# BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

No. 10

**OCTOBER** 

1929

#### THE FINNISH MARKET REVIEW.

THE MONEY MARKET.

The money market is developing a distinctly healthier tone. This does not mean that the stringency that has now existed for some time, has made way for an easier position. On the contrary, the money market continues to be marked by a shortage of cash to the same extent as before, but the position of the Joint Stock banks and still more of the Bank of Finland indicates a clear tendency towards improvement. In other words, the crisis has had its day and is gradually passing. The improvement would probably be more rapid, if the state of foreign markets did not react depressingly on Finnish economic conditions and retard progress.

Deposits in the Joint Stock banks fell off in September by 73.8 million marks, so that during July-September their reduction amounted to 175.7 millions compared with 194.1 millions during the same months in 1928. At the same time credits were also reduced in September by 103.1 million marks. For the period July-September there was a reduction in the credits of the Joint Stock banks amounting to 258.9 million marks against an increase of 190.9 millions last year. This year, therefore, the difference between the credits and deposits of the Joint Stock banks has dropped during these three months by 83.2 million marks, whereas it grew last year by 385.0 millions. At the end of September the difference was this year about 200 millions greater than a year ago or somewhat over 2,200 million marks.

The position of the Joint Stock banks towards other countries has also improved during the last few months. The net indebtedness, decreased in September by 43.7 million marks to 236.5 millions. The net indebtedness is thus still larger than a year ago, when it was 180.6 millions, to say nothing of conditions two years ago, when the Joint Stock banks had a net foreign credit balance of 58.4 million marks.

The total credits of the Bank of Finland were reduced fairly heavily in September, viz., by 57.6 million marks. The greater part of the reduction was due to the falling off in rediscounts of 41.9 million marks, but direct credits, too, show a falling tendency. The reduction in re-discounted bills is worth noting, because during all the months from May to August they had grown. The reserve of foreign currency was increased by 27.3 million marks to 547.3 millions, thus being rather lower than at the same date last year, and not even half as large as two years ago. The notes in circulation dropped 7.7 million marks in September, which is worth noticing, as September is usually a month in which the note circulation increases. The notes in circulation which had grown considerably since the latter part of 1927 until the change in the position, have already returned to the level of two years ago. The circulation at the end of September amounted to 1,440.4 million marks compared with 1,598.9 millions a year and 1,476.2 millions two years ago. The tendency towards more normal conditions

is also reflected in the note reserve which rose by 65.5 million marks during September. The note reserve amounted to 434.0 million marks at the end of September as against only 299.7 millions a year earlier. Two years ago, however, the note reserve was appreciably larger or 758.5 million marks.

Among the changes during the first fortnight in October the continued decrease of the notes in circulation and of the re-discounts should be mentioned, as also the further rise of the note reserve which on the 15th of October amounted to 485.9 million marks.

The level of prices continues to show a falling tendency. The wholesale price index dropped one point and stood at 96 for September compared with 101 a year ago. The cost of living index, on the other hand, fell off by 2 points to 1,230 against 1,249 a year before.

#### TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Foreign trade in September was no longer as lively as it had been during the summer months and was also less than in September, 1928. The value of imports amounted to 623.8 million marks compared with 610.5 millions in August and 762.6 millions in September last year. The value of exports dropped from 904.4 millions in August to 714.1 millions in September, while the corresponding value for September, 1928, was 801.9 millions. The balance of trade for September thus showed a surplus of exports of 90.3 million marks compared with only 39.3 millions last year. In 1927, however, the surplus was 205.1 million marks. For the completed three quarters of this year the value of imports amounted to 5,237.6 million marks or 568.6 millions less than last year, while the value of exports rose 266.7 million marks to 4,649.0 millions. For the months referred to the balance of trade therefore closes with a surplus of imports amounting to 588.6 million marks. As the surplus of imports a year ago was 1,423.9 millions, the improvement is considerable.

should not be forgotten, however, that the balance of trade has not yet become quite normal, as the years' balance at the end of September has often shown a small surplus of exports.

Sales of sawn timber amounted in September to about 95,000 standards. As usual at this time of year, contracts were principally concerned with the supplementing of stocks. Among buyers Great Britain occupied the first place, but Holland, Belgium and others also made purchases. By the end of September sales were estimated to have amounted to 1,025,000 stds altogether compared with 930,000 stds a year ago. Their distribution among the purchasing countries was as follows:

Great Britain	420,000	stds
Holland	146,000	,,
Belgium	142,000	"
France	92,000	,,
Germany	81,000	"
Denmark	42,000	"
Spain	37,000	"
Other European countries	12,000	"
Overseas countries	53,000	**

Shipments have proceeded normally, about 840,000 stds having been shipped by the end of September compared with 738,000 and 939,000 respectively one and two years ago. Some contracts have been made for delivery next year, but the market has not really opened owing to the uncertainty that the negotations now proceeding with regard to Russian timber deliveries create on the market. The state of the timber market affects the local prices of raw materials, a fact that shows itself, for instance, in the bids at the customary Government auctions this autumn being as a rule considerably lower than in previous years.

The state of the market for other important articles of Finnish export has not experienced any particular change.

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#### 1. - BALANCE SHEET OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1928 Mill. Fmk		_	.929 I. Fmk	
	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>10</sub>	23/9	30/9	8/10	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>10</sub>
·					
ASSETS.	j				
I. Gold Reserve	306.9	300.3	302.1	302.0	303.8
Foreign Correspondents	589.4	545.1	547.3	550.1	544.4
II. Foreign Bills	78.9	15.4	18.6	22,9	10.
Foreign Bank Notes and CouponsInland Bills	1.7 1 237.9	1.5 1 308.8	1.7 1 289.6	1.5 1 297.8	$egin{array}{c} 1.4 \ 1.263.6 \end{array}$
Inland BillsIII. Loans on Security	45.9	57.0	57.2	61.4	61.5
Advances on Cash Credit	120.5	118.3	117.5	113.9	114.
Bonds in Foreign Currency	297.5	301.0	301.0	301.0	301.0
• Finnish •	57.5	44.1	44.1	43.9	43.9
Bank Premises and Furniture	12.0	12.1	12.1	12.1	12.
Sundry Assets	24.4	20.9	41.0	19.0	28.
Total	2 772.6	2 724.5	2 732.2	2 725.6	2 683.
LIABILITIES.	2 112.0	2 124.5	2 132.2	2 120.0	2 000.
MIADIMITIES.			<u> </u>		
Notes in circulation	1 568.7	1 398.0	1 440.4	1 426.0	1 398.
Other Liabilities payable on demand:	1000	1 000.0		. 112010	
Drafts outstanding	10.7	10.0	14.7	20.2	8.
Balance of Current Accounts due to Government	62.4	47.1	46.5	2.7	11.
» » » » » Others	104.3	90.2	51.8	97.0	89.
Foreign Correspondents	5.8	6.5	6.5	6.6	<b>5.</b>
Sundry Accounts	24.2	29.1	26.7	23.8	17.
Capital	500.0	500.0	500.0	500.0	500.
Reserve Fund	357.1	500.4	500.4	500.4	500.
Bank Premises and Furniture	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.0	12.
Earnings less Expenses	127.4	130.4	132.4 0.8	136.1 0.8	139. 0.
Undisposed Profits		0.8			
Total	2 772.6	2 724.5	2 732.2	2 725.6	2 683.

#### 2. — NOTE ISSUE OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1928		19	29	
	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>10</sub>	23/9	<sup>80</sup> / <sub>9</sub>	8/10	15/10
RIGHT TO ISSUE NOTES:					
Gold Reserve and Foreign Correspondents	896.3. 1 200.0	845.4 1 200.0	849.4 1 200.0	852.1 1 200.0	848.2 1 200.0
Total	2 096.3	2 045.4	2 049.4	2 052.1	2 048.2
USED AMOUNT OF ISSUE:					
Notes in circulation	1 568.7 207.4 34 5	1 398.0 182.9 28.0	1 440.4 146.2 28.8	1 426.0 150.3 32.1	1 398.4 132.2 31.6
Total	1 810.6	1 608.9	1 615.4	1 608.4	1 562.2
NOTE RESERVE:		ĺ	ĺ		
Immediately available	285.7	436.5 —	434.0	443.7	486.0 —
Total	285.7	436.5	434.0	443.7	486.0
Grand total	2 096.3	2 045.4	2 049.4	2 052.1	2 048.2

Bank Rate since November 15 1928, 7 %.

#### 3. — BANK OF FINLAND. NOTE CIRCULATION AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS.

End of		Note	Circui Mill. Fml			F	oreign	Corresp Mill, Fmk		s 1)	End of
Month	1926	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	1926	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[1 309.3] 1 291.6 1 349.9 1 385.8 1 361.8 1 319.7 1 297.7 1 289.4 1 295.9 1 334.5 1 327.4 1 295.6 1 345.7	1 330.4 1 446.6 1 472.8 1 447.3 1 411.3 1 398.5 1 376.6 1 413.5 1 476.2 1 483.0 1 446.6 1 514.4	1 502.8 1 592.6 1 643.9 1 618.7 1 575.8 1 585.4 1 542.7 1 564.9 1 598.9 1 539.3 1 502.1 1 513.2	1 430.7 1 522.7 1 596.0 1 556.2 1 480.9 1 472.5 1 439.1 1 448.1 1 440.4	- 82.5 + 92.0 + 73.3 - 39.8 - 75.3 - 8.4 - 33.4 + 9.0 - 7.7	[1 408.0] 1 360.8 1 226.6 1 182.2 1 073.1 948.0 899.9 890.1 972.2 956.1 901.0 1 006.3 1 082.4	1 047.6 1 126.6 1 185.3 1 096.3 973.9 901.4 914.4 1 095.2 1 230.8 1 324.5 1 390.1 1 359.8	1 311.6 1 201.7 1 076.7 935.0 784.3 712.5 673.7 616.1 600.8 683.1 709.9	719.0 698.5 706.4 661.1 580.2 544.5 505.1 520.0 547.3	- 12.6 - 20.5 + 7.9 - 45.3 - 80.9 - 35.7 - 39.4 + 14.9 + 27.3	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Credit balances with foreign correspondents. Including the Credit abroad, which amounted to 256.2 mill. mk. up to January 81st, 1926, 114.6 mill. mk. up to April 14th, 1928, and was then discontinued.

#### 4. — BANK OF FINLAND. ORDINARY COVER, NOTE RESERVE AND HOME LOANS.

End of		Ordins ercentage Payable	of Lial	oilities		.Note Mil	Reser l. Fmk	V 8			Loan ll. Fmk	s <sup>1</sup> )	End of
Month	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[74.48] 75.72 78.36 80.43 79.36 77.42 72.89 73.64 77.01 78.85 75.82 81.42 78.04	75.09 75.05 72.08 67.98 63.17 59.13 59.32 53.79 51.00 52.69 53.10 51.68	55.71 52.75 54.22 54.29 51.58 50.58 49.36 50.48 53.54	+ 4.03 - 2.96 + 1.47 + 0.07 - 2.71 - 1.00 - 1.22 + 1.12 + 3.06	[704.2] 735.2 776.3 804.6 806.9 782.1 722.3 737.2 749.1 758.5 661.9 796.8 696.9	623.0 661.6 621.0 585.5 520.7 462.1 490.3 369.9 299.7 278.4 278.7	352.5 280.3 316.5 363.6 342.4 347.7 368.5 434.0	+ 6.0 - 0.7	778.2 775.8 729.4 696.5 697.4 755.8	913.6 952.3 1 032.1 1 079.7 1 186.2 1 136.9 1 276.2	1 533.1 1 525.6 1 521.9 1 464.3	159.7 + 120.5 16.0 24.1 + 38.6 + 17.8 7.5 3.7 57.6	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

<sup>1)</sup> Inland Bills, Loans on Security and Advances on Cash Credit.

#### 5. — BANK OF FINLAND. REDISCOUNTED BILLS AND BALANCES OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

End of		Rediscou Mi	ınted Bi ll.Fmk	lls ¹)	Balance of Current Accounts due to Government Mill. Fmk Balance of Current Accounts due to others than Government Mill. Fmk					End of			
Month	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	1927	1928	1929	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[87.0] 54.7 22.4 8.7 .8.2 40.5 53.3 33.3 15.7 27.2 37.3 55.2	38.1 32.7 17.0 3.0 23.2 103.6 139.9 359.5 477.7 461.8 565.8 676.8	533.3 616.5 589.6 549.2 581.0 617.2 644.3 645.8 603.9	$ \begin{vmatrix} -143.5 \\ +83.2 \\ -26.9 \\ -40.4 \\ +31.8 \\ +36.2 \\ +27.1 \\ +1.5 \\ -41.9 \end{vmatrix} $	[303.4] 181.9 196.8 165.6 99.5 44.5 62.5 131.0 229.5 306.2 331.1 371.3	394.3 231.7 35.4 59.1 36.3 74.3 57.9 67.4 84.4 150.7 320.0 375.4	288.6 285.4 182.9 119.1 103.2 60.1 60.9 75.3 46.5	- 86.8 - 3.2 - 102.5 - 63.8 - 15.9 - 43.1 + 0.8 + 14.4 - 28.8	65.5 86.5 95.9 76.3 66.0	86.7 34.5 86.0 109.1 73.3 8.5 19.7 53.6 60.4 89.1 60.3 81.5	72.1 61.5 53.4 60.4 88.2 60.3 57.2 61.8 51.8	- 9.4 - 10.6 - 8.1 + 7.0 + 27.8 - 27.9 - 3.1 + 4.6 - 10.0	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

<sup>1)</sup> Included in home loans, see table 4. Rediscounted Bills according to the monthly balance sheets of the Bank of Finland

#### 6. — RATES OF EXCHANGE QUOTED BY THE BANK OF FINLAND, MONTHLY AVERAGE.

	74	Yearly a	verage		1928			1929	
	Parity	1927	1928	July	August	September	July	August	September
New York	39:70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70	39: 70
London	193:23	193: 09	193: 32	193: 32	192: 84	192: 64	192: 92	192: 84	192: 80
Stockholm	1 064: 07	1 065: 80	1 065: 25	1 064: 85	1 063: 93	1 063: 48	1066: 52	1 065: 91	1 065: 59
Berlin	945: 84	946: 08	948: 72	948: 96	948: 04	947: 16	948: 33	947: 89	947: 54
Paris	155: 56	156: 68	156: 27	156: 08	1 <b>5</b> 6: —	155: 64	156: 07	156: 09	156:
Brussels	552:08	555: 57	554: 58	555: 42	<b>554: 48</b>	553: 60	553: 26	553: 81	554:
Amsterdam	1 596: —	1 593: 93	1 598: 67	1 599: 92	1 594: 56	1 593: 04	1 597: 24	1 594: 28	1 595: 06
Basle	766: 13	765: 94	765: 67	765: 79	765: 30	765: 30	765: 59	<b>765:</b> 78	766: 68
Oslo	1 064: 07	1 036: 71	1 061: 04	1 062: 87	1 061: 20	1 060: —	1 060: 65	1 060: 02	1 059: 68
Copenhagen	1 064: 07	1 062: 70	1 063: 16	1 063: 12	1 061: 20	1 060:	1 060: 28	1 059: 78	1 059: 46
Prague	804: 54	119: —	119:	119: —	119:	110:	118: 50	118: 50	118: 28
Rome	208: 98	206: 38	209: 53	209: 13	208: 89	208: 60	208: 50	208: 50	208: 50
Reval 1)	1 064: 07	10: 67	1 067: 05	1 066: 69	1 066: —	1 065: 28	1 063: 48	1 063: —	1 063: —
Riga	766: 13	766: 48	768: 99	770: —	770: —	770: —	767: —	767: —	767: —
Madrid	766:13	686: 06	666: 25	660: 77	<b>6</b> 65: 93	663: 80	580: 30	586: 70	588: 52

<sup>1)</sup> From January 1st 1928 the quotation on Reval concerns 100 Eesti crowns, whose parity is given above.

