

# BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

No. 9

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1932

### THE FINNISH MARKET REVIEW.

THE MONEY MARKET.

The stringency of the money market which is customary at the start of the autumn, was very marked in August. As usual, the collection of taxes for the previous year was begun then, this being felt more than ever, of course, during a time of depression such as the present, when many people have to live from hand to mouth. In addition, the signs visible in foreign markets of a turn of the tide in prices of some raw materials caused Finnish importers to supplement stocks to a greater extent than hitherto.

The position of the Joint Stock banks was entirely under the influence of the stringency of money already referred to. Deposits were reduced in August by 238.5 million marks. In comparison with the withdrawals during the same month a year and two years ago, when they amounted to 94.8 and 118.8 million marks respectively, the reduction was unusually severe, but a glance at the tendency of late shows that the reduction in deposits during June, July and August did not amount to more than 81.2 million marks, whereas last year deposits recorded an increase of 15.7 and in 1930 a reduction of 74.5 million marks during the corresponding period. At the end of August the total deposits in the Joint Stock banks amounted to 7,449.1 million marks and their total credits to 8,531.9 millions. Credits had, indeed, fallen off during the month by 45.9 million marks, but on account of the great reduction in deposits the tension between credits and deposits was increased to 1,082.8 million marks compared with 890.2 millions a month before; a year ago it amounted to 1,178.1 million marks.

The position of the Joint Stock banks towards foreign countries grew much weaker, as is usual in August. The increase in imports for reasons already explained forced the banks to withdraw 76.1 million marks of their foreign balances. As their foreign indebtedness grew slightly at the same time, their net balances, which had amounted to 26.6 millions at the end of July, were converted into a net indebtedness of 56.0 million marks at the end of August.

The changes in the position of the Bank of Finland during August also reflected the more acute financial position. The Joint Stock banks were obliged to increase their re-discounting of bills at the Bank of Finland by 34.7 million marks, so that re-discounted bills amounted to 169.1 million marks against 98.2 and 12.7 millions one year and two years ago. As the direct credits of the Bank of Finland are at present considerably larger than at the corresponding dates in the previous years, the total volume of credit that the Bank placed at the disposal of trade by the end of August was 256.3 and 320.9 million marks larger respectively than by the end of August, 1931 and 1930. Nevertheless, the note circulation is still at a very low level; at the end of August it amounted to 1,075.0 million marks this year compared with 1,189.1 millions last year. Towards the end of August the Bank of Finland found it advisable

to double the foreign credit, which had been included in the reserve of foreign currency since December, 1931. Since August 31st, therefore, it figures in it to the extent of 191.0 million marks, so that the reserve of foreign currency amounted to 510.5 millions; a month earlier it amounted to 438.5 millions. As the credit is also included in the liabilities payable on demand, the note reserve was not increased by this means; it amounted to 571.3 millions at the end of August against 579.4 millions a month before.

The Stock Exchange was much livelier in August. The index for shares rose from 95 in July to 98 in August, while the index for bonds pointed to 99 and was thus 14 points higher than in January this year. It is also worth noting that the number of bankruptcies fell short of 100 in July for the first time in close on two years; the fact that the total amount of bills protested in August this year was less than half the corresponding amount last year, also indicates greater liquidity.

The level of prices in Finland was more or less unchanged. The wholesale price index was 89, as in the previous month, compared with 81 a year ago and 89 two years ago. Foodstuffs always rise in price in the autumn, so that the cost of living index also rose on the present occasion in August by 8 points.

#### TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

After Finland had been able to derive some advantage during the first two years of the great fall in prices from the circumstance that her imports were composed chiefly of goods primarily affected by the decline, while her most important articles of export were in a class of goods that maintained their position longer, the development has, apparently, now reached a turning point at which this tendency is reversed. In view of this our importers, as pointed out above, are evidently preparing themselves to meet the situation. With a volume

index of 117.4 in August imports, which hitherto had been 17 per cent below last year's in quantity, attained approximately the same extent as during the corresponding month last year. In value they amounted to 332.6 million marks in August, which exceeds the value of imports in July by 31.9 millions and the corresponding figure for August last year by 42.7 millions. Against this increase in imports there was, as usual in August, a falling off in exports from 498.6 millions in July to 421.9 millions, compared with 422.4 millions in August last year, when the reduction was still larger or 93.4 million marks. In this way the balance of trade for the month under review, which resulted in a surplus of 89.3 million marks, did not turn out as favourably as for the two previous summer months, but foreign trade has nevertheless provided the country with 843.0 million marks during the past eight months.

An examination of trade in different classes of goods shows that 2,200 tons of pig-iron were imported in August, which is more than for a long time past, the corresponding imports in the previous year having been 1,700 tons. In regard to articles of consumption, sugar imports increased most, from 7,700 tons in the previous month to 15,200 tons in August. — In the timber market there was slightly more liveliness during the latter part of August. Timber sales from Finland may be estimated by the end of August at about 490,000 standards compared with 470,000 standards at the same date last year.

#### THE LABOUR MARKET.

The number of unemployed registered at the communal labour exchanges increased in August by 3,688 persons, i. e., 22 per cent; last year the corresponding proportionate increase was 26 per cent. As the total number of unemployed in the country during this year, however, has been rather higher than before, every new demand for greater measures of support is all the harder for the State and communities.

### CONTENTS OF THE TABLES.

#### I. MONEY MARKET.

Bank of Finland:

- Balance sheet.
- 2. Note issue.
- 3. Note circulation and foreign correspondents.
- Ordinary cover, note reserve and home loans. 4.
- 5. Rediscounted bills and balances of current accounts.
- Rates of exchange.

  Joint Stock banks: 6.
- 7. Home deposits. 8. Home loans.
- 9. Position with regard to foreign countries.
- Position of the banks towards foreign countries. 10.
- 11.
- 12.
- Deposits in the savings banks.

  Deposits in Post Office Savings Bank and on Consumers' Co-operative Societies' Savings Ac-13.
- Deposits in Co-operative Credit Societies.
- 15.
- New risks insured by Life Assurance Companies. Changes in Number and Capital of Limited 16. Companies.
- Helsingfors Stock Exchange. Bankruptcies. Protested Bills.
- 18. Stock Exchange index.

#### II. STATE FINANCES.

- 19. National Debt.
- State revenue and expenditure. 20.
- Miscellaneous State receipts collected by Customs.

#### III. TRADE.

- Value of imports and exports.
- Value of imports and exports in different groups of goods.
- Imports of the most important articles.
- Exports » 25.
- Foreign Trade with various countries.
- 27. Import-price index.
- 28. Export-price index.
- 29. Index numbers for quantities of imports and
- Total sales of some wholesale firms.
- Index of industrial production.

#### IV. TRAFFIC.

- Foreign shipping.
- Shipping with various countries and passenger
- 34. State Railways.

#### V. LEVEL OF PRICES.

- 35. Index number of cost of living.
- 36. Wholesale Price Index.

#### VI. LABOUR MARKET.

- Number of unemployed. Cessation of Work.

### SOME ARTICLES IN EARLIER ISSUES OF BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN.

9

- 3. Growth and Cuttings in the Finnish Fo-1930 No.
  - 4. The Finnish Joint Stock Banks in 1929. 5. Development of the Sawmill Industry of Finland.
  - The Forest Resources of Finland and the future.
  - The Finnish Wholesale Price Index for im-
  - ported and exported goods. Finnish State Finances in 1929.
  - The State Railways during 1929.
  - Finland's Balance of Payments for 1929.
  - The Tendency of prices in Finland.
  - Measures for improving the Quality of Export
  - 10. The Leather and Leather goods Industry.
- 11. Exports of Finnish Woodworking Products.
- » Standardising in Finland.
  12. Finland and the Agricultural Crisis.
- The Finnish Budget for 1931.

  A Survey of the Economic Position in Finland in 1930.
- 1931 Results of the Bank of Finland for 1930.
- 2. Foreign Trade in 1930.
- Finnish Industry in 1929.
- 3. Recent Developments in Finnish Wholesale
- Rates of Interest in Finland.
  - The Finnish Joint Stock Banks in 1930.
  - 5. The New Savings Bank Law.

- 1931 No. 6. Finnish State Finances in 1930.
  - Air Traffic in Finland.
  - The Finnish Highways and their maintenance.
    - 8. The Forest Resources of the Northern Countries.
  - Finland's Balance of Payments for 1930.
    - 9. Municipal Finance in Finland.
    - The Government Budget proposals.
  - 10. Temporary suspension of the Gold Standard in Finland.
    - New fields of Export Trade for Agricultural Co-operative Activity.
    - The Currency Situation.
  - » Unemployment Problems in Finland. 12. Measures for Alleviating the Agricultural
- The Finnish Budget for 1932. A Survey of the Economic Position in Fin-1932 land in 1931.
  - Results of the Bank of Finland for 1931.
    Foreign Trade in 1931.

    - New Alcohol Legislation.
      The Finnish Motor Industry.
      The Finnish Joint Stock Banks in 1931. Finnish State Finances in 1931.

    - The Woodworking Industries of Finland.
    - Markets for Finnish Cattle-Farm Produce. The working of the Finnish State Railways.

    - 8. The Tendency of Prices in Finland. Finland's Balance of Payments for 1931.

### STATISTICS.

### 1. - BALANCE SHEET OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1931 Mill. Fmk			32 Fmk	
	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>9</sub>	<sup>23</sup> /8	<sup>81</sup> /8	8/9	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>9</sub>
ASSETS.					
	000	204 -	004 -		201
I. Gold Reserve	300.8	304.3	304.3	304.4	304.3
Foreign Correspondents and Credit abroadII. Foreign Bills	561.6 206.3	416.8	510.5 229.7	503.8	500.2
II. Foreign Bills	206.3	232.8 1.3	229.7	$\begin{array}{c c} 228.1 \\ 1.9 \end{array}$	232.5 1.0
Inland Bills	649.0	829.3	828.0	886.3	882.9
III. Loans on Security	27.8	88.1	99.0	103.5	103.5
Advances on Cash Credit	94.1	100.3	96.7	95.9	98.6
Bonds in Foreign Currency	321.1	291.1	287.5	279.6	279.6
» » Finnish »	83.9	57.6	58.6	65.8	65.7
Bank Premises and Furniture	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0
Sundry Assets	256.4	249.2	254.4	202.6	206.3
Total	2 514.6	2 582.8	2 681.8	2 683.9	2 686.6
LIABILITIES.					
Notes in circulation	1 173.8	1 031.7	1 075.0	1 075.0	1 069.7
Other Liabilities payable on demand:					
Drafts outstanding	8.3	6.1	10.0	10.0	7.0
Balance of Current Accounts due to Government	0.1	2.3		.8.5	8.2
» » » » Others	76.5	138.6	78.5	88.6	95.1
Credit abroad		95.5	191.0	191.0	191.0
Foreign Correspondents	8.6	3.7	3.9	3.1	3.4
Sundry Accounts	12.2	8.5	25.1	6.9	3.9
Capital	1 000.0	1 000.0	1 000.0	1 000.0	1 000.0
Reserve Fund	142.2	197.5	197.5	197.5	197.5
Bank Premises and Furniture	12.0 80.6	12.0 86.3	12.0 88.2	12.0 90.7	12.0 98.2
Earnings less Expenses	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
Total	2 514.6	2 582.8	2681.8	2 683.9	2 686.6

### 2. — NOTE ISSUE OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1931		19	32	
	15/9	<sup>23</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	<sup>31</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	8/9	15/9
RIGHT TO ISSUE NOTES:					
Gold Reserve and Foreign Correspondents	862.4 1 200.0	721.1 1 200.0	814.8 1 200.0	808.2 1 200.0	804.5 1 200.0
Total	2 062.4	1 921.1	2 014.8	2 008.2	2 004.5
USED AMOUNT OF ISSUE:					
Notes in circulation	1 173.8 105.7 57.8	1 031.7 254.7 56.5	1 075.0 308.5 60.0	1 075.0 308.1 60.9	1 069.7 308.6 58.1
NOTE RESERVE:	1 337.3	1 342.9	1 443.5	1 444.0	1 436.4
Immediately available	382.0 $343.1$	441.6 136.6	430.1 141.2	480.5 83.7	484.5 83.6
Total	725.1	578.2	571.3	564.2	568.1
Grand total	2 062.4	1 921.1	2 014.8	2 008.2	2 004.5

Bank Rate since April 19, 1932, 6 1/2 0/0.

### 3. — BANK OF FINLAND. NOTE CIRCULATION AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS.

End of		Note	Circul Mill. Fmk		•	F	oreign	Corresp Mill. Fmk		s ¹)	End of
Month	1929	1930	1931	1932	Monthly Movement	1929	1930	1931	1932	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 513.2] 1 430.7 1 522.7 1 596.0 1 556.2 1 480.9 1 472.5 1 439.1 1 448.1 1 470.4 1 376.9 1 346.6 1 360.6	1 259.0 1 369.0 1 447.2 1 439.9 1 391.7 1 373.3 1 355.3 1 350.2 1 313.4 1 262.7 1 279.4	1 305.2 1 319.5 1 301.5 1 256.7 1 232.0 1 204.4 1 189.1 1 200.9 1 264.0 1 237.4	1 220.5 1 271.3 1 299.4 1 224.5 1 167.6 1 136.2 1 087.7 1 075.0	- 72.4 + 50.8 + 28.1 - 74.9 - 56.9 - 31.4 - 48.5 - 12.7	[731.6] 719.0 698.5 706.4 661.1 580.2 544.5 505.1 520.0 547.3 598.7 594.8 669.5	705.2 738.9 933.3 946.0 1 023.9 877.1 948.8 906.5 869.0 855.7 812.5 812.9	732.4 740.4 761.0 721.7 719.6 662.3 642.2 591.4 462.3 365.4 305.2 412.5	419.9 585.1 650.3 598.0 549.9 454.4 438.5 510.5	+ 7.4 + 165.2 + 65.2 - 52.3 - 48.1 - 95.5 - 15.9 + 72.0	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;) Credit balances with foreign correspondents. From December 1931 up to July 1932 including a Credit abroad, which amounted to 95.5 mill. Fmk and from August 1932 a Credit abroad amounting to 191.0 mill. Fmk.

