 683.0	7 314.7*	22 320.0	25.0	10.4*	51.5	0.8	0.0*	May
June	3 696.8	12 324.0	6 793.7*	16 083.5	178.6	22.6*	22.2	<u> </u>	19.8*	June
July	5 981.5	14 241.7	6 746.0*	14 597.3	69.9	12.7*	0.3		10.0*	July
August	4 769.6	4 206.8	14 310.7*	12 149.3	343.6	102.5*	24.3	1.9		August
September	13 264.9	4 361.6	23 280.9*	28 854.6	275.4	767.8*	30.2	9.3		September
October	16 126.1	11 163.1	27 373.5*	37 290.8	261.4	2 422.2*	66.4	5.9		October
November	9 643.9	13 327.7		24 991.0	68.9		28.0	_		November
December	1 048.9	17 014.0		8 536.8	358.0		29.8			December
Total	65 610.4	111 940.5		196 030.3	1 690.8		368.3	44.6		Total
JanOct.	54 917.6	81 598.8	129 976.4*	162 502.5	1 263.9	3 508.3*	310.5	44.6	267.3*	JanOct.

Month	Wheaten	Flour and of Wheat Tons	Grain	Rice a	nd Grain o	f Rice		Oats Tons		
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January	8 858.2	7 054.9	16 731.0*	16.7	819.2	1 557.8*	579.2	307.7		January
February	5 904.9	5 060.2	8 428.3*	53.7	593.7	903.4*	423.3	247.4	582.9*	February
March	5 799.8	5 042.1	10 092.9*	20.9	802.2	1 323.6*	658.3	180.5	498.6*	March
April	5 950.5	5 139.6	8 930.0*	77.5	761.0	1 041.8*	562.8	144.4	270.8*	April
May	14 905.8	8 029.8	11 076.1*	2 856.5	2 595.0	2 180.1*	796.5	220.9	625.3*	May
June	10 647.2	8 895.3	11 360.0*	1 636.4	1 707.6	2 239.1*	1 053.2	165.4	859.8*	June
July	10 108.0	7 239.3	7 876.6*	2 895.2	1 330.4	1 641.7*	589.3	431.8	366.2*	July
August	6 870.2	7 018.5	9 949.4*	1 161.2	996.9	1 815.5*		450.9	608.5*	August
September	8 862.9	9 276.3	10 676.9*	1 315.5	1 194.3	1 007.7*	428.5	456.4	638.1*	September
October	16 015.3	10 329.3	17 702.6*	2 060.6	1 617.1	3 691.7*	799.4	805.0	2 678.9*	
November	15 444.7	10 468.5		185.9	981.5	3 - 1	754.8	1 314.0		November
December	9 034.3	3 331.0		136.4	501.7		386.9	719.1		December
	118 401.8	86 884.8		12 416.5	13 900.6		7 403.0	5 443.5		Total
JanOct.	93 922.8	73 085.3	112 823.8*	12 094.2	12417.4	17 402.4*	6 261.3	3 410.4	7 690.9*	JanOct.

Month		Coffee Tons		Refir	Sugar ned and Unr Tons	efined	]	Raw Tobacc Tons	0	Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	623.9 745.4 510.7 719.4 1 812.4 1 300.0 808.8 946.5 1 494.4 1 899.8 1 286.6 719.0	1 026.2 1 238.2 1 357.4 1 177.4 1 138.4 1 421.9 1 235.9 1 598.3 1 606.5 1 520.2 1 406.0 346.6	2 246.6* 1 578.0* 1 792.4* 1 311.7* 1 553.9* 1 704.1* 1 260.5* 1 455.6* 1 719.5*	3 250.1 3 777.2 3 835.0 3 502.3 3 031.3 3 740.7 5 945.3	6 238.8 5 077.3 4 944.1 6 030.4 6 530.5 5 364.1 4 757.8 8 071.0 7 622.5 4 707.5 4 959.6 2 390.8	9 167.6* 7 893.6* 7 849.4* 6 103.2* 8 827.3* 6 663.3* 7 528.0* 6 841.7* 9 175.2*	326.4 324.3 284.7 353.7 297.2 260.1 315.7 320.7 295.4 462.3 327.3 192.7	250.8 246.1 269.1 244.1 302.0 272.0 178.2 302.9 307.8 262.6 256.7 184.8	293.0* 317.1* 249.0* 250.7* 315.7* 198.4* 280.6* 324.8* 281.9*	April May June
Total JanOct.	12 866.9 10 861.3	15 273.4 13 520.8	16 212.9*	47 665.4 40 360.5	66 668.4 59 318.0	78 226.6 <b>*</b>	3 760.5 3 240.5	3 077.1 2 635.6	2 774.1*	Total JanOct.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 23. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Raw Cotton Tons			Wool Tons				Month	
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	1 153.1 659.9 668.4 561.5 998.1 541.5 709.4 700.2 214.2 557.0 842.9 847.9	849.9 867.1 942.8 418.7 765.0 468.4 708.8 897.4 876.4 714.0 1 071.9	899.7* 1 069.5* 838.7* 455.4* 786.1* 722.1* 470.8* 677.0* 698.0* 742.5*	66.3 80.9 79.1 86.6 39.5 37.1 57.8 61.8 118.4 81.8 103.3 53.8	110.7 102.6 156.4 116.8 116.7 119.2 97.3 119.0 143.6 166.2 195.7	146.1* 143.5* 208.4* 128.7* 44.0* 135.4* 83.8* 126.6* 108.1* 139.3*	423.3 317.0 284.6	1 688.8 1 996.9 1 012.7 1 117.0 169.2 236.0 845.8 1 670.7 1 500.5 1 604.9 1 663.9	2 273.3* 2 542.0* 1 187.5* 640.8* 2 166.0* 1 308.6*	April May June July
Total JanOct.	8 454.1 6 763.3	9 535.7 7 508.5	7 359.8*	866.4 709.3	1 571.6 1 248.5	1 263.9*		15 674.4 11 842.5	18 667.8*	Total JanOct.

Month		Raw Hides Tons	 		Coal Tons			Petroleum Tons	,, <del></del>	Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	<u> </u>
January February March April May June July August September October November December	558.7 371.3 336.4 539.5 763.1 586.6 420.0 694.2 416.6 440.2 390.8 336.2	221.1 272.9 309.9 340.9 249.6 495.5 986.5 545.5 678.4 376.6 492.3 879.0	457.1* 797.6* 783.4* 659.1* 664.9* 824.4* 443.2* 510.4* 466.8*		108 874.5 68 696.8 111 967.3 165 725.8	17 237.7* 12 012.1* 12 829.6* 25 771.0* 124 661.8* 133 352.7* 78 936.9* 112 557.9* 163 169.9* 163 608.8*	610.7 188.0 26.8 61.6 1 764.6 7 914.6	4 243.4 1 226.7	305.4* 399.8* 1 841.0* 11 547.9* 1 129.8* 615.6* 10 849.8* 5 106.2* 592.9*	January February March April May June July
Total JanOct.		5 848.2 4 476.9	6 083.5*	585 613.7 504 309.3	1 033 716.6	844 138.4*	36 071.3	34 687.7		Total

# 24. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Fresh Meat <sup>1</sup> Tons	)		Butter Tons			Cheese Tons		Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January	244.6	304.0	113.4*	864.3	1 311.5	921.9*	34.7	323.3	143.6*	January
February	203.6	212.9	60.6*	891.9	1 417.9	1 169.8*	115.2	314.1	124.6*	February
March	116.0	181.5	60.4*	1 025.0	1 661.6	1 201.7*	57.3	256.3	131.6*	March
April	73.8	97.7	33.3*	1 776.8	1 861.2	1 269.5*	95.1	310.4	104.4*	April
May	80.8	83.1	41.8*	1 297.1	1 874.8	1 533.7*	67.9	281.4	122.0*	
June	75.2	133.7	68.0*	1 396.8	1 601.3	1 046.0*	51.5	254.3	83.3*	
July !	71.1	51.4	50.8*	1 530.6	1 161.7	1 137.7*	29.1	196.8	113.6*	
August	113.0	100.9	58.7*		871.3	1 227.8*		289.6	143.6*	August
September	169.7	161.8	87.1*	706.9	800.5	1 026.2*	173.3	235.7		September
October	299.7	176.2	83.3*	813.8	967.4	977.6*	173.0	179.1		October
November	276.7	178.4	1	711.2	714.8	1	142.4	131.8		November
December	240.7	171.9		828.1	832.5	1	167.6	176.3	1	December
Total	1 964.9	1 853.5		12 640.3	15 076.5	,	1 224.1	2 949.1		Total
JanOct.	1 447.5	1 503.2	657.4*	11 101.0	13 529.2	11 511.9*	914.1	2 641.0	1 279.3*	JanOct.

<sup>1)</sup> Fresh meat, excluding pork.
• Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

24. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. - Continued.