#### 7. — HOME DEPOSITS IN THE JOINT STOCK BANKS. \*)

End of		nt Accoun	is 1)		posits' Mill. Fmk	"		Total Mill. Fmk			thly ement	End of
Month	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928 ·	1929	1928	1929	Month
	[1452.8]			[4 648.5]			[6 101.3]					
Jan.	1 655.3		1 670.7	4 735.1	5 417.6	5 891.9		7 187.1	7 562.6	+205.5	+182.7	Jan.
Febr.	1 524.8	1 682.0	1 533.2	4 817.9	5 526.0	5 928.8	6 342.7	7 208.0	7 462.0	+ 20.9	100.6	Febr.
March	1 550.5	1 850.2	1 576.7	4 930.1	5 649.0	6 048.5	6 480.6	7 499.2	7 625.2	+291.2	+163.2	March
April	1 514.7	1 803.8	1 553.1	4 992.3	5 701.7	6 076.6		7 505.5		+ 6.3	+ 4.5	April
May	1 541.3	1 905.4	1 503.9	4 996.3	5 703.8	6 064.5		7 609.2		+103.7	<b>— 61.3</b>	May
June	1 576.8		1 551.0	5 119.6	5 <b>876.4</b>	6 178.8		7 807.3	7 729.8	+198.1	+161.4	
July	1 895.5		1 511.5	5 137.8	5 882.7	6 148.4	7 033.3	7 744.1		- 63.2		July
Aug.	1 928.2		1 542.1	5 187.7	5 851.0	6 085.8		7 659.4		<b>— 84.7</b>		Aug.
Sept.	1 789.3	1 802.8	1 512.4	5 211.7	5 810.4	6 041.7		7 613.2	7 554.1	<b>— 46.2</b>	<b>— 73.8</b>	
Oct.	1 768.5	1 867.5		5164.1	5 758.2	1	6 932.6	7 625.7		+ 12.5		Oct.
Nov.	1 713.9	1 579.2	ļ	5 154.1	5 729.5		6 868.0	7 308.7		<b>—317.</b> 0		Nov.
Dec.	1 694.9	1 536.7		5 286.7	5 843.2		6 981.6	7 379.9		+ 71.2		Dec.

Tables 7—9 according to Finland's Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics. The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Actual current accounts and home correspondents.—
1) Deposit accounts and savings accounts.

1) In the tables 7—9 Mortgage banks are not included.

#### 8. — HOME LOANS GRANTED BY THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

End of Month		land Bills fill, Fmk			nd Overdr Mill. Fmk	afis 1)		Total Ill, Fmk			thly ement	End of Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[2 245.7] 2 242.6 2 266.7 2 334.1 2 378.4 2 473.1 2 507.6 2 591.4 2 581.8 2 568.3 2 533.6 2 495.3 2 576.8	2 623.5 2 702.1 2 817.1 2 915.6 3 086.0 3 126.4 3 131.0 3 079.6 3 092.5 3 156.1 3 156.7 3 239.3 3 257.7	3 274.6 3 348.4 3 378.9 3 457.0 3 539.4 3 559.8 3 497.0 3 438.0 3 407.7	4 984.6 5 041.7 5 122.2 5 229.3 5 315.5 5 360.1 5 372.9	5 655.5 5 811.9 5 991.0 6 047.6 6 203.6 6 303.6 6 327.3 6 383.4 6 528.4 6 560.4 6 311.9 6 267.1	6 289.2 6 402.8 6 393.0 6 401.3 6 487.1 6 434.4	7 251.3 7 375.8 7 500.6 7 702.4	8 279.0 8 514.0 8 808.1 8 963.2 9 296.0 9 458.3 9 463.0 9 620.9 9 716.2 9 551.2	9 560.2 9 637.6 9 781.7 9 850.0 9 940.7 10 046.9 9 931.4 9 891.1 9 788.0	+235.0 $+294.1$ $+155.1$ $+332.4$ $+134.4$ $+28.3$ $+4.7$	+ 77.4 + 144.1 + 68.3 + 90.7 + 106.2 - 115.5 - 40.3 - 103.1	Febr. March April May June July Aug.

<sup>1)</sup> Home loans, cash credits and home correspon dents.

#### 9. — POSITION OF THE JOINT STOCK BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

End of Month		redits <sup>1</sup> Ill. Fmk			ebtedne Mill. Fmk		de	ns (+) and btedness ( Mill. Fmk			Movement Claims	End of Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	[270.9] 372.4 308.1 223.7 223.0 202.2 214.8 377.8 436.9 414.3 475.1 390.9 366.5	405.1 280.0 244.1 201.5 183.9 195.3 211.9 291.4 278.9 218.6 244.4	261.3 217.8 201.2 167.9 141.5 188.6 236.3 247.0 281.9	[321.9] 316.6 325.1 353.8 354.9 370.8 359.0 320.5 326.0 355.9 356.7 372.1	363.9 357.7 380.1 420.6 515.5 501.4 457.8 432.2 459.5 463.3 485.3 529.1	492.0 552.0 586.7 589.1 608.4 633.0 543.8 527.2 518.4	[— 51.0] + 55.8 - 17.0 - 130.1 - 131.9 - 168.6 - 144.2 + 57.1 + 110.9 + 58.4 + 118.4 + 18.8 + 7.1	+ 41.2 - 77.7 -136.0 -219.1 -331.6 -306.1 -245.9 -140.8 -180.6 -244.7 -244.7 -273.5	— 230.7 — 334.2 — 385.6 — 421.2 — 466.9 — 444.4 — 307.6 — 280.2 — 236.5	+ 34.1 -118.9 - 58.3 - 83.1 -112.5 + 25.5 + 60.2 + 105.1 - 39.8 - 64.1 + 3.8 - 32.6	+ 42.8 103.5 51.3 35.7 45.7 +- 22.5 +- 136.9 +- 27.3 +- 43.7	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Balances with foreign correspondents and foreign bills. — 1) Due to foreign correspondents. (85—95 % foreign deposits in Fmks.)

#### 10.—POSITION OF THE BANKS TOWARDS FOREIGN COUNTRIES.1) 11. — CLEARING.<sup>2</sup>)

Net Claims (+) and Net Indebtedness ()   Mill. Fmk   Monthly Movement of Net Claims   1924   1925   1926   1927   1928   1929     1929     Number   Amount   Number   Numb			***										
The image   The	End of	H	et Claims			tedness ()		Movement	19	28	199	29	Wanth
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Month	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929		Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
	Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	+ 40.9 + 2.2 - 25.5 - 161.4 - 222.6 - 387.4 - 122.9 - 179.5 - 198.1 - 98.0 + 11.8	+ 323.1 + 344.1 + 297.4 + 571.4 + 503.5 + 446.5 + 559.4 + 960.4 + 995.9	+ 961.8 + 921.2 + 768.5 + 596.3 + 582.0 + 655.5 + 794.0 + 785.7 + 748.2 + 842.5	+1 053.6 + 988.2 + 886.6 + 733.8 + 682.0 + 919.9 +1 156.9 +1 238.8 +1 386.9 +1 337.9	+1 050.9 + 853.8 + 731.1 + 468.4 + 437.8 + 483.0 + 545.7 + 492.9 + 473.6 + 491.0	+ 374.5 + 328.4 + 242.6 + 111.1 + 101.9 + 203.4 + 255.8	- 125.8 - 46.1 - 85.8 - 131.5 - 9.2 + 101.5 + 52.4	135 705 124 915 143 948 139 021 140 303 163 948 125 467 134 391 158 921 149 196 140 071	2 163.9 1 980.6 2 225.4 2 007.5 2 149.3 2 186.7 2 010.5 1 795.0 1 999.6 2 440.4 2 130.4 1 993.2	143 557 121 864 126 909 148 617 146 150 141 308 147 090 132 832 134 722	2115.0 1832.5 1776.8 2109.5 1975.6 1925.8 2055.1 1839.8 1818.6	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;) The figures indicate the position towards foreign countries of the Bank of Finland (balances with foreign correspondents and foreign bills are taken into account as well as credits due to foreign correspondents) and of the Joint Stock Banks (net claims or net indebtedness; see table 9 above).

") Indicates the clearing operations joined by 12 Joint Stock Banks both at the Head Office and five Branch Offices of the Bank

### of Finland.

#### 12. — DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS-BANKS.

End of Month		n the tow Mill, Fml			the coun			Total Mill. Fmk		Mon Move	-	End of Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929	,
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.	[1 169.3] 1 200.2 1 223.3 1 256.3 1 276.6 1 289.4 1 300.0 1 315.1 1 331.2 1 337.5 1 352.1 1 369.1 1 466.8	1 549.5 1 582.0 1 595.5 1 613 8 1 623.9 1 643.2 1 659.2		1 400.9 1 429.6 1 457.0 1 480.9 1 480.8 1 493.3 1 495.0	1 718.3 1 751.4 1 784.0 1 808.4 1 805.4 1 813.4 1 806.2		2 624.2 2 685.9 2 733.6 2 770.3 2 780.8 2 808.4 2 826.2	3 211.2 3 267.8 3 333.4 3 379.5 3 422.2 3 429.3 3 456.6 3 465.4	J ,	$ \begin{array}{r} + 56.6 \\ + 65.6 \\ + 46.1 \\ + 42.7 \\ + 7.1 \end{array} $	— 14.7* — 15.3* — 14.7*	Febr. March April May June July Aug.

Deposits in the Savings Banks, including long-term deposits and current accounts, according to figures supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

1) Increased by 207.1 mill. Fmk interest for 1927. — 3) Increased by 243.3 mill. Fmk interest for 1928.

\*\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 13. — DEPOSITS IN POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK AND ON CONSUMERS' CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES, SAVINGS ACCOUNT.

End of Month	D	Deposits in Post Office Savings Bank Mill, Fmk				athly ement	Co-oper Savir	s on Concative Soc ags Acco Mill. Fm	ieties' unt 4)		nthly ement	End of Month
	1926	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September	[162.2] 164.5 166.9 169.0 169.6 169.2 169.0 170.4 172.2 172.8	184.4 185.2 185.7 184.8 183.0 182.3 183.1 184.5 186.9		209.6* 210.8* 211.2* 210.1* 209.9* 210.6*	+ 1.0* + 1.6* - 1.0* - 2.0* + 0.1* + 1.3* + 0.6*	+1.5* +1.0* +0.4* -1.1* -0.2* +0.7* +1.0*	277.1 290.2 295.3 296.8 308.5	361.4 378.5 393.4 400.1 395.5 408.6 413.1 414.2 414.1	436.1	$\begin{vmatrix} +16.4 \\ +17.1 \\ +14.9 \\ +6.7 \\ -4.6 \\ +13.1 \\ +4.5 \\ +1.1 \\ -0.1 \end{vmatrix}$	+ 8.2 + 8.1 + 2.5 - 4.0 + 10.3 - 1.9	July August
October November December	172.9 173.8 <sup>1</sup> )184.4	186.7 186.3 2)197.9	200.4* 199.3* 3)208.8*		1.1* 1.1* 2.3*		324.8 332.3 345.0	412.7 413.8 419.3		-1.4 + 1.1 + 5.5		October November December

Post Office Savings Bank deposits according to Finnish Official Statistics VII, D, Bank Statistics. Monthly Reports.

Consumers' Co-operative Societies' deposits according to data from the Finnish Co-operative Wholesale Society Ltd., and the Co-operative Wholesale Society.

') Increased by 11.7 mill. Fmk interest for 1926.— ') Increased by 11.8 mill. Fmk interest for 1927.— ') Increased by 11.8 mill.

Fmk interest for 1928.— ') Interest added to capital partly in January, partly in June and December.

#### 14. — DEPOSITS IN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT SOCIETIES.

#### 15. — NEW RISKS INSURED BY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

End of Month	- Cre	s in Co-op dit Societ Mill. Fmk	ies	Quar Move	- 1
	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[82.4] .: 104.9 .: 118.0 .: 129.3 .: 156.0	204.5 240.4 253.1	: 312.1 : : 335.3	+ 48.5 + 35.9 + 12.7 + 21.2	+ 37.8 + 23.2

According	to	information supplied by the Central ative Agricultural Credit Societies.	
Bank for Co-o	per	ative Agricultural Credit Societies.	

New r	isks accepte	d by Finni	sh Life Assu	rance Con	panies	
19	27	1	928	19	29	End of Month
Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill. Fmk	Number	Amount Mill, Fmk	
6 341 8 991 12 004 9 142 8 199 7 850 6 423 7 486 8 519 8 664 10 728	88.7 121.9 161.8 131.0 123.5 108.7 89.9 107.7 122.0 126.1 155.3	7 107 10 035 14 044 9 837 8 506 8 308 6 782 7 154 8 302 8 760 9 513	98.1 147.7 200.1 146.8 153.8 126.9 100.8 110.7 134.8 146.6	7 185* 8 796* 11 899* 10 187* 8 918* 8 431* 7 406* 7 949* 8 739*	112.2* 136.0* 183.6* 158.3* 149.5* 133.0* 113.0* 125.0* 143.6*	Jan. Febr. March April May July July Aug. Sept. Oct Nov.
15 487 109 834	264.1 1 600.7	13 740 112 088	244.5 1 765.1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Dec. Total
74 955	1 055.2	80 075	1 219.2	79 510*	1 254.2*	JanSept

According to information supplied by Life Assurance Companies.

#### 16. — CHANGES IN NUMBER AND CAPITAL OF LIMITED COMPANIES.

Year and	II	panies inded	Increase of capital		Companies liquidated		11 -	anies with	<b>(</b> )	erease (+) uction (—)	Year and
Month	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill. Fmk	Num- ber	Reduction of capital Mill, Fmk	Num- ber	Capital Mill, Fmk	Month
1926	578	223.2	182	160.6	143	39.6	4	2.1	+ 435	+ 342.1	1926
1927	709	291.8	331	764.4	148	44.5	5	2.3	+ 561	+1 009.4	1927
1928 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.	225 210 179 163	95.4 95.5 65.0 191.7	102 101 78 130	386.5 253.9 150.5 314.6	33 32 20 41	14.0 10.8 4.2 47.4	4 6 2	2.8 5.3 15.7	+ 192 + 178 + 159 + 122	+ 465.1 + 333.3 + 195.6 + 458.9	1928 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.
1929 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.	157 130	55.9 36.6	178 77	428.1 51.7	38 57	17.5 17.9	1 1	0.2 12.5	+ 119 + 73	+ 466.3 + 57.9	1929 Jan. — March April — June July — Sept. Oct. — Dec.

According to information supplied by the Central Statistical Office.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 17. — HELSINGFORS STOCK EXCHANGE. BANKRUPTCIES. PROTESTED BILLS.

	IL .	over of		Ba	nkrupt	cies		_	Prot	ested	Bills				
Month	II	Exchang Lill. Fm			Numbe	r		Num	ber			Am Mill,	ount Fmk		Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1926	1927	1928	1929	1926	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	59.0 99.0 78.2 63.4 70.8 41.7 87.0 76.7 48.5 45.6 44.0 70.3	90.1 64.9 79.3 33.2 31.1 22.7 25.3 36.3 37.1 37.1 32.3 21.4	20.1 19.4 14.7 18.5 11.3 7.2 6.2 9.3 18.2	100 65 94 79 85 54 42 44 67 101 66 60	90* 88* 71* 55* 49* 42* 67* 64* 122*	95* 79* 82* 90* 131* 120* 78*	453 473 533 531 642 639 718 548 623 728 610 771	688 593 691 654 659 626 685 516 641 656 592	508 458 497 492 551 549 533 572 585 755 833 1 021	1 077 1 025 1 287 1 204 1 329 1 245 1 397 1 373 1 494	2.5 2.7 2.4 3.1 3.8 2.8 2.1	4.6 2.7 2.8 3.6 3.2 3.3 2.6 3.1 3.4 2.5	2.4 2.7 2.6 3.0 3.3 2.4 2.7 4.1 4.7 6.5	6.6 5.5 7.7 7.0 7.2 6.6 7.4 9.7 9.3	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanSept.	784.2	510.8 420.0	124.9	857	884*		7 269 5 160	7 578 5 753	7 354 4 745	11 431	37.4	37.5 28.5	42.6 25.3	67.0	Total JanSept.

