# BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN

No 12 DECEMBER 1923

## THE FINNISH MARKET REVIEW.

#### THE MONEY MARKET.

The easing of the money market which set in in October proved to be transitory. Various causes contributed to this. Thanks to the exceptionally rainy weather the oats could not be threshed in the usual time and as a result part of the crop was ruined and the rest could only be threshed gradually after expensive kilndrying. This circumstance influenced the money market in the country places and contributed towards the fact that the customary seasonal decrease of deposits in the Joint Stock banks was larger than usual. But besides, foreigners sold, in contrast to what was the case during October, an unusually large quantity of their mark deposits in Finland, which made the position of the banks more difficult and reduced the Bank of Finland's supply of foreign currency. At the same time sales of timber decreased owing to the fall in the rate of exchange for the pound and the influence of the elections in England. The drop in the price of pulp, too, increased the uncertainty of the situation. The reduction in the value of the pound, especially, affected Finland greatly, as Great Britain is its principal export country. Owing to these circumstances the Bank of Finland found itself compelled to raise its rates of exchange, and as a counterweight to the less satisfactory state of the money market, to raise its discount rates. In order to make this last measure effective, the discount rate was raised 2 % from 8 to 10 % on November 30th.

As stated above, the position of the Joint Stock banks was rendered more difficult by means of both foreigners' deposits repayable on demand and home long-term deposits being reduced. It is true that in the latter the reduction only amounted to 32.8 million marks or about 1 %. A balance was, however, easily maintained through the Government depositing considerable sums in the Joint Stock banks out of the means obtained from the foreign loans. By this means the total deposits were raised by almost 123 million marks. This placing of part of the proceeds of the Government loans in marks was at the same time most suitable, partly because the Treasury itself, as we pointed out in our last issue, is in no need of cash, partly again because, as the means of foreigners in the Joint Stock banks repayable on demand decreased, it was fair that the banks should instead receive means from the long-term foreign loans. banks were, nevertheless, cautious in extending credit, so that loans were increased by only 8.6 million marks or, from a practical point of view, remained almost unchanged.

The net indebtedness of the banks to foreign countries decreased to an unusual extent in November, viz., by 198.2 million marks or 21.5 %. This was due partly to the decrease in the mark deposits in the banks already mentioned, partly to the fact that the banks raised their own supply of foreign currency by 38.3 million marks. The net indebtedness of the banks to foreign countries is now about 300 million

marks less than at the end of May and less than at any time since March 1921.

The Bank of Finland's supply of foreign currency reached its highest point this autumn, 781.7 million marks, on November 8th, but declined at the end of November to 594.7 millions, or by 187 million marks. This reduction was due chiefly to the aforesaid decrease in foreigners' mark deposits. Thus, the foreign currency obtained for the country by means of the foreign loans was utilised for the purpose for which it was intended, namely the consolidation of Finland's floating debt.

The note circulation of the bank decreased further during November by 32.3 million marks and its loans by 83.6 millions, whereas, on the other hand, the note reserve increased considerably, viz., by 99 million marks, amounting to 402.3 millions by the end of November, or about 18.8 % of the total right of issue.

The rates of exchange for foreign currency rose in November. At the end of October the dollar rate was 37:21 and the rate for pounds 166: 90. By November 19th the dollar rate had risen to 38: — and the pound had sunk to 162: 60. At the end of the month, however, the Bank of Finland felt obliged, owing to the lively demand for foreign currency, the principal causes of which have been explained above. to raise the rates of exchange suddenly on two occasions. On the latter occasion, on November 30th, the dollar rate was raised to 40:50 where it still stands at the time of writing on December 19th. This level of the rates of exchange corresponds closely to the level which existed in January this year, or in other words to the level of the rates of exchange prior to the rise in the value of the mark abroad which occurred in the spring.

#### TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Finland's balance of trade which had been a favourable one for five months, again became unfavourable in November, as is usual at this time of year. The value of imports was 451.5 and of exports 357.4 million marks, so that the excess of imports amounted to 94.1 millions. Calculated since the beginning of the year, the excess of imports was 208.6 million marks by the end of November. If the existing value of the mark is calculated according to the average of the wholesale price index for 1923 published in the present issue, the excess of imports for the current year only represents about 23.3 % of the excess of imports for 1913 for the corresponding period. The volume of imports for the first 11 months of this year represented 100.4 % of the imports during the corresponding period in 1913 (70.9 % in 1922) and the volume of exports was 92.6 % (94.1 % in 1922).