Month		Raw Hides Tons			nsa wn Timbe Kinds excl. 1 000 m³		F	uel (wood 1000 m*	)	Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October	317.0 393.4 303.1 441.6 298.7 185.4 230.3 185.7 343.5 297.4	489.2 555.5 374.2 399.6 594.7 404.3 258.3 447.4 449.0 524.4	477.3* 378.1* 444.9* 562.6* 502.5* 226.0* 483.5* 333.6* 495.8*	3.0 5.1 4.2 24.0 307.7 487.6 610.0 721.8 604.5 295.4	21.4 6.9 5.5 13.1 212.1 559.7 984.7 917.6 899.9 410.4	4.9* 1.0* 1.1* 3.7* 215.6* 793.5* 780.0* 751.0* 468.6*	77.8 73.7 57.3 74.6 80.1 111.8 123.3 128.5 102.2 118.1	27.9 2.4 0.8 1.4 4.3 9.2 6.9 8.7 5.4 4.8	0.7* 0.9* 1.0* 0.8* 5.1* 4.7* 6.9* 6.2* 8.1*	January February March April May June July August September October
November December	336.6 352.7	560.4 622.1		81.0 18.6	277.1 59.2		60.1 58.9	1.8 1.0		November December
Total JanOct.	3 685.4 2 996.1	5 678.9 4 496.6	4 158.8*	3 162.9 3 063.3	4 367.6 4 031.3	3 579.4*	1 066.4 947.4	74.6 71.8	37.3*	Total JanOct.

Month	_	awn Timber All Kinds 000 standard			Ply wood Tons			Matches Tons		Month
	1913	1927	1928	1921 ¹)	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October	2.8 0.0 0.2 3.0 73.8 137.0 161.8 144.7 139.7	5.1 2.0 2.6 5.2 60.3 164.8 262.0 227.7 208.9 173.7	3.3* 0.8* 3.5* 72.6* 97.4* 173.7* 191.7* 191.4* 177.9*	358.7 461.6 126.6 1 342.7 255.2 1 169.7 844.0 229.0 1 648.0 1 204.2	3 953.7 4 550.1 5 237.2 4 017.7 4 376.5 5 426.3 3 691.9 4 935.7 4 542.2 4 265.3	7 100.3* 5 805.4* 6 858.8* 6 306.4* 5 693.7* 6 014.6* 8 077.2* 6 173.1* 8 316.5*	0.5 	423.9 355.9 231.2 396.2 285.5 191.9 239.8 324.5 285.8 301.4	214.6* 408.9* 423.4* 239.4* 152.0* 298.7* 153.6* 179.0* 248.2*	January February March April May June July August September October
November December	79.7 38.7	113.2 57.6		995.4 1 575.7	4 589.7 7 615.5		2.6 0.0	426.4 375.4	,	November December
Total JanOct.	903.0 784.6	1 283.1 1 112.3	916.1*	10 210.8 7 639.7	57 201.7 44 996.5	66 504.2*	8.6 6.0	3 837.9 3 036.1	2 617.1*	Total JanOct.

<sup>1</sup> standard sawn timber  $= 4.672 \text{ m}^3$ .

1) Figures for 1913 not available. Exports were negligible.

Month		Bobbins Tons		Мес	hanical Tons	Pulp <sup>1</sup> )	Che	mical P Tons	ulp¹)	Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January	847.8	298.9	527.7*	1 227.4	6 473.6	10 162.0*	2 867.5	34 891.3	27 185.8*	January
February	989.2	478.3	499.4*	1 262.7	5 632.9	5 760.1*			34 192.6*	
March	1 030.4	407.7	671.5*	1 987.3	4 391.4				43 033.7*	
April	885.2	491.3	436.9*	1 888.4	5 282.7	7 082.7*	4 250.1	34 636.2	34 775.9*	April
May	1 130.2	505.7	448.8*	10 418.4	10 522.7	11 811 8*	11 017.5	25 577.7	45 523.7*	May
June	916.0	432.3	443.0*	3 555.8	5 934.6	13 546.5*	4 276.5	24 700.5	32 344.1*	June
July	944.8	417.7	421.0*	6 485.6	9 352.3	16 659.2*	4 694.7	26 823.6	39 275.6*	July
Angust	796.7	540.8	521.1*	2 868.9	10 069.6	13 513.8*	7 695.0	35 172.4	41 632.0*	August
September	979.8	629.7	499.6*	3 965.4	7 253.6	9 438.4*	7 594.4	30 944.5	38 766.2*	Septembe
October	723.1	415.3	509.7*	2 872.8	16 954.2	13 599.4*	4 890.8	30 084.6	41 417.5*	October
November	1 143.1	512.4		2 725.6	9 650.2		8 126.1			Novembe
December	935.7	613.8		5 657.1	10 667.0		13 460.8			Decembe
Total	11 322.0	5 743.9		44 915.4	102 184.8	i i	75 479.0	363 572.1		Total
JanOct.	9 243.2	4 617.7	4 978.7*	36 532.7	81 867.6	111 355.0*	53 892.1	289 865.0	378 147.1*	JanOct

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations. - 1) Dry weight.

# 24. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Cardboard Tons			Paper Ali Kinds Tons		(Include	Newsprint d in previou Tons	ıs column)	Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1 <b>92</b> 8	
January " February "	2 480.7 4 128.8	2 717.7 2 862.0	3 241.2* 3 869.2*	10 793.7 10 878.1	16 538.9 17 941.9			10 976.8 12 059.2	14 931.5* 14 379.5*	January February
March April	4 371.3 3 832.1	2 875.1 2 093.2	4 239.0* 2 910.2*		18 592.8 18 127.0	22 346.3*	5 159,1	12 021.7	15 321.9* 11 700.3*	March
May June	5 572.7 4 540.3	3 587.9 3 144.6	3 840.3* 2 625.0*		17 522.6 18 975.3	21 943.6*	5 773.4	12 631.0		May
July August	4 812.5 4 824.8	1 981.7 3 649.4	3 168.7* 4 033.3*	13 094.0 12 551.9	19 482.2 21 280.4	18 959.2* 21 327.0*			13 407.6* 14 357.9*	July
September October	5 206.0 4 718.1	3 448.3 2 830.9	3 769.9* 4 372.7*	12 676.5 12 719.9	19 180.0 17 284.5	21 407.1* 20 255.9*	6 585.0	13 221.4 12 072.2	15 627.3 <b>*</b> 13 639.8 <b>*</b>	September
November December	4 809.7 4 454.3	5 049.7 4 048.5		13 515.0 12 895.3	21 087.3 17 453.0		6 977.7 6 509.0	15 159.7 12 594.9		November December
Total JanOct.	53 751.3 44 487.3	38 289.0 29 190.8	36 069.5*	145 634.6 119 224.3		201 267.5*	70 066.1 56 579.4	155 446.2 127 691.6	141 299.2*	Total JanOct.

# 25. - FOREIGN TRADE WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

		(O.	Imports I. F. Value	e)			(F.	Exports O. B. Val	1 <b>e)</b>	
Country	Jan	uary-Oct	ober	Whole	Year	Janu	ary-Octo	ber	Whole	Year
	199	28	1927	1927	1926	192	28	1927	1927	1926
	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	%	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	º/a
Europe:		•								
Belgium		3.8	3.3	3.3	3.1	351.8	6.9	5.6	6.0	5.3
Denmark		3.9	5.3	5.1	5.5	120.3	2.3	2.4	2.2	2.5
Esthonia		1.2	0.8	0.9	0.7	21.7	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.6
France	176.9	2.6	3.2	3.1	3.5	347.5	6.8	4.5	4.7	7.2
Germany		$36.6 \\ 12.6$	32.3 14.7	32.6 14.2	34.8 12.8	830.7 1 864.1	$\begin{array}{c} 16.2 \\ 36.4 \end{array}$	15.7 41.7	15.8 40.2	12.7 38.4
Great Britain		4.5	4.2	4.4	5.8	406.3	7.9	8.7	9.0	10.3
Latvia		0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	13.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3
Lithuania		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Norway		0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0	10.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.5
Poland		1.1	0.7	0.8	1.5	10.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.0
Russia	100.9	1.5	3.2	3.3	1.9	225.0	4.4	5.0	5.0	3.9
Sweden	561.7	8.4	8.4	8.2	7.4	123.6	2.4	3.3	3.1	3.9
Spain	24.6	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	95.6	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.2
Other European countries	241.8	3.6	3.3	3.2	3.2	47.1	0.9	0.5	0.5	0.6
Total Europe	5 436.9	81.2	81.1	81.1	82.1	4 469.1	87.2	89.6	89.0	87.4
_		_			_				_	
Asia	26.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	54.8	1.1	0.9	0.9	1.1
Africa	5.7	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	161.5	3.2	2.6	2.9	3.1
United States	983.3	14.7	15.3	15.4	14.2	322.1	6.3	5.1	5.4	6.5
Other States of North	66.0	1.0	0.6	0.7	0.7	101	0.1	Λ.	0.1	0.1
America		1.0 2.5	2.7	2.5	2.6	4.6 104.0	2.0	0.2 1.4	1.5	1.6
Australia		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	6.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2
Grand Total		100.0	100.0	100.0		5 122.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

According to figures supplied by the Statistical Department of the Board of Customs.