Turnover of Stock Exchange according to figures supplied by the Stock Exchange Committee.

The figures for bankruptcies are not comparable with those published earlier in 1923. The figures above, compiled by the Central Statistical Office according to the reports sent in by the various Courts, include all bankruptcy petitions, of which only about half will lead in due course to actual bankruptcy, whereas the rest owing to agreement, lack of means etc. will be cancelled.

Protested bills according to figures published in the \*Report of Bills Protested in Finland\*.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 18. — STOCK EXCHANGE INDEX.

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year
1926 1927 1928 1929	144 198 270 221	147 211 265 215	152 222 267 200	154 219 257 202	153 224 255 199	157 233 257 196	164 265 255 197	172 256 241 194	175 248 235 175	172 250 223	177 253 213	178 270 229	1926 1927 1928 1929

According to figures published in the \*Mercators.

This revised index series is based on the prices bid at the end of each month for 18 representative securities, viz., 4 bank, 12 industrial and 2 other kinds of shares. By multiplying the price bid for each security by the number of shares in the corresponding company the so-called \*Exchange value has been arrived at for the share capital of the company, the sum of which values has been calculated in % of the total nominal value of the share capital of the same companies. These percentages in the above table usually show a fall during March and April owing to the payment of dividends.

#### 19. — NATIONAL DEBT.

End of	A	scording t	o the Officia Mill. Fmk <sup>1</sup>		eping		າ ີ	End of			
Month or Year	Fun	ded	Short-term credit	Total	Monthly		nded	Short-term credit	Total	Monthly	Month or Year
Ut Ital	Foreign	Internal	(foreign)	IOUAI	Movement	Foreign	Internal	(foreign)	10001	Movement	01 1001
1926	2 349.9	496.9	!	2 846.8	•	89.9	12.5		102.4	•	1926
1927	2 203.1	491.9	-	2 695.0	•	79.0	12.4	_	91.4	•	1927
1928 September October November December	2 616.9 2 599.5 2 594.7 2 592.8	339.7 341.1 343.2 346.8		2 956.6 2 940.6 2 937.9 2 939.6	- 16.0 - 2.7	79.4 79.0 78.8 78.7	8.6 8.6 8.7	, = = =	88.0 87.6 87.4 87.4	- 0.1 - 0.4 - 0.2	1928 September October November December
1929 January February March April May June July August	2 588.4 2 584.4 2 584.4 2 584.1 2 584.0 2 583.4 2 580.0 2 574.8	346.3 346.0 346.0 346.7 345.3 345.3 345.1	- - - - - - 53.3	2 934.7 2 930.4 2 930.8 2 929.3 2 928.7 2 925.1 2 973.2	$\begin{array}{c cccc} - & 4.3 \\ + & 0.4 \\ - & 1.5 \\ - & 0.6 \\ - & 3.6 \end{array}$	78.5 78.4 78.4 78.4 78.4 78.3 78.2 78.0	8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.7		87.2 87.1 87.1 87.1 87.1 87.0 86.9 88.1	- 0.1 - - - 0.1 - 0.1	1929 January February March April May June July August

The above table is based on the monthly report on the National Debt published by the Treasury in the Official Gazette.

1) Internal loans are given at their nominal value. Foreign loans are given in Finnish currency according to the rate ruling on the date of the raising of the loan. As a result of this, loans of an earlier date than 1914 are set down at par.

1) Calculated as follows: The loans raised in the country have been calculated in dollars, according to the average rate of exchange of each month. The loans, negotiated abroad, which are all issued in different currencies, are grouped according to the proportions of currencies, shown by the coupons paid, and reduced to dollars at the rate of exchange just mentioned.

#### 20. — STATE REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

Groups of revenue and expenditure		August Fmk	Groups of revenue and expenditure	Jan.—August Mill. Fmk		
	1928	1929	•	1928	1929	
Revenue derived from State forests	226.5 7.1 600.7	186.6 7.1 608.7	Fines	15.6 23.2	106.1 15.1 26.2	
Income and Property taxes Customs dues Excise on tobacco	59.1 879.5 113.0	69.0 870.1 123.8	Various taxes and other revenue  Total State revenue		233.3	
matches     sweets Stamp duty Interest	11.0 15.3 180.7 74.2	10.9 15.3 149.5 60.5	·	342 6		

According to figures compiled by the Treasury from the balances of accounts at the end of each month. These are preliminary figures of gross amounts. This table gives figures for the excise on tobacco excluding stamp duty on imported tobacco, which is included in the respective figures in table 21.

#### 21. — MISCELLANEOUS STATE RECEIPTS COLLECTED BY CUSTOMS.

(Fmk, 000's omitted.)

Month	Import Customs and Storage Charges	Export Customs	Fines	Clearing Charges	Light Dues	Excise on Tobacco	Excise on Matches	Excise on Sweets	Month
1929 January February March April May June July August September October November December	93 282* 72 298* 75 111* 124 528* 140 051* 131 203* 118 841* 115 011* 116 306*	64* 11* 35* 27* 298* 1 178* 1 393* 1 548* 1 899*	620* 650* 349* 555* 514* 1 016* 462* 839* 819*	145* 52* 60* 136* 347* 540* 671* 630* 513*	573* 176* 223* 661* 1885* 2153* 2634* 2389* 1895*	15 381* 12 682* 3 992* 25 821* 14 738* 4 589* 29 718* 16 613* 17 414*	1 218* 1 893* 1 366* 1 390* 1 390* 1 216* 1 234* 1 331*	1 434* 743* 2 710* 1 948* 864* 3 065* 1 744*	May June
JanSept. 1929 1928	986 631* 1 012 506	6 453 <b>*</b> 7 484	5 824 <b>*</b> 4 299	3 094* 3 190	- 12 589 <b>*</b> 12 911	140 943* 116 339	12 268* 12 <b>303</b>	17 244* 17 068	JanSept. 1929 1928
1929 Budget Estimate	1 200 000	10 500		4 000	16 500	165 000	17 000	20 000	1929 Budget Estimate

Tables 21-29 according to Finland's Official Statistics I. A., Foreign Trade of Finland, Monthly Reports,

#### 22. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Month	((	Imports C. I. F. Valu Mill. Fmk	e) -	(I	Exports f. O. B. Val Mill. Fmk	ue)		ts (—) -)	Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January	393.3	512.1	504.5*	255,2	229.0	309.7*	<b>— 138.1</b>	—283.1	194.8*	January
February	364.7	527.9	333.8*	236.8	234.3	184.2*	127.9	-293.6	149.6*	February
March	452.9	650.3	349.4*	237.2	280.5	192.9*	215.7	-369.8	156.5*	March
April	466.1	601.9	710.9*	267.3	239.3	368.9*	<b>— 198.</b> 8	-362.6	-342.0*	April
May	605.8	766.5	819.2*	411.0	489.9	497.7*	<b>— 194.</b> 8	276.6	-321.5*	May
June	600.4	693.3	646.4*	670.4	529.3	675.5*	+ 70.0	-164.0	+ 29.1*	June
July	516.8	576.8	639.1*	930.6	752.9	801.6*	+ 413.8	+176.1	+162.5*	July
August	574.4	714.8	610.5*	874.8	825.2	904.4*	+ 300.4	+110.4	+293.9*	August
September	621.9	762.6	623.8*	827.0	801.9	714.1*	+205.1	+ 39.8	+ 90.3*	September
October	608,8	884.4		675.3	740.2	-	+ 66.5	-144.2	-	October
November	617.3	735.1		549.6	625.3		<b>—</b> 67.7	-109.8		November
December	563.5	587.2		389.2	497.5		<b>— 174.3</b>	<b>— 89.7</b>		December
Total	6385.9	8 012.9		6 324.4	6 245.3		- 61.5	<b>—1 767.6</b>		Total
JanSept.	4 596.3	5 806,2	5 237.6*	4 710.3	4 382.3	4 649.0*	+114.0	-1423.9	-588.6*	JanSept.

The term imports covers all imported goods which have been placed on the market either immediately after importation or after storage. Exports covers all goods exported from the open market, including re-exports. Goods are declared to the Customs by their owner, who must at the same time state the value of the goods as calculated at the frontiers of the country.

• Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 23. - VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN DIFFERENT GROUPS OF GOODS.\*

P				-	orts f. Value)			Exports (F. O. B. Value)						
group	Groups of Goods			Mill	. Fmk					<b>M</b> ill.	Fmk			
No. of	GIOUPS OF GOODS	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Janus	ry-Septe	mber	Sept.	Aug.	Sept.	Janus	ry-Septe	mber	
Z		1928	1929	1929	1927	1928	1929	1928	1929	1929	1927	1928	1929	
1	Live animals	0.4	1.4	0.3	3.7	8.1	4.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	1.6	3.5	
	Food obtained from animals	19.6	9.4	16.2	70.4	104.8	86.6		42.7	40.5	457.2	394.0	469.9	
3		95 9 43.5	67.0 37.7	72.7 41.2	444.7   169.7	646.9 267.5	632.4 254.9		$\begin{array}{c} 0.2 \\ 0.1 \end{array}$	0.0 0.6	1.9 3.8	3.2 2.8	1.6 5.0	
4 5	Fruit, vegetables, live	40.0	31.1	41.4		20					0.0	2.0	0.0	
	plants, etc.	15.3	11.3	16.5	87.3	113.2	126.4		3.7	7.9	15.7	9.2	12.3	
6	Colonial produce and spices Preserves, in hermetically	64.5	56.9	55.1	494.7	565.2	538.7		0.1	1.1	2.3	1.9	1.6	
	sealed packages	1.1	0.2	0.4	2.8	3.6 12.3	3.1		0.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.1	
8	Beverages	0.4 26.5	3.3 23.5	1.6 14.7	14.2 208.8	240.8	$10.4 \\ 205.4$		0.1	0.3	0.0 0.5	0.0 0.9	0.0 1.8	
	Yarns and ropes	18.1	18.0	13.0	109.7	144.1	118.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	2.8	1.6	2.5	
ii	Cloth	55.7	45.6	45.0	313.2	425.8	340.4		1.6	1.9	7.9	7.7	8.2	
12	Diverse textile products	32.9 2.7	21.8	27.7 7.0	179.4 21.7	239.1 42.3	216.1 52.6	$\begin{bmatrix} 0.2 \\ 568.1 \end{bmatrix}$	0.8 650.9	0.5 462 7	0.7 2 764 5	$\begin{array}{c} 1.0 \\ 2380.5 \end{array}$	3.9 9.519.3	
13	Timber and wooden articles Bark, cane, branches or	2.1	"	1.0	21.1	10.0	02.0	000.2	0.00	104.1	2 101.0	2 000.0	2 012.0	
12	twigs, and articles made		_		00	00	,,						<u>.</u>	
	from same	3.7	2.3	2.1	20.9	28.9	15.5	2.0	0.5	3.4	3.3	3,5	4.6	
15	Board, cardboard an paper and articles made from		0 -	0.0	10-		40.0	154 -	170 a	150.0	1 094 *	1 944 -	4 004 -	
	same	2.4	2.7	2.2	16.1	20.2	19.6	154.5	170.3	196.9	1 234.5	1 344.1	1 361.1	
16	Hair, bristles, feathers toge- ther with bones, horn and other carvable goods not													
	specifically mentioned and articles made from same	1.8	2.0	2.7	15.6	18.7	17.9	0.1	0.4	0.3	2,1	1,8	24	
17	Hides and skins, leather- goods, furs, etc	33.6	20.9	26.6	181.9	303.0	168.6		6.9	11.3	94.9	96.7	89.3	
	Metals and metal goods	88.9	68.9	68.8	541.4	662.4	617.2		3.3	3.0	11.5	13.7	23.7	
	Machinery and apparatus	73.0 25.9	43.4 17.8	40.4 9.1	386,1 316,0	452.0 395.3	$\frac{421.5}{304.2}$		$\frac{1.6}{0.7}$	1.9 0.0	10.8 0.2	13.1 2.2	16.6 1.5	
	Means of transport Musical instruments, instru-	20.0	11.0	0	910.0				•••	9.0	"		1.0	
1	ments, clocks and watches	8.0	8.6	11.2	43.7	57.3	83.4	-		0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	
22	Minerals and articles made from same	57.3	48.7	50.6	279.8	280.2	250.6	3.3	10.2	7.1	17.3	15.4	39.5	
23	Asphalt, tar, resins, rubber and products made from													
	same	15.3	16.0	15.9	112.7	123.6	131.8	1.9	2.7	5.3	15.1	13.2	17.0	
24	Oils, fats and waxes, and products of same	38.9	34.0	35.5	224.5	269.3	256.3	0,1	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.8	2.8	
25	Ethers, alcohols not speci-													
	fically described, ethereal oils, cosmetics, etc.	1.0	1.0	1.1	6.4	8.3	9.4	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.5	0.7	
26	Colours and dyes	3.9	4.2	3.8	44.5	46.6	47.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	
	Explosives, fire-arms and materials, fuses and fire-													
	works	0.6	0.9	0.5	5.3	5.3	5.4	1.4	2,9	2.6	21.1	23.9	21.4	
28	Chemical elements and com-								;					
	binations thereof and drugs	16.9	17.9	16.7	100.4	108.0	117.2	0.1	0.0	0.2	4.4	5.5	4.0	
29	Fertilizers	4.0	9.6	8,1	98.3		85.8		—	0.0	0.0		0.1	
30	Literature and works of													
	art, educational materials, office fittings, etc.	5.4	4.8	4.5	38.2	51.2	44.5	0.4	0.2	0.4	3.5	2,8	2.3	
31	Articles not specified else-													
	where	5.4	3.6	12.6	44.2	47.5	52.4	·	1.1	700.0	2.2	3.5	3.7 4 613.6	
1	Total Re-exports	762.6	610.5	023.8	4 596.3	ບ ຽປ0.2 —	ა 231.6 —	3.6	901.5 2.9	5.1				
1	Re-exports Total	762.6	610.5	623.8	4 596.3	5 806.2	5 237.6						4 649.0	
1	* Preliminary figures subject f				11- 000.0	J 000.2		, 552.5	,			,	1	

<sup>•</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 24. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Rye Tons			Rye Flour Tons			Wheat Tons		Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January	5 653.6	8 107.0	8 309.2*	48.0	100.5	453.1*	_		49.9*	January
February	6 962.8	11 316.9	4 240.2*	32.0	34.1	931.9*		_	*	February
March	7 796.0	15 124.4	9 074.6*	30.0	24.2	810.0*	5.0	12.7	*	March
April	6 206.2	9 608.6	16 902.5*		11.3	1 016.7*	21.7	19.2		April
May June	8 683.0	7 314.7	15 488.7*	25.0	10.4	2 131.4*	0.8	0.0	85.6*	May
June	12 324.0	6 793.7	13 401.6*	178.6	22.6	1 499.6*	_	19.8	*	June
July	14 241.7	6 746.0	9 858.0*	69.9	12.6	713.7*	_	10.0	49.9*	July
August	4 206.8	14 310.7	16 726.0*	343.6	102.5	1 250,6*	1.9	0.0	4.2*	August
September	4 361.6	23 280.9	16 561.1*	275.4	767.8	1 654.8*	9.3	79.6		September
October	11 163.1	27 373.5	1	261.4	2 422.2		5.9	126.2		October
November	13 327.7	21 015.5		68.9	1 826.0		_	. 102.2		November
December	17 014.0	14 677.1		358.0	991.1			99.9		December
		165 669.0		1 690.8	6 325.3		44.6	469.6		Total
JanSept.	70 435.7	102 602.9	110 561,9*	1 002.5	1 086.0	10 461.8*	38.7	141.3	364.3*	JanSept.