### 4. — BANK OF FINLAND. ORDINARY COVER, NOTE RESERVE AND HOME LOANS.

End. of			ary Co e of Lial					Reser l. Fmk	. A 8		11)	End of		
Month	1930	1931	1932	Mont Moven		1930	1931	1932	Monthly Movement	1930	1931	1932	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[60.80] 64.23 60.76 67.17 74.49 80.32 77.31 80.05 80.50 81.06 75.67 75.44 74.90	73.76 70.06 73.61 70.27 68.17 68.21 70.91 68.26 61.98 46.97 42.17 46.07	49.76 54.02 60.44 62.52 61.59 58.60 56.82 58.90	$\begin{array}{c} + & 4 \\ + & 6 \\ + & 2 \\ - & 2 \\ - & 1 \end{array}$	.69 .26 .42 .08 .93 .99 .78	[535.5] 608.7 497.3 555.3 733.9 847.7 820.6 851.4 862.0 881.8 785.1 801.2 792.7	788.6 715.3 761.2 729.5 677.1 702.3 754.5 727.9 684.3 392.9 312.1 306.2	415.9 392.9 520.7 614.4 613.5 616.2 579.4 571.3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	869.0		972.8 945.1 944.0 950.4 992.8 1 023.7	$\begin{array}{rrrr} - & 68.9 \\ - & 87.1 \\ - & 27.7 \\ - & 1.1 \\ + & 6.4 \\ + & 42.4 \end{array}$	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Inland Bills, Loans on Security and Advances on Cash Credit.

### 5. — BANK OF FINLAND. REDISCOUNTED BILLS AND BALANCES OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

End of			unted Bi	lis ¹)	Bal	due to	Current A Governm I. Fmk			others th		counts due ernment	End of
Month	1930	1931	1932	Monthly Movement	1930	1931	1932.	Monthly Movement	1930	1931	1932	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[550.4] 466.5 505.3 380.2 194.5 53.1 22.6 15.7 12.7 6.3 5.0 98.3 149.6	118.3 87.3 103.2 41.2 40.8 40.3 38.8 98.2 165.8 324.9 466.0 482.8	386.5 253.5 185.4 145.6 147.1 137.6 134.4 169.1	- 96.3 - 133.0 - 68.1 - 39.8 + 1.5 - 9.5 - 3.2 + 34.7	[150.1] 216.4 244.2 229.5 87.3 58.3 — 26.0 19.4 — 140.1 83.8 153.6	11.4 70.8 	106.5 5.0 — 8.3	$\begin{array}{c} -55.9 \\ +106.5 \\ -106.5 \\ +5.0 \\ -5.0 \\ -8.3 \\ -8.3 \end{array}$	[48.3] 44.0 63.7 127.6 119.9 163.5 111.9 149.6 98.5 60.7 11.2 97.9 22.8	119.6 55.7 66.7 90.9 83.4 61.9 56.8 65.7 65.0 41.9 51.3	98.5 140.6 150.9 88.5 105.2 40.1 96.7 78.4	+ 47.2 + 42.1 + 10.3 - 62.4 + 16.7 - 65.1 + 56.6 - 18.3	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Included in home loans, see table 4. Rediscounted Bills according to the monthly balance sheets of the Bank of Finland.

### 6. — RATES OF EXCHANGE QUOTED BY THE BANK OF FINLAND, MONTHLY AVERAGE.

	Parity	Yearly :	verage		1931			1932	
	Parity	1930	1931 ¹)	June	July	August	June	July	August
						-			-
New York	39:70	39: 70	43: 54	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	59: 53	66: 24	67: 14
London	193:23	193:20	193: 99	193: 28	192: 98	192: 99	217:31	235: 27	233: 19
Stockholm	1 064: 07	1 067: 38	1 081: 14	1 065: 20	1 063: 84	1 063: 14	1 115: 63	1 207: 89	1 198: 37
Berlin	945: 84	948: 28	1 039: 93	943: 28	<sup>2</sup> ) 943: 07	2) 944: 38	1 411: 54	1 573: 54	1 598:
Paris	155: 56	156: 10	170: 93	155: 63	155: 89	155: 81	234: 48	259: 81	263: 16
Brussels	552:08	554: 97	607: 79	553: 64	554: 52	554: 34	829: 83	920: 47	931: 67
Amsterdam	1 596:	1 598: 92	1 755: 45	1 599: 30	1 601: 01	1 602: 55	2 410: 04	2 670: 20	2 702: 52
Basle	766: 13	770: 53	846: 77	770: 90	772: 17	774: 84	1 163: 17	1 290: 62	1 306: 74
Oslo	1 064: 07	1 063: 79	1 073; 76	1 064: 26	1 062: 69	1 062: 52	1 078: 88	1 169: 08	1 169: 15
Copenhagen	1 064: 07		1 074: 32	1 064: 19	1 062: 56	1 062: 30	1 187:71	1 274: 35	1 244: 22
Prague	117:64	118:06	129: 59	118: —	117: 98	118: —	177: 21	196: 65	199: 15
Rome	208: 98	208: 49	227: 42	208: 50	208: 20	208: —	305: 46	338: 65	343: 74
Reval	1 06 <b>4</b> : 07	1 060: 89	1 160: 08	1 060:	1 058: 93	1 059: 85	1 600: 42	1 740: 77	1 764: 81
Riga	766: 13	767: 18	835: 33	766: —	764: 96	766: 23	1 169: 38	1 221: 93	1 225: 19
Madrid	766:13	465: 59	413: 76	384: 88	373: 81	352: 04	492: 33	535: 43	541: 44
Warsaw	<b>445: 4</b> 2	446: 45	491: 51	446:	445: 56	445: 62	671: 17	746: 73	756: 07
Montreal	<b>39:70</b> ∥	{	50: 05		_	- 1	51: 70	57: 78	58: 70

After the suspension of the gold standard on October 12th, 1931 the market rates have been taken into account in calculating the monthly and yearly averages.
 Berlin was not quoted <sup>13</sup>/<sub>2</sub>—<sup>2</sup>/<sub>0</sub> 1931.

### 7. - HOME DEPOSITS IN THE JOINT STOCK BANKS. \*)

End of Month	Cur	rent Accou Mill. Fmk		D	e posits Mill. Fmk			Total Mill. Fmk		More Move	thly ment	End of Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1931	1932	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 486.1] 1 528.6 1 549.4 1 689.3 1 697.8 2 072.5 2 003.0 1 966.5 1 893.2 1 746.0 1 740.5 1 555.5	1715.6 1689.9 1549.8 1532.6 1559.9 1561.2 1597.3 1561.0 1497.0 1595.6 1551.0	1 965.5 1 931.7 1 922.1 1 895.5 1 831.4 1 841.2 1 920.0 1 746.3	6 015.0 6 100.9 6 134.4 6 133.2 6 279.4 6 283.5	6 146.3 6 153.8 6 256.0 6 263.3 6 218.2 6 313.2 6 291.3 6 232.8 6 130.8 5 895.3 5 744.7 5 743.5	5 715.3 5 692.6 5 753.6 5 738.9 5 698.9 5 796.1 5 767.6 5 702.8	7 564.4 7 790.2 7 832.2 8 205.7 8 282.4	7 861.9 7 843.7 7 805.8 7 795.9 7 778.1 7 874.4 7 888.6 7 793.8 7 627.8 7 490.9 7 295.7 7 378.5	7 680.8 7 624.3 7 675.7 7 634.4 7 530.3 7 637.3 7 687.6 7 449.1	$\begin{array}{c} +\ 164.1 \\ -\ 18.2 \\ -\ 37.9 \\ -\ 9.9 \\ -\ 17.8 \\ +\ 96.3 \\ +\ 14.2 \\ -\ 94.8 \\ -\ 166.0 \\ -\ 136.9 \\ -\ 185.2 \\ +\ 82.8 \end{array}$	+ 51.4 - 41.3 - 104.1 + 107.0 + 50.3 - 238.5	Febr. March April May June July

Tables 7—9 according to Finland's Official Statistics VII, B. Bank Statistics. The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Actual current accounts and home correspondents. — 2) Deposit accounts and savings accounts.

2) In the tables 7—9 Mortgage banks are not included.

### 8. — HOME LOANS GRANTED BY THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

End of Month	_	nland Bills Mill, Fmk	ı	Loans	and Overdo Mill, Fmk			Total Mill. Fmk		More Move	thly ment	End of Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	.1931	1932	1931	1932	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[3 297.3] 3 237.3 3 216.5 3 196.1 3 155.5 3 069.2 2 935.9 2 855.6 2 680.1 2 612.3 2 628.9 2 704.7 2 696.3	2 652.7 2 630.5 2 636.0 2 594.0 2 594.5 2 479.3 2 383.3 2 376.0 2 431.0 2 418.6 2 411.6 2 273.1	2 292.5 2 191.6 2 103.3 2 030.7 1 988.8	6 392.5 6 398.9 6 369.6 6 466.6 6 418.5	6 560.6 6 617.5 6 513.7 6 536.9 6 587.8 6 557.2 6 604.7 6 595.9 6 647.7 6 647.7 6 668.6 6 425.2	6 536.4 6 451.5 6 428.4 6 542.9 6 474.3 6 566.1 6 532.6 6 519.2	9 609.0 9 595.0 9 525.1 9 535.8 9 354.4	9 213.3 9 248.0 9 149.7 9 130.9 9 120.3 9 036.5 8 988.0 8 971.9 9 076.7 9 066.3 9 080.2 8 698.3	8 828.9 8 643.1 8 531.7 8 573.6 8 463.1 8 522.0 8 577.8 8 531.9		111.4 + 41.9 110.5 + 58.9 + 55.8 45.9	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

Home loans, cash credits and home correspondents.
 Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 9. — POSITION OF THE JOINT STOCK BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

End of Month		Credits <sup>1</sup> ] Mill. Fmk		In	debtedne Mill. Fmk		de	ns (+) and biedness (- Mill. Fmk		Monthly I of Net		End of Month
l	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1931	1932	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[233.9] 228.5 215.7 203.0 222.8 422.6 533.6 637.1 647.3 591.7 488.0 269.7 224.0	218.3 225.4 209.9 210.0 217.9 254.4 285.2 296.5 205.0 167.1 207.9 297.9	248.4 193.2 209.8 178.9 182.4 170.9 177.8 101.7		321.7 362.3 372.0 378.6 369.0 308.2 255.1 243.4 235.8 155.7 197.0 196.2	176.8 188.4 162.9 153.3 162.0 186.2 151.2 157.7	$     \begin{array}{r}     -294.5 \\     -274.3 \\     -277.9 \\     -76.5 \\     +46.0 \\     +247.1     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} -103.4 \\ -136.9 \\ -162.1 \\ -168.6 \\ -151.1 \\ -53.8 \\ +30.1 \\ +53.1 \\ -30.8 \\ +11.4 \\ +10.9 \\ +101.7 \end{array}$	+71.6 $ +4.8 $ $ +46.9 $ $ +25.6 $ $ -15.3 $ $ +26.6 $ $ -56.0$	$ \begin{array}{r} -33.5 \\ -25.2 \\ -6.5 \\ +17.5 \end{array} $	- 66.8 + 42.1 - 21.3 - 5.2 - 35.7 + 41.9 - 82.6	March April May June July

The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Balances with foreign correspondents and foreign bills. — 2) Due to foreign correspondents (85—95 % foreign deposits in Fmks).

### 10.—POSITION OF THE BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.1)

### 11. — CLEARING.2)

The following in the latter   The latter	End of	li .	Net Claims		Net Indebte Fjink	dness (—)		Monthly Move- ment of		19	31	. 19	32	Month
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Month	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932		Nur	nber	Amount	Number	Amount	
	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	+1 075.5 +1 053.6 + 988.2 + 886.6 + 733.8 + 682.0 + 919.9 +1 156.9 +1 238.8 +1 386.9 +1 337.9	$\begin{array}{c} +1\ 277.4 \\ +1\ 050.9 \\ +\ 853.8 \\ +\ 731.1 \\ +\ 468.4 \\ +\ 483.0 \\ +\ 545.7 \\ +\ 473.6 \\ +\ 491.0 \\ \end{array}$	+374.5 $+328.4$ $+242.6$ $+111.1$ $+101.9$ $+203.4$ $+255.8$ $+323.0$ $+321.0$ $+305.1$	+ 455.6 + 739.1 + 785.5 +1 087.5 +1 108.7 +1 375.2 +1 351.3 +1 274.5 +1 142.7 + 907.1	+ 769.1 + 789.3 + 753.5 + 787.5 + 805.7 + 867.6 + 843.5 + 610.1 + 581.2 + 497.2	$     \begin{array}{r}       + 741.7 \\       + 843.5 \\       + 742.9 \\       + 692.8 \\       + 574.8 \\       + 601.9     \end{array} $	+111.7 $+101.8$ $-100.6$ $-50.1$ $-118.0$ $+27.1$	110 130 120 120 130 120 114 124 140 124	6 932 0 782 8 701 5 613 3 666 8 218 4 425 4 660 0 178 4 519	1 670.3 1 479.2 1 573.7 1 486.8 1 442.6 1 631.2 1 558.6 1 353.2 1 377.9 1 749.0 1 556.4	126 235 103 917 104 132 116 108 112 961 113 072 112 628 106 550	1 655.9 1 433.4 1 290.4 1 346.5 1 328.8 1 331.4 1 398.9 1 443.1	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.

<sup>1)</sup> The figures indicate the position towards foreign countries of the Bank of Finland (balances with foreign correspondents and oreign bills are taken into account as well as credits due to foreign correspondents) and of the Joint Stock Banks (net claims and net nebebedness; see table 9 above).

1) Indicates the clearing operations joined by 12 Joint Stock Banks both at the Head Office and five Branch Offices of the Bank of Finland.

### 12. — DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS-BANKS.

End of Month		n the town Mill. Fmk			the count			Total Mill. Fmk			nthly ement	End of Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1931	1932	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 930.6] 1 937.3 1 942.4 1 953.1 1 961.6 1 964.5 1 957.3 1 969.6 1 973.2 1 974.5 1 974.3 1 974.5 2 104.9	2 159.8 2 152.0 2 135.8	2 156.9* 2 167.0* 2 166.6* 2 161.0* 2 142.2* 2 145.7*	1 990.5 1 993.4 1 999.9 1 997.1 1 980.6 1 975.5	2 061.3 2 063.9 2 066.1 2 070.1 2 061.8 2 041.1 2 033.4 2 018.5 1 999.9 1 971.1 1 958.4 2 066.4	2 012.2* 1 990.8* 1 978.6*	3 932.9 3 946.5 3 961.5 3 961.6 3 937.9 3 945.1 3 938.6 3 927.0 3 915.5 3 910.4	4 187.1 4 196.9 4 221.1 4 229.9 4 213.8 4 176.9 4 175.3 4 155.9 4 102.9 4 045.8 4 007.7	4 154.4* 4 136.5* 4 115.9*	$ \begin{array}{rrrr} + & 9.8 \\ + & 24.2 \\ + & 8.8 \\ - & 16.1 \\ - & 36.9 \\ - & 1.6 \end{array} $	- 8.5*	March April May June July

Deposits in the Savings Banks, including long-term deposits and current accounts, according to figures supplied by the Central atistical Office.