The country of import indicates (from January 1, 1918) the land in which goods were purchased, and country of export the land to which goods were sold.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 26. — IMPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year and	Total		De	tail		The Thre accordi	e Last Ground	ps divided Purpose	Year and
Month	All Kinds	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Agricultur- al Require- ments	Other Goods	Raw Ma- terials	Machinery	Industrial products	Month
1913 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1926 1926 1927 1928 January JanFebr. JanMarch	100 519 741 755 1 387 1 329 1 072 915 958 1 052 984 945	100 647 881 896 1751 1556 1150 963 998 1110 1058 1044	100 405 600 608 1108 1 080 1 067 925 1 060 1 133 1 005 978	100 370 420 600 934 1 087 1 066 897 932 1 066 999 980 1 005 1 026 1 044	100 526 661 659 1268 1109 913 823 818 835 853 795	100 451 647 681 1 364 1 129 1 041 926 955 1 037 974 923	100 360 459 487 931 1 005 820 728 763 867 871 873	100 465 642 593 827 1048 967 826 901 928 881 834	1913 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 January JanFebr. JanMarch
JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	1 010 988 981 972 966 958 958	1 013 1 010 1 010 1 011 1 012 1 013 1 011	1 110 1 102 1 095 1 079 1 063 1 057 1 053	1 057 1 057 1 050 1 046 1 044 1 052 1 071	776 756 761 764 768 757 763	1078 1 035 1 019 1 009 1 001 995 989	871 829 830 819 844 808 825	922 904 895 874 854 846 845	JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.

The import- and export-indices have been calculated by the Statistical Dept. of the Board of Customs in the following manner: the quantities of imports and, respectively, exports for the current year have been multiplied by the average price for the class of goods in question in 1913, after which the import (or export) value for the current year has been calculated in percentage of the sum thus obtained for purposes of comparison.

The goods chosen for the setting-up of a total-index have been divided, according to their use, into the groups: foodstuffs, clothing, agricultural requirements and other goods. The three last-named have been further divided, according to their purpose, into raw materials, machinery and industrial products.

This import-price index is lower than the wholesale price index because the import-price index is not influenced by the customs duties.

# 27. — EXPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year and	Total				Det	ails				Year and
Month	All Kinds	Fresh Meat	Butter	Cheese	Timber	Bobbin	Mechanic- al Pulp	Chemical Pulp	Paper	Month
1913 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926	100 375 415 441 1 053 1 213 1 180 1 145 1 190 1 111 1 092	100 560 276 790 805 1 008 1 075 1 083 1 045 1 026 951	100 349 620 725 916 1 636 1 351 1 121 1 250 1 303 1 166	100 600 501 1 079 1 250 1 489 1 066 985 1 088 1 013 884	100 317 222 375 886 996 1081 1143 1089 1091	100 218 705 1 258 1 755 2 186 1 911 1 865 1 936 1 950 1 834	100 389 508 571 1 710 2 202 2 002 1 708 1 365 1 384 1 489	100 342 399 500 1 742 1 502 1 355 1 264 1 103 1 181 1 209	100 452 483 611 1 185 1 433 1 198 958 924 935 940	1913 1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925
1927 1928 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanNov. JanDec.	1 092 1 027 1 033 1 028 1 031 1 047 1 067 1 082 1 091 1 096 1 099	1 246 1 242 1 277 1 259 1 246 1 240 1 221 1 205 1 186 1 160	1 133 1 176 1 208 1 228 1 225 1 212 1 206 1 205 1 207 1 210 1 214	995 998 1 010 1 009 1 018 1 022 1 024 1 023 1 026 1 021	1 114 1 143 1 119 1 183 1 191 1 180 1 191 1 179 1 173 1 170 1 165	1 689 1 690 1 712 1 709 1 715 1 726 1 722 1 746 1 741 1 745	992 996 1 010 1 034 1 041 1 060 1 070 1 079 1 084 1 092	1 164 1 093 1 050 1 030 1 028 1 030 1 033 1 037 1 039 1 039 1 042	907 881 874 874 861 861 858 856 855 857	1927 1928 January JanFebr. JanApril JanAyril JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.

Besides the total index the table contains indices for only a few of the most important exports. See in addition remarks under Table No. 26.

# 28. - INDEX NUMBER FOR QUANTITIES OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. 1)

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Ño⊽.	Dec.	Whole Year	Jan Sept.	Year
	!						l m p	orts							{
1913 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928	100.0 140.7 95.6 98.3 131.8 173.9	100.0 118.1 90.7 99.6 136.5 195.2	83.6 109.3 122.1 153.8	138.8 109.6 145.3 150.7	100.0 101.4 78.0 93.5 122.6	100.0 109.7 100.2 124.9 147.8 170.3	98.0 110.4 129.3	101.7 108.3 130.3 154.4	100.0 83.2 102.1 107.7 131.0 161.2	100.0 78.4 84.6 95.2 108.2 150.4	100.0 82.5 112.4 128.2 133.0	85.4 206.4	105.9 116.3	102.5 96.3 111.2	1926 1927
1020	1.0.0	100.2	0.0.1	100.2	100.0		' _	orts		100.2	! !		11 1	10010	1020
1913 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928	100.0 143.7 166.9 135.8 178.2 171.1	100.0 87.5 137.9 113.5 167.8 159.0	80.0 150.0 150.4 160.3	132.5 135.1 146.2 144.4	100.0 83.3 112.1 71.0 103.3 124.3	100.0	100.0 118.5 127.3 137.2 149.3	100.0 101.3 119.2 116.0 153.4	100.0 92.7 126.5 116.8 148.9 142.3	100.0 137.5 129.3 153.9 143.5 154.9	100.0 155.5 137.0 165.1 161.9	142.0		106.4 123.8 121.9 141.9	1924 1925 1926

<sup>2)</sup> Value of imports and exports calculated on the basis of the prices for 1913 and expressed in percentage of imports and exports for 1913 during the corresponding period.

# 29. — TOTAL SALES OF SOME WHOLESALE FIRMS.1)

Month			Total Mill.				Month
	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	
January	119.8	138.9	163.2	156.8	180.6	241.1	January
February	135.7	167.3	165.6	165.4	201.4	257.3	February
March	159.2	187.0	205.2	225.2	257.0	336.4	March
April	152.4	196.8	213.2	227.3	238.2	280.6	April
May	133.1	171.8	199.6	206.0	235.9	288.6	May
June	146.6	164.0	182.8	210.8	227.0	268.5	June
July	126.2	178.4	186.2	211.0	221. <b>2</b>	260.7	∥ July
August	148.3	<b>181.0</b>	214.4	235.3	258.8	305.1	August
September	168.0	183.0	207.3	244.1	278.4	321.1	Septembe
October	171.7	188.7	203.4	246.2	282.2	352.3	October
Kovember	166.3	165.9	210.4	238.4	272.9		November
December	138.9	138.1	204.3	185.7	187.0		December
Total	1766.2	2 060.9	2 355.6	2 552.2	2840.6		Total
JanOct.	1 461.0	1 756.9	1 940.9	2 128.1	2 380.7	2 911.7	JanOct.

<sup>1)</sup> According to information supplied by ten wholesale firms — either co-operative or limited liability companies — the total sales of which represent about 1/s of the whole turnover of all wholesalers in Finland.

# 30. - FOREIGN SHIPPING.

			Aı	Tivals					Sa	ilings			
Month	Wit	h Cargo	In	Ballast	Т	otal	Wit	h Cargo	In :	Ballast	1	otal	Month
	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg.tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	
1928								-					1928
January	129	98 694	10	9 828	139	108 522	129	105 439	11	8 611	140	114 050	January
February	126	92 537	6	9 019	132	101 556			15	11 392	132		February
March	134	102 676	8	11 704	142	114 380	140	113 880	11	8 164	151	122 044	March
April	195	130 034	21	16 811	216	146 845	132	101 502	57	32 561	189	134 063	
May	651	293 726	<b>29</b> 6	217 664	947	511 390	544	321 267	300	75 203	844		
June	675	274 373	478	327 709	1 153	602 082	777	458 755	326	71 455	1 103		
July	570	268 563	545	414 917	1 115	683 480	913		248		1 161	681 920	
August	546	256 198		444 026	1 097	700 224	887	683 229	258		1 145		August
September	566	295 238	482	349 408	1 048	644 646			233	59 336	1 121		
October	693	300 605	378	244 172	1 071	544 777	774	542 862	293	68 118	1 067	610 980	
November	i I			1		1				1 1		(	November
December												i	December
JanOct. 1927	4 285	2 112 644	2 775	2 045 258	¹) 7 060	4 157 902	5 301	3 666 100	1 752	440 828	²) 7 053	4 106 928	JanOct. 1927
JanOct.	3 977	1 830 379	3 491	2 423 206	7 468	4 253 585	5 952	3 934 458	1 657	336 753	7 609	4 271 211	JanOct.