Month	Wheate	n Flour and of Wheat Tons	Grain	Rice a	nd Grain of Tons	Rice			Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	7 054.9 5 060.2 5 042.1 5 139.6 8 029.8 8 895.3 7 239.3 7 018.5 9 276.3 10 329.3 10 468.6 3 331.0	16 731.0 8 428.3 10 092.9 8 930.0 11 076.1 11 360.0 7 876.6 9 949.4 10 676.9 17 702.6 13 661.0 8 910.8	9 420.8* 8 342.6* 7 520.4* 8 451.1* 10 149.5* 13 351.7* 13 491.8* 8 837.5* 9 853.4*	819.2 593.7 802.2 761.0 2 595.0 1 707.6 1 330.4 996.9 1 194.3 1 617.1 981.5 501.7	1 557.9 903.4 1 323.6 1 041.8 2 180.1 2 239.1 1 641.7 1 815.5 1 007.7 3 691.7 1 358.6 1 286.6	958.0* 646.4* 635.4* 1 159.7* 1 507.9* 4 492.7* 1 770.3* 912.9* 1 079.8*	180.5 144.4 220.9 165.4 431.8 450.9	561.8 582.6 498.6 270.8 625.3 859.9 366.2 608.5 638.1 2 678.9 2 016.8 998.6	680.8* 439.0* 437.7* 872.6* 732.6* 790.1* 568.9*	May June
Total JanSept.	86 884.8 62 756.0	135 395.6 95 121.2	89 418,8*	13 900.6 10 800.3	20 047.7 13 710.8	13 163.1*		10 706.4 5 012.1		Total JanSept.

Month		Coffee Tons		Refin	Sugar ed and Unre Tons	efined	F	Month		
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January	1 026.2	2 246.7	1 436.4*	6 238.8	9 167.6	6 486.2*		262.9		January
February March	1 238.2 1 357.4	1 578.0 1 792.4	1 236.9* 1 029.6*	5 077.3 4 944.1	7 893.6 7 349.5	6 317.8* 6 524.9*		293.0 317.1		February March
April	1 177.8	1 311.7	2 172.6*	6 004 4	6 103.2	7 383.5*	244.1	249.0	314.1*	April
May June	1 338.4 1 421.9	1 553.9 1 704.0	1 866.2* 1 780.3*	6 530.5 5 364.1	8 827.3 8 677.3	8 987.6* 9 802.6*		250.7 315.7	336.8 <b>*</b> 362.3 <b>*</b>	
July	1 235.9 1 598.3	1 260.5 1 455.6	1 524.4* 1 343.2*	4 757.8 8 071.0	6 66 <b>3.3</b> 7 528.0	7 955.7 <b>*</b> 9 172.5 <b>*</b>		198.4 280.6	260.0*	July August
August September	1 606.5	1 719.5	1 446.7*	7 622.5	6 841.7	7 485.3*	307.8	304.8		September
October November	1 520.2 1 406.0	1 590.6 1 298.1		4 707.5 4 959.6	9 175.2 6 717.5		262.6 256.7	281.9 269.4		October November
December	346.6	925.7		2 390.8	7 122.3		184.8	191.6		December
Total JanSept-	15 273.4 12 000.6	18 <b>436.7</b> 14 622.3	13 836.3*	66 668.4 54 610.5	92 066.5 69 051.5	70116.1*	3 077.1 2 373.0	3 215.1 2 472.2	2 755.1*	Total JanSept.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 24. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Raw Cotton Tons			Wool Tons		•	Month		
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January	849.9	899.7	1 223.6*	110.7	146.1	136.6*	1 688.8	1 999.0	2 258.3*	January
February	867.1	1 069.5	321.4*	102.6	143.5	66.6*	1 996.9	1 725.7	1 499.7*	February
March	942.8	838.7	349.9*	156.4	208.4	77.9*	1 012.7	2 273.3	1 054.3*	March
April	418.7	455.4	667.0*	116.8	128.7	128.0*	1 117.0	2 542.0	2 473.0*	April
May	765.0	786.1	867.6*	116.7	43.9	115.6*		1 187.5	1 280.9*	May
June	468.4	722.1	479.5	119.2	135.4	115.5*		640.8	355.5*	June
July	708.8	470.8	535.7*	97.3	83.8	119.6*		2 166.0	2 374.8*	July
August	897.4	677.0	720.5*	119.0	126.6	94.9*	1 670.7	1 308.6	3 967.8*	August
September	876.4	698.0	299.7*	143.6	108.1	96.4*	1 500.5	2 000.8	3 607.1*	September
October	714.0	742.5	ll:	166.2	139.3		1 604.9	2 824.2		October
November	1 071.9	639.0	Įį.	195.7	123.4		1 663.8	2 309.0		November
December	955.3	994.5	1	127.4	141.0		2 168.1	2 594.6		December
Total	9 535.7	8 993.3		1 571.6	1 528.2		15 674.4	23 571.5		Total
JanSept.	6 794.5	6 617.3	5 <b>4</b> 64.9*	1 082.3	1 124.5	951,1*	10 237.6	15 843.7	18 871.4*	JanSept.

Month		Raw Hides Tous			Coal Tons				Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July Angust September October November December	221.1 272.9 309.9 340.9 249.6 495.5 986.5 545.5 678.4 376.6 492.3 879.0	457.1 797.6 783.5 659.1 664.9 824.4 443.2 510.4 466.8 476.6 554.9 338.7	206.2* 182.8* 117.0* 369.1* 297.6* 248.3* 385.1* 303.7*	17 666.2 15 354.6 30 461.6 125 678.7 108 874.5 68 696.8	112 557.9	97 684.0* 94 908.2* 138 120.0* 161 923.2* 173 737.9*	0.5 0.6 5 102.1 4 243.4	844.3 305.4 399.8 1 841.0 11 547.9 1 129.8 615.6 10 849.8 5 106.2 592.9 8 378.5 2 202.4	212.4* 276.9* 322.4* 7 900.2* 1 244.6* 8 590.2* 2 115.7*	April May June
Total JanSept.	5 848.2	6 977.2   5 607.0	2 410.5*	1 033 716.6	1 076 434.4		34 687.7	43 813.6	1	Total JanSept.

#### 25. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month	Fresh Meat 1) th Tons				Butter Tons			Month		
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1
January	304.0	113.4	93.4*	1 311.5	921.9	1 425.0*	323.3	143.6	158.3*	January
February	212.9	60.7	77.4*	1 417.9	1 169.8	1 209.5*	314.1	124.7		February
March	181.5	60.4	54.1*	1 661.6	1 201.7	1 652.2*	256.3	131.6	241.0*	March
April	97.7	33.3	13.3*	1 861.2	1 269.5	1 652.5*	310.4	10 <del>1</del> .4	281.2*	April
May .	. 83.1	41.8	13.3*	1 874.8	1 533.6	2 076.3*	281.4	122.0	211.9*	May
June	133.7	68.0	16.6*	1 601.3	1 046.0	1 365.1*	254.3	83.3	192.9*	June
July	51.4	50.8	33.3*	1 161.7	1 137.7	1 586.7*	196.8	113.6	145.3*	July
August	100.9	58.7	48.8*	871.3	1 227.8	1 224.7*	289.6	143.6	157.5*	August
September	161.8	87.1	59.1*	800.5	1 026.2	1 034.6*	235.7	149.3	136.3*	September
October	176.2	83.3		967.4	977.6		179.1	163.3		October
November	178.4	38.6	İ	714.8	808.8		131.8	188.3		November
December	171.9	73.1		832.5	1 055.2		176.3	180.8		December
Total	1 853.5	769.2		15 076.5	13 375.8		2 949.1	1 648.5		Total
JanSept.	1 327.0	574.2	409.3*	12 561.8	10 534.2	13 226.6*	2 461.9	1 116.1	1 687.0*	JanSept.

<sup>1)</sup> Fresh meat, excluding pork.
Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

25. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month	Raw Hidės Tons				nsa wn Timbe Kinds excl. : 1 000 m³		F	Month		
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	489.2 555.5 374.2 399.6 594.7 404.3 258.3 447.4 449.0 524.2 560.4 622.1	477.3 378.1 444.9 562.6 502.5 254.6 226.0 483.5 333.5 495.7 462.5	275.9* 239.8* 303.7* 709.6* 370.3* 373.7* 340.7* 348.6* 596.3*	21.4 6.9 5.5 13.1 212.1 559.7 984.7 917.6 899.9 410.4 277.1 59.2	4.8 1.0 1.1 3.7 215.6 560.0 793.4 780.0 751.0 468.6 241.0 56.1	4.6* 0.2* 0.8* 5.1* 96.8* 507.9* 627.3* 741.8* 679.3*	27.9 2.4 0.8 1.4 4.3 9.2 6.9 8.7 5.4 4.8 1.8	0.7 0.9 0.9 0.7 5.1 4.7 6.9 6.3 8.1 2.9 0.9	0.8* 0.8* 0.8* 0.5* 2.5* 10.3* 5.2* 4.8*	February March April May June July August
Total JanSept.	5 678.9	5 083.6 3 663.0	3 558.5*	4 367.6 3 620.9	3 876.3 3 110.6	2 663,8*	74.6 67.0	39.1 34.3	28.1*	Total

Month		awn Timber All Kinds 000 standard	8		Ply wood Tons				Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	5.1 2.0 2.6 5.2 60.3 164.8 262.0 227.7 208.9 173.7 113.2 57.6	3.3 0.8 3.5 3.8 72.6 97.4 173.7 191.7 191.4 177.9 138.7 91.7	21.0* 2.4* 1.0* 5.1* 69.7* 157.1* 205.7* 227.4* 151.0*	4 550.1 5 237.2 4 017.7 4 376.5 5 426.3 3 691.9 4 935.7	7 100.3 5 805.4 6 858.8 6 306.4 6 158.2 5 693.7 6 014.6 8 077.2 6 173.1 8 316.5 8 821.0 7 557.0	7 972.2* 3 758.4* 4 796.1* 12 271.4* 10 464.4* 8 778.2* 6 454.6* 9 482.3* 7 870.9*	355.9 231.2 396.2 285.5 191.9 239.8 324.5	214.6 408.9 423.4 239.4 299.3 152.0 298.6 153.6 179.0 248.2 197.6 523.9	152.2* 199.2* 120.4* 522.4* 316.8* 191.9* 483.0* 324.0* 354.3*	February March April May June July August
Total JanSept.	1 283.1	1 146.5   738,2	840.4*	57 201.7	82 882.2 58 187.7	71 848.5*	3 837.9	3 338.5 2 368.8	2 664.2*	Total JanSept.

<sup>1</sup> standard sawn timber = 4.672 m<sup>3</sup>.

Month		Bobbins Tons		Mec	hanical Tons	Pulp <sup>1</sup> )	Che	ulp ¹)	Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July Angust September October November December	298.9 478.3 407.7 491.3 505.7 432.3 417.7 540.8 629.7 415.3 512.4 613.8	527.7 499.4 671.5 436.9 448.8 443.0 421.0 521.1 499.6 509.7 275.9 304.7	642.9* 217.4* 473.4* 587.1* 440.0* 428.9* 475.1* 432.6*	5 632.9 4 391.4 5 282.7 10 522.7 5 934.6 9 352.3 10 069.6	10 162.0 5 760.1 9 781.1 7 082.7 11 811.8 13 546.5 16 659.2 13 513.7 9 438.4 13 599.4 16 204.5 10 157.5	11 210.8* 5 070.7* 1 094.2* 14 396.5* 19 992.1* 16 227.2* 12 682.7* 17 443.2* 12 944.7*	23 817.6 23 216.6 34 636.2 25 577.7 24 700.5 26 823.6 35 172.4	34 192.6 43 033.7 34 775.9 45 523.7 32 344.1 39 275.6 41 632.0 38 766.2 41 417.5 48 933.3	20 799.7* 56 007.5* 45 719.6* 36 419.8* 34 218.6* 45 103.3* 42 885.1*	February March April May June July
Total JanSept.	5 743.9	5 559.3 4 469.0		102 184.8 64 913.4	137 716.9	111 062.1*	363 572.1	473 030.1		Total

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations. — 1) Dry weight.

#### 25. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Cardboard Tons			Paper All Kinds Tons		(Included	s column)	Month	
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2717.7 2862.0 2875.1 2093.2 3587.9 3144.6 1981.7 3649.4 3448.3 2830.9 4049.7 4048.5	3 241.2 3 869.2 4 239.0 2 910.2 3 840.3 2 625.0 3 168.7 4 033.3 3 769.9 4 372.7 4 460.2 4 718.4	3 826.6* 2 456.7* 2 058.2* 6 069.3* 5 289.7* 4 364.7* 3 437.5* 4 683.5* 4 056.8*	16 538.9 17 941.9 18 592.8 18 127.0 17 522.6 18 975.3 19 482.2 21 280.4 19 180.0 17 284.5 21 087.3 17 463.0	20 394.7 20 095.3 22 346.3 17 042.4 21 943.6 17 496.0 18 959.2 21 327.1 20 255.9 21 310.3 21 228.9	18 655.3* 20 388.1* 18 512.8*	12 059.2 12 021.7 12 994.1 12 631.0 12 953.1 13 763.3 14 998.8 13 221.4 12 072.2 15 159.7	14 379.5 15 321.9 11 700.4 15 730.0 12 203.4 13 407.6 14 357.9 15 627.3 13 639.8	10 636.6* 19 192.9* 16 666.7* 15 140.0* 12 818.5* 14 581,6* 13 210.6*	February March April May June July August
Total JanSept.		45 248.1 31 696.8	36 243.0*	223 465.9 167 641.1	243 806.8		155 446.2	171 563.7		Total JanSept.

#### 26. — FOREIGN TRADE WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

		(C	Imports I. F. Value	)			(F.	Exports O. B. Valu	ıe)	
Country	Janus	ry—Septe	mber	Whole	e Year	Janus	ry—Septe	mber	Whole	Year
	192	29	1928	1928	1927	192	29	1928	1928	1927
Europe:	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	%	Mill. Fmk	%	%	%	. %
Belgium	153.6	2.9	3.7	3.7	3.3	373.4	8.0	6.7	7.5	6.0
Denmark		5.0	3.9	4.0	5.1	110.2	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.2
Esthonia	42.0	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.9	18.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
France	139.5	2.7	2.6	2,5	3.1	295.5	6.4	6,5	6.9	4.7
Germany	1 995.7	38.1	36.3	37.0	32.6	693.3	14.9	16.3	15.8	15.8
Great Britain	678.3	12.9	12.3	12,4	14.2	1 796.3	38.6	<b>36</b> .8	35.3	40.2
Holland	240.7	4.6	4.1	4.7	4.4	296.1	6.4	7.8	8.3	9.0
Italy	39.4	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	40.5	9,0	0.8	0.7	0.4
Latvia	18.6	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	10.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
Norway		0.7	0.7	0.7	1.0	21.9	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.4
Poland		1,6	1.0	1.1	0.8	3.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1
Russia		1.6	1.5	1.6	3,3	145.6	3.1	4.7	4.3	5.0
Sweden		8.2	8.7	8.2	8.2	96.6	2.1	2.4	2.2	3.1
Switzerland		0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	_0.7	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
Spain	18.9	0.4	0,4	0.4	0,5	74.0	1.6	1.9	2.1	1.5
Other European countries	137.9	2.6	2.5	2.3	2.0	15.7	0.3	0.1	0.1	
Total Europe	4 390.6	<b>83.</b> 8	80.4	81.3	81.1	3 991.8	85.9	87.4	86.8	89.0
		·								
Asia	10.7	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	75.9	1.6	1.0	1.2	0.9
Africa	4.2	0.1	0.1	0,1	0.0	132.0	2.8	2.8	3.2	2.9
United States	648.7	12.4	15,3	14.7	15.4	328.4	7.1	6.5	6.5	5.4
Other States of North					}	]] ;				
America	42,3	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.7	11.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
South America	134.9	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.5	101.2	2.2	2.1	2.0	1.5
Australia	6.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	8.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Grand Total	5 237.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	4 648.9	100.0	100.o	100.0	100.0

According to figures supplied by the Statistical Department of the Board of Customs.