1) Increased by 304.8 mill. Fmk interest for 1930. — 2) Increased by 268.8 mill. Fmk interest for 1931.

2) Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations:

### 13. — DEPOSITS IN POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK AND ON CONSUMERS' CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES' SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

End of Month	De	Saving		3 <b>e</b>	Mon Move	- 1	Co-ope Savi	s on Cons erative Soc ngs Accou Mill. Fmk	nieties' nt4)	I	nthly ement	End of Month
	1929	1930	1931	1932	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1931   1932		
January February March April May June July August September October November December	[208.8] 208.2 226.3 243.4 27 209.6 228.0 245.1 27 210.8 229.9 247.7 28 211.2 230.4 247.7 28 210.1 229.5 246.4 28 209.9 228.8 246.5 28 210.6 229.5 248.1 28		273.7* 277.7* 280.8* 282.3* 282.2* 282.9* 285.0* 285.7*	$ \begin{array}{c} + & 1.7 \\ + & 2.6 \\ - & 1.3 \\ + & 0.1 \\ + & 1.6 \end{array} $	+ 6.7* + 4.0* + 3.1* + 1.5* - 0.1* + 0.7* + 2.1* + 0.7*	448.3 455.6 454.6 448.1 457.1 454.0	441.4 443.7 447.1 444.3 436.0 442.4 438.7 434.0 427.0 413.0 405.0 405.4	406.3 407.0 407.1 404.0 397.7 402.7 398.5 393.2	+ 2.3 + 3.5 - 2.8 - 8.3 + 6.4 - 3.7	$     \begin{array}{r}       + 0.7 \\       + 0.1 \\       \hline       - 3.1 \\       - 6.3 \\       + 5.0 \\       \hline       - 4.2 \\       \hline       - 5.3 \\     \end{array} $	April May June	

Post Office Savings Bank deposits according to Finnish Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics, Monthly Reports.

Consumers' Co-operative Societies' deposits according to data from the Finnish Co-operative Wholesale Society Ltd. and the Co-operative Wholesale Society.

3) Increased by 14.4 mill. Fmk interest for 1929. — 2) Increased by 15.1 mill. Fmk interest for 1930. — 2) Increased by 14.1 mill. Fmk interest for 1931. — 4) Interest added to capital partly in January partly in June and December.

### 14. — DEPOSITS IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES.

### 15. — NEW RISKS INSURED BY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

End of Month	Cr	s in Co-o edit Socie Mill. Fml	ties	and M	rterly fonthly ement	Ne
	1930	1931	1932	1931	1932	Numbe
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	[349.0] 353.1 359.1 368.0 377.0 379.1 387.9 394.5 392.1 397.3 393.9	406.3 414.0 423.0 427.0 423.6 429.5 432.7 430.1 427.0 418.7	421.5 425.9 434.1 432.9 429.9 435.0 434.6	+4.1 +7.7 +9.0 +4.0 -3.4 +5.8 +3.1 -2.6 -3.1 -8.3	+2.4 +4.4 +8.2 -1.2 -3.0 +5.1 -0.4	7 10 9 26 15 31 9 41 9 61 8 42 7 07 8 92 8 54
Dec.	402.5	417.8 419.1		$\begin{array}{c c} -0.9 \\ +1.3 \end{array}$		8 40 13 25

	Acc	ording	ю ш	tormation	sup	рпеа	by the	Central
Bank	for	Co-ope	rative	Agricultu	ral (	Credit	Societi	es.

New	risks accept	ed by Finn	ish Life Ass	rance Cor	npanies	
19	930	19	931	19	32	End of
Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Month
7 108 9 262 15 316 9 431 9 615 8 429 7 073 7 797 8 926 8 545 8 405 13 255	110.0 148.8 240.5 1458.5 137.7 104.4 125.3 141.6 140.9 141.6 250.6	4 378 6 291 7 917 6 432 5 601 5 812 4 479 4 590 4 795 4 948 4 829 7 435	70.0 106.7 124.4 101.1 93.5 90.7 74.2 79.2 80.3 81.3 75.1 128.5	3 538* 4 765* 5 578* 4 920* 4 208* 4 308* 3 015* 4 127*	74.8* 72.8* 65.1*	Febr. March April
113 162 74 031	1 845.8 1 171.1	67 507 45 500	1 105.0 739.8	34 534*	506.0*	Total

According to information supplied by Life Assurance Companies.

### 16. — CHANGES IN NUMBER AND CAPITAL OF LIMITED COMPANIES.

Year and	ll .	ipanies unded	1	ase of oital	1	opanies uidated	, -	anies with eed capital		ncrease (+) Inetion (—)	Year and
Month	Num- ber	Capital Mill, Fmk	Num- ber	Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill, Fmk	Num- ber	Reduction of capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill, Fmk	Month
1928 1929 1930	777 558 547	447.6 280.8 185.0	411 346 206	1 105.5 615.8 212.6	207	76.4 276.7 124.6	12 9 10	23.8 19.4 15.0	+ 651 + 351 + 328		1928 1929 1930
1931 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.	132 179 181 190	26.5 29.5 300.0 27.7	47 33 34 49	31.6 24.4 32.6 30.1	70 94	33.0 20.5 353.3 56.0	1 -2 3	0.9 - 2.8 3.1			1931 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.
1932 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.	184 202	31.1 183.3	37 39	73.1 9.6		235.6 62.7	2 4	8.5 2.1	+ 43 + 37	- 139.9 + 128.1	1932 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.

According to information supplied by the Central Statistical Office. \*Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 17. — HELSINGFORS STOCK EXCHANGE. BANKRUPTCIES. PROTESTED BILLS.

		lover of		В	ankrupte	ies			Prot	ested	Bill	5			
Month		Exchang Mill Fm			Number	?	Number Amount Mill. Fmk 1929   1930   1931   1932   1929   1930   1931   193					Month			
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1929	1930	1931	1932	1929	1930	1931	1932	
January	20.0	23.7	20.4	166	199	215*			2 018	2 331	6.6				January
February	17.7	28.3	14.6	170	201	222*	1 025	1 766	1 891	2 030		12.7			February
March	16.0	19.4	11.8	165	227	156*	1 287	2039	2 007	1 987	7.7	13.5	15.9	16.4	March
April	27.8	14.4	13.9	215	205	188*	1 204	1723	1 938	1 575	7.0	11.2	14.7	8.5	April
May	11.7	12.9	8.4	187	200	160*	1 329	1 701	2 232	1 640	7.2	10.6	11.4	7.9	May
June	9.2	17.6	8.3	120	174	137*	1 245	1508	2 367	1 477	6,6	13.9	13.6		June
July	11.5	9.2	7.2	129	179	99*	1 397	1 517	2 280	1 658	7.4	8.7	12.2	7.2	July
August	7.0	9.4	9.9	99	179		1 373	1445	2 072	1 486	9.7	8.8	13.8	5.8	August
September	10.3	15.9		179	219		1 494	1296	2 021		9.3	8.1	15.2		September
October	12.5	57.9		136	226		1 678	1 416	2 385		11.5	8.3	16.2		October
November	18.8	54.1		192	235		1 834	1 459	2 419		11.5	8.1	11.2		November
December	17.9	43.2		187	173		2 164	1 998	2 713		12.7	10.5			December
Total		306.0		1 945	2 417		17 107				102.7				Total
JanAug.	120.9	134.9	94.5		. [		9 937	13 655	16 805	14 184	57.7	92.0	105.2	84.9	JanAug.

Turnover of Stock Exchange according to figures supplied by the Stock Exchange Committee.

The figures for bankruptcies, compiled by the Central Statistical Office according to the reports sent in by the various Courts include all bankruptcy petitions, of which only about half will lead in due course to actual bankruptcy.

Protested bills according to figures published in the \*Report of Bills Protested in Finland\*.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 18. — STOCK EXCHANGE INDEX.

				<u>.                                    </u>	OUN LA	UIIMITOI	LINDEA	7.0			
			Stocks	-				Bonds			
Month	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	Month
January February March April May June July August September October November	181 177 182 179 179 180 178 169 163 157 147	150 148 142 138 140 137 136 133 126 121	126 129 129 138 141 135 132 132 126 122 118	113 112 109 107 102 98 99 97 94 103	105 102 103 98 96 94 95 98	110 110 110 110 110 109 108 107 107 106 104	102 103 103 103 103 102 101 99 99 99	98 99 98 99 100 101 101 102 102 101 98	100 102 103 102 102 100 97 97 95 90	85 92 94 95 97 96 98 99	January February March April May June July August September October November
December	149	124	114	109	[	103	. 98	97	88		December
Whole year	170	135	129	104		108	101	100	97		Whole yea

According to figures published in the Dinitass. In the above series, the average price for 1926 = 100.

### 19. — NATIONAL DEBT.

End of		Accordin	g to the C	fficial Bo Fmk <sup>1</sup> )	ook-keepi	ing			End of Month				
Month   or Year	Fu	nded.	Short-ter	m credit		Monthly	Fur	ıded	Short-ter	m credit	Total	Monthly	Month or Year
Of Teat	Foreign	Internal	Foreign	Internal	Total	Movement	Foreign	Internal	Foreign	Internal	TOUR	Movement	or Year
1930 1931 1931	2 570.5 2 521.3 2 468.2 2 485.2	357.2 360.5	99.3 178.6 348.9 367.2	64.6	3 023.6 3 057.1 3 242.2 3 312.5	•	78.0 76.3 69.7	8.9 9.0 5.2 9.1	2.5 4.5 8.5	0.9	89.4 89.8 84.3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1929 1930 1931 1931 Aug.
July	2 456.2 2 456.1 2 444.7	420.5	283.6 279.6 262.9	132.9	3 248.8 3 289.1 3 262.1	+ 40.3	70.3 69.8 69.3	7.1 6.4 6.3	7.0 6.9 6.5	1.5 2.0 2.0	85.9 85.1 84.1	0.8 1.0	1932 June July Aug.

The above table is based on the monthly report on the National Debt published by the Treasury in the Official Gazette.

1) Internal loans are given at their nominal value. Foreign loans are given in Finnish currency according to the rate ruling on the date of the raising of the loan.

2) Calculated as follows: The loans raised in the country have been calculated in dollars, according to the average rate of exchange of each month. The loans, negotiated abroad, which are all issued in different currencies, are grouped according to the proportion of currencies, shown by the coupons paid, and reduced to dollars at the rate of exchange just mentioned.

### 20. — STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Groups of revenue and expenditure	Jan Mili, I		Groups of revenue and expenditure	JanJ Mill. I	0
	1932	1931		1932	1931
Revenue derived from State forests  " " canals  " " railways  Income and Property taxes  Customs dues	4.7 68.9	118.3 3.5 416.9 71.2 487.6	Interest Postal and Telegraph fees Shipping dues Fines Various taxes and other revenue	14.5 9.7	48.4 92.3 14.7 16.1 281.6
Excise on tobacco	87.0	95.6 8.4	Total State revenue	1 370.6	1 777.7
» » sweets	7.4	9.8	Ordinary expenditure Extraordinary expenditure		1 956.3 182.8
Stamp duty		113.3	Total State expenditure	1 493.2	2 139.1

According to figures compiled by the Treasury from the balances of accounts at the end of each month. These are preliminary figures of gross amounts. This table gives figures for the excise on tobacco excluding stamp duty on imported tobacco, which is included in the respective figures in table 21. — Since the beginning of 1932 the figures for State undertakings refer to net revenue.

### 21. — MISCELLANEOUS STATE RECEIPTS COLLECTED BY CUSTOMS. (Fmk. 000's omitted.)

	Import Customs	Export		Light	Excise on	Excise on	Excise on	Excise on	
Month	and Storage Charges	Customs	Fines	Dues	Tobacco	Matches	Sweets	Petrol	Month
1932 January February March April May June July August September October November December	40 039* 42 378* 51 383* 75 578* 99 469* 107 817* 110 940* 145 307*	27* 37* 9* 30* 72* 105* 192*	276* 428* 386* 416* 921* 363* 507*	830* 776* 590* 931* 2112* 2 624* 2 739* 2 400*	3 682* 27 274* 15 076* 10 849* 11 840* 13 299* 4 868* 22 769*	1 978* 904* 819* 1 191* 854* 962* 1 126* 915*	796* 2 375* 789* 860* 1 132* 965* 439* 1 745*	2 061* 23 406* 1 123* 503* 985* 1 645* 1 273* 2 902*	1932 January February March April May June July August September October November December
JanAug. 1932 » 1931	672 911* 606 288	651* 2 679	3 492* 4 545	13 002* 13 001	109 657* 112 901	8 744* 9 523	9 101* 11 085	33 898*	JanAug. 1932 » 1931
1932 Budget Estimate	1 100 000	7 000		20 000	175 000	15 000	15 000	50 000	1932 Budget Estimate

Tables 21-29 according to Finland's Official Statistics I. A., Foreign Trade of Finland, Monthly Reports.

### 22. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

			## YF	ILUL UI	TAILL ON					
Month	(Č. 1	Imports I. F. Value Iill. Fmk.	»)		Exports D. B. Valu Iill. Fmk	е)	Surp	Month		
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January Februay March April May June July August September October November December	309.0 296.5 347.7 442.5 517.5 453.5 457.2 443.8 556.9 518.4 415.9	223.3 192.1 246.2 272.2 329.0 304.0 303.4 289.9 334.8 349.9 360.2 259.7	170.4* 164.9* 171.3* 222.7* 310.7* 314.5* 300.7* 332.6*	319.4 258.8 265.7 323.5 479.3 671.6 707.9 539.6 482.8 553.0 422.2 380.3	248.3 196.4 226.4 259.0 359.5 494.6 515.8 422.4 440.1 396.7 448.8 448.3	269.5* 318.8* 211.5* 290.9* 326.0* 493.6* 498.6* 421.9*	$\begin{array}{c c} - & 37.7 \\ - & 82.0 \\ - & 119.0 \\ - & 38.2 \\ + & 218.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & 4.7 \\ - & 19.8 \\ - & 13.2 \\ + & 30.5 \\ + & 190.6 \\ + & 212.4 \\ + & 132.5 \\ + & 105.3 \\ + & 46.8 \\ + & 88.6 \end{array}$	+ 153.9* + 40.2* + 68.2* + 15.3* + 179.1* + 197.9*	April May June
Total JanAug.	5 247.7 3 267.7	3 464.7 2 160.1	1 987.8*	5 404.1 3 565.8	4 456.7 2 722.8	2 830.8*	+ 156.4 + 298.1			Total JanAug.