<sup>1)</sup> Of which 1993 Finnish vessels and 5 067 foreign vessels.
2) 4 930 4 930

# 31. — SHIPPING WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES AND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

Country of departure		vals¹) ct. 1928	Sail Jan O	ings¹) ct. 1928	Country of departure		vals¹) ct. 1928		Sailings <sup>1</sup> ) JanOct. 1928	
and destination	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	and destination	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	
Europe:					Asia	1	2.4		_	
Belgium	288	219.9	309	288.7	Africa	. 7	8.1	53	143.0	
Danzig	257	197.7	51	36.1	United States	55	162.1	54	147.8	
Denmark	563	354.1	422	115.6	Other States					
Esthonia	1 187	138.3	1 181	138.4	of America.	13	36.6	10	28.3	
France	74	81.3	287	240.8	Australia	-	- 1	1	2.6	
Germany	1473	1 050.7	1 248	761.4	Total	76	209.2	118	321.7	
Great Britain.	581	590.0	1 210	1 107.0	IOGAI			110		
Holland	304	355.7	471	517.9	Grand Total	7 060	4 157.9	7 053	4 106.9	
Latvia	173	75.2	76	31.2	T	ACCENCE	R TRAFF	1C. <sup>2</sup> )	•	
Norway	38	45.9	8	7.2	r	ASSENUE	CK IKAFF	IG. ")		
Russia	125	57.5	172	72.6		]	rrived	[	Left	
Sweden	1 790	664.1	1 402	378.1	Month			<b> </b> -	Of whom	
Spain	14	15.0	70	60.9		Total	Of whom Foreigners	Total	Foreigners	
Other countries	117	103.3	28	29.3		_ <u>                                    </u>	<del></del>	11	<del></del>	
Total Europe	6 984	3 948.7	6 935	3 785.2	October 192 JanOct 192		1 627 26 062	3 253 46 644	1 511 22 305	

<sup>1)</sup> Vessels with cargo and in baliast together.—2) Sea-traffic. Passenger traffic overland is at present insignificant. According to figures supplied by the Statistical Office of the Shipping Board.

# 32. — STATE RAILWAYS.

							· · · · · · ·						
Month	Weigl	nt of Goods ported 1 000 Ton			-kilomet oods-true Mill. Kr	eks	Loco	motives Number		Good	s-trucks Number		End of Month
	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	1920	1927	1928	1920	1927	1928	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	443.5 340.4	818.2 940.4 1 050.4 797.7 879.9 952.7 1 100.2 1 060.7 996.7 919.9 841.2	917.8* 997.1* 1 105.9* 778.1* 962.0* 1 039.2* 1 090.2* 1 097.2* 1 041.1*	29.7 30.6 32.4 31.1 30.9 34.2 33.7	47.0 51.7 58.5 52.1 54.5 55.1 66.6 65.5 64.2 58.9	52.8 54.0 60.3 48.4 53.1 59.4 63.6 64.7 60.1	445 457 454 446 458 476 473 466 468 472 474 486	546 561 553 542 562 581 590 585 583 579 564	554 576 567 547 566 612 614 613 613	12 642 12 734 12 601 12 622 12 662 12 720 12 808 12 896 13 030 13 137	18 827 18 828 18 885 19 024 19 198 19 342	19 558 19 727 19 953 20 126 20 280 20 283 20 429 20 685	April May June
	4 933.5	785.3 11 143.3 8 596.9	9 028.6*	372.9	49.8 671.1 515.2	516.4	1 400	547	! :	. 15 255	19 484	1	December

# 33. — STATE RAILWAYS' REVENUE, REGULAR EXPENDITURE AND TRAFFIC SURPLUS.

Month	(less	Revenue Re-imbursen Mill. Fmk	nents)	Reg	ular Expendi Mill, Fmk	ture	Traffie Surplus Mill. Fmk		Month	
	1913	1927¹)	1928¹)	1913	1927	1928	1913	1927	1928	
January	4.3	62.5*	70.0*	•	45.3*	48.5*	•	17.2*	21.5*	January
February	4.2	60.0*	67.2*	•	48.2*	56.8*	•	11.8*	10.4*	February
March	4.9	70.9*	78.8*	•	53.1*	60.1*	•	17.8*	18.7*	March
April :	4.6	67.1*	69.5*	•	50.5*	51.7*	•	16.6*	17.8*	April
April May	5.2	65.5*	71.2*	•	60.7*	56.8*	•	4.8*	14.4*	May
June j	5.9	74.6*	79.0*	•	66.3*	65.5*	•	8.3*	13.5*	June
July	5.7	76.6*	81.8*	•	54.0*	61.6*	•	22.6*	20.2*	July
August	5.5	77.6*	83.1*	•	56.5*	56.6*	•	21.1*	26.5 <b>*</b>	August
September 🖟	5.3	74.7*	77.6*	•	59.0*	62.5*	•	15.7*	15.1*	Septemb
October	4.7	70.7*		•	52.5*		•	18.2*		October
November ¦	4.0	64.5*		•	52.0*	1	•	12.5*		Novembe
December	4.3	71.5*	İ	•	81.9*	-	•	— 10.4*		Decembe
Total	58.6	836.2*	1	40.3	680.0*	1	18.3	156.2*		Total
JanSept.	45.6	629.5*	678.2*	•	493.6*	520.1*	•	135.9*	158.1*	JanSep

According to Finnish State Railways' Preliminary Monthly Statistics.

1) At the final closing of the books the figures for income and expenditure will alter to a certain extent, in some cases quite considerably. The difference between the results based on preliminary data and the final figures will be adjusted in the figures for December. Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

# 34. — INDEX NUMBER OF COST OF LIVING. 1)

Month	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Rent	Fuel	Tobacco	Newspapers	Taxes	Total Cost of Living	Monthly Movement	Month
1914 JanJune	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		1914 JanJune
1925	1 147	1 043	1 224	1 362	1 293	1 079	2 291	1 212	_	1925
1926	1 108	1 042	1 306	1 271	1 298	1 079	2 058	1 183	_	1926
1927	1 115	1 036	1 379	1 405	1 300	1 127	2 135	1 207		1927
1927 October November December	1 156 1 175 1 171	1 037 1 038 1 038	1 411 1 411 1 411	1 403 1 439 1 449	1 303 1 302 1 301	1 127 1 127 1 127	2 144 2 144 2 035	1 237 1 251 1 243	+ 7 + 14 - 8	1927 October November December
1928 January February March April May	1 126 1 112 1 123 1 119 1 113	1 039 1 040 1 043 1 043 1 044	1 411 1 411 1 411 1 411 1 411	1 440 1 430 1 438 1 436 1 434	1 300 1 300 1 300 1 300 1 299	1 159 1 159 1 159 1 159 1 159	2 035 2 035 2 035 2 035 2 035	1 216 1 206 1 214 1 212 1 207	$ \begin{array}{r} -27 \\ -10 \\ +8 \\ -2 \\ -5 \end{array} $	1928 January February March April May
June July August September October	1 126 1 155 1 191 1 174 1 183	1 048 1 048 1 049 1 052 1 052	1 430 1 430 1 430 1 430 1 430	1 436 1 424 1 421 1 429 1 426	1 295 1 295 1 294 1 295 1 296	1 159 1 159 1 159 1 159 1 159	2 035 2 035 2 035 2 035 2 035 2 035	1 219 1 236 1 258 1 249 1 254	$   \begin{array}{c c}     + 12 \\     + 17 \\     + 22 \\     \hline     - 9 \\     + 5   \end{array} $	June July August September October

<sup>1)</sup> From the beginning of 1921 onwards a new official index has been drawn up differing from that published in the Bulletin for 1922 in that the whole first half of 1914 forms the basis (= 100) for the same, and that the rise in taxation is also included.

The index is calculated by the Statistical Bureau of the Ministry of Social Affairs and is based on monthly reports from 21 different centres; it shows the rise in the cost of living for a workingman's family of normal size, the income of which amounted during the years 1908—1909 to 1 600—2 000 Fmk, assuming that the average monthly consumption within the same remained unaltered. The index for total cost of living ist the average based on weight of the different indices.