The country of import indicates (from January 1, 1918) the land in which goods were purchased, and country of export the land to which goods were sold.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 27. — IMPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year and	Total		D e	tail			e Last Group ng to their		Year and
Month	All Kinds	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Agricultur- al Require- ments	Other Goods	Raw Ma- terials	Machinery	Industrial products	Month
1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1926 1927 1928	519 741 755 1 387 1 329 1 072 915 958 1 052 984 945 955	647~ 881 896 1 751 1 556 1 150 963 998 1 110 1 058 1 044 1 005	405 600 608 1 108 1 080 1 067 925 1 060 1 133 1 005 978 1 052	370 420 600 934 1 087 1 066 897 932 1 066 999 980 1 084	526 661 659 1 268 1 109 913 823 818 835 853 795 762	451 647 681 1 364 1 129 1 041 926 955 1 037 974 923 983	360 459 487 931 1 005 820 728 763 867 871 873 826	465 642 593 827 1 048 987 826 901 928 881 834 839	1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928
January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	966 971 978 984 969 953 939 931 929	971 965 964 969 968 956 951 944	1 059 1 074 1 078 1 088 1 079 1 076 1 064 1 055 1 052	983 987 985 971 990 986 973 977 983	811 812 836 859 834 816 802 790 788	1 003 1 025 1 044 1 033 1 007 978 947 934 930	897 867 874 890 864 856 871 865 877	882 923 944 970 945 947 928 922 915	January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.

The import- and export-indices have been calculated by the Statistical Dept. of the Board of Customs in the following manner: the quantities of imports and, respectively, exports for the current year have been multiplied by the average price for the class of goods in question in 1913, after which the import (or export) value for the current year has been calculated in percentage of the sum thus obtained for purposes of comparison.

This goods chosen for the setting-up of a total-index have been divided, according to their use, into the groups: foodstuffs, clothing, agricultural requirements and other goods. The three last-named have been further divided, according to their purpose, into raw materials, machinery and industrial products.

This import-price index is lower than the wholssale price index because the import-price index is not influenced by the customs during

duties.

#### 28. — EXPORT-PRICE INDEX.

			20.	2/11	OVI-LVI	OL MID	4/10			
Year and	Total		,		Det	ails				Year and
Month	All Kinds	Fresh Meat	Butter	Cheese	Timber	Bobbin	Mechanic- al Pulp	Chemical Pulp	Paper	Month .
1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927 1928	375 415 441 1 053 1 213 1 180 1 145 1 090 1 111 1 092 1 092 1 092	560 790 805 1 008 1 075 1 083 1 045 1 026 951 1 069 1 158	349 620 725 916 1 636 1 351 1 121 1 250 1 303 1 166 1 133 1 231	600 501 1 079 1 250 1 489 1 066 985 1 088 1 013 884 911 1 008	317 222 375 886 996 1 081 1 143 1 089 1 091 1 077 1 114 1 149	218 705 1 258 1 755 2 186 1 911 1 865 1 950 1 950 1 884 1 880 1 742	389 508 571 1 710 2 202 2 002 1 708 1 365 1 384 1 489 1 272 1 104	342 399 500 1 742 1 502 1 355 1 264 1 103 1 181 1 209 1 164 1 050	452 483 611 1 185 1 433 1 198 958 924 935 940 907 853	1917 1918 1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1926 1927 1928
1929 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanApril JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.	1 069 1 063 1 051 1 031 1 031 1 041 1 055 1 066 1 068	1 363 1 233 1 181 1 171 1 169 1 166 1 151 1 128 1 102	1 262 1 244 1 207 1 176 1 157 1 152 1 147 1 143 1 152	923 924 925 919 920 922 896 918	1 058 1 064 1 064 1 070 1 092 1 110 1 117 1 128 1 126	1 590 1 607 1 622 1 589 1 640 1 647 1 646 1 688 1 707	1 192 1 202 1 204 1 198 1 177 1 166 1 158 1 147 1 142	1 069 1 062 1 059 1 055 1 048 1 053 1 057 1 058 1 060	821 820 804 814 815 811 809 803	1929 January JanFebr. JanMarch JanMay JanJune JanJuly JanAug. JanSept. JanOct. JanNov. JanDec.

Besides the total index the table contains indices for only a few of the most important exports. See in addition remarks under Table No. 27.

#### 29. - INDEX NUMBER FOR QUANTITIES OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. 1)

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Whole Year		Year
]				_	•	]	[mp	orts		_	-				
1913 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	100.0 95.6 98.3 131.8 173.9 174.6	100.0 90.7 99.6 136.5 194.9 128.4	109.3 122.1 153.8 212.1	100.0 109.6 145.3 150.7 183.2 220.9	100.0 78.0 93.5 122.6 158.3 167.2	100.0 100.2 124.9 147.8 170.3 169.0	100.0 98.0 110.4 129.3 144.0 168.7	108.3 130.3 154.4 190.9	100.0 102.1 107.7 131.0 161.2 131.4	84.6 95.2 108.2 150.5	100.0 112.4 128.2 133.0 163.5	100.0 206.4 158.9 167.5 173.2	116.3 136.4 169.4	98.3 114.0 138.6	1925 1926 1927
1020	- • - • -					i j	Exp	orts	,		'		" (		
1913 1925 1926 1927 1928 1929	100.0 166.9 135.8 178.2 171.1 222.3	100.0 137.9 113.5 167.8 159.0 123.4	100.0 150.0 150.4 160.3 202.8 139.2	100.0 135.1 146.2 144.4 132.7 213.8	100.0 112.1 71.0 103.3 124.3 132.3	100.0 98.8 107.3 123.1 96.0 129.2	100.0 127.3 137.2 149.3 118.4	100.0 119.2 116.0 153.4 141.6	100.0 126.5 116.8 148.9 142.3	129.3 153.9 143.5	100.0 137.0 165.1 161.9 182.6	109.6	127.5 143.1	123.0 117.3 141.7	1925 1926 1927 1928

<sup>1)</sup> Value of imports and exports calculated on the basis of the prices for 1913 and expressed in percentage of imports and exports tor 1913 during the corresponding period.

#### 30. — TOTAL SALES OF SOME WHOLESALE FIRMS. 1)

Month			T	otal sales Mill, Fmk				Month
	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	119.8 135.7 159.2 152.4 133.1 146.6 126.2 148.3 168.0 171.7 166.3 138.9	138.9 167.3 187.0 196.8 171.8 164.0 178.4 181.0 183.0 188.7 165.9	163.2 165.6 205.2 213.2 199.6 182.8 186.2 214.4 207.3 203.4 210.4 204.3	156.8 165.4 225.2 227.3 206.0 210.8 211.0 235.3 244.1 246.2 238.4 185.7	180.6 201.4 257.0 238.2 235.9 227.0 221.2 258.8 278.4 282.2 272.9 187.0	241.1 257.3 336.4 280.6 288.6 268.5 260.8 305.1 321.1 352.3 289.8 210.9	240.6 259.0 278.6 337.7 304.6 273.3 294.1 301.9 295.0	January February March April May June July August September October November
Total JanSept.	1 766.2 1 289.3	2 060.9 1 568.2	2 355.6 1 737.5	2 552.2 1 881.9	2 840.6 2 098.5	3 412.5 2 559.5	2 584,8	Total JanSept.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;) According to information supplied by ten wholesale firms — either co-operative or limited liability companies — the total sales of which represent about 1/2 of the whole turnover of all wholesalers in Finland.

#### 31. — FOREIGN SHIPPING.

			Aı	rivals					Sa	ilings			
Month	Wit	h Cargo	In	Ballast	1	otal	Wit	h Cargo	In	Ballast	1	otal	Month
	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg.tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.							
1929								]					1929
January	156	121 011	42	20 568	198	141 579	178	133 880	34	23 998	212	157 878	January
February	68	51 080		3 367	72		78	59 598	6	6 830			February
March	91	75 395	4	3 453	95	78 848	71	57 557	2	910	73	58 467	March
April	165	138 497	23	20 280	188	158 777	161	130 570	16	16 807	177	147 377	April
April May	440	246 986	227	172 333	667	419 319	433	278 789	158	46 861	591	325 650	May
June	595	255 972		346 887	1 047	602 859	890	543 830		41 656	1 093		
July	576	329 180	565	453 689	1 141	782 869	965	708 857	179	43 236	1 144	752 093	
August	502	257 764	500		1 002	662 250	942	709 273	127	41 357	1 069		August
September	510	260 511	412	311 097	. 922	571 608	763	524 485	123	36 534	886	561 019	September
October		-				1						1	October
November	i l												November
December				j				ĺ				- [	December
JanSept.	3 103	1 736 396	2 229	1 736 160	1) 5 332	3 472 556	4481	3 146 839	848	258 189	<sup>2</sup> ) 5 329	3 405 028	JanSept.
1928	}		١.		•		ļ ,				<b>'</b>	. ,	1928
JanSept.	3 592	1 812 039	2 397	1 801 086	5 989	3 613 125	4 527	3 123 238	1 459	372 710	5 986	3 495 948	JanSept.

<sup>)</sup> Of which 1 735 Finnish vessels and 3 597 foreign vessels.

#### 32. — SHIPPING WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES AND PASSENGER TRAFFIC,

Country of departure		vals¹) 1g. 1929	Sail - Jan. A	ings¹) ag. 1929	Country of departure	Arri JanAu	vals¹) ig. 1929		ings¹) u3, 1929
and destination	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	and destination	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1 000 Reg. tons Net.
Europe:					Asia	1	2.4	2	7.2
Belgium	148	145.0	315	282.3	Africa	3	4.5	40	106.1
Danzig	218	164.3	24	14.8	United States	59	179.9	50	146.4
Denmark	501	321.9	357	120.7	Other States	,			
Esthonia	733	128.9	682	89.1	of America.	8	22.5	11	32.6
France	57	72.0	230	200.9	Australia	_			_
Germany	1 144	808.0	919	565.9	Total	71	900 a	102	200.0
Great Britain	522	551.9	1 069	1 002.1			209.3	103	292.3
Holland	252	327.8	342	408.7	Grand Total	5 332	3 472.6	5 329	3 405.0
Latvia	102	48.3	<b>4</b> 0	22.0	<u>"</u>	ACCENCE	" Transm"	10 0)	' " ]
Norway	40	39.5	13	5.1	P	ASSENUE	R TRAFF	IC. ²)	
Russia	104	17.3	154	57.0		1) (	rrived	11 1	eft
Sweden	1 299	513.4	1 004	273.4	Month		<del></del>	<b>-</b>	
Spain Other countries	15 <b>126</b>	16.4 108.6	55 22	46.8 23.9		Total	Of whom Foreigners	Total	Of whom Foreigners
Total Europe	-	3 263.3	5 226	3 112.7	September 1929 Jan. Sept. 1929		2 865 28 722	6 516 52 877	3 636 26 037

<sup>1)</sup> Vessels with cargo and in ballast together. — 1) Sea-traffic, Passenger traffic overland is at present insignificant. According to figures supplied by the Statistical Office of the Shipping Board.

#### 33. — STATE RAILWAYS.

Month	Weigh	t of Goods ported 1 000 Ton			e-kilome( loods-tru Mill. K	cks	Loco	motives Number		Good	s-trucks i Number	in use	End of Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	-
January	818.2	917.8*	800.0*	47.0	52.8	49.2	546	554	570	18 453	19 541	21 142	January
February	940.4	997.2*	880.8*		54.0	51.5	561	576	600	18 521	19 558		February
March	1 050.4	1 105.9*	838.6*		60.3	54.5	553	567	584	18 619	19 727		March
April	797.7	778.1*	861.8*		48.4	56.4	542	547	583	18 717	19 953	21 447	
May	879.9	962.0*	894.9*	54.5	53.1	55.6	562	566	588	18 782	20 126	21 588	May
June	952.7	1 039.2*			59.4	63.0	581	612	635	18 827	20 280	21 718	June
July	1 100.2	1 090.2*	1 181.0*	66.6	63.6	68.9	590	614	633	18 828	20 283	21 721	
August	1 060.7	1 097.2*	1 127.0*	65.5	64.7	68.3	585	613	631	18 885	20 429	21 72 1	August
September		1 041.1*		64.2	60.1		583	613		19 024	20 685		Septemb
October	919.9	1 012.0*		58.9	57.8		579	605		19 198	20 922		October
November	841.2	826.0*		47.2	48.4	ì '	564	587		19 342	21 085		Novemb
December [	785.3	667.4*	l i	49.8	42.2		547	564		19 484	21 085	ĺ	Decembe
Total	11 143.3	11 534.1*		671.1	664.8					1			
JanAug.	7 600.2	7 987.6*	7 643.6*	451.0	456.3	467.4	'	,			'		••

#### 34. - STATE RAILWAYS' REVENUE, REGULAR EXPENDITURE AND TRAFFIC SURPLUS.

Month	(less	Revenue Re-imbursen Mill. Fmk	nents)	Reg	gular Expendi Mill, Fmk	iture	Т	raffic Surpl Mill, Fmk	ĮĮ\$	Month
	19271)	1928¹)	1929 ¹)	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February	62.5 60.0	70.0* 67.2*	66.3* 60.9*	45.3 48.2	48.5* 56.8*	57.2* 61.1*	17.2 11.8	21.5* 10.4*	9.1* 0.2*	January February
March April	70.9 67.1	78.8* 69.5*	72.7* 79.9*	53.1 50.5	60.1* 51.7*	62.5* 58.1*	17.8 16.6	18.7* 17.8*	10.2* 21.8*	March April
May June	65.5 74.6	71.2* 79.0*	73.8 <b>*</b> 83.9 <b>*</b>	60.7 66.3	56.8* 65.5*	63.9 <b>*</b> 73.6 <b>*</b>	4.8 8.3	14.4 <b>*</b> 13.5 <b>*</b>	9.9 <b>*</b> 10.3 <b>*</b>	May June
July August	76.6 77.6	81.8* 83.1*	86.6 <b>*</b> 84.6 <b>*</b>	54.0 56.5	61.6* 56.6*	61.6 <b>*</b> 61.8 <b>*</b>	22.6 21.1	20.2* 26.5*	25.0 <b>*</b> 22.8 <b>*</b>	July August
September October	74.7 70.7	77.6* 75.4*	. (	59.0 52.5	62.5* 60.9*		15.7 18.2	15.1* 14.5*		September October
November December	64.5 71.5	67.3 <b>*</b> 71.0 <b>*</b>		52.0 81.9	63.8* 65.7*		12.5 — 10.4	3.5 <b>*</b> 5.3 <b>*</b>		November December
Total   JanAug.	836.2 554.8	891.9* 600.6*	608.7*	680.0 434.6	710.5* 457.6*	499.8*	156.2 120.2	181.4* 143.0*	108.9*	Total JanAug.

According to Finnish State Raliways' Preliminary Monthly Statistics.

1) At the final closing of the books the figures for income and expenditure will alter to a certain extent, in some cases quite considerably. The difference between the results based on preliminary data and the final figures will be adjusted in the figures for December.

Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

#### 35. — INDEX NUMBER OF COST OF LIVING. 1)

Month	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Rent	Fuel	Tobacco	Newspapers	Taxes	Total Cost of Living	Monthly Movement	Month
1914 JanJune	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	_	1914 JanJune
1926	1 108	1 042	1 306	1 271	1 298	1 079	2 058	1 183		1926
1927	1 115	1 036	1 379	1 405	1 300	1 127	2 135	1 207	_	1927
1928	1 150	1 047	1 422	1 <b>434</b>	1 297	1 159	2 039	1 233	_	1928
1928 September October November December	1 174 1 183 1 194 1 186	1 052 1 052 1 054 1 055	1 430 1 430 1 430 1 430	1 429 1 426 1 442 1 452	1 295 1 296 1 297 1 295	1 159 1 159 1 159 1 159	2 035 2 035 2 035 2 085	1 249 1 254 1 262 1 260	- 9 + 5 + 8 - 2	1928 September October November December
1929 January February March April May June July August September	1 156 1 141 1 135 1 118 1 104 1 103 1 116 1 131 1 128	1 055 1 055 1 055 1 056 1 056 1 055 1 055 1 055	1 430 1 430 1 430 1 430 1 430 1 476 1 476 1 476 1 476	1 450 1 446 1 456 1 463 1 460 1 456 1 451 1 446 1 450	1 295 1 297 1 298 1 298 1 298 1 298 1 301 1 301 1 301	1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175 1 175	2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085 2 085	1 242 1 232 1 229 1 219 1 210 1 215 1 223 1 232 1 230	$ \begin{array}{r} -18 \\ -10 \\ -3 \\ -10 \\ -9 \\ +5 \\ +8 \\ +9 \\ -2 \end{array} $	1929 January February March April May June July August September

') From the beginning of 1921 onwards a new official index has been drawn up differing from that published in the Bulletin for 1922 in that the whole first half of 1914 forms the basis (= 100) for the same, and that the rise in taxation is also included.

The index is calculated by the Statistical Bureau of the Ministry of Social Affairs and is based on monthly reports from 21 different centres; it shows the rise in the cost of living for a workingman's family of normal size, the income of which amounted during the years 1908—1909 to 1600—2000 Fmk, assuming that the average monthly consumption within the same remained unaltered. The index for total cost of living is the average based on weight of the different indices.

#### 36. — WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX.

Month	2	Potal inde	æ	Produc	ts of agr	culture	Products	of home	industry		ted goods wholesal		Month
	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	1927	1928	1929	
January February March April May June July August September O ctober November December	101 103	102 102 103 103 103 103 103 101 101 101 101	100 100 100 99 98 98 97 97 97	102 104 103 102 101 102 103 107 103 108 109	107 109 110 111 111 111 115 114 109 110 109 108	105 108 108 104 103 102 98 97 95	99 99 99 99 99 100 101 101 102 102 103	102 102 102 103 103 103 102 102 101 101	100 99 99 99 99 98 98 98 98	101 101 101 101 101 101 101 100 100 100	100 99 100 100 100 99 99 98 98 97 97	97 97 98 98 96 95 95 95	January Fabruary March April May June July August September October November December
Whole year	101	102		104	110		100	102		101	99		Whole year

The new wholesale price index is worked out at the Central Statistical Office. — The index is based on the quantity of goods in the local wholesale trade in Finland, the average price for 1926 being taken as a basis. There is no direct weighing of the data regarding prices, but indirect weighing has been carried out by each class of goods being represented by the number of commodities which corresponds to the calculated importance of the class in the wholesale trade. The averages are arithmetical averages.

#### 37. - NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED.

		1927			1928			192	29 .		
End of Month	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Monthly Move- ment	End of Month
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2 545 2 054 1 368 993 670 596 439 586 585 939 1 641 1 689	1 088 975 736 709 569 534 443 635 666 682 808 463	3 633 3 029 2 104 1 702 1 239 1 130 882 1 221 1 251 1 621 2 449 2 152	2 216 1 782 1 543 977 502 441 415 491 603 992 2 117 2 220	726 713 596 505 366 370 347 366 343 608 928	2 942 2 495 2 139 1 482 868 811 762 857 946 1 600 3 045 2 868	3 820 3 433 2 455 2 259 969 858 872 1 297 1 954	911 722 735 786 311 299 412 562 757	4 731 4 155 3 190 3 045 1 280 1 157 1 284 1 859 2 711	- 576 - 965 - 145 -1 765 - 123 + 127 + 575	January February March April May June July August September October December

This table, prepared from the weekly reports of the Labour Exchange Department of the Ministry of Social Affairs, shows the number of unemployed registered in the books of the communal labour exchanges in the majority of towns and a very small part of the rural centres of population at the close of the week nearest to the month's end. As agricultural labourers and skilled artisans proper register, up to the present, only in a minority of cases at the communal labour exchanges, the table does not give a complete review of the number of unemployed, but is to be regarded more as symptomatic.

38. — CESSATION OF WORK.

	Initia	ated cessation	of work	Cessat froi	ion of work n preceding	continued month		Total		
Month	number	affec	ting	namber	affe	cting	number	affec	cting	Month
		employers	hands		employers	hands		employers	hands	<u> </u>
1927 September October November December	3 - 2 1	-3 -2 1	94 — 83 15	16 16 12 11	91 91 83 82	8 540 8 542 8 109 8 052	19 16 14 12	94 91 85 83	8 634 8 542 8 192 8 067	1927 September October November December
1928 January February March April May June July August September October November December	35 4 11 18 17 2 5 2 - - -	3 6 46 16 73 125 4 22 10	97 657 656 3 234 3 644 15 077 116 189 252 —	4 3 2 3 12 20 25 16 15 14 17 10	10 3 2 10 24 33 129 79 76 83 62 65	.802 456 231 655 3 256 3 658 14 140 10 547 10 077 10 038 7 103 7 207	7 8 6 14 30 37 27 21 17 14 12	13 9 48 26 97 158 133 101 86 83 67	899 1 113 887 3 889 6 900 18 735 14 256 10 736 10 329 10 038 7 249 7 207	1928 January February March April May June July August September October November December
1929 January February March April May June July August September	- 4 5 1 7 2 2 - 1	-4 21 1 98 4 2 -1	518 383 8 1 179 191 56  38	64787782 1	6 4 7 24 23 64 66 53	843 358 851 750 584 1 394 1 544 350 20	6 8 12 9 14 9 10 2 2	6 8 28 25 121 68 68 53	843 876 1 234 758 1 763 1 585 1 600 350 58	1929 January February March April May June July August September

The above particulars which are of a preliminary nature, have been compiled by the Statistical Bureau of the Ministry of Social Affairs. The majority of cases of cessation of work were described as strikes.

#### CERTAIN PARTICULARS ABOUT FINLAND.

#### 1. FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

Finland formed a part of the kingdom of Sweden from 1154 to 1809; after 1809 it was an autonomous Grand Duchy connected with Russia up to December 6th, 1917, when Finland declared its independence, which was acknowledged by all the Powers including Boviet Russia. It became a republic in 1919. The legislative power of the country is vested in the Diet and the President. The highest executive power is held by the President chosen for a period of 6 years. The present President L. Kr. Relander is elected for the term 1 March, 1925, to 1 March, 1931.

The Diet, composed of 200 members, is elected by universal suffrage. The proportions of the different parties in the Diet elected in 1929 are as follows:

	Number	Per cent
Swedish party	23	11.5
Unionist party	28	14.0
Agrarian party	60	30.0
Progressive party	7	3.5
Social-Democrats	59	29.5
Communists	23	11.5

#### 2. LAND.

THE AREA is 388,279 square kilometres = 150,005 square miles, (Great Britain's area is 89,047 sq. m. and Italy's area 117,982 sq. m). Of the total area 11.5 % are lakes. On an average 10.8 % of the land in the south of Finland is cultated, 0.9 % in the North, 6.3 % of the whole land. Of the land area 25.3 mill. ha (62.5 mill. acres) or 73.4 % are covered by forests.

THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE in the coldest month is in S. W. Finland —5° to —6° C., in Lappland —15° C. and during the warmest month  $+15^\circ$  and  $+13^\circ$  to  $+14^\circ$  C. resp. The average temperature in Helsinki is  $+4.6^\circ$  (in Oslo  $+5.4^\circ$ , in Moscow  $+3.6^\circ$ ). The ground is covered by snow in the South for about 100 days, in Central Finland for 150 to 180 days, in Lappland about 210 days.

#### 3. POPULATION.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS (1927): 3.6 millions (of which 0.2 million emigrants), Sweden (1927) 6.1, Switzerland (1926) 4.0, Denmark (1927) 3.5 and Norway (1926) 2.8 millions.

DENSITY OF POPULATION (1927): In South-Finland 18.1, in North-Finland 2.4 and in the whole country an average of 10.4 inhabitants to the square kilometre.

LANGUAGE (1920): Finnish speaking 88.7 %, Swedish speaking 11.0 %, others 0.3 %.

RELIGION (1927): Lutheran 97.0 %, Greek-Orthodox 1.7 %, others 1.3 %.

DISTRIBUTION (1927): 80.0 % of the population inhabit the country, 20.0 % the towns and urban districts. The largest towns are (1927): Helsinki (Helsingfors), the capital, 220,904 inhabitants, Turku (Åbo) 62,599, Tampere (Tammerfors) 53,121, Viipuri (Viborg) 49,912.

EDUCATION (1920): Amongst persons over 15 years of age only 1.0 % are illiterate. There are three universities, founded 1640, 1917 and 1920.

INCREASE OF POPULATION (1927): Births 21.2  $^{\circ}/_{\circ \circ}$ , deaths 14.5  $^{\circ}/_{\circ \circ}$  (in France in 1925 17.5  $^{\circ}/_{\circ \circ}$ , and in England in 1925 12.2  $^{\circ}/_{\circ \circ}$ ), natural increase 6.7  $^{\circ}/_{\circ \circ}$ .

#### 4. INDUSTRY.

PROPORTIONS OF OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATION (1920): agriculture 65.1 %, industry and manual labour 14.8 %, commerce 3.4 %, other occupations 16.7 %.

OWNERSHIP OF LAND. The land area is distributed among different classes of owners approximately as follows: private 52.1 %, State 39.7 %, Joint Stock Companies 6.5 %, communities 1.7 %.

FOREST RESOURCES. The growing stock of the forest is 1,620 million ma (57,218 million cubic feet). The merchantable timber (measuring 20 cm at breast height = 6 in. at a height of 18 ft.) amounts to 1,557 million trees. Of this number pine is represented by 61%, apruce by 28%, the conifers thus constituting 89% or 1,384 million trees, leaftrees, mostly birch, 11% or 173 million trees. The annual increment is 44.5 million ma (1,568 million cub.ft.). The annual fellings according to earlier calculations are 40 million ma (1,413 million cub. ft.). In North Finland the increment is much larger than the fellings, but in South Finland excess felling occurs locally.

AGRICULTURE. Cultivated land 2.1 million hectars, divided as follows: area under cultivation 0.4—10 hectars 38.7 %, 10—50 ha 48.9 %, 50—100 ha 9.3 %, over 100 ha 8.1 %. Cultivated land is divided between the different kinds of crops as follows: 46.8 % hay, 20.4 % oats, 11.1 % rye, 5.3 % barley, 3.2 % potatoes, 18.1 % other. The number of dairies in 1928 amounted to 630.

INDUSTRY (1927): Number of industrial concerns 3,789, hands 159,141, gross value of products of industry 12,382 million marks.

LENGTH OF RAILWAYS (1929): 5,241 km, of which 4,975 km State railways and 266 km private, The gauge is 1,524 m.

COMMERCIAL FLEET (1929): Steam ships 529 (140,537 reg. tons net), motor vessels 132 (14,714 r. t.), sailing ships 377 (67,916 r. t.), lighters 3,992 (282,628 r. t.). Total 5,030 (505,795 r. t.).

#### 5. FINANCE AND BANKING.

CURRENCY. Since 1860 Finland has its own monetary system. From 1877 up to the Great War the currency maintained its stable gold value and after the disturbances caused by the war Finland has again from January 1st, 1926, a gold standard. The unit of currency is the mark (Finnish markkas) = 100 penniä. The gold value of 100 marks is equal to  $\$2.5185 = \pounds$ —. 10 s. 4  $^{1}$ /<sub>3</sub> d.

STATE FINANCES. According to the balance sheet for 1928 the State revenue was 5,072 4 million marks of which 4 475.7 million marks were ordinary revenue, and State expenditure 5,041.6 million marks, of which 3.567.7 million marks were ordinary expenditure. The principal sources of revenue were as follows: State property and undertakings 1.671.2, direct taxes 566.5, indirect taxes 1,604.7, miscellaneous taxes 306.4, charges 209.9, miscellaneous revenue 143.9 and loans 535.0. The value of State property in 1922 is estimated at 11,150.6 million marks. For National Debt see table 18 in this issue.

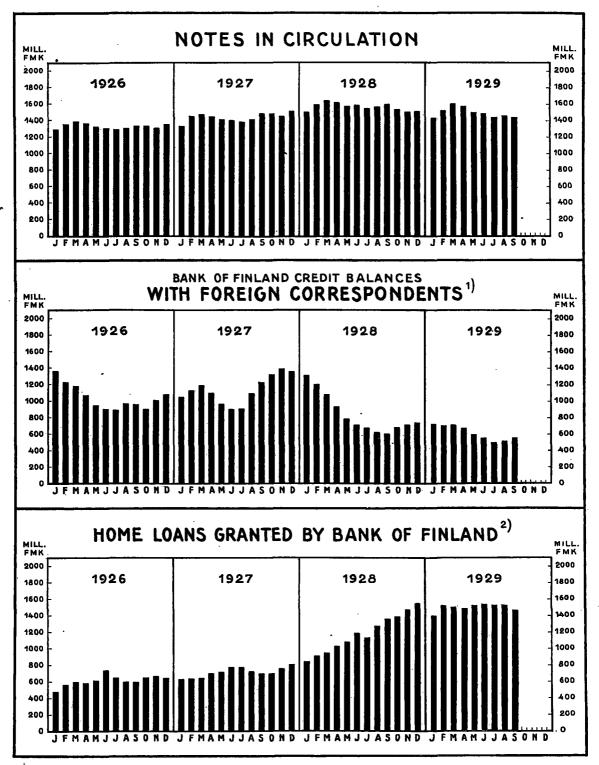
MUNICIPAL FINANCES, According to the Budget for 1929 expenditure amounted to 1,245.1 million marks. Income from taxation was 428.4 million marks, taxed income 6,380.2 million marks. The communal income tax (not progressive) averaged 6.7 % of the ratepayers' income.

THE BANK OF ISSUE. The Bank of Finland, (founded in 1811) is a State Bank. Its head-office is in Helsinki (Helsingfors) with branches in Turku (Åbo), Pori (Björneborg), Vassa (Vassa), Oulu (Uleaborg), Kuopio, Joensuu, Sortavala, Vilpuri (Viborg), Mikkeli (S:t Michel), Tampere (Tammerfors), Hämeenlinna (Tavastehus), Jyväskylä and Kotka.

THE JOINT STOCK BANKS (1929): Number 17, possess 590 branch offices, where all kinds of banking business is transacted. Including all banks, there is one banking establishment per 5,800 inhabitants.

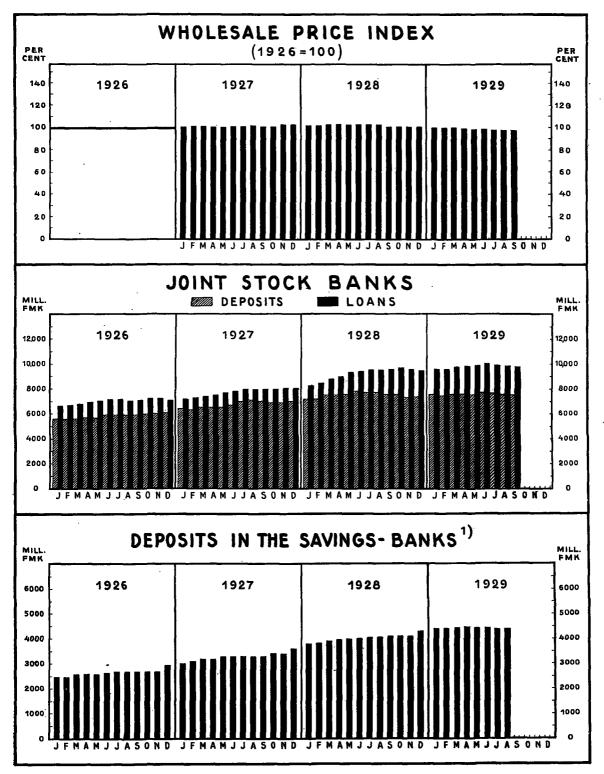
The largest banks are: Kansallis-Osake-Pankki, Ab. Nordiska Föreningsbanken, Maakuntain Pankki Oy., Ab. Unionbanken and Helsingfors Aktiebank, all with head offices in the capital.