The term imports covers all imported goods which have been placed on the market either immediately after importation or after storage. Exports covers all goods exported from the open market, including re-exports. Goods are declared to the Customs by their owner, who must at the same time state the value of the goods as calculated at the frontiers of the country.

\*) Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 23. - VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN DIFFERENT GROUPS OF GOODS.\*

of group.	Groups of Goods			(C. I. I	ports F. Value Fmk	)				(F. O. 1	orts 3. Value) Fmk		
Š.		August	July	August		uary—Aı		August	July	August	<u> </u>	uary—A	ıgust
		1932	1932	1931	1932	1931	1930	1932	1932	1931	1932	1931	1930
1	Live animals	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	2.0	1.4	0,3	0.1	0.1	2.3	2.4	2.3
2	Food obtained from animals	1.0	2.7	2.7	17.4	24.0	47.3	41.6	38.2	33.1	349.8	355.5	370.3
3	Cereals and their products	34.8	35.2	24.3	193.0	152.1	270.2	0.1	0.0	0.3		1.4	1.0
4 5	Fodder and seed Fruit, vegetables, live	6.5	3.9	8.7	69.6	117.7	145.7	0.1	0.0	0.3	1.9	5.1	4.4
	plants, etc.	5.7	3.8	8.0	49.4	62.3	79.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.5	0.5
6	Colonial produce and spices	54.6	33,3	25.4	220.8	141.9	363.8	0.2	0.2	0.3		0.9	0.7
7	Preserves, in hermetically sealed packages	0.2	0.2	0.0	1.0	4.0	0.0	ام	0 -				
8	Beverages	6.7	14.9	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{0.2} \\ \textbf{1.2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.3 \\ 62.6 \end{array}$	1.6 6.9	2.2 7.6	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0	0.0 0.0		$\begin{array}{c} 0.1 \\ 0.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.1 \\ 0.0 \end{array}$
9	Spinning materials	12.5	11.5	13.4	105.6	97.3	126.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.9
10	Yarns and ropes	8.0	7.7	9.2	62.1	65.7	69.7	0.9	0.3	0.1		2.5	5.2
11 12	Cloth	12.2 6.4	7.8 5.1	17.6 8.0	78.1 48.3	154.4	174.6	2.1	1.6	1.5	11.4	12.4	13.3
13	Timber and wooden articles	8.2	9.5	5.6	48.3 41.7	$85.6 \\ 27.6$	127.1 60.3	0.0 187.3	0.0 269.6	0.0 208.8	0.4 951 6	$0.4 \\ 1041.4$	1.0 1.710.2
14	Bark, cane, branches or	3.2	0.0	0.0		21.0	00.5	101.5	200.0	200.8	001.0	1 041.4	1 110.2
	twigs, and articles made from same		ام به	٠ .	40.	40			,				_
15	Pulp, cardboard and paper	1.7	1.1	1.3	10.6	12.1	15.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	1.0
'	and articles made from							į Į					
10	same	1.2	1.5	1.2	9.2	11.4	16.6	169.4	171.1	157.0	1 301.6	1 122.5	1 237.5
10	Hair, bristles, feathers toge- ther with bones, horn and												
,	other carvable goods not			.									
	specifically mentioned and									1			
17	articles made from same	1.2	1.4	1.3	8.7	10.4	13.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.0	2.0
1.	Hides and skins leather- goods, furs, etc	6.2	6.3	7.1	46.0	F7 C	115	ا م			45.4	00 -	~ <del>-</del> -
18	Metals and metal goods	32.3	35.4	30.3	46.9 213.8	75.2 266.2	115.6 421.9	$\begin{array}{c} 2.6 \\ 1.0 \end{array}$	3.3 0.6	· 2.6 2.7	45.1 24.5	38.8 24.6	57.7 24.8
119	Machinery and annaratus	18.2	13.8	18.0	114.7	168.0	247.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	6.1	9.7	13.4
20	Means of transport	4.1	7.0	4.1	41.9	73.1	139.8	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.6	6.4
21	Musical instruments, instru- ments, clocks and watches	1.6	1.3	2.4	9.8	19.7	31.3	ا م		0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
22	Minerals and articles made	1.0	1.0	2.4	3.0	19.4	51.5	0.0		0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	from same	34.3	28.4	25.5	137.8	126.4	177.6	7.0	5.9	. 3.7	35.2	27.8	33.3
23	Asphalt, tar, resins, rubber and products made from	[ [						i					i
	same	7.5	7.8	8.5	55.9	81.5	110.5	2.0	1.4	2.6	15.9	16.2	16.3
24	Oils, fats and waxes, and		•••	0.0		01.5	110.5	2.0	1.4	2.0	10.5	10.2	10.5
1 1	products of same	16.7	17.1	19.1	110.4	101.4	222.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	1.4	2.0
23	Ethers, alcohols not speci- fically described, ethereal			.									
	oils, cosmetics, etc.	0.5	0.7	0.5	5.3	5.4	6.7	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.9	0.4	0.3
26	Colours and dves	3 9	4.7	3.1	34.3	30.4	34.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	_	0.1	0.1
27	Explosives, lire-arms and			ı									
] ,	materials, fuses and fire- works	0.8	1.3	0.3	4.5	3.5	3.4	0.7	0.3	1.4	9.8	10.6	11.7
28	Chemical elements and com-	0.3	1.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	0.4	0.7	U.3	1.4	0.8	10.6	11.7
	binations thereof and	_	<b>~</b> -		4.50		١	_			_	_	_
29	drugs	31.5	21.4 9.2		122.1	82.6	101.0	0.7	0.1	1.2	3.9		8.5
30	Literature and works of	2.9	<b>7.2</b>	5.2	48.1	61.9	68.3	0.0	_		0.1	0.0	0.1
	art, educational materials,												
31	office fittings, etc.	2.1	2.3	2.3	18.6	23.9	32.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	1.2	2,1	1.4
	Articles not specified else- where	8.3	4.4	18.9	45.0	67.9	33.8	1.5	1.2	1.7	3.5	3.4	2.3
	Total						3 267.7		495.7			2 691.0	<u>'</u>
1	Re-exports							2.3	2.9		53.8		37.1
1	Total	332.6	300.7	289.9	1 987.8	2 160.1	3 267.7	421.9				2 722.8	

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 24. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month	Rye Tons				Wheat Tons		Wheate	l Grain	Month	
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November	1 324.6 923.5 1 210.4 7 769.7 9 222.4 9 789.1 11 532.5 6 116.2 7 055.1 20 501.2 20 201.2 225.0	842.6 99.3 793.7 2 084.2 5 297.9 5 854.3 3 310.5 2 252.0 3 488.1 3 375.2	1 440.9* 608.3* 137.4* 6 344.5* 7 398.9* 17 166.4* 8 583.1* 6 468.0*	0.1 1.0 25.5 9.3 0.0 1.5 — 25.0 1.1	553.9 541.7 541.1 487.0 426.7 172.8 540.3 471.8 1 003.0 994.5 5 402.0 1 691.4	1 183.5* 503.1* 779.3* 1 055.0* 2 156.3* 2 497.8* 3 518.2*	3 544.9 5 702.9 7 226.8 8 926.4 10 099.5 9 376.7	3 156.6 3 544.5 4 884.5 4 589.6 6 921.3 8 002.7 7 659.9 7 736.6 7 788.4 11 936.8 12 392.7 3 473.2		February March April May June July
Total JanAug.	95 870.9	29 912.3	48 147.5*		12 826.2	13 328.4*	105 495.6	82 086.8		Total

Month	Rice	and Grain o	f Rice		Bran Tons	ļ		Raw Hides Tons		Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February	516.9 2 163.8	233.0 232.2	29.7* 645.9*	3 078.6 3 961.0	5 754.8 6 561.8	788.0* 2 165.1*	335.7 356.1	452.7 250.5	367.2* 191 e*	January February
March April	372.3 362.9	226.9 258.1	78.0*	7 819.3	11 258.0	4 299.9* 4 049.9*	341.1 399.8	253.7 385.4	286.9*	March
May	1 314.2	1 380.3	289.1* 759.6*	9 570.3	10 303.2	4 747.0*	251.1	435.5	211.0* 322.3*	May
June July	2 614.4 1 409.7	2 578.3 2 280.7	973.0* 2 321.6*	6 206.0 4 048.1	4 232.7 4 233.7	3 438.5* 2 135.7*	441.5 269.7	422.1 232.9	365.0* 257.2*	
August September	1 811.5 1 688.7	1 679.7 1 455.7	782.0*	4 228.1 5 305.7	3 194.8 3 569.8	2 377.0*	623.6 427.2	186.7 277.9	357.0*	August September
October	1 503.6	1 234.2		6 712.0	6 714.5		448.2	278.8		October
November December	1 007.1 375.7	2 156.8 256.0		3 010.9 3 982.0	3 590.6 3 244.9	1	551.1 469.6	131.4 468.9		November December
Total JanAug.	15 140.8 10 565.7	13 971.9 8 869.2	5 878.9*	65 168.6 46 158.0		24 001.1*	4 914.7 3 018.6	3 776.5 2 619.5	2 358.2*	Total JanAug.

Month		Coffee Tons		Refin	Sugar ed and Unro Tons	efined	R	aw Tobacc Tons	0	Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1
January February March April May June July August September October November December	1 553.5 1 400.0 1 581.7 1 466.7 1 693.4 1 479.9 1 430.8 1 564.4 1 668.5 3 270.2 1 971.7 3 020.6	204.2 424.8 928.3 1026.9 1391.3 1442.1 1416.4 1206.4 1419.2 1827.9 1797.3 955.0	784.7* 812.5* 812.5* 1.05.5* 1.005.5* 1.241.4* 1.381.7* 1.122.9* 1.327.6*	6 523.1 8 076.3 9 795.8 7 822.8 7 304.2	156.5 595.3 632.0 1 434.4 4 306.3 5 606.7 5 884.0 7 012.8 7 469.1 17 562.4 19 253.5 465.7	847.7* 1 184.1* 1 928.6* 1 925.8* 5 043.1* 4 523.4* 7 716.1* 15 215.2*	260.6 286.6 263.7 316.9 291.7 272.6 219.8 323.2 285.0 336.9 641.5 960.6	148.3 118.8 102.3 89.2 122.3 175.7 119.5 194.1 200.3 198.3 172.8 357.5	156.3* 120.4* 172.5* 195.4* 218.9* 169.1* 253.3*	April May June
Total JanAug.	22 101.4 12 170:4	14 039.8 8 040.4	8 561.6*	121 942.1	70 378.7	40 014.0*	4 459.1 2 235.1	1 999.1 1 070.2		Total JanAug.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 24. - IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. - Continued.

Month		Pig Iron Tons		Hot roll	ed and Sho Tons	eet Iron	C	oal and Coke Tons	 !	Month
<u></u>	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January	70.8	·365.1	710.9*	5 274.2	3 606.3	1 822.4*	30 641.6	69 660.1	38 081.5*	January
February	140.6	221.9	642.2*		1 986.3	1 133.8*		9 590.7		February
March	124.2	10.8	116.1*	3 739.1	2 519.9	1 528.5*		10 041.7	6 524.1*	
April	74.0	152.9	293.2*			1 765.1*		7 688.9		
May	1 667.0	675.2	773.7*	11 306.4	5 050.1	4 857.4*	120 496.8	84 089.2	81 893,7*	May
June	351.7	2 067.0	1 974.7*	8 414.7	4395.6	5 328.3*	120 657.7	110 284.6	124 003,7*	June
July	1 460.3	1 241.7	982.1*	7 440.9	4 800.4	4 429.2*	123 126.3	109 360.7	117 944.0*	July
August	1 427.4	1 699.3	2 212.5*	6 385.8	4194.4	3 320.6*	119 721.5	117 056.9	148 604.1*	August
September	2 154.8	2 633.6		5 962.9	4 171.1		159 638.8	156 268.7		September
October	1 946.9	2 881.4		7 739.0	5 134.7	1	129 913.4	127 600.4		October
November	2 626.8	892.3		4 262.2	4993.2		113 920.4	170 121.1		November
December	611.1	871.8		9 355.5	2 657.9	,	75 699.6	95 870.1		December
Total	12 655.6	13 713.0		77 910.5	45 547.2		1079623.1	1 067 633.1		Total
JanAug.	5 316.0	6 433.9	7 705.4*	50 590.9	28 590.3	24 185.3*	600 450.9	517 772.8	546 320.3*	JanAug.

Month		Raw Cotton Tons			Wool Tons			Petrol Tons		Month
<u> </u>	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November	604.1 396.0 476.3 340.7 438.6 428.0 585.8 471.6 747.3 713.2 862.1	558.0 729.2 723.4 525.0 542.2 324.6 548.2 932.8 345.6 519.6	320.3* 680.8* 473.8* 787.6* 553.2* 689.2* 435.6* 441.3*	46.6 59.7 59.1 81.3 92.2 75.5 99.1 64.3 96.3 90.1	96.3 88.6 102.4 111.5 121.7 66.1 66.0 41.4 76.2 81.2	106.1* 94.6* 118.2* 130.5* 136.6* 105.6* 113.6*	3 900.4 3 268.2 128.7 3 433.4 11 331.9 13 073.7 10 901.4 2 305.7 5 510.5 10 538.1	169.4 145.4 284.2 297.4 2 928.1 1 365.6 6 600.5 6 089.1 6 316.1 2 559.5 15 767.4	612.1* 1 511.2* 610.4* 1 205.6* 2 031.4* 1 730.4*	April May June July August September October
December	1 015.9	705.2 752.6		94.2 80.9	118.5 58.7	į	21 121.3 8 223.2	1659.2		November December
Total JanAug.	7 079.6 3 741.1	7 206.4 4 883.4	4 381.8*	939.6 578.1	1 028.6 694.0	914.0*	93 731.5 48 343.4	56 811.9 17 809.7	13 246.6*	Total JanAug.