# 35. — WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX.

Year and Month	Animal foodstuffs	Vegetable foodstuffs	Leather products	Woodgoods products	Paper products	Textile products	Iron and steel products	Sundry commodities	All commodities.	Monthly Movement	Commodities produced and consumed in the country	Imported commodities	Exported commodities
	(17)	(24)	(7)	(26)	(9)	(12)	(14)	(26)	(135)		(61)	(39)	(35)
1925	137	175	110	153	128	167	126	148	147		147	153	143
1926	133	168	101	149	128	153	122	144	142		143	144	137
	H .						. 1	1	!		]] [		j J
1927	132	168	115	158	132	155	122	146	145	_	145	145	146
1927	ï	[		[				ĺ			ĺί Ι		[
October	137	168	122	161	128	165	122	149	148		150	146	147
November	138	168	130	161	128	165	122	149	148 149	+1	151	146	148
December	136	165	132	162	128	164	122	150	148	-1	150	145	148
1928	i				'								
January	133	156	137	160	124	165	119	138	144	-4	144	141	146
February	134	156	134	161	125	166	118	137	143	-1	143	140	147
March	136	157	137	160	125	169	118	137	144	+1	144	142	146
April	143	160	143	158	126	166	117	136	144 145 143	+1	145	143	147
May	139	161	137	158	126	167	117	132	143	2	143	142	146
June	143	161	133	157	126	167	118	136	145	+2	147	141	145
July	<sub>11</sub> 141	160	138	158	126	168	119	138	145	_	147	142	145
August	142	160	137	158	126	166	120	146	147	+2	152	141	145
September	145	158	133	155	125	163	120	143	146	<b>—1</b>	152	141	143
October	151	157	126	156	123	163	119	143	146	-	150	141	142

The index is worked out at the Central Statistical Office. — In determining the bases o icalculation for the index the combined value of the country's production and imports for 1913 are taken into account without deducting the value of exports. The figures show the change in the level of prices in relation to gold and are obtained from those previously published by dividing the latter by 7.6613. The total number of commodities included is 135, and the figures in brackets at the head of the columns indicate the number of commodities in the corresponding groups. — In working out the index figures the method known as proportionate pricess is employed, i. e. the price of each commodity is taken in a percentage ratio to a corresponding figure for the basic period and the average is then calculated on the basis of the resultant proportionate figures. The corresponding months in 1913 are taken as a basis. In the calculations geometrical averages are employed. No actual weighting of figures is undertaken; this is carried out, however, indirectly with the aid of the list of commodities.

36 -	NUMBER	ΩF	IINEMPI	OYED.

		1926			1927 1928						
End of Month	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Monthly Move- ment	End of Month
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2 803 2 468 1 536 1 177 653 440 391 474 539 835 1 336 1 528	1 029 994 682 784 620 484 558 738 786 978 978	3 832 3 462 2 222 1 961 1 273 924 949 1 212 1 325 1 813 2 330 2 172	2 545 2 054 1 368 993 670 596 439 586 585 939 1 641 1 689	1 088 975 736 709 569 534 443 635 666 682 808 463	3 633 3 029 2 104 1 702 1 239 1 130 882 1 221 1 251 1 621 2 449 2 152	2 216 1 782 1 543 977 502 441 415 491 603 992	726 713 596 505 366 370 347 366 343 608	2 942 2 495 2 139 1 482 868 811 762 867 946 1 600	+ 790 447 356 657 614 57 49 +- 95 +- 89 +- 654	January February March April May June July August September October November December

This table, prepared from the weekly reports of the Labour Exchange Department of the Ministry of Social Affairs, shows the number of unemployed registered in the books of the communal labour exchanges in the majority of towns and a very small part of the rural centres of population at the close of the week nearest to the month's end. As agricultural labourers and skilled artisans proper register, up to the present, only in a minority of cases at the communal labour exchanges, the table does not give a complete review of the number of unemployed, but is to be regarded more as symptomatic.

37. — CESSATION OF WORK.

	Initia	ated cessation	n of work		ion of work n preceding			Total		
Month	number	affe	cting	namber	affe	cting	number	affec	ting	Month
	number	employers	hands	numper	employers	hands	number	employers	hands	
1926 October November December 1927	4   2	13 - 2	552 — 226	13 8 5	49 30 16	1 259 558 435	17 8 7	62 30 18	1 811 558 661	1926 October November December 1927
January February March April May June July August September October November December	52 12 7 21 15 4 3 2 1	5 27 20 104 31 20 4 3 - 2	269 100 1 125 115 8 479 2 739 236 113 94 — 83	3 1 1 6 15 22 18 16 16 12	7 2 1 4 15 84 103 98 91 91 83 83	347 204 180 672 734 8 505 10 333 8 867 8 540 8 542 8 109 8 052	8 4 13 11 27 30 29 22 19 16 14	7 28 24 119 115 123 102 94 91 85	616 304 1 305 787 9 213 1 244 10 569 18 980 8 631 8 542 8 192 8 067	January February March April May June July August September October November December
1928 January February March April May June July August September October	2 7 4 10 19 13 - 5 2	2 8 10 13 53 114 - 7 10	111 663 1 841 2 258 2 252 14 979 194 252 14	3 2 4 5 8 17 25 20 21 22	8 2 4 13 19 28 132 80 99 108	449 299 628 2 215 3 313 3 599 18 738 16 976 17 564 17 674	5 9 8 15 27 30 25 25 23	10 10 14 26 72 142 132 87 109	560 962 2 464 4 473 5 556 18 578 17 170 17 816 17 688	1928 January February March April May June July August September October

The above particulars which are of a preliminary nature, have been compiled by the Statistical Bureau of the Ministry of Social Affairs. The majority of cases of cessation of work were described as strikes.

# CERTAIN PARTICULARS ABOUT FINLAND.

#### 1. FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

Finland formed a part of the kingdom of Sweden from 1154 to 1809; since 1809 it was an autonomous Grand Duchy connected with Russia up to December 6th, 1917, when Finland declared its independence, which was acknowledged by all the Powers including Soviet Russia. It became a republic in 1919. The legislative power of the country is vested in the Diet and the President. The highest executive power is held by the President chosen for a period of 6 years. The present President L. Kr. Relander is elected for the term 1 March, 1925, to 1 March, 1931.

The Diet, composed of 200 members, is elected by universal suffrage. The proportions of the different parties in the Diet elected in 1927 are as follows:

	Number	cent
Swedish party	24	12.0
Unionist party	34	17.0
Agrarian party	52	26.0
Progressive party	10	5.0
Social-Democrats	60	30.0
Communists	20	10.0

#### 2. LAND.

THE AREA is 388,483 square kilometres = 150,005 square miles, (Great Britain's area is 89,047 sq. m. and Italy's area 117,982 sq. m). Of the total area 11.5% are lakes. On an average 10.8% of the land in the south of Finland is cultivated, 0.9% in the North, 6.8% of the whole land. Of the land area 25.3 mill. ha (62.5 mill. acres) or 73.4% are covered by forests.

THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE in the coldest month is in S. W. Finland —5° to —6° C., in Lappland —15° C. and during the warmest month +15° and +18° to +14° C. resp. The average temperature in Helsinki is +4.6° (in Oslo +5.4°, in Montreal +5.4°, in Moscow +8.6°). The ground is covered by snow in the South during about 100 days, in Central Finland during 150 to 180 days, in Lappland about 210 days.

#### 3. POPULATION.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS (1926): 3.6 millions, of which 0.8 million emigrants, (in Sweden (1926) 6.1, in Switzerland (1925) 3.8, in Denmark (1926) 3.4 and in Norway (1926) 2.8 millions).

DENSITY OF POPULATION (1926): In South-Finland 18.1, in North-Finland 2.4 and in the whole country an average of 10.4 inhabitants to the square kilometre.

LANGUAGE (1920): Finnish speaking 88.7 %, Swedish speaking 11.0 %, others 0.3 %.

RELIGION (1926): Lutheran 97.1 %, Greek-Orthodox 1.7 %, others 1.2 %.

DISTRIBUTION (1926): 80.0 % of the population inhabit the country, 20.0 % the towns and urban districts. The largest tewns are (1926): Helsinki (Helsingfors), the capital, 215,829 inhabitants, Turku (Åbo) 61,664, Tampere (Tammerfors) 52,394, Viipuri (Viborg) 48,988.

EDUCATION (1920): Amongst persons over 15 years of age only 1.0 % are illiterate. Three universities founded 1640, 1917 and 1920.

INCREASE OF POPULATION (1926): Births 21.7  $^{9}/_{00}$ , deaths 13.4  $^{9}/_{00}$  (in France in 1925 17.6  $^{9}/_{00}$ , and in England in 1925 12.2  $^{9}/_{00}$ ), natural increase 8.8  $^{9}/_{00}$ .

#### 4. INDUSTRY.

PROPORTIONS OF OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATION (1920): agriculture 65.1%, industry and manual labour 14.8%, commerce 3.5%, other occupations 17.7%.

OWNERSHIP OF LAND. The land area is distributed among different classes of owners approximately as follows: private 52.1 %, State 39.7 %, Joint Stock companies 6.5 %, communities 1.7 %.

FOREST RESOURCES. The growing stock of the forest is 1,620 million m³ (57,213 million cubic feet). The merchantable timber (measuring 20 cm at breast height = 6 in. at a height of 18 ft.) amounts to 1,557 million trees. Of this number pine is represented by 61%, spruce by 28%, the confers thus constituting 89% or 1,384 million trees, leaftrees, mostly birch, 11% or 173 million trees. The annual increment is 44.5 million m³ (1,568 million cub.ft.). The annual fellings according to earlier calculations are 40 million m³ (1,413 million cub. ft.). In North Finland the increment is much larger than the fellings, but in South Finland excess felling occurs locally.