OTHER BANKS (1929): Mortgage banks 7, Savings banks 474, Co-operative Credit Societies 1,419 and a Central Bank for the latter

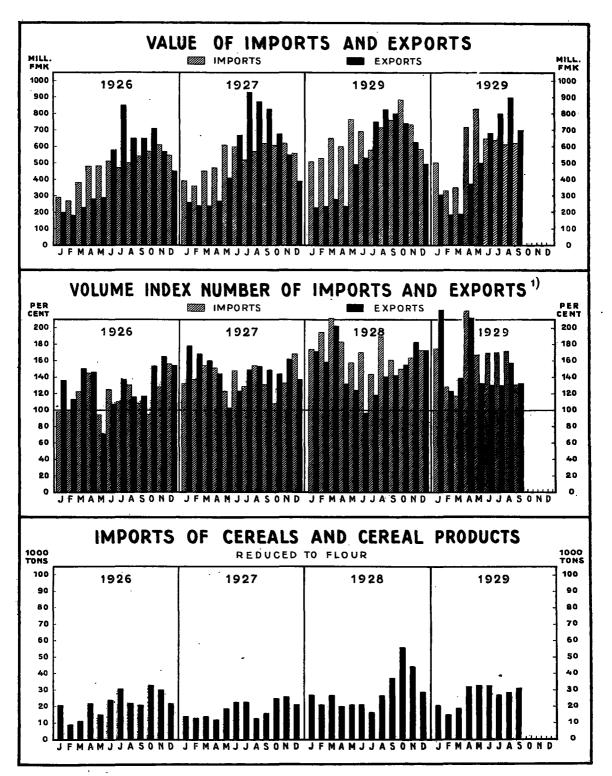


1) Including the Credit abroad, which amounted to 256.2 mill. mks. to January 31st, 1926, 114.6 mill. mks. up to April 14th, 1928, and was then discontinued.

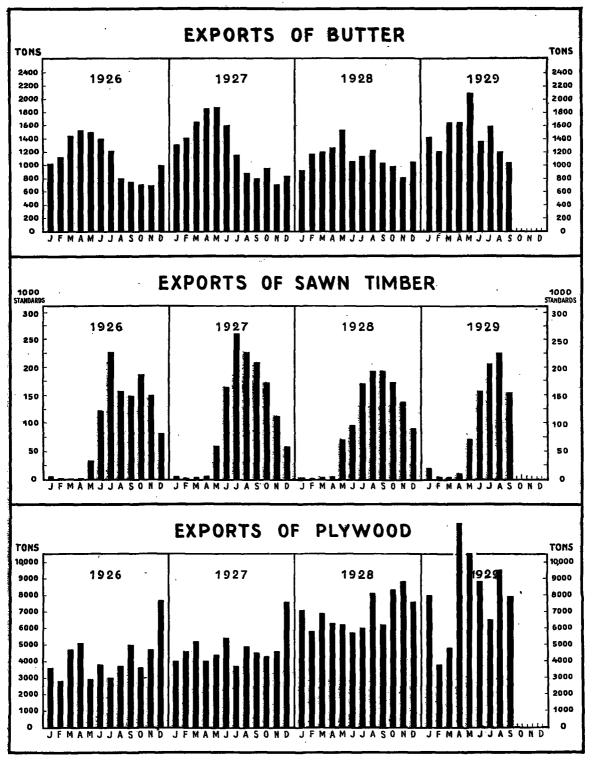
2) Loans granted to Joint Stock banks and the public.

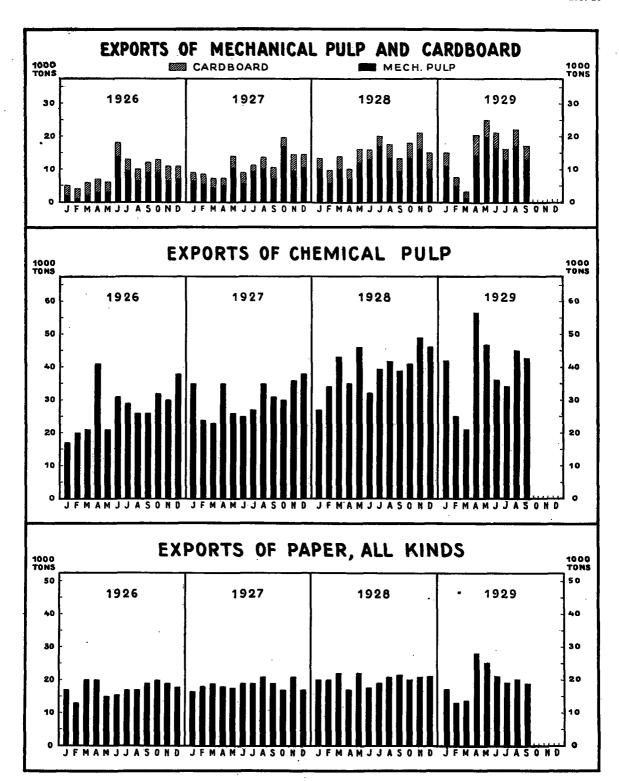


1) Including deposits in the Savings-Banks, in the Post Office Savings-Bank and on Consumers' Co-operative Societies' Savings Account.



<sup>1)</sup> Imports and exports in corresponding month 1913=100, see footnote to table 29.





#### TRAFFIC IN THE FINNISH HARBOURS.

BY

K. W. HOPPU, M. A.

HEAD OF THE STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT OF THE BOARD OF SHIPPING.

#### SHIPPING.

The fact that large harbours of the type found elsewhere in Scandinavia have not developed in Finland is due to the peculiar conditions of Finland's foreign trade. The chief export commodity of Finland is timber, which is now shipped from 72 export harbours, of which 23 are town harbours, 2 Government harbours and the remaining 47 country harbours, really nothing more than loading-places. Thus, while in most countries exports are generally concentrated at a few harbours, they are distributed in Finland over a very large number of harbours. Nevertheless, an increase in traffic has latterly been evident in a few harbours, though this is chiefly due to the ever growing regular liner traffic, in which the consignments of cargo are not large.

This decentralisation of harbour facilities is also responsible for the fact that the traffic in the individual harbours is relatively small. In two Finnish harbours only does foreign shipping exceed two million reg. tons, in two more one million reg. tons, while the rest fail to reach half a million reg. tons. Altogether 19 harbours can show foreign shipping exceeding 100,000 reg. tons.

The amount of foreign shipping in the harbours with traffic figures exceeding 100,000 reg. tons for the past three years has been as follows:

•	1926	1927	1928
•	1,000	1,000	1,000
	reg. tons	reg. tons	reg. tons
Helsinki (Helsingfors)		2,303	2,725
Viipuri and Uuras (Vi-			
borg and Trangsund)	1,828	2,104	2,165
Kotka	1,497	1,905	1,853
Turku (Åbo)	<b>892</b>	957	1,068
Hanko (Hangö)		426	477

	1926 1,000 reg. tons	1927 1,000 reg. tons	1928 1,000 reg. tons
Mäntyluoto and Repo-			
saari (Räfsö)	420	445	453
Makslahti	224	433	433
Ykspila	273	380	416
Vaasa (Vasa)	296	364	375
Kemi	317	350	.362
Rauma	320	373	342
Koivisto	380	342	329
Hamina (Fredrikshamn)	275	400	306
Pietarsaari (Jakobstad)	199	312	. 263
Maarianhamina (Marie-			
hamn)	195	202	209
Oulu (Uleåborg)	191	289	168
Raahe (Brahestad)	121	192	154
Porvoo (Borgå)		105	125
Haukipudas			124

In the capital, Helsinki, harbour traffic has made rapid progress in recent years, increasing in three years by no less than 73 % and placing Helsinki ahead of the largest timber export harbour group Viipuri-Uuras, which has hitherto shown the largest foreign traffic. Helsinki is the terminus for most of the outward passenger and cargo lines, i. e., the regular passenger-lines to Stockholm, Copenhagen, Hull, Lubeck, Stettin and Reval, etc., and the cargo lines to the continental and British ports as well as all the transatlantic lines.

A great part of the country's imports passes through the port of Helsinki, while exports, too, are considerable, as will be seen later on.

An increase in foreign traffic is evident also in the Viipuri-Uuras harbour group, but not as large as in the case of the capital. The development of this harbour, the most noteworthy in East Finland, has been unfavourably affected by the creation of two new harbours, each only a few years old, viz., Koivisto and Makslahti, in both of which traffic began after they had been connected in 1924 with the net of railways. The foreign traffic of the two harbours totals

_	SHIPPING	IN 1928		HARBOURS	
					HAUKIPUDAS 124
					/00-BORGÅ 125
Į.					BRAHESTAD 154
					-ULEABORG 168
	,			MAARIANHAMINA - MA	
				PIETARSAARI - JAKOE	
				HAMINA - FREDRIKSHA	
				KOIVI	
				RAUM	
				KEM VAASA-VASA	375
				YKSPILA	416
1 .				MAKSLAHTI [	433
				MÄNTYLUOTO-REPOSAARI	453
1				HANKO-HANGÖ	477
			Γī	URKU-ABO	1,068
<b>.</b>		KOTKA			1,853
	VIIPURI-WIB				2,165
HELSINKI-HEL	SINGFORS	<u></u>			2,725

740,000 reg. tons, by which quantity that of the Viipuri group has therefore suffered.

The foreign traffic of Kotka, the third largest harbour in the country, has also grown, the increase during the past three years being almost 24 %.

A harbour in which traffic has increased with especial rapidity is Ykspila, with an increase in traffic of 52 % in three years. This is due to a new railway connection with the interior. The traffic brought by this has not nearly reached its apex, but is, on the contrary, expected to increase considerably yet.

The traffic in Maarianhamina harbour appears very large, but is the result of the daily visits to this harbour of the regular steamers between Turku and Stockholm and vice versa, which ply all the year round, as well as of the small traffic represented by local vessels. Cargo shipments and the traffic caused by them are very small.

Taking into account traffic between the home harbours, sea-traffic in the four largest harbours with a traffic of over a million reg. tons reached the following figures:

	1,000 reg. tons
Helsinki	3,953
Viipuri	3,282
Kotka	
Turku	1,845

In the capital, harbour traffic can thus be said to have attained the proportions of the big European harbours, while the Viipuri group, too, is not far behind. Kotka shows a total of over two million reg. tons, and Turku nearly two millions. In the other harbours the traffic, even including home traffic, has only slightly exceeded half a million reg. tons. It should be pointed out that the Saima Canal traffic, which totals close upon 500,000 reg. tons, also proceeds via Viipuri, and if this is included in the figures for Viipuri, the total traffic in that harbour hardly falls at all short of the traffic of the capital.

#### IMPORT TRAFFIC.

Import traffic is chiefly concentrated at a few ports. The quantity of imports, in metric tons, is as follows:

	1926	1927	1928
	1,000 tons	1,000 tons	1,000 tons
Helsinki	. 671	1,103	1,409
Viipuri	. 244	298	456
Turku	. 360	392	<b>444</b>
Kotka	251	296	334
Vaasa	. 95	133	165
Pargas	. 95	64	102
Mäntyluoto	. 53	64	78

Imports in the other ports do not reach 50,000 tons.

In regard to the total imports passing through it, the capital differs considerably from the other harbours. Imports through Helsinki were 32.5 % in 1926, 40.3 % in 1927 and 42.5 % in 1928 of the total imports through all the harbours of Finland. The increase in imports from year to year is also noteworthy, the increase between 1926 and 1928 being altogether 110 %. Imports received at the Viipuri harbours have been 11.3 % in 1926, 11.4 % in 1927 and 13.8 % in 1928 of the total imports through all the harbours. In the case of this harbour, too, the quantity of imports has grown, the increase being as much as 90 % in three years. The share of Turku in imports has been 17.4 % in 1926, 15.0 % in 1927 and 13.4 % in 1928. But although the percentage of imports passing through Turku has thus decreased, the actual quantity of imports has grown during the past three years by 23.3 %. The percentages for Kotka are 12.1 % in 1926, 15.1 % in 1927 and 10.1 % in 1928. The increase in the actual quantity of imports at the end of the three-year period was 33 %.

The share of the various classes of commodities in the imports passing through the most important harbours in 1928 was as follows:

	Piece- goods.	Cereals.	Coal.	Iron and machinery.	Other goods.
	1,000	1.000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	tons	tons	tons	tons	tons
Helsinki	526	23	414	30	417
Viipuri	190	46	138.	4	79
Turku	223	5	110	2	104
Kotka	82	30	136	1	86
Vaasa	65	29	28	0	42
Mäntyluoto	33	1	20	3	21
Hanko	14	3	29	1	2

Of the total piece-goods imported by sea amounting to 1,168,000 tons, the greater part of 45.0 % passed through Helsinki harbour, 16.3 % through Viipuri and 19.1 % through Turku; the share of the rest was in each case below 10 %. The greatest quantity of cereals, 31.0 %, was imported through Viipuri, 20.3 % through Kotka, 20.0 % through Vaasa and 15.5 % through Helsinki. Of the coal imported, about 40 % was received at Helsinki, the rest being divided

chiefly between Viipuri, Kotka and Turku. Of iron and machinery 55.5 % passed through Helsinki harbour, three other harbours accounting for most of the rest. The share of Helsinki in the group "other goods" was 47.2 % and Turku 11.8 %, the rest not reaching 10 %.

#### EXPORT TRAFFIC.

The total extent of exports, 6,622,000 metric tons, was divided amongst many more harbours than was the case with imports, and was also concentrated in quite a different way. The share, in 1928, of the harbours with exports of at least 100,000 tons, was as follows:

	1,000 tons
Viipuri and Uuras	1,359
Kotka	1,014
Makslahti	384
Helsinki	
Mäntyluoto and Reposaari	313
Kemi	
Koivisto	
Ykspila	256
Pietarsaari	223
Rauma	206
Hamina	205
Oulu	. 169
Valkom	167
Turku	
Raahe	124
Vaasa	. 123
Haukipudas	120
Hanko	

Viipuri and Uuras occupy the first place here, with 20.2 % of the total quantity of exports to their credit. The relative share of Kotka harbour was 15.3 %. The third place already shows a big step downwards. Exports are thus largely concentrated at two harbours, Viipuri and Kotka. A still greater concentration is, however, apparent, if we view the eastern harbours as a whole. The share of the combined eastern harbours, from Kotka eastward to Koivisto, was 3,306,000 tons or 50 % of the total quantity of exports.

#### TIMBER EXPORTS.

The chief commodity in Finnish exports is timber. In 1928 these were divided amongst the chief harbours in terms of thousand cubic metres as follows:

	Total tim er exports.	Exports of sawn timber in percent-
	1,000	age thereof.
	cub. metres	°/o
Viipuri and Uuras	. 1,979	61.6
Kotka		76.8
Makslahti		$22_{42}$
Kemi and Veitsiluoto	. 526	72.5
Mäntyluoto and Reposaari .	. 451	95.5
Ykspila		22.9
Koivisto		32.2
Pietarsaari	. 395	25.8
Hamina	. 372	38.6
Oulu	. 313	71.2
Valkom	. 287	85.0
Rauma	. 257	87.7
Helsinki	. 238	60.0
Raahe	. 214	46.2
Turku	. 196	80.6
Vaasa	. 188	70.0
Haukipudas		71.0

It will be seen that Viipuri and Uuras occupy the first place, with 20.9 % of the country's total timber exports. The share of Viipuri town harbour in the aggregate was 246,050 m³ and Uuras harbour 1,733,256 m³, the relative share of the latter, the leading timber export harbour in Finland and at the same time in the whole of Scandinavia, in the country's total timber exports being 18.3 %. Kotka comes second with 11.5 %, and Makslahti, the third largest timber harbour in the country, next with 7.5 %. The largest timber harbour in the Gulf of Bothnia. viz., Kemi and Veitsiluoto, comes fourth with 5.5 % of the total Finnish timber exports. Mäntyluoto and Reposaari comes fifth with 4.7 %. Ykspila harbour, which has rapidly developed, is sixth, likewise with 4.7 %.