### 25. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Meat All Kinds Tons					Month			
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	105.3 154.9 130.7 145.0 117.8 101.7 58.0 47.2 156.2 196.8 170.8 293.6	199.8 266.7 205.9 218.3 249.3 180.3 171.6 161.6 361.0 343.1 460.3 560.5	307.8* 290.8* 235.0* 198.9* 219.7* 179.6* 143.3* 210.2*	1 518.5 1 509.2 1 730.6 2 057.9 1 599.7 1 586.6 1 571.2 903.5 889.7 1 372.6 1 102.4 1 270.5	1 481.7 1 399.0 1 562.1 2 062.2 1 444.6 1 472.2 1 991.2 1 119.4 1 357.7 1 018.1 918.0 1 277.1	1 464.3* 1 400.6* 1 307.6* 1 935.4* 1 240.5* 1 092.4* 1 177.5*	163.6 156.1 136.6 124.4 184.8 139.4 159.3 181.7 272.5 200.4 287.0	282.1 211.4 232.3 226.2 296.2 237.1 179.2 199.9 212.4 200.6 187.0 159.8	276.2* 224.6* 281.5* 193.7* 296.7* 292.8* 253.4*	May June
Total JanAug.	1 678.0 860.6	3 378.4 1 653.5	1 785.3*	17 112.4 12 477.2	17 403.3 12 832.4	10 682.7*	2 123.9 1 245.9	2 620.3 1 860.5	2 086.2*	Total JanAug.

<sup>•</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 25. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. - Continued.

Month		Raw Hides Tons			sawn Timb Kinds excl. 1000 m³		-	awn Timber All Kinds 000 standard		Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	491.6 435.5 369.4 379.4 554.3 338.3 233.9 365.4 540.3 522.7 590.8 324.0	338.9 229.6 211.2 546.5 358.8 260.2 239.7 225.2 256.7 414.6 340.6 328.8	446.4* 354.1* 289.8* 245.7* 184.8* 268.2* 367.9* 256.2*	5.1 4.0 0.6 41.6 311.7 498.0 696.2 526.4 324.6 200.1 56.7 44.9	6.8 0.6 0.7 4.8 85.3 259.7 335.4 301.9 274.9 201.7 141.7 53.3	17.1* 9.2* 12.0* 17.7* 147.5* 206.6* 366.3* 310.8*	9.9 3.8 5.4 16.3 74.8 163.4 166.1 110.3 94.5 121.9 77.6 63.0	9.1 4.3 4.2 5.6 44.5 137.1 134.3 92.4 97.4 95.6 107.8 52.4	4.5* 4.6* 8.2* 28.5* 123.7* 128.3* 82.3*	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanAug.	5 145.6 3 167.8	3 750.8 2 410.1	2 413.1*	2 709.9 2 083.6	1 666.8 995.2	1 087.2*	907.0 550.0	784.7 431.5	389.7*	Total JanAug.

<sup>1</sup> standard sawn timber = 4.672 m<sup>3</sup>.

Month		Plywood Tons			Matches Tons		I	Bobb in s Tons	!	Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1
January	7 477.1	5 072.2	8 236.5*	172.0	172.7	149.1*	466.6	406.6		January
February	7 173.5	5 256.9	11 847.7*	150.5	159.6	231.0*	387.4	369.0		February
March	7 590.5	6 235.2	6 501.3*	219.4	183.7	137.2*	421.5	449.1	414.5*	
April	7 852.7	6 764.0	5 956.0*	285.2	255.9	216.7*	559.8	614.4	370.4*	
May	8 162.9	4 352.2	4 510.0*	236.7	148.4	104.7*	443.0	397.3	356.6*	May
June 📑	6 711.0	4 724.3	4 785.7*	136.3	164.1	206.3*	434.8	417.4	393.9*	June
July	6 613.9	4 851.4	3 606.6*	141.1	103.1	33.2*	413.0	330.5	288.0*	July
August	5 159.5	4 588.2	5 137.8*	135.8	168.4	86.2*	378.1	346.0	334.6*	August
September	6 164.5	4 935.3		179.1	157.8		398.9	388.8		Septembe
October	6 028.3	8 445.6	\ \ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	192.4	130.0		410.5	366.8		October
November	6 956.7	9 983.3		200.7	233.0		271.4	359.7		Novembe
December	6 308.1	10 552.2		309.7	184.6		244.0	373.6		December
Total	82 198.7	75 710.8		2 358.9	2 061.3		4 829.0	4 819.2		Total
JanAug.	56 741.1	41 844.4	50 581.6*	1 477.0	1 355.9	1 164.4*	3 504.2	3 330.3	3116.6*	JanAug

Month	Mech	anical l	Pulp <sup>1</sup> )	Su	Iphite Cellul Tons	lose	Sulphate Cellulose Tons			Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August August October November December	14 892.9 9 357.9 8 987.9 14 041.0 12 545.0 15 380.1 13 823.7 10 315.1 14 781.1 13 025.7 14 675.7 15 616.4	13 850.3 7 469.4 12 673.4 10 207.7 21 236.7 13 369.6 16 404.9 14 623.5 14 439.6 10 369.0 12 367.8 10 382.8	15 192.5* 10 909.3* 7 309.4* 10 861.5* 20 820.3* 18 014.6* 14 534.2* 18 270.2*	29 144.3 28 165.3 30 200.1 31 738.7 26 247.1	28 765.1 20 618.7 21 301.1 28 524.8 38 905.5 26 891.3 35 797.4 35 469.5 42 3507.6 49 222.9 62 625.8	30 830.9* 48 686.4* 30 569.3* 39 056.3* 42 270.7* 47 605.5* 46 630.7* 47 295.0*	7 810.8 12 032.0 8 394.1 8 014.8 11 443.3	11 458.3 8 957.3 13 448.9 13 164.0 18 349.1 15 629.7 14 687.3 16 802.4 18 749.1 18 512.8 22 417.1 32 021.0	9 660.2* 17 659.3* 15 613.9* 14 342.1* 17 388.8* 14 907.1*	February March April May June July
Total JanAug.	]	157 394.7 109 835.5	1		424 188.8 236 273.4		II	204 197.0 112 497.0	130 586.8*	Total JanAug.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations. —  $^{1}$ ) Dry weight.

### 25. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Cardboard Tons			Paper All Kinds Tons		(Included	Newsprint l in previou Tons	s column)	Month
<u> </u>	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	4 707.0 3 623.7 3 740.9 4 223.4 3 286.7 3 828.9 3 229.6 4 399.1 4 110.3 3 680.0 3 509.3 4 542.3	2 953.6 3 218.0 3 752.0 3 559.9 3 656.8 3 580.9 3 853.8 3 567.2 3 374.5 5 002.5 5 289.0 5 646.5	6 244.7* 4 059.8* 5 626.4* 3 982.7* 4 526.7* 3 876.4* 4 905.3*	21 804.5 20 967.2 20 659.7 21 379.3 21 436.1 20 851.2 20 054.6 24 126.0 20 952.1 21 895.9	20 141.3 17 331.7 23 048.1 23 266.3 21 827.3 22 425.0 23 914.4 25 676.9 23 993.0 22 905.7 23 127.5 28 714.2	24 526.3* 18 838.5* 27 102.0* 22 392.0* 22 448.4* 24 727.9* 24 672.4*	14 514.3 17 750.0 14 893.8 16 190.2			April May June July
Total   JanAug.	46 881.2 31 039.3	47 494.7 28 182.2			276 371.4 177 631.0		187 812.7 124 464.4		130 910.8*	Total JanAug.

### 26. — FOREIGN TRADE WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

		(C.	Imports I. F. Valu	e)			(F.	Exports O. B. Valu	te)	
Country	Janı	uary—Augu	ıst	Whole	Year	Jan	uary—Aug	ust	Whole	Year
	198	32	1931	1931	1930	193	2	1931	1931	1930
Europe:	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	%	Mill, Fmk	%	%	%	%
Belgium	60.8	3.1	4.1	3.5	3.1	141.4	5.0	5.4	5.9	5.5
Denmark		3.7	3.8	3.7	3.7	80.6	2.8	3.5	3.3	3.9
Estonia	17.6	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.7	37.3	1.3	0.4	0.4	0,4
France		2.4	3.2	2.6	2.3	185.8	6.6	7.2	7.2	7.
Germany	585.1	29.5	36.1	34.9	36.9	206.7	7.3	9.2	8.4	12.
Great Britain	383.9	19.3	12.1	12.6	13.6	1 353.8	47.8	44.0	44.7	39.
Holland	91.6	4.6	5.2	5.0	4.4	80.7	2.9	5.0	5.1	5.
Italy Latvia	40.5	2.0	1.4	1.6	0.8	31.2	1.1	0.8	0.7	0.
Latvia	3.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	5.3	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.
Vorway	1 28.0 1	1.4	0.9	1.1	1.0	15.8	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.
Poland (and Danzig)		2.7	2.6	3.2	2.2	3.6	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.
Russia		4.9	2.3	2.8	2.5	34.9	1.2	2.9	2.2	4.
Sweden	155.4	7.8	8.3	8.3	7.4	76.7	2.7	3.0	2.9	2.
Switzerland	12.3	0.6	1.4	1.1	0.7	4.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	Q.
Spain	17.5	0.9	0.6	0.6	0.4	41.2	1.5	0.9	1.1	1.
Other European countries	37.9	1.9	2.7	2.7	3.0	15.3	0.5	0.4	0.6	<u> </u>
Total Europe	1 707.8	85.9	86.0	84.8	83.0	2 314.6	81.8	83.4	83.3	84.
						}		_		_
Asia	14.2	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5	72.9	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.
Africa	2.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	43.0	1.5	1.3	1.8	2.
United States Other States of North	157.9	8.0	10.4	10.8	12.1	297.8	10.5	9.7	9.3	7.
America	l I	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.8	19.6	0.7	0.4	0.5	0
South America		4.2	1.9	2.2	2.4	75.1	2.6	2.4	2.2	2
Australia		0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	7.7	0.3	0.2	0.2	0
Grand Total	<del>'' </del>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2 830.7	100.0	100.0	100.0	100

According to figures supplied by the Statistical Department of the Board of Customs.

The country of import indicates (from January 1, 1918) the land in which goods were purchased, and country of export the land to which goods were sold.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

### 27. — IMPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year and	Total		Group	Indices			Det	ails		Year and
Month	All Kinds	Foodstuffs	Raw Ma- terials	Machinery		Cereals and their prod.	Woollen articles	Cotton articles	Agricultur- al Require- ments	Month
1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanMarch JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	1 072 915 958 1 052 984 945 955 913 750 634 776 783 780 756 732 725 720 717	1 150 963 998 1 110 1 058 1 044 1 005 928 700 552 725 743 734 715 710 705 695 685	1 041 926 955 1 037 974 923 983 981 910 763 649 790 774 778 747 715 706 707 710	820 728 763 867 871 873 826 877 795 833 907 906 918 870 895 907	987 826 901 928 881 834 839 750 812 882 878 864 821 810 794 800	1 323 936 984 1 230 1 089 1 158 1 110 982 752 586 739 742 745 714 723 715 711	1 127 916 1 037 1 151 1 033 1 018 1 045 1 071 1 010 902 993 1 057 1 060 1 036 1 023 1 017 1 012 1 015	1 210 1 169 1 276 1 247 1 063 965 1 035 1 017 880 651 854 789 782 730 702 678 678	1 066 897 932 1 066 999 980 1 084 994 834 745 973 922 887 885 873 875 888 875	1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 JanFebr. JanMarch JanMarch JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.

The import- and export-indices have been calculated by the Statistical Dept. of the Board of Customs in the following manner: the quantities of imports and, respectively, exports for the current year have been multiplied by the average price for the class of goods in question in 1913, after which the import (or export) value for the current year has been calculated in percentage of the sum thus obtained for purposes of comparison.

This import-price index is lower than the wholesale price index because the import-price index is not influenced by the custom-duties.

duties.

### 28. — EXPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year and	Total				Det	ails				Year and
Month	All Kinds	Fresh Meat	Butter	Cheese	Sawn Timber	Unsawn Timber	Mechanic- al Pulp	Chemical Pulp	Paper	Month
1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931	1 180 1 145 1 090 1 111 1 092 1 092 1 092 1 060 993 806	1 075 1 083 1 045 1 026 951 1 069 1 158 1 064 1 008 891	1 351 1 121 1 250 1 303 1 166 1 133 1 231 1 163 934 820	1 066 985 1 088 1 013 884 911 1 008 914 796 742	1 066 1 118 1 077 1 063 1 057 1 092 1 114 1 071 1 031 801	1 160 1 315 1 214 1 316 1 252 1 288 1 401 1 472 1 449 1 228	2 002 1 708 1 365 1 384 1 489 1 272 1 104 1 155 1 180 997	1 355 1 264 1 103 1 181 1 209 1 164 1 050 1 064 1 016 801	1 198 958 924 935 940 907 853 796 760 691	1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929 1930 1931
1932 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	821 836 826 814 813 808 810 808	922 923 901 893 885 879 870	899 903 881 842 821 806 804 798	805 792 777 773 767 756 754 753	902 893 890 887 861 823 825 825	1 114 1 100 1 056 1 074 1 052 1 047 1 058 1 046	1 115 1 102 1 104 1 107 1 070 1 051 1 036 1 008	753 824 827 826 832 827 820 813	687 676 674 667 674 677 685 686	1932 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.

Besides the total index the table contains indices for only a few of the most important exports. See in addition remarks under Table No. 27.

### 29. — INDEX NUMBER FOR QUANTITIES OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. 1)

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Whole Year	Jan Aug.	Year
	11						Imp	orts							
1913	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.o	1913
1928	173.9	194.9	212.1	183.2	158.3	170.3	144.0	190.9	161.2	150.5	163.5	173.2	169.4	175.1	1928
1929	174.6	128.4	116.7	220.9	167.2	169.0	168.7	171.7	131.4	121.8	135.7	173.2	154.8	166.2	1929
1930	124.0	127.5	135.1	168.1	123.6	137.9	140.3	149.0	127.7	130.7	166.1	168.2	141.2	137.9	1930
1931	101.1	95.9	110.2	126.3	96.7	112.0	111.6	118.2	117.6	102.2	128.1	97.6	110.4	109.1	1931
1932	73.4	78.4	73.8	97.7	86.7	104.2	98.9	117.4					. !	93.0	1932
					•		Ехр	orts							
1913	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.01	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.o	1913
1928	171.1	159.0	202.8	132.7	124.3	96.0	118.4	141.6	142.3	154.9	182.6	174.2	141.2	130.0	1928
1929	222.3	123.4	139,2	213.8	132.3	129.2	129.4	157.4	132.1	162.0	176.1	166.6	149.8	146.2	1929
1930	245.5	188.6	205.0	197.2	129.6	131.7	119.2	101.8	94.9	133.4	140.8	155.1	134.5	139.7	1930
1931	219.3	165.4	206.4	185.3	117.4	119.5	108.4	98.9	112.5	124.1	183.0	213.9	136.5	129.4	1931
1932	251.7	265.5	194.5	214.3	110.3	126.6	108.0	101.3						138.8	1932

<sup>3)</sup> Value of imports and exports calculated on the basis of the prices for 1913 and expressed in percentage of imports and exports for 1913 during the corresponding period.