AGRICULTURE. Cultivated land 2.1 million hectars, divided as follows: area under cultivation 0.4—10 hectars 33.7 %, 10—50 ha 48.9 %, 50—100 ha 9.3 %, over 100 ha 8.1 %. Cultivated land was divided between the different kinds of crops as follows: 46.8 % hay, 20.4 % oats, 11.1 % rye, 5.8 % barley, 3.2 % potatoes, 13.1 % other. The number of dairies in 1926 amounted to 595.

INDUSTRY (1926): Number of industrial conserns 3,525, hands 149,367, gross value of products of industry 10,935 million marks

LENGTH OF RAILWAYS (1927): 5,053 km, of which 4,787 km State railways and 266 km private. The gauge is 1,524 m. COMMERCIAL FLEET (1927): Sailing ships 511 (79,851 reg. tons net.), steam ships 548 (109,863 r. t.), motor vessels 92 (11,095 r. t.), lighters 3,779 (277,020 r. t.). Total 4,930 (477,329 r. t.).

#### 5. FINANCE AND BANKING.

CURRENCY. Since 1860 Finland has its own monetary system. From 1877 up to the Great War the currency maintained its stable gold value and after the disturbances caused by the war Finland has again from January 1st, 1926, a gold standard. The unit of currency is the mark (Finnish markkas) = 100 pennies. The gold value of 100 marks is equal to \$ 2.5185 = £—.  $10/4^{-1}/s$  d.

STATE FINANCES. According to the balance sheet for 1927 the State revenue was 3,986.1 million marks of which 3,907.8 million marks were ordinary revenue, and State expenditure 3,988.5 million marks, of which 3,329.8 million marks were ordinary expenditure. The principal sources of revenue were as follows: State property and undertakings 1,438.2, direct taxes 485,3, indirect taxes 1,424.2, miscellaneous taxes 244.0, charges 193.7, miscellaneous revenue 187.1. The value of State property in 1922 is estimated at 11,150.6 million marks. For National Debt see table 18 in this issue.

MUNICIPAL FINANCES. According to the Budget for 1927 expenditure amounted to 965.1 million marks. Income from taxation was 359.6 million marks, taxed income 4,925.5 million marks. The communal income tax (not progressive) averaged 7.0 % of the ratepayers' income.

THE BANK OF ISSUE. The Bank of Finland, (founded in 1811) is a State Bank. Its head-office is in Helsinki (Helsingfors) with branches in Turku (Åbo), Pori (Björneborg), Vassa (Vasa), Oulu (Uleáborg), Kuopio, Joensuu, Sortavala, Viipuri (Viborg), Mikkeli (S:t Michel), Tampere (Tammerfors), Hämeenlinna (Tavastehus), Jyväskylä and Kotka.

THE JOINT STOCK BANKS (1928): Number 18, possess 555 branch offices, where all kinds of banking business is transacted. Including all banks, there is one banking establishment per 6,300 inhabitants.

The largest banks are; Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken, Ab. Unionbanken and Helsingfors Aktiebank, all with head offices in the capital.

OTHER BANKS (1928): Mortgage banks 7, Savings banks 471, Co-operative Credit Societies 1,398 and a Central Bank for the latter.

# FINLAND'S FOREIGN INDEBTEDNESS.

BY

# A. E. TUDEER, PH. D.

STATISTICIAN TO THE BANK OF FINLAND.

# EARLY LOANS.

Finland made its first appearance in the foreign loan market in the 1830's and this was repeated several times during the following decades. It was, however, in the last decades of last century that borrowing became more general in connection with the work of reviving the economic structure of the country. An idea of the borrowing may be obtained from the following figures which show the total amount of foreign bond loans raised in different years (according to their nominal value):

Year.	Mill. mks.	Year.	Mill. mks.
1887	9.6	1903	22.3
1889	40.6	1904	2.0
1892	4.5	1907	10.0
1895	50.9	1908	3.5
1896	3.7	1909	107.2
1897	13.9	1910	8.0
1898	69.5	1911	62.2
1900	13.0	1912	0.6
1901	25.0	1914	23.7
1902	30.5		

In the course of almost thirty years covered by this table 54 bond loans were raised on the foreign loan market, chiefly in Germany, France, Holland and England. The total of the loans amounted approximately to 500 million marks of that time, the purchasing power of which is equivalent to over 5,500 millions of gold marks in present currency. A glance at the above figures shows that the fluctuations of the foreign markets did not fail to influence the sums of the loans raised at various times. This is seen even more clearly in the diagram on page 24. — As a matter of fact a slight correction should be made in these figures owing to the proceeds of the loans not having always been

brought over at once to Finland, but for this the necessary data are not available.

It was principally the State that figured as the borrower, as it required funds for constructing its railways -- the railways in Finland are built to an altogether overwhelming extent by the State. During this period 6 loans amounting to 193.9 million marks in all were raised by the Government of Finland. Among other borrowers the financial institutions were the most important. They took up no less than 20 loans to a total amount of 171.8 million marks. chiefly in order to supply the need for mortgage credits in the towns and rural districts. A third class of borrowers consists of the municipalities, principally the Municipality of the capital Helsinki (Helsingfors), who took up 17 loans for 94.1 million marks. Industry only employed bond loans to a small extent for satisfying its credit requirements. The number of foreign loans raised by industrial companies did not exceed 10 and the amount borrowed was only 35.4 million marks. In addition a foreign bond loan of 5.5 million marks was taken up by a shipping company.

The sums of the loans referred to by no means indicate, how much Finland's foreign long-term indebtedness had grown. We will return to the natural circumstance that the total of new loans raised does not show the amount of indebtedness at various times. Here it should be stressed principally that any discount there may have been, has not been deducted and that some of the bonds of these foreign loans never reached other countries, but were in actual fact invested in Finland. Besides, changes occurred in the course of

time, bonds having been purchased for Finland or fresh lots having been sold abroad. Statistics collected for 1905—1914 show that, although some loans were placed entirely abroad, as much as 85% of the bonds of some other so-called foreign loans were actually held by several financial institutions, insurance companies and funds in Finland. Of all the bonds belonging to the loans referred to above, 15.3—10.5% were in such hands during different years. In addition smaller amounts were held by private individuals, but these were probably of no great importance.

# THE NET FOREIGN INDEBTEDNESS BEFORE THE GREAT WAR.

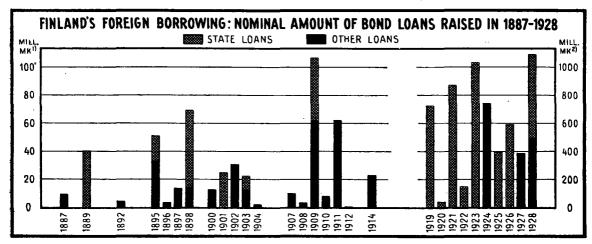
In order to calculate the total foreign indebtedness the reduction mentioned should be made and annual redemption and conversion, if it occurred, should be taken account of. The foreign funded indebtedness, calculated in this way, amounted in 1893 to 83 million marks, rose up to the end of last century to double that amount or 169 millions, was almost redoubled again during the next ten years and rose to 377 million old gold marks by the end of 1913.

These figures do not, however, represent the long-term indebtedness of Finland. The Bank of Finland, the Treasury and several other institutions had at those times in their possession by no means inconsiderable amounts in bonds issued by foreign States, financial institutions Complete information about such bonds is not available, but according to materials collected the following minimum figures can be given. In 1893 the nominal value of such bonds was approximately 11 million marks, but by 1898 it had already risen to 70 millions and by 1907 still further to 86 millions, though it fell subsequently to 72 millions in 1913. In that year, therefore, the net amount of Finland's long-term indebtedness was about 305 million old marks.

If an exact impression is to be obtained of the net indebtedness of a country or its net foreign balance, it is, of course, not sufficient to examine its long-term indebtedness or balances. short-term indebtedness and balances of the country must be added. Unfortunately, there are great, or even insuperable difficulties in obtaining particulars regarding all the various categories of short-term liabilities between countries. Thus, in regard to Finland there are no details as to the advances received by the exporting industries, nor of the short-term indebtedness and balances etc. created by foreign trade. They can only be shown statistically in so far as they have been negotiated by the Bank of Finland or other Finnish banks and consequently appear among the foreign indebtedness or balances of the latter. If, however, it is a case of bank guarantees, for instance, no information is available. With regard to the position of the banks towards foreign countries, this was subject to considerable fluctuations partly of a nature dependent on the seasons and the state of markets and partly due to the time, when large loans had been raised abroad. Generally, however, the Joint Stock banks and the Bank of Finland in particular had appreciable reserves. that were placed abroad, so that in general they had a considerable net foreign balance at their credit. This amounted to 30 million marks in 1893 and rose by degrees - temporary fluctuations not being considered — to 107 million marks in 1913.