The combined exports of the eastern harbours amounted to 4,652,000 m³, equivalent to 49.2 % of the total timber exports of the country 9,454,000 m³ in all. The forest products of the provinces of Savo (Savolax) and Carelia are shipped through these harbours.

#### EXPORTS OF WOODPULP AND PAPER.

The exports of woodpulp and paper, too, are concentrated at a few harbours, the most important of which are given here together with the export figures for 1928:

•		% of total
-	1,000 tons	exports.
Kotka	265	36.7
Viipuri		16.7
Helsinki	83	11.5
Hanko	71	9.8
Rauma	51	7.0

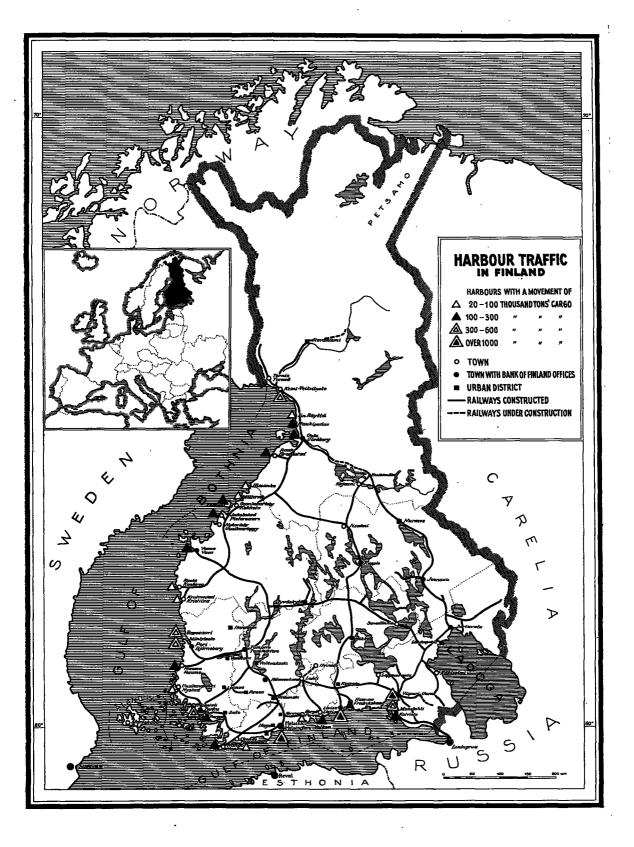
The leading export harbour for woodpulp and paper is Kotka, through which more than a third of the total exports passed. Next comes Viipuri, with the capital only third in order, and Hanko fourth. Exports through the latter harbour are concentrated in the three coldest months of the year, so that its exports are relatively large. It should be noted again that the greater part of the country's exports of woodpulp and paper, 402,000 tons or almost 56 %, is shipped abroad from the eastern harbours.

# THE TOTAL MOVEMENTS OF CARGO IN THE DIFFERENT HARBOURS.

A general view of the movements of cargo caused by overseas traffic in those Finnish harbours through which cargo of at least 100,000 tons passed in 1928, is given below:

Viipuri and Uuras Helsinki Kotka Turku Mäntyluoto and Reposaari Makslahti Kemi and Veitsiluoto Ykspila Vaasa Koivisto	. 1,773 . 1,348 . 593 . 391 . 384 . 328 . 294 . 288	Of which exports.  74.9 20.5 78.tt 25.1 80.0 100.0 92.4 86.7 42.7 93.2
Rauma		83.0 95.7
Hamina	. 206	99.5 85.3
Valkom	. 174	96.0
Hanko	. 128	70.5 97.0
Haukipudas Pargas		99.2 —

It will be seen from these figures that most of the Finnish harbours are export harbours. The only actual import harbours are the capital, Helsinki, Turku and Vaasa, though in the



case of the latter exports account for almost half the total movement of goods. Of the movement in Hanko, Kotka and Viipuri a quarter, or a little more, consists of imports, while as regards the rest, exports account for the greater part, in fact often nearly all their cargo traffic.

#### THE LARGE FINNISH HARBOURS.

In respect of cargo traffic the group Viipuri-Uuras occupies the first place, followed by Helsinki and Kotka. The traffic in these three large harbours comprises half the total movements of goods, 9,934,000 tons, in the country's harbours. The traffic in Turku harbour, fourth in order as regards movement of goods, is not even the half of Kotka's traffic. The next in order are already a couple of hundred thousand tons below Turku and those next in order return still smaller figures.

#### PASSENGER PORTS.

With regard to harbour traffic, it may be pointed out that practically the sole passenger ports are those of Helsinki and Turku, passenger traffic being fairly evenly divided between them. In the other harbours there is hardly any passenger traffic at all, except that in those winters, when Helsinki is closed by ice, the Hel-

sinki passenger traffic is transferred to Hanko and partly to Turku.

Passenger traffic between Finland and foreign countries amounted in 1928 to over 102,000 persons, of whom 54,000 fell to Helsinki's share, 45,000 to that of Turku, 2,000 to that of Hanko, and a little over a thousand persons to the rest. The import harbours have thus the added duty of catering for the passenger traffic between Finland and other countries.

#### THE HOME CARGO TRAFFIC.

The largest harbours also serve a considerable coastal cargo traffic. Thus, in the case of Helsinki, regarding which figures for incoming freights in coastal traffic are available for the year 1927, the amount of such traffic was 380,000 tons. If we deduct from this the weight of the building materials carried for the needs of a lively, but ephemeral building activity, altogether about 260,000 tons, there still remain 120,000 tons, a figure which probably approximates to the amount of local cargoes carried in normal circumstances. Regarding coastal cargo traffic in the other harbours no information is available, but that of Viipuri can be estimated at about 75,000 tons and that of Turku, in which the transport of goods to the extensive archipelago is a considerable factor, at not less than 100,000 tons.

#### »ATLAS OF FINLAND»

A REVIEW OF THE WORK PUBLISHED LATELY BY THE GEOGRAPHICAL SOCIETY OF FINLAND.

BY

#### M. EKHOLM, M. A.

ASSISTANT STATISTICIAN TO THE BANK OF FINLAND.

#### GENERAL SCOPE OF THE ATLAS.

Last spring the third atlas issued by the Geographical Society of Finland was published. The work of preparing the present maps and accompanying letterpress was begun as early as Owing to thorough investigations the 1922. work extended over several years and as the greater part of the materials collected refers to the time about 1925, the volume was subsequently issued under that date. The advantage of the Atlas of Finland being available again in an up-to-date volume is best realised from the fact that the two former atlases were issued before Finland became independent, i. e. in 1910 and 1899 (see article in Bulletin No. 11, 1927).

"The Atlas of Finland, 1925" contains 38 sheets of maps with about 300 maps, cartograms and diagrams. To a great extent, of course, purely geographical, geodetical and geological maps are presented (sheets 1—12 and 19—21) and the vegetation, flora and fauna of the country are fully illustrated (sheets 13—18), while the population and language (sheets 22—23) and cultural conditions (sheets 35—38) are shown in both cartograms and diagrams. The rest of the sheets (24—34) are devoted to economic topics and deserve therefore to be dealt with here.

The actual maps are accompanied by letterpress occupying 302 pages. The introduction consists of a description of Finland's form of government by the former President of the Republic, K. J. Ståhlberg. Then follow separate reviews arranged in direct connection with the maps, the number of the map being given in the margin. In this way the employment of the atlas as a work of reference is very much facilitated. Altogether 59 specialists, each one an expert in his own sphere, have contributed to the interesting reviews that supplement the maps, for instance by describing the progress of the country historically, too, down to 1925 and in some cases even to 1926.

The editorial committee appointed by the Geographical Society of Finland consisted of professors Rolf Witting, PH. D., J. G. Granö, PH. D., A. K. Cajander, PH. D., W. Ramsay, PH. D. (†), J. E. Rosberg, PH. D., J. J. Sederholm, PH. D., and Director-General Kyösti Haataja, LL. D. The Otava Publishing Firm in Helsinki (Helsingfors) has issued "The Atlas of Finland, 1925", including letterpress, in the Finnish, Swedish and English languages. Its price is 650 marks (about \$ 16½ or £ 3.8 s.).

# ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AS ILLUSTRATED BY THE ATLAS.

The forests, that great natural wealth of Finland, are naturally given a prominent share of the maps in the Atlas of Finland. The forest area of the country, the composition of the forest stands, their regeneration etc., are illustrated by no less than 16 cartograms and 2 diagrams. The large map of the State forests deserves notice in this connection. The materials of these graphic illustrations, extremely interesting both from the point of view of forestry and national economy, are based on the survey of the forest resources of the whole country carried out in 1922-23 by means of the so-called line method of which a condensed description is given in the text. The letterpress accompanying the different forest maps is very concise, but it contains, nevertheless, the most important data regarding the forestry of Finland.

Another important national asset, water power, is also described graphically in an instructive

manner. The cartogram of the rapids, in particular, gives a clear idea of these sources of energy that are spread over the whole country. The illustration of the power plants and high tension lines provided in relation to the industrial maps is also interesting in this connection, although the large Imatra Water Power Plant with its lines is, unfortunately, not included, owing to the station not being completed until last May.

The occupation that employs the largest part of the Finnish population, i. e. agriculture, is very well illustrated in the atlas. Among other things the conditions of land ownership and the work of State supported settlement are dealt with in detail. The cartograms of the area of arable land and meadows and the yield of various cultivated plants are very instructive, while the map of the northern limits of the cultivated plants occurring in Finland also deserves special mention. The actual agricultural maps are supplemented by maps illustrative of cattlefarming and fishing. While on this subject, the maps dealing with agricultural organisations and experimental work and the instructive cartograms and diagrams referring to agricultural co-operation, which has been carried very far in Finland, deserve to be noticed.

The two sheets of maps set aside in the Atlas of Finland for industrial enterprise embrace a number of cartograms of which no less than 26 individually illustrate separate branches of industry. The predominance of the exporting industries, i. e. the sawmills, plywood, pulp and paper mills, is strikingly obvious. A comparison of the cartogram of sawmills and plywood mills with the interesting map of the floating routes shows to what a great extent the site of the mills is dependent upon the possibility of obtaining raw materials by means of floating. The former should also be compared with the cartogram in which the exports of sawn timber from Finnish ports are shown. The letterpress accompanying the industrial maps is founded on extensive statistical materials — the figures go back as

far as 1909 — and form a valuable supplement to the graphic illustrations.

Further, foreign trade is illustrated. Although data regarding exports and imports are, as a rule, devoid of immediate interest, once they no longer refer to the present moment, the clear maps showing Finland's share in the trade of the world are, nevertheless, instructive, for they can still be looked upon as symptomatic. Foreign trade and shipping are dealt with in condensed reviews in the letterpress.

Banking has also been awarded a few cartograms. The possibility of illustrating this important branch of economic activity graphically is, however, restricted. In this connection a comparison of the geographical distribution of savings banks and co-operative credit societies is of considerable interest, showing the predominance of savings banks in the southwest and of co-operative credit societies in the eastern and northern parts of the country.

Finally, the post, telegraphs and telephones as well as other traffic are given some maps in the atlas, which thus deals in a very comprehensive manner with economic life in Finland.

#### CONCLUDING REMARKS.

This short review should be sufficient to show that the Atlas of Finland is one of the standard works of reference about Finland. The strictly objective basis on which the work is constructed and the scientific principles observed in carrying it out form guarantees for the reliability of the information. As a source of material for research work on Finland, its nature and people, economy and communications, the Atlas of Finland is particularly valuable and everyone who wishes to become acquainted with the conditions of economic life in Finland should study it. Although the statistical data on which a work such as this is based only refer to a definite date, "The Atlas of Finland, 1925" gives a good idea of the general structure of the country as well as information on a number of facts fundamental for future development.

#### ITEMS.

Government timber auctions. The customary timber auctions instituted by the Department of Forestry were held recently. On September 21st -22nd 929,800 stems of standing timber and 860,600 stems for delivery were put up for sale in Oulu (Uleaborg) from the Northern and Ostrobothnian districts besides 5,000 birch stems, 34,300 cubic metres of pulpwood and 19,300 cub. m. of props. Bids were made for the greater part of the lots offered, but the level of prices was appreciably lower than last year. For standing timber the bids varied from Fmk 36: -- to 7:60 per stem compared with Fmk 44: 25 and 10: 75 last year. For parcels for delivery prices fluctuated between Fmk 5: - and 2:70 per cub. ft. as against 4: 60 and 3: 90 last year. On September 23rd-24th altogether 136,000 stems of standing timber for sawing were offered in Tampere (Tammerfors), 293,700 stems for delivery, 4,100 deciduous tree stems and 300 cub.m. of pulpwood. Bids were made for all the lots and there was pretty lively competition. The prices bid for standing timber varied between Fmk 130: and 18: - per stem and the bids for timber for delivery varied from Fmk 6:95 to 3:30 per cub. ft. On September 27th-28th 489,900 stems of standing timber were put up in Viipuri (Viborg), 215,300 stems for delivery and 10,800 stems of birch plywood and aspen. All the lots were bid for and the prices varied for lots of standing timber from Fmk 71: — to 20: — per stem and for timber for delivery from Fmk 5:85 to 2:10 per cub. ft.

The level of prices was, as a rule, considerably lower than last year, though there may have been even higher bids for a few small lots. It will only be possible to get an exact idea of the actual level of prices at these auctions, when the Department of Forestry has examined the bids and accepted or refused them.

New railways. Earlier in the year three new short railway lines of 28 km. in length altoge-

ther had been opened for public traffic. On the 16th of October the Utajärvi—Vaala section of the Oulu (Uleåborg)—Nurmes line was thrown open. On November, 1st, the Rumo—Nurmes section of the same line will be ready, so that only the section Kiehimä—Vaala will be left, and this should be completed next year. The sections now completed are 34 and 43 km. long. In addition the line from Ayräpää to Valkjärvi, at present under construction, with a length of 25 km., will be declared open for traffic at the end of this year. Altogether, therefore, the net of State railways will be increased in the course of this year by 130 km.

Unemployment measures. To cope with unemployment the Diet had granted 20 million marks in addition to a sum of 15 millions which was placed at the disposal of the Government for the same purpose. With these funds various public works have been carried out. Besides, the Department of Forestry has organised relief work in different places. As these funds have now been completely exhausted, the Government requested the Diet to grant a further 8 million marks for organising such work and in addition a similar amount for railway construction in order that the whole staff of railway labourers might be kept employed till the beginning of next year.

Veitsiluoto. Work at the new Government sulphite pulp mill at Veitsiluoto is proceeding rapidly. The factory chimney, about 90 metres high, was recently completed, the installation of turbines will soon be finished and the fitting up of the other machinery in the power station is going on at present. All the installation work should be completed in the course of this year and it is intended to start the mill before the end of the winter.

Research in Wood Technics. At the end of September a guarantee society for research in wood technics was founded. The object of the society is to encourage and assist research work in wood-working and other technics closely allied thereto. To carry out its objects the society is to plan and have carried out scientific research work of public utility, assist the making of such researches in Finland and provide opportunities

for its stipendiaries to carry them on abroad, too. To the council of the society the Central Laboratory for Industry, the Central Association of Wood-working Industries, the Society for Power and Fuel Economy, the Technical College and the Forestry Research Institute each elect one member and the annual meeting of the Society five members.

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