### 30. — TOTAL SALES OF SOME WHOLESALE FIRMS. 1)

Month			Month					
	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	154.4 163.0 222.6 224.9 203.0 207.5 207.6 231.8 240.5 243.0 234.4 182.3	178.2 199.3 254.8 236.0 233.4 224.8 219.0 256.1 275.8 279.8 269.7 185.2	239.1 255.5 334.4 278.8 278.8 266.6 258.8 302.8 318.7 350.1 287.7 209.0	239.1 257.3 277.0 335.8 302.7 271.4 291.5 299.9 298.3 299.3 229.0 214.5	206.2 214.9 264.9 298.6 277.7 234.9 243.2 257.1 250.7 247.8 247.2 185.2	152.9 151.2 205.3 227.4 220.7 203.0 202.6 200.4 204.4 265.9 236.7 193.3	143.8 141.0 183.4 220.6 219.2 210.3 227.3 240.9	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanAug.	2 515.0 1 614.8	2 812.1 1 801.6	3 388.2 2 222.7	3 310.8 2 274.7	2 928.4 1 997.5	2 463.8 1 563.5	1 586.5	Total JanAug.

<sup>1)</sup> According to information supplied by nine wholesale firms — either co-operative or limited liability companies — the total sales of which represent about 1/3 of the whole turnover of all wholesalers in Finland.

### 31. — INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION.

Month							Quantities of products of export industries						Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	Month	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	100 108 108 98 107 97 87 104 112 98 107 103	117 124 126 109 111 126 122 113 118 127 125	119 110 108 125 118 117 130 119 108 109 106 95	105 98 92 105 110 100 108 106 104 107 105 121	84 79 76 85 85 87 79 78 77 97 96	79 78 69 88 88 88	106 107 107 107 107 107 114 125 141 134 122 140	115 120 120 109 113 123 113 116 124 131 125 117	113 111 104 119 105 111 116 116 117 117 117 118 118	105 107 112 110 119 107 109 103 100 98 99 105	99 104 101 99 97 104 100 91 83 88 101	108 114 102 114 103 101	January February March April May June July August September October November December	

The index of value referring to the production of the home industries is given according to figures published in the \*Unitas\*. The index is calculated on the basis of adjusted monthly figures for 1926.

The index of quantity referring to the production of the exporting industries is calculated according to similar principles.

### 32. — FOREIGN SHIPPING.

	H												<del></del>
			A	rrivals			٠		Sa	ilings			
Month	Wi	th Cargo	In	Ballast		Cotal	Wi	th Cargo	In	Ballast	7	Cotal	Month
	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	
1932													1932
January	116	89 698			175	134 649	175	140 852	10	10 374	185	151 226	January
February	108	85 572			· 167	150 970	149	135 687			155	137 554	February
March	104	80 943		28 588	129	109 531	127	111 763	7	5 091	134	116 854	March
April	128				162	144 102							April
May	321	180 316			571				149				
June	428										861		
July	∥ 382												
August	∥ 382	250 919	322	213 354	704	464 273	595	419 561	121	40 421	716	459 982	
September				[			ļ						September
October							1		}				October
November									ļ				November
December	ll	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l		<u> </u>	1				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	December
JanAug. 1931	1 969	1 258 343	1 568	1 071 847	1)3 537	2 330 190	3 028	2 105 202	575	184 476	°)3 603	2 290 678	JanAug. 1931
	2 037	1 326 261	1 541	1 014 383	3 578	2 340 644	3 091	2 038 285	558	256 050	3 649	2 294 335	
JanAug. <sup>1</sup> ) Of wh	ich 16	76 Finnish	vessel	s and 1 861	foreign	vessels.	II- 301	, <b></b>	, 500	,	,		11
") »	<ul> <li>18</li> </ul>	24. ♦	•	• 1779	•	*							

33. — SHIPPING WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES AND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

	OI DIMING WITH VIMOUS COUNTRIES THIS THIS TICE										
Country of departure		vals ¹) ig. 1932		Country of departure	Arriv JanAu	g. 1932	Sailings 1) JanAug. 1932				
and destination	Number of Vessels	1000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1000 Reg. tons Net.	and destination	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Ves <b>se</b> ls	1000 Reg. tons Net.		
Europe:					Asia	1	1.3	3	5.4		
Belgium	87	94.5	151	159.6	Africa	2	3.1	12	22.7		
Danzig	72	42.4	24	9.4	United States	31	115.1	51	149.3		
Denmark	334	237.7	218	70.5	Other States						
Estonia	414	94.1	411	43.4	of America	13	38.4	16	45.9		
France	51	48.8	167	134.5	Australia	1	2.6				
Germany	532	390.0	405	295.1	Total	48	160.5	82	223.3		
Great Britain	471	506.3	847	868.1	10001	40		<del>-</del>			
Holland	71	66.1	70	49.0	Grand Total	3 537	2 330.2	3 603	2 290.7		
Latvia	42 45	31.5	22	7.9	,		D MOAKE		•		
Norway		31.6	26	23.4	ŀ	PASSENGE	K TKAFF	1C. <sup>2</sup> )			
Russia	108	29.0	196	101.5		Ar	rived	L	ft		
Sweden	1 126	470.9	890	223.6	Month		Of whom		Of whom		
Spain	9	10.1	40	39.9		Total	Foreigners	Total	Foreigners		
Other countries	127	116.7	54	41.5	<del></del>		<del>†                                      </del>	i i	<del>i</del>		
Total Europe	3 489	2 169.7	3 521	2 067.4	August 1932		5 603	8 731	7 005		
. Toom Haropol	0 100	1 100	J 5 521	2001.2	JanAug. 1932	38 564	26 460	33 108	23 123		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>) Vessels with cargo and in ballast together. — <sup>2</sup>) Sea-traffic. Passenger traffic overland is at present insignificant. According to figures supplied by the Statistical Office of the Shipping Board.

### 34. — STATE RAILWAYS.

Month	Weig	Weight of Goods Trans- ported 1000 Tons 1930 1931 1932		Axie-kilometres of Goods-trucks Mill. Km.			(less I	Revenue te-imbur Mill, Fm	sements)	Mu. Fink			End of Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930¹)	1931 ¹)	1932 ¹)	1930	1931	1932	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	738.6 631.3	678.5* 727.0* 727.0* 623.3* 733.7* 830.8* 802.0* 652.4* 682.9* 739.9* 673.5* 632.6*	649.4* 811.8* 708.0* 678.2* 725.5* 799.7* 759.5*	42.6 51.7 55.5 49.5 55.9 54.5 62.2 52.7 47.9 43.3 39.6 36.8	42.0 47.3 51.0 44.8 45.2 48.8 51.7 43.2 41.7 44.8 41.0 38.1	42.3 51.3 49.9 50.0 46.2 50.3 47.1	58.0 60.1 67.9 69.6 69.8 75.4 75.6 71.2 64.4 60.8 54.5	56.7* 53.8* 60.0* 59.3* 58.5* 62.9* 66.0* 57.3* 55.7* 49.7* 60.5*	52.1* 54.4* 57.7* 56.6* 55.3* 62.7* 59.0*	56.7	49.9* 56.7* 61.0* 61.0* 63.3* 51.7* 50.1* 57.3* 50.1* 65.0*	53.5* 59.2* 51.9* 57.1* 66.6*	May
		8 503.6* 5 122.3*	5 132.1*	592.2 371.9		337.1	789.7 476.4	693.5* 417.2*		723.9 422.4	669.0* 395.0*	393.0*	Total JanJuly

According to Finnish State Railways' Preliminary Monthly Statistics.

1) At the final closing of the books the figures for income and expenditure will alter to a certain extent, in some cases quite considerably. The difference between the results based on preliminary data and the final figures will be adjusted in the figures for December.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor attentions.

### 35. — INDEX NUMBER OF COST OF LIVING. 1)

Month	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Rent	Fuel	Tobacco	Newspapers	Taxes	Total Cost of Living	Monthly Movement	Month
1914 JanJune	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	_	1914 JanJune
1929	1,124	1 055	1 457	1 454	1 299	1 175	2 086	1 225	ļ —	1929
1930	971	1 044	1 471	1 393	1 301	1 175	2097	1 129	<del> </del>	1930
1931	869	1 001	1 404	1 050	1 379	1 175	2 136	1 038		1931
1931 August September October November December	848	1 000 984 973 974 976	1 373 1 373 1 373 1 373 1 373	1 024 951 929 923 914	1 393 1 390 1 389 1 392 1 392	1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175	2 150 2 150 2 150 2 150 2 150 1 982	1 034 1 013 1 013 1 036 1 048	$     \begin{array}{r}       +13 \\       -21 \\       -1 \\       +23 \\       +12     \end{array} $	1931 August September October November December
1932 January February March April May June July August	916 908 911 886 876 871 886 898	977 978 982 980 980 979 979	1 373 1 373 1 373 1 373 1 373 1 264 1 264 1 264	907 887 881 881 870 866 860	1 403 1 429 1 458 1 470 1 482 1 490 1 490 1 515	1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175	1 982 1 982 1 982 1 982 1 982 1 982 1 982 1 982	1 046 1 041 1 043 1 028 1 021 1 003 1 012 1 020	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1932 January February March April May June July August

1) From the beginning of 1921 onwards a new official index has been drawn up differing from that published in the Bulletin for 1922 in that the whole first half of 1914 forms the basis (= 100) for the same, and that the rise in taxation is also included. The index is calculated by the Statistical Bureau of the Ministry of Social Affairs and is based on monthly reports from 21 different centres; it shows the rise in the cost of living for a workingman's family of normal size, the income of which amounted during the years 1908—1909 to 1600—2000 Fmk, assuming that the average monthly consumption within the same remained unaltered. The index for total cost of living is the average based on weight of the different indices.

#### 36. — WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX.

		•						,, 1101	31404F	- L	MUD	LIVE							
			Inc	dex for	goods	in the	Finnis	h who	lesale 1	rade			To	tal ind	lex	To	tal ind	ex .	
Month	T	otal in	lex		oducts ricultu			roducts ne indi		Imp	orted a	goods	imp	for orted g	aboo	өхро	for rted g	oods	Month
	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	1930	1931	1932	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct.	94 93 92 92 90 90 90 89. 88	86 86 86 85 84 83 82 81 79 82	94 93 92 89 88 87 89	89 88 85 82 82 86 83 78	74 74 75 73 71 70 71 70 66 67	78 78 77 73 72 71 73 72	98 97 97 96 96 96 96 95	94 93 93 93 92 90 89 89 87	94 95 95 94 93 93 93 93	91 90 89 88 87 86 85 84 83 82	82 82 81 80 79 78 77 76 81	101 98 94 91 90 88 92 93	89 88 85 84 82 81 79 77	73 72 71 71 69 68 68 66 65 72	95 91 87 82 81 81 87 89	96 95 94 93 92 92 91 90 87	80 79 78 76 73 71 69 68 67	77 75 72 71	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct.
Nov. Dec.	87 86	87 92		74 73	72 78		95 94	89 92		83 83	90 99		75 74	83 95		82 81	69 79		Nov. Dec.
Whole vear	90	84		82	72		96	91		86	82		81	73		90	73		Whole year

The wholesale price index is worked out at the Central Statistical Office. — The first group of indices is based on the quantity of goods in local wholesale trade in Finland, whereas the indices for imported and exported goods are based on the total quantities of goods imported or exported, including the movement of such goods as are in no way intended for wholesale trade in Finland. The average prices for 1926 are taken as a basis. There is no direct weighing of the data regarding prices, but indirect weighing has been carried out by each class of goods being represented by the number of commodities which corresponds to the calculated importance of the class in wholesale trade. The averages are arithmetical averages.

### 37. — NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED.

		1930			1931			19	932		•
End of Month	Male	Female .	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Monthly Move- ment	End of Month
January February March April May June July August September	10 362 8 664 8 185 6 134 3 910 2 868 3 073 4 000 5 638	2 389 2 120 1 877 1 140 756 685 953 1 288 1 519	12 751 10 784 10 062 7 274 4 666 3 553 4 026 5 288 7 157	9 728 9 431 9 382 9 520 6 053 5 073 5 356 7 035 9 625	1 978 2 126 2 109 2 064 1 289 1 247 1 434 2 125 2 551	11 706 11 557 11 491 11 584 7 342 6 320 6 790 9 160 12 176	16 540 14 742 13 836 13 404 9 971 9 818 10 298 12 889	4 404 4 114 3 863 3 481 3 218 2 891 2 980 4 077	20 944 18 856 17 699 16 885 13 189 12 709 13 278 16 966	+ 3 721 - 2 088 - 1 157 - 814 - 3 696 - 480 + 569 + 3 688	January February March April May June July August September
October November December	8 592 8 955 8 001	1 687 1 785 1 335	10 279 10 740 9 336	11 795 14 231 13 695	3 029 3 864 3 528	14 824 18 095 17 223					October November December

This table, prepared from the weekly reports of the Labour Exchange Department of the Ministry of Social Affairs, shows the number of unemployed registered in the books of the communal labour exchanges in the majority of towns and a very small part of the rural centres of population at the close of the week nearest to the month's end. As agricultural labourers and skilled artisans proper register, up to the present, only in a minority of cases at the communal labour exchanges, the table does not give a complete review of the number of unemployed, but is to be regarded more as symptomatic.

### 38. — CESSATION OF WORK.

	Initia	ted cessation	a of work		tion of work om preceding			Tota	I	
Month	number	affec	ting	number	affec	eting	number	affec	ting	Month
	number	employers	hands	number	employers	hands	rumber	employers	hands	
1930 August September October November December			111111		-		_ _ _ _	_	=======================================	1930 August September October November December
1931 January February March April May June July August September October November December	- - - - 1	- - - - - - 1	53	11111111111		ППППП		- - - - - 1	53	1931 January February March April May June July August September October November December
1932 January February March April May June July August	1 1 1 - -	1 1 1 - - -	58 165 61 — — — —	- 1 - - - -	1 - - - - -	58 	1 2 1 — —	1 2 1 - - -	58 223 61 — —	1932 January February March April May June July August

The above particulars which are of a preliminary nature, have been compiled by the Statistical Bureau of the Ministry of Social Affairs. The majority of cases of cessation of work were described as strikes.