A foreign balance of quite a special kind was that of the Treasury. The amount of this balance varies considerably, depending to a great extent on the taking up of new loans, the proceeds of which have not been transferred immediately to Finland. The highest figure-occurred in 1898, when this balance amounted to 24 million old gold marks.

In order to give a general survey of the state of Finland's foreign indebtedness during that time a diagram is given illustrating it on page 25 and the following summary which refers to the last pre-war year (in millions of old gold marks):



Foreign indebtedness.	191	3
Bond loans placed abroad	423.5	
Deduction for bonds placed in Finland	46.3	377.2
· -	Total	377.2
Foreign balances.		
Holdings of foreign bonds		71.6
Bank of Finland's net foreign balances .		73.4
Joint Stock banks' net foreign balances		33.4
Treasury's foreign balances		5.4
_	Total	183.8
Net foreign indebtedness		193.4

If this result is converted into the present currency, it will be found to represent a gold value of about 1,480 million marks. Taking into account the fall in the value of gold, it may be said that in purchasing power this indebtedness was equivalent to a burden of about 2,185 million present gold marks.

# CHANGES DUE TO THE GREAT WAR.

The Great War itself and its consequences, chiefly the fluctuations in the value of currency in all countries and its depreciation in many of them, caused great dislocation in the state of Finland's foreign indebtedness. The alterations in the value of currencies make it fruitless to try and follow the progress of these conditions during the war and the period that immediately succeeded it year by year, for the changes in the indebtedness would be mainly a result of fluctuations in the value of the currency in Finland and the lending countries. Several points should, however, be drawn attention to.

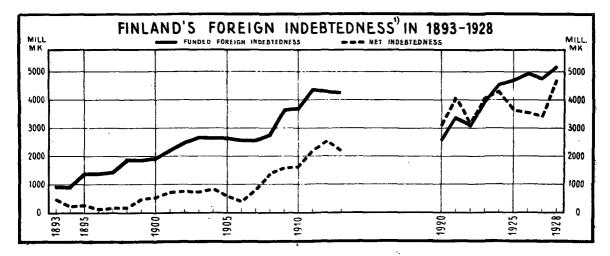
As the Finnish loans raised abroad are issued

in foreign currency, the fall of the Finnish mark led to the foreign indebtedness of Finland, expressed in new Finnish marks, rising considerably above its original amount. Those loans that were raised abroad during the first years after peace had been declared, shared the fate of their predecessors, as the Finnish mark only attained a stable value in 1924.

The greater part of the foreign bonds owned by Finnish institutions was Russian, German, Hungarian and Austrian, so that, owing to the financial catastrophe in those countries, their value was practically lost. The same applies, of course, to the not inconsiderable quantities of Russian Government scrip that were placed in Finland during the war — to some extent by coercive measures.

Because of a great part of the working capital being lost through the collapse of the Russian Empire and other causes, the shortage of capital was great at the time peace was declared. During 1919—1923 several bond loans were taken up on terms that became very severe through the continued fall of the Finnish mark. A large part of these loans has in consequence already been redeemed. The case was the same in regard to both the foreign floating debt incurred by the Government during the worst years and the net indebtedness of the Joint Stock banks which at times exceeded 1,000 million marks, largely a result of foreigners' speculations in Finnish marks.

Gold marks at pre-war parity (\$ 1 = 5: 18 mks).
 Gold marks at present parity (\$ 1 = 39: 70 mks).



THE PRESENT STATE OF INDEBTEDNESS.

The diagram on page 24 gives an idea of the raising of new loans during the years subsequent to the Great War. The loans are converted into Finnish marks at the present parity of exchange and do not, therefore, show what sums were received in Finland through them, but only the burden of debt which Finland incurred by taking them up. As has already been stated, an appreciable part of such borrowed funds served immediately to stabilise floating debt and to redeem old and unfavourable loans. It may also be mentioned that the Government has raised 11 foreign loans since 1919 to an amount of 4,414 million marks, while some mortgage institutions and the municipalities have taken up 6 loans for 1,638 million marks.

On the diagram on this page lines have been drawn indicating the progress of Finland's total indebtedness since the war. The particulars for the first few years are, of course, a little uncertain and differ from the sums employed during those years, as, for the sake of uniformity, the indebtedness is here given in new Finnish marks and not in the paper marks, varying in value, that, of course, served as a basis for the calculations at the time. To give an idea of the

net indebtedness and of the items included in its calculation, the following table is given for 1923 and 1927 (in millions of present gold marks):

Foreign indebtedness.	1923	1927
Government foreign bond loans	2,920	3,140
Foreign bond loans raised by others	1,390	2,210
Total foreign funded indebtedness	4,310	5,350
Deduction for bonds placed in Finland,	•	•
approximately	360	590
Bonds placed abroad	3,950	4,760
Net foreign indebtedness of the Joint	•	,
Stock banks	720	_
Total	4,670	4,760
Foreign balances.	•	•
Bank of Finland's net foreign balances	<b>59</b> 0	1,290
Joint Stock banks' net foreign balances		10
Treasury's foreign balances	20	30
Total	610	1,330
Net foreign indebtedness	4,060	3,430

It will be seen from this that in 1923 Finland's net foreign indebtedness was appreciably larger than ten years earlier. Calculated according to the value of gold, the increase was 175 %, but according to the purchasing power of the currency only 86 %. On the other hand a considerable reduction of the indebtedness amounting to over 600 million marks can be pointed to during recent years in spite of the raising of considerable fresh loans.

The present year seems to be causing the tendency to change, for the Government has

<sup>1)</sup> The value of the foreign indebtedness for 1893—1913 has been converted at 11.3, the indebtedness for the whole time thus expressed in present gold marks.

taken up a new loan of 15 million dollars and the Finland Residential Mortgage Bank one of 10 million dollars. If a couple of smaller loans are added, the fresh borrowing represents about 1,093 million marks. From this must be deducted the redemption and conversion of former indebtedness, about 550 million marks, and the amount of bonds of the foreign loans that is known to have remained in Finland, about 110 million marks. The foreign funded indebtedness has thus been increased by 433 million marks. It should also be noted that the Bank of Finland's net foreign balances have decreased by 571 million marks in consequence of the large surplus of imports, while the position of the Joint Stock banks towards foreign countries has become worse to the extent of 252 million marks. Altogether, therefore, the net indebtedness of Finland, calculated in the same way as before, has been increased this year (up to the end of October) by about 1,256 million marks and may consequently be estimated at approximately 4,720 million marks. The net foreign indebtedness thus amounts to 1,410 marks per head of population.

The above estimate of the total net foreign indebtedness omits the short-term credits, for instance, that the exporting industries in particular enjoy abroad, mainly supported by guarantees from their bankers, as to which no precise information is obtainable. This, indeed, raises the total, but probably does not exert any great influence on the ffigures arrived at above in regard to the lines of development the tendency follows.

#### CONCLUSION.

considering Finland's foreign in-When debtedness, it should be borne in mind that this is one of the younger countries, in the case of which an uninterrupted importation of capital is natural. It has not yet had an opportunity of developing the natural resources: agriculture, especially in outlying districts, is still extensive and primitive; forestry has great possibilities of improving the forests and their regeneration; the various branches of the woodworking industries must be developed to a great extent before the timber can be worked up in the most advantageous way for export; communications must be improved in many ways before the national economy in distant parts of the country can take advantage of its natural possibilities. All this work which has been carried on energetically especially of late years, demands large capital which the local accumulation of capital is as yet too weak to supply. Therefore it is only natural that, as no actual importation of capital has occurred during the last few years, the change referred to should have set in this year.

In view of the above considerations the growth of foreign indebtedness can be viewed without apprehension, for it only constitutes an infinitesimal fraction of the national property of the country which has been estimated at 120,000 millions of marks. It is only necessary to ensure that the proceeds of loans actually benefit production, for in such cases continued borrowing can only strengthen the economic position of Finland.

# FINLAND'S BALANCE OF PAYMENTS FOR 1927.

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#### METHOD OF CALCULATION.

The Central Statistical Office has made an estimate of Finland's balance of payments for 1927. The calculation has been carried out according to the same principles as were taken

as a basis for the corresponding calculations of the balance of payments for 1922, 1923, 1924, 1925 and 1926.

In accordance with these principles the balance includes only the actual income and

expenditure, but no items that refer to the movement of capital. In contrast to the previous years, therefore, the prescribed amortisation of the foreign bond loans has also been omitted. Also, a record of the actual payments made between Finland and other countries during this period has not been attempted, but an attempt has been made to elucidate, how Finland's balance of payments would have turned out, in case all payments had been made in cash. Thus, for instance, those values have been accepted for income and expenditure, as such, as exports and imports amounted to according to the trade statistics for 1927, although payment, of course, did not occur at the time. These principles have been adopted partly because by such means more reliable data were obtainable, and partly because chance had in this way considerably less opportunity of exerting any influence.