### CERTAIN PARTICULARS ABOUT FINLAND.

#### 1. FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

Finland formed a part of the kingdom of Sweden from 1154 to 1809; after 1809 it was an autonomous Grand Duchy connected with Russia up to December 6th, 1917, when Finland declared its independence, which was acknowledged by all the Powers including Soviet Russia. It became a republic in 1919. The legislative power of the country is vested in the Diet and the President. The highest executive power is held by the President chosen for a period of 6 years. The present President P. E. Svinhufvud is elected for the term 1 March, 1931, to 1 March, 1937.

The Diet, composed of 200 members, is elected by universal suffrage. The proportions of the different parties in the Diet elected in 1930 are as follows:

	Number	cent
Unionist party	. 42	21.0
Agrarian party	. 60	30.0
Progressive party	. 10	5.0
Swedish party	. 20	10.0
Swedish left	. 1	0.5
Small farmers' party	. 1	0.5
Social-Democratic party	. 66	33.0

#### 2. LAND.

THE AREA is 388,217 square kilometres = 149,981 square miles, (Great Britain's area is 89,047 sq. m. and Italy's area 117,982 sq. m.). Of the total area 11.5 % are lakes. On an average 10.8 % of the land in the south of Finland is cultivated, 0.9 % in the North, 6.3 % of the whole land. Of the land area 25.3 mill. ha (62.5 mill. acres) or 78.4 % are covered by forests.

THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE in the coldest month is in S. W. Finland —  $5^{\circ}$  to —  $6^{\circ}$  C., in Lappland —  $15^{\circ}$  C. and during the warmest month +  $15^{\circ}$  and +  $13^{\circ}$  to +  $14^{\circ}$  C. resp. The average temperature in Helsinki (Helsingfors) is +  $4.6^{\circ}$  (in Oslo +  $5.4^{\circ}$ , in Montreal +  $5.4^{\circ}$ , in Moscow +  $3.6^{\circ}$ ). The ground is covered by snow in the South for about 100 days, in Central Finland for 150 to 180 days, in Lappland about 210 days.

#### 3. POPULATION.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS (1930): 3.7 millions (of which 0.8 million emigrants), Sweden (1930) 6.1, Switzerland (1929) 4.1, Denmark (1930) 3.5 and Norway (1930) 2.8 millions.

DENSITY OF POPULATION (1980): In South-Finland 18.6, in North-Finland 2.5 and in the whole country an average of 10.7 inhabitants to the square kilometre.

LANGUAGE (1930): Finnish speaking 89.4 %, Swedish speaking 10.1 %, others 0.5 %.

RELIGION (1928): Lutheran 96.8 %, Greek-Orthodox 1.7 %, others 1.5 %.

DISTRIBUTION (1930): 81.4 % of the population inhabit the country, 18.6 % the towns and urban districts. The largest towns are (1929): Helsinki (Helsingfors), the capital, 234,096 inhabitants, Turku (Åbo) 65,291, Viipuri (Wiborg) 55,010, Tampere (Tammerfors) 54,824.

EDUCATION (1920): Amongst persons over 15 years of age only 1.0 % are illiterate. There are three universities founded 1640, 1917 and 1920.

INCREASE OF POPULATION (1930): Births 20.6 % ode deaths 13.2 % (on France in 1930 15.7 % od in England in 1930 11.4 % od), natural increase 7.4 % od.

#### 4. INDUSTRY.

PROPORTIONS OF OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATION (1920): agriculture 65.1 %, industry and manual labour 14.8 %, commerce 3.4 %, other occupations 16.7 %.

OWNERSHIP OF LAND. The land area is distributed among different classes of owners approximately as follows: private 52.1 %, State 39.7 %, Joint Stock Companies 6.5 %, communities 1.7 %.

FOREST RESOURCES. The growing stock of the forest is 1,620 million m³ (57,213 million cubic feet). The merchantable timber (measuring 20 cm at breast height = 6 in. at a height of 18 ft.) amounts to 1,557 million trees. Of this number pine is represented by 61 %, spruce by 28 %, the conifers thus constituting 89 % or 1,384 million trees, leaftrees, mostly birch, 11 % or 173 million trees. The annual increment is 44.5 million m³ (1,568 million cub.ft.). The annual fellings according to earlier calculations are 40 million m³ (1,413 million cub. ft.). In North Finland the increment is much larger than the fellings, but in South Finland excess felling occurs locally.

AGRICULTURE. Cultivated land 2.2 million hectars, divided as follows: area under cultivation 0.4—10 hectars 33.8 %, 10—50 ha 48.9 %, 50—100 ha 9.3 %, over 100 ha 8.0 %. Cultivated land is divided between the different kinds of crops as follows: 47.1 % hay, 21.3 % oats, 10.2 % rye, 5.1 % barley, 3.2 % potatoes, 13.2 % other. The number of dairies in 1928 amounted to 630.

INDUSTRY (1930): Number of industrial concerns 3,773, hands 144,931, gross value of products of industry 11,285 million marks.

LENGTH OF RAILWAYS (1930): 5,331 km, of which 5,065 km State railways and 266 km private. The gauge is 1,524 m.

COMMERCIAL FLEET (1931): Steamships 527 (151,266 reg. tons net), motor vessels 150 (15,145 r. t.), salling ships 311 (64,621 r. t.), lighters 3,729 (266,179 r. t.). Total 4,717 (497,211 r. t.).

#### 5. FINANCE AND BANKING.

CURRENCY. Since 1860 Finland has its own monetary system. From 1877 up to the Great War the currency maintained its stable gold value and after the disturbances caused by the war Finland has again from January 1st, 1926, a gold standard. The unit of currency is the mark (Finnish \*markka\*) = 100 pennis. The gold value of 100 marks is equal to \$ 2.5185 = £ —. 10 s. 4 ½ d.

STATE FINANCES. According to the balance sheet for 1930 the State revenue was 4,398.1 million marks of which 4,275.4 million marks were ordinary revenue, and State expenditure 4,738.7 million marks, of which 3,834.0 million marks were ordinary expenditure. The principal sources of revenue were as follows: State property and undertakings 1,458.2, direct taxes 604.2, indirect taxes 1,615.5, miscellaneous taxes 212.5, charges 230.3, miscellaneous revenue 154.4. The value of State property in 1922 is estimated at 11,150.6 million marks. For National Debt see table 19 in this issue.

MUNICIPAL FINANCES. According to the Budget for 1931 expenditure amounted to 1,365.0 million marks. Income from taxation was in 1929 428.4 million marks, taxed income 6,380.2 million marks. The communal income tax (not progressive) averaged 6.7 % of the ratepayers' income.

THE BANK OF ISSUE. The Bank of Finland, (founded in 1811) is a State Bank. Its head-office is in Helsinki (Helsingfors) with branches in Turku (Åbo), Pori (Björneborg), Vaasa (Vasa), Oulu (Uleaborg), Kuopio, Joensuu, Sortavala, Viipuri (Wiborg), Mikkeli (S:t Michel), Tampere (Tammerfors), Hämeenlinna (Tavastehus), Jyväskylä and Kotka.

THE JOINT STOCK BANKS (1932): Number 12, possess 498 branch offices, where all kinds of banking business is transacted. Including all banks, there is one banking establishment per 6,600 inhabitants.

The largest banks are: Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken and Helsingfors Aktiebank, all with head offices in the capital.

OTHER BANKS (1930): Mortgage banks 7, Savings banks 478, Co-operative Credit Societies 1,419 and a Central Bank for the latter.

### FARMERS' INDEBTEDNESS IN FINLAND.

BY

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#### INDEBTEDNESS IN FORMER YEARS.

There are no comprehensive data concerning farmers' debts prior to the Great War and during its course. However, the income and property taxation statistics for 1921 provide excellent material which illustrates the indebtedness at the end of that year. The taxation statistics contain particulars concerning the extent of the indebtedness of those farmers, who sent in full returns to the taxation authorities. The taxed property of the farmers who submitted returns represented 92.3 per cent of the taxed property of all farmers. On the basis of the figures of such farmers the indebtedness of all farmers was then calculated. The following figures indicate the absolute extent of the indebtedness and their extent in proportion to the assets in the different provinces.

Farmers'	indebtedness	at the	6na	of 1921	

Province, Mill	. mks.	In % of assets.
Uusimaa (Nyland)	132	11.7
Turku—Pori (Åbo—Björneborg)	214	9.3
Ahvenanmaa (Aland)	2	1.9
Häme (Tavastehus)	155 .	8.0
Viipuri (Wiborg)	91	4.7
Mikkeli (S:t Michel)	54	6.8
Kuopio	88	7.0
Vaasa (Vasa)	107	3.5
Oulu (Üleåborg)	72	6.3
Whole country	915	6.7

Thus, in 1921, which could be considered the peak of prosperity in agriculture, farmers' debts in the whole country amounted to 915 million marks or 6.7 per cent of their assets. The fact that their debts in that year amounted to a comparatively low figure is, of course, due to the farmers having been relieved through inflation of the larger part of their former indebtedness. If we examine farmers' indebtedness in various parts of the country, we see that their

indebtedness in South and South-West Finland, i. e., in the most important agricultural areas, was greater than elsewhere.

With regard to the course of indebtedness during the following decade no other information is available than is provided by the so-called "accountancy farms" for the purpose of compiling statistics regarding the yield of agriculture. The figures indicate the extent of indebtedness in proportion to the assets. these figures are instructive, they are given below. For the sake of comparison the figures are added for some of the previous years. It should be noted that the data for the last years of the war and the post-war years are inapplicable for the reason that the value of the assets is included in the statistics at the original purchase price, so that this value does not represent the actual value during the years referred to expressed in paper marks. Since 1921 the values are more reliable, as all the assets were then revalued in accordance with current prices.

In proportion to the assets the indebtedness amounted on an average to the following:

		70
1912		14.5
1913		13.3
1914		18.5
1915		16.5
1916		15.0
1921	4	6.6
1922		7.5
1923		8.8
1924		9.9
1925		10.6
1926		11.0
1927		11.1
1928		12.2
1929		13.8
<b>19</b> 30		15.4

The figures in the yield and taxation statistics for 1921 are in striking agreement, seeing that in proportion to the assets the indebtedness, according to the yield statistics, amounted to 6.6 and according to the taxation statistics to 6.7 per cent. During the following years the indebtedness grew year by year, and in 1930 it was almost 2½ times as large as in 1921. This development has brought it about that farmers, after the recovery in 1921, are at present in a worse position than in the years before the war.

The same statistics prove that the position has grown worse particularly in the case of small farmers and large estates: in the case of small mediumsized farms (with an area of 10—25 ha of arable land) the debts increased in proportion to the assets during 1921—1930 from 7.6 to 11.9 per cent, and in the case of mediumsized farms (area of 25—50 ha) from 9.3 to 14.1 per cent, but in the case of small farms (area under 10 ha) from 4.4 to 15.4 per cent and in the case of large mediumsized farms (area of 50—100 ha) from 5.1 to 17.1 per cent and in the case of large farms (area over 100 ha) from 4.3 to 21.6 per cent.

An investigation into the indebtedness of farmers at the end of 1929 was made by Dr O. W. Willandt, though it did not include more than 1,789 farms. According to Dr Willandt's calculations only 6,656 marks or 26.6 per cent of the total indebtedness per farm, amounting to 24,976 marks, was incurred before 1925, whereas 18,320 marks or 73.4 per cent was incurred during 1925—1929.

According to these statistics the indebtedness per hectare of arable land was heaviest in the case of farms covering 25—50 ha of arable land and least in the case of farms with an area of 10—25 ha of arable land. The indebtedness per hectare of the total area was heaviest in the class exceeding 50 ha and least in the class of 10—25 ha. In regard to the different districts the indebtedness per hectare of the total area was largest in South Finland and least in North

Finland, and in proportion to the area of arable land in South-East Finland.

With the help of the available material Dr Willandt calculated the total burden of agricultural indebtedness in the whole country and obtained a sum of about 6,000 million marks. Of this borrowed sum 27.0 per cent had been lent by private persons, 20.9 per cent by the co-operative credit societies, 17.0 per cent by the Joint Stock banks, 16.8 per cent by the Savings banks, 7.0 per cent by the State, 5.9 per cent by insurance companies, 3.9 per cent by the Finnish Mortgage Society and 1.5 per cent by others.

#### INDEBTEDNESS IN 1931-1932.

As it was considered that Dr Willandt's investigation embraced material that was too restricted and further elucidation of the indebtedness of farmers was necessary in other respects, the Central Statistical Office was instructed by the Government last spring to draw up fresh statistics of farmers' indebtedness at the end of 1931. This investigation is based on the income and property tax returns received by the taxation authorities. In view of the expense and the short time available it was necessary to restrict the investigation to a few representative farming communes. These communes were subsequently combined according to the same geographical farming areas that were employed in Dr Willandt's investigation.

When the new investigation was started at the beginning of April this year, a large number of income tax returns had not yet been dealt with by the taxation authorities. Although the data are consequently deficient in some respects, the figures for the indebtedness propably correspond to the facts. In the majority of cases, too, exact figures are available of the area of the farms.

The investigation included 25,307 farmers of whom 6,683 were in South Finland, 9,586 in Central Finland, 3,170 in South-East Finland, 4,565 in Ostrobothnia and 1,303 in North Finland.

Of all the farmers included in the statistics 12,307 or 48.6 per cent were entirely free from debt. If we examine the different size classes into which the farms are grouped according to the area of arable land, the number of farmers free from debt was smallest in the group that includes farms of over 100 ha of arable land and next smallest in the group of 50—100 ha of arable land. The largest number of farmers free from debt was in the classes of 10—25 and 25—50 ha. In the different farming districts the number of farmers free from debt was largest in Ostrobothnia and next in South Finland.

An examination of the different communes included in the statistics reveals very great divergences in regard to indebtedness: while in some communes the number of farmers free from debt amounted to 80 per cent of the total, the number of those in debt in other communes amounted to the same percentage.

In the case of those farmers, whose returns had been examined by the taxation authorities, the relative debt per hectare of arable land in the whole country amounted to 1,710 marks; in South Finland the indebtedness was 1,970, in Central Finland 2,120, in South-East Finland 1,710, in Ostrobothnia 950 and in North Finland 2,390 marks. It is obvious that the relative indebtedness per hectare of arable land was bound

to be much higher in such districts as North Finland, where agriculture is far less important than elsewhere and where, consequently, the indebtedness is counterbalanced by comparatively larger income from forests etc. The relative figures just quoted must, therefore, be supplemented by averages indicating the extent of debt per hectare of the total area of farms. debt per hectare of the total area in the whole country was 270 marks. In regard to the different districts the debt was largest, 470 marks, in South Finland and next, 280 marks, in Ostrobothnia, the next in order being South-East Finland with a debt of 260, Central Finland with a debt of 190 and North Finland with a debt of only 80 marks per hectare. In this connection it must, of course, be borne in mind that land represents a much greater value in the Southern part of the country and that it can, therefore, carry a heavier burden of debt than in other parts.

With regard to those farmers, whose returns had been examined by the taxation authorities, a table is given, showing how these farmers were divided proportionately, both in regard to the extent of indebtedness per hectare of arable land and to the extent of indebtedness in proportion to their assets.

Farmers' indebtedness according to area of arable land.

	Farmers free	Farmers in debt divided according to indebtedness per hectare of arable land.					Farmers in debt divided according to indebtedness in proportion to assets.							
Arable land. Ha.	from debt.	Under 1 000 mks.	1000- 3000 mks.	3 000— 6 000 mks.	6 000— 10 000 mks.	10 000— mks.	Un- known.	Under 10 %	10-25	25—50 %	50—100 %	100	Un- known,	Total.
	Percentage													
0.25—1	47.1	0.7	5.2	9.5	5.9	31.6	_	4.4	8.8	2.9	7.4		22.8	100.0
1—3 3—5	44.0 44.9	5.1 9.4	15.6 19.0	14.5 14.2	8.8 7.5	12.0 5.0		7.5 12.2	12.2 16.1	$\begin{array}{c} 9.8 \\ 12.0 \end{array}$	9.9 6.9	3.8 1.9	12.8 6.0	100.0 100.0
5-10	49.4	10.9	19.3	13.1	5.0	2.3	0.0	11.1	16.2	13.3	6.4	0.9	2.7	100.0
3—10 10—25	47.9 53.2	10.4 12.9	19.2 16.7	13.5 11.1	5.8 3.9	3.2 2.2	0.0	11.5 10.8	16.2 13.0	12.9 13.3	6.6 8.0	0.9	3.7 0.8	100.0 100.0
2550	49.7	15.1	17.8	11.4	5.0	1.0	_	11.5	13.0	13.4	10.6	1.1	0.7	100.0
50—100 10—100	38.5 52.0	15.6 13.4	23.4 17.2	14.8 11.3	6.1	$\begin{array}{c c} 1.6 \\ 1.9 \end{array}$	_	9.4   10.8	15.2 13.1	17.6 13.5	16.0 8.8	2.1 1.0	0.8	100.0 100.0
100—	22.2	26.7	11.1	13.3	15.6	11.1	_	13.3	13.3	15.6	33.4	2.2	-	100.0
Unknown							36.7	5.5	8.3	10.1	9.2		<del>'</del>	100.0
Total	49.2	10.9	17.7	12.5	5.5	3.9	0.3	10.7	14.4	12.7	7.9	1.4	3.7	100.0

Of all the farmers 10.9 per cent had debts below 1,000 marks, 17.7 per cent had debts of 1,000-3,000 marks, 12.5 per cent of 3,000-6,000 marks, 5.5 per cent of 6,000-10,000 marks and 3.9 per cent of over 10,000 marks per hectare of arable land. As those farmers, whose debts amount to more than 3,000 marks per hectare, must be considered to be in debt to a very great extent, it is important to be able to state that 21.9 per cent of the farmers included in the statistics had such debts; 9.4 per cent had debts of over 6,000 marks and were consequently in a very critical position. An appreciable proportion, 31.6 per cent, of the owners of 0.25-1 ha of arable land had debts of over 10,000 marks. Quite a number of farmers with an area of 1-3 ha of arable land similarly had a burden of indebtedness of over 6,000 marks. When, however, such small farms are concerned as in this case, the debts can probably be covered, at any rate in part, by wages for labour. In some cases it should also be noted that the forest area may be very considerable on these farms with a small area of arable land. The position of large farms was more serious, as a considerable part of them, 26.7 per cent, was burdened with a debt exceeding 6,000 marks per hectare of arable land. Those farmers, who had mediumsized farms covering an area of 10-50 ha of arable land, were in the most favourable position.

An examination of the latter part of the table indicates that the debts of 10.7 per cent of the farmers included amounted to less than 10 per cent of their assets, of 14.4 per cent to 10-25 per cent of their assets, of 12.7 per cent to 25-50 per cent of their assets, of 7.9 per cent to 50-100 per cent of their assets and of 1.4 per cent to at least 100 per cent of their assets. Those farmers who had a considerable area of arable land, had larger debts in proportion to their assets than the rest: in the group that embraced farms of over 100 ha of arable land the number of farmers with debts amounting to over 50 per cent of their assets, represented 35.6 per cent of all farmers and in the group with an area of 50—100 ha of arable land 18.1 per cent. In the groups of 5—10, 10—25 and 25—50 ha the corresponding proportions were only 7.3, 8.9 and 11.7 per cent respectively.

With the help of the material presented here the extent of the farmers' total burden of debt in the whole country has also been calculated and as a result a figure of about  $4\frac{1}{2}$  thousand million marks has been obtained. As the debts only amounted to 915 million marks at the end of 1921, the increase during the decade in question was extraordinarily large. According to provinces the indebtedness per hectare of arable land had grown from 1921 to 1931 in the following manner.

Inde per he	btedness ectare of	in marks arable land.	Increase 1921—1931.
	1921	1931	%
Uusimaa (Nyland)	520	1610	310
Turku-Pori (Abo-Björne-		•	
borg)	490	<b>2</b> 350	480
Ahvenanmaa (Aland)	140	1120	800
Häme (Tavastehus)	590	1 <del>6</del> 80	285
Viipuri`(Wiborg)	360	1610	<del>44</del> 7
Mikkeli (S:t Michel)	490	3150	<b>64</b> 3
Kuopio	590	2530	429
Vaasa (Vasa)	240	1020	425
Oulu (Uleåborg)	510	1200	235
Whole country	450	<b>17</b> 10	380

Simultaneously with the investigation made by the Central Statistical Office, the Central Bank of the Co-operative Agricultural Credit Societies collected data, by means of inquiries addressed to the individual co-operative credit societies, about the financial position of the farmers. It appeared from the latter that of 212,500 farmers about 86,000 or 40.4 per cent were free from debt or were only in debt to a small extent and that about 112,500 or 53 per cent were, indeed, fairly heavily in debt, but were nevertheless able to help themselves, while about 14,000 or 6.6 per cent were so deeply in debt that their position was hopeless. larger farmers (with an area of over 15 ha of arable land) about 54 per cent were free from debt, while the corresponding figure for small farmers (with an area of less than 15 ha of arable land) was only 38 per cent. Of the larger farmers 4.7 per cent and 7 per cent of the small farmers were in a critical position. In the Oulu (Uleaborg) and Kuopio provinces in particular the position of the small farmers was very precarious.

The Central Bank of the Co-operative Agricultural Credit Societies sums up the result of its investigation in the opinion that the position is grave, yet not as critical as the so-called "crisis movement" has painted it.

#### CONCLUSION.

In forming an opinion of the indebtedness of farmers it should also be borne in mind that the loans negotiated were employed for the greater part for productive purposes. The whole of the capital that was invested in agriculture in 1920—27, has been estimated by competent authorities at close on 8 thousand millions. As the increase in debt during 1921—1931 amounted to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  thousand millions, it is clear from this alone that many thousands of millions of the farmers' own funds were invested. In general, as

the statistics show, it is only a small part of the farmers that has incurred too heavy a load of debt in this way. It should be noted, moreover, that the money invested is not thrown away, but still exists in the form of new dwelling- and farm-houses, improvements to the land, extended tillage, increased stocks of cattle, new agricultural machinery etc. The great fall in prices for agricultural produce with the consequent drop in the price of farms has, naturally, caused great financial trouble to Finnish agriculture in general and especially to those farmers, who incurred indebtedness, when higher prices prevailed, these debts now being extremely burdensome. The Government and the Diet have taken steps to assists those most hardly pressed and to support agriculture generally during the crisis. But once this is over, Finnish agriculture will certainly be able to face the future with confidence on account of the great efforts made to raise it to a higher level.

### ITEMS.

The Bank Supervisors. The Bank Supervisors appointed by the Diet recently lost their Chairman of many years' standing through the death of Ernst Fredrik Nevanlinna, PH. D., Professor of Financial theory at Helsingfors University, on September 7th. The Supervisors of the Bank therefore proceeded to elect a new Chairman on September 21st, Jalo Toivo Lahdensuo, M.A., a member of the inner circle of the Supervisors, Minister of Defence in the present Government and a member of the Diet, being appointed to the post.

The State Budget for 1933. The Government has submitted its Budget estimates for 1933 to the Diet. The totals for revenue and expenditure, compared with the corresponding figures in the Budget passed for the current year, will be found in the following table:

Current revenue	1933 Mill. mks. 2,611.2 214.5	1932 Mill. mks. 2,588.5 269.2
Total	2,825.7	2,857.7
Current expenditure	$2,341.8 \\ 480.7$	2,340.9 <b>5</b> 14.7
Total	2,822.5	2,855.6
Surplus of revenue over expenditure	3.2	2.1
Total	2,825.7	2,857.7

The actual changes contained in the Budget for 1933 in comparison with the Budget for the current year are rather larger than is indicated by the totals. It should be mentioned in particular that several sources of revenue are estimated to give a smaller revenue in 1933 than was calculated for this year. To counterbalance this the new Budget includes considerable sums of revenue from taxation in various forms of the trade in liquor. Though some items of expenditure, as, for instance, the service of the

National Debt, have risen on account of the rates of exchange, a large number of other items have been reduced. As a result the revenue is expected to exceed the expenditure by 3.2 million marks. As this result has been attained without resorting to fresh loans, it must be considered satisfactory.

We should point out, however, that the financing of public works for the relief of unemployment is not included in the Budget. At the same time 350 million marks have been appropriated in a supplementary Budget for the current year for this purpose. Relief work is to be financed by issuing internal loans for the necessary amounts.

Reports of the Committee on the crisis. The Government Committee that was appointed in May in order to draw up proposals for relieving the consequences of the depression in various spheres (see Bulletin No. 5), submitted several reports and statements during the summer. In particular we should mention the proposal for organising public works and their financing. This proposal has already led to the allocation of a grant of 350 million marks for this purpose (see above). In another report the Committee suggests the extension of the method of making compositions with creditors and that the Government, by setting aside 50 million marks in cash and 100 millions in bonds, should help farmers to compound with their creditors, so that they could be saved from losing their farms. Further, we may mention the proposal for stabilising the price of dairy produce within certain limits. The last report of the Committee deals with the question of rates of interest and problems connected with it. After severely condemning all measures that might lead to inflation, the Committee examines the possibility and desirability of reducing rates of interest in Finland by legislative means, but comes to a negative conclusion. On the other hand the Committee is in favour of measures for reducing the level of rates in a voluntary manner. Thanks to the negotiations of the Committee with representatives of various financial institutions and their associations some results have been achieved in the desired direction. In addition it is proposed that an official commission on rates of interest should be appointed in order to carry on these deliberations and generally supervise the course of rates of interest.

State timber auctions. As reported in our last issue, the customary State timber auctions were held during the last week in August in Oulu (Uleåborg), Tampere (Tammerfors) and Viipuri (Wiborg), when the Board of Forestry put up 3,482,777 logs in all from the various districts for sale as compared with 2,845,908 logs last year. The average cubic contents of standing logs and delivery logs were 10.76 cub. ft. this year against 10.88 cub. ft. in 1931. The prices bid by the buyers were, as a rule, slightly higher than those bid last year, as will be seen from the following compilation.

Average price per cub. fit. offered at auctions in Fmk. Delivery logs. District. Standing logs. 1932 1931 1930 1932 Northernmost 0:53 0:45 1:052:07 2:11 3:27 0:231:76 Ostrobothnian 0:48 0:861:79 2:97 Western ... 2:26 1:56 2:47 4:24 3:212:96Eastern .... 1: 26 0: 99 1:542:30 1:73 3:00 All districts 1:02 0:68 1:32 2:222:00

In examining the above figures it should, however, be borne in mind that the prices bid may differ appreciably from those finally accepted. Thus, in 1931 the actual average price for standing logs worked out finally at Fmk. 1:01 and for delivery logs at Fmk. 2:32, while in 1930 the corresponding figures were Fmk. 1:62 and Fmk. 3:70.

New plant in the Paper industry. The Yhtyneet Paperitehtaat Oy. have ordered a new papermachine for their paper mill at Myllykoski. It is to be one of the biggest paper-machines hitherto erected in Finland with a working-width of 210" and a working capacity of 400 metres per minute. In connection with this enlargement an English Yarrow-boiler with a steam capacity of 30,000 kgs. per hour has also been ordered for the Myl-

lykoski mill. — A. B. Walkiakoski recently placed an order for a modern Yankee paper-machine, which will have a working-width of 170" and a cylinder diameter of 4.2 metres. The acquisition of the new machine is a link in the thorough re-equipment of the firm's plant, begun some years ago.

The League of Finnish Har-Finnish Ports. bours has issued a publication in English on harbour conditions in Finland entitled "Finnish Ports". The booklet contains detailed information on both sea and lake harbours in Finland. In addition to technical information regarding the equipment of the harbours, other information with regard to the addresses of post and telegraph offices, and telephone stations, harbour offices and other harbour authorities, traffic statistics, ice-conditions etc. is also supplied. Most of the harbours are illustrated by appended plans or sketches and large maps of the towns are reproduced. Further, a separate section contains information in regard to the different kinds of harbour charges and finally a table concerning Finland's Fleet of Ice-breakers is appended. "Finnish Ports" is edited by K. W. Hoppu and H. P. O. Solitander and can be obtained from Finnish booksellers.

Weather conditions and crop prospects. During the latter part of August and the first fortnight in September the temperature was fairly satisfactory, although the first frosts occurred at the end of August. The rainfall was, on the whole, plentiful, in the greater part of the country there was enough rain, whereas 40 per cent of the reporting communities had too much rain. The results of the crops have in regard to wheat, rye, barley and root vegetables been estimated as better than last year, but the harvesting of oats in September was hampered by rainy weather and the prospects as regards potatoes have deteriorated since last month.

The crop prospects in the middle of September are given in the following table drawn up by the Statistical Department of the Board of Agriculture. As usual, a scale of figures has been used, 8 signifying very good, 7 good, 6 above medium, 5 medium, 4 below medium, 3 poor crop, 2 almost a failure of crop, and 1 a failure of crop.

	Middle of September.			
	1932	1931	1930	
Wheat	5.9	5.8	5.7	
Rye	5.9	ნ.6	6.3	
Barley	5.5	5.4	5.4	
Oats	5.4	5.6	5.5	
Potatoes	5.2	5.5	5.7	
Hay	5.1	5.0	5.2	

## THE BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

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