As to how the calculation has been made in detail, explanations will be found in previous issues of this Bulletin and a repetition of such an explanation may safely be avoided here by referring the reader to a former article on the subject (see No. 8, 1925).

# INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR 1927.

According to this calculation the following items may be put down on the income side of the balance of payments.

Income.	-
Mill . mks	, mks.
Exports	
Harbour charges	
Shipping freights	. 200
Emigrants' and seamen's remittances	. 200
Foreign travel	
Foreign insurance	
Post Office, Telegraph Office and Stat	e
Railways' revenue from abroad	. 43
Foreign representatives	
Interest from abroad	

These amounts as well as those of expenditure are in most cases rounded off, as absolutely precise data are only obtainable in exceptional cases, the figures being based on more or less summary estimates. The total income thus amounted to approximately 7,220 million marks. The expenditure in the balance of payments is given below.

Expenditure.	
Mill. mks.	Mili. mks.
Imports 6,390	
less: marine and transport insurance	
paid to Finnish companies 30	6,360
Smuggling	50
Post Office, Telegraph Office and State	
Railways' expenditure abroad	30
Representation abroad and share in interna-	
tional expenses	32
Travel abroad	170
Insurance premiums and claims	130
Interest	
of which: Government	
banks' 20	
other	368
·	

The expenditure therefore came to about 7,140 million marks altogether. In this way we find that the balance of payments for 1927, excluding all items in the nature of movement of capital, resulted in a surplus of about 80 million marks.

# REVIEW OF THE YEARS 1922-1927.

For the sake of companison we give the totals with regard to the balance of payments for some preceding years. It should be noted that these figures are not identical with those published in earlier issues of the Bulletin, as, for the sake of uniformity, the amortisation of foreign debts has been deducted in the calculation below, though formerly it was included. As a matter of fact some additions ought to be made in the income, as it was formerly not taken into consideration that part of the stowage charges was not included in the value of exports - as it should be, theoretically, - besides which the income from harbour charges for 1927 is calculated higher than in previous years. - The total of the balance of payments and the difference between income and expenditure amounted in round figures to the following sums.

	Income.	Expenditure.	Surplus of income (+) or expenditure
	Mill. mks.		Mill. mks.
1922	 . 4,930	4,480	+450
1923	 4,920	5,170	250
1924	 . 5,590	5,320	+270
1925	 . 6,260	6,170	+ 90
1926	 . 6,390	6,370	+ 20
1927	 . 7,220	7.140	+ 80

The above figures show that both income and expenditure have risen uninterruptedly. This is to a great extent a consequence of the constantly increasing foreign trade, but other income and expenditure also shows a similar tendency.

As a rule the balance of payments has had a positive net result, i. e. the income has been greater than the expenditure. It was only in 1923, when there was a large surplus of imports, that the result was less satisfactory. If a comparison is made between the figure for 1927 and the corresponding figures for the years before, it should be taken into consideration that the net result for the previous years, owing to the difference in the method of calculation, should in reality be raised by 50—60 million marks. In general, a certain tendency can be discovered towards an elimination of the difference between income and expenditure.

In searching for the causes of the alterations in the net result of the balance of payments it is instructive to make the following summary in the form of a net balance.

	e	Surplus of xports (+) or imports (-). Mill. mks.	excess of ex- penditure in interest over income in interest. Mill. mks.	Other items in the bal- ance of pay- ments. Mill. mks.
1922		+490	220	+ 180
1923		. — 210	<b>— 250</b>	+210
1924		+260	<b> 260</b>	+270
1925		. + 55	-325	-⊬ 360
1926		30	285	+335
1927		60	320	+460

These figures indicate a descending line for foreign trade with a tendency towards exports and imports balancing each other. On the other hand the other groups show a rising tendency, the net expenditure in interest growing at a comparatively moderate rate, but the remaining items in the balance of payments representing a great increase. It should be pointed out, however, that the change in the method of calculation of some of the items in the balance of payments introduced for 1927 affects this last category entirely. The large increase shown by the above figures in regard to "other items" is due, in other respects, to changes in most of the separate items, both income and expenditure having grown in general, the former as a rule to a greater extent.

# CONCLUSION.

If these last figures are examined, it will be found that the net amount of expenditure in interest is generally equivalent to the net surplus of "other items". In 1922—1924 there was a slight deficit, but in the subsequent years a surplus. The difference is, however, so small that it is safe to say that the alterations in Finland's balance of payments are largely dependent on the fluctuations of foreign trade. This constitutes a considerable source of weakness which stands out in bold relief this year, when the balance of trade will provide an exceptionally large surplus of imports. This cannot be balanced by income increased in the same degree in any other item of the balance of payments, and the latter is bound to show a heavy deficit that will have to be balanced by increased borrowing. Seeing that the heavy imports have to a considerable extent served productive purposes, it may, nevertheless, be expected that in the near future as satisfactory a balance will be attained as the balance of payments has shown in general during the past few years.

# ITEMS.

The Diet. On November 2nd the Diet reassembled in order to continue the ordinary autumn session. The business to be transacted consists of several Government bills and the Budget estimates for 1929 which have been examined by the Finance Committee on the basis of the Government proposals. The debate on the Budget was opened on November 20th.

The Bank rate. On account of the stringency of the money market the Bank of Finland raised the bank rate ½ % on November 15th. The Bank's rates of interest are consequently as follows:

7% for discounting purely commercial bills at not more than 3 months date;

7 ½ %—8 % for discounting other bills according to the nature and maturity of the bills;

7 ½ %—8 % for granting mortgage loans and advances on each credit on security according to the nature of the security.

The rates of interest of the Joint Stock banks on credits have risen gradually as credits have been renewed. Since the agreement between the banks with regard to rates of interest expired on November 15th, the bigger banks will also raise their rates on deposits from December 1st.

Government timber auctions. At the Government timber auctions which were held as usual in Oulu (Uleaborg), Tampere (Tammerfors) and Viipuri (Viborg) at the end of September, altogether 1,828,430 sawmill logs, 20,680 sawing and pulpwood trunks, 32,920 birch and aspen trunks and 83,503 cub. metres of props and pulpwood were offered. Bids were made at the auctions for all the lots excepting 57,869 sawmill logs and 11,841 birch and aspen trunks, but the Board of Forestry refused the greater part of

the bids owing to unsatisfactory prices. After the auctions higher bids were made subsequently on a considerable scale and altogether bids were accepted for the following quantities: 1,190,590 sawmill logs, 20,680 sawing and pulpwood trunks, 11,516 birch and aspen trunks and 53,250 cub. metres of props and pulpwood. The total sales amount to 51.7 million marks. As negotiations are still proceeding with regard to the price of several lots, the total value of the sales will be increased. Prices are in general rather lower than last year which is a natural consequence of the price of sawmill products and especially of spruce goods having fallen.

Seasonal rebates on the State railways. As in the last two years, some seasonal rebates have been granted for next winter for freights on the State railways. The aim is to achieve a level distribution of traffic by transferring part of it to the dead season. In accordance with a decision of the Ministry of Communications the rates of freight on the following goods are to be charged with a rebate of 20 % from the ordinary rates: a) on fertilisers, cattlefood and cattlemeal from November 1st to the end of February next, provided goods are despatched in lots of not less than 9,000 kilos per truck; b) for planed, hewn and sawn woodgoods, cement and bricks from December 1st to the end of February on the same conditions; and c) on sawdust and sawmill refuse from December 1st to the end of February next on condition that the rate of freight is charged on not less than 15 cub. metres and a distance of not less than 200 kilometres.

Imatra power station. Work at the Imatra power station which has been proceeding for some years, has now advanced to such a stage that the water was recently led into the new channel. Part of the power station should be started before the end of this year.

Increase of capital. The department stores Ab. Stockmann Oy. have decided to raise their capital from 30 to 40 million marks by issuing bonus shares for 10 million marks for adjusting the value of assets.

Shipbuilding yard and machine shop combine. Maskin- och Brobyggnads Aktiebolaget has been given the opportunity of acquiring the majority of shares in Aktiebolaget Crichton & Vulcan Osakeyhtiö in Turku (Abo). A decision to make the purchase has been come to, though with the proviso that the proposed construction of gunboats is entrusted to the latter company, a matter that still awaits the decision of the Government. The amalgamation is intended

principally to effect a necessary concentration of the Finnish shipbuilding and repair industry in order to give it greater stability and working capacity.

Proposed new pulp mill. The articles of association were confirmed recently for the company Oy. Waldhof Ab. domiciled in Helsinki (Helsingfors). It is the intention of the company to establish a pulp mill in the vicinity of Käkisalmi (Kexholm) on Lake Ladoga with a productive capacity of about 100,000 tons of sulphite cellulose. The capital amounts to 120 million marks, half being in ordinary shares and half in preference shares, a dividend of 8 % being guaranteed on the latter. The founders of the company are the firm Zellstoff-Fabrik Waldhof in Mannheim and Messrs Helbert, Wagg & Co. Ltd. in London.



# THE BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

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