Up to the end of November 815,500 stds of sawn timber had been exported. As exports from South Finland still continued at the end of December, the timber exports should, contrary to former expectations, amount to approximately the same quantity as last year, i. e. 848,000 stds. It is estimated that 100—125,000 stds remain unsold in stock which also partially contributes to the strained tendency of the money market.

For shipment during next navigation several tens of thousands of standards have been sold at the same prices as have ruled recently. So far sales have been made almost exclusively to the Continent.

The position on the cellulose, mechanical pulp and paper markets is reported to be less satisfactory.

#### THE LABOUR MARKET.

Labour conditions continue to be satisfactory.

## CONTENTS OF THE TABLES.

#### I. MONEY MARKET.

- 1. Bank of Finland, balance sheet.
- 2. , note issue.
- 3. ", ", note circulation and foreign correspondents.
- 4. " " , home loans and note reserve.
- 5. " " " , balances of current accounts.
- 6. ", ", clearing.
- 7. " " , rates of exchange.
- 8. Joint Stock banks, home deposits.
- 9. " home loans.
- 10. " " " position with regard to foreign countries.
- Deposits in the savings banks, bankruptcies and protested bills.
- 12. Turnover of Helsingfors Stock Exchange.
- 13. Stock Exchange index.
- 14. National Debt.
- Miscellaneous State receipts collected by Customs.

#### II. FOREIGN TRADE.

,,

- 16. Value of imports and exports.
- 17. " " " " in different groups of goods.

- 18. Imports of the most important articles.
- 19. Exports ,, ,, ,,
- 20. Foreign Trade with various countries.
- 21. Import-Price index.
- 22. Export-Price index.
- 23. Index numbers for quantities of imports and exports.
- 24. Value of imports and exports divided according to the purpose of the goods.

#### III. TRAFFIC.

- 25. Foreign shipping.
- Shipping with various countries and passenger traffic.
- 27. Railways, goods traffic and rolling stock.
- Railways, revenue, expenditure and traffic profits.

#### IV. LABOUR MARKET.

29. Number of unemployed.

#### V. LEVEL OF PRICES.

30. Index number of cost of living.

# ARTICLES IN EARLIER ISSUES OF BANK OF FINLAND MONTHLY BULLETIN.

"

- 1921. No 1—9. The regular steamship lines of Finland.
  - " 10. Finnish Government obligations held by the Bank of Finland.
  - " 11. Amendment of the provisions affecting the Bank of Finland's note issue.
    - 12. Finland's foreign trade.
      - " Bank of Finland's balance sheet Dec. 31st, 1921.
- 1922. " 1. The purchasing-power parity of the Finnish mark and the exchange rates.
  - " 2. Finnish Government finances.
  - ,, 3. The railways of Finland.
    - 4. Commercial Banks in Finland in 1921.
  - " 5. The forests and forestry of Finland.
    - 6. Water power of Finland.
  - ,, 7. The mercantile marine of Finland.
    - 8. Banks and banking in Finland. Lists of banks and banking places in Finland
  - ,, 9. The Finnish State forests.
    - 10. The new Government loan.
  - " " 10. The population of Finland.
  - " "11-12. Finnish Currency during 1922.

- 1923. No 1. Finnish Public Finances.
  - . Results of the Bank of Finland for 1922.
  - " 2. The funding of Finland's debt to U.S.A.
  - " The Foreign Trade of Finland during 1922.
  - ,, 3. Finland's foreign debts at the end of 1922.
    - " The State Railways of Finland in 1922.
    - 4. Agriculture in Finland.
  - " " Agricultural credit institutions in Finland.
    - .. 5. Joint Stock banks in Finland in 1922.
    - " 6. Land Reform in Finland.
      - 7. The Industry of Finland.
  - " The Finnish Government Accounts for 1922.
    - 8. Electrification of the country districts in Finland.
    - The Peat Bogs of Finland and their development.
    - Finland's balance of international payments for the year 1922.
  - " " Finland's crops in 1922.
  - " " ,, Finland's new foreign loans.
  - . . 11. Finnish Municipal Borough Finance.

## STATISTICS.

## 1. - BALANCE SHEET OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1922 Mill. Fmk		19: Mill.		
•	15/12	23/11	39/11	8/12	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>12</sub>
ASSETS.					
I. Gold Reserve <sup>1</sup> )	43.4 802.0	42.7 639.4	42.7 594. <b>6</b>	42.7 533.1	42.7 509.9
II. Finnish Silver Coin Bonds in Foreign Currency	0.5 6.8	0.5 5.8	0.5 5.8	0.5 5.8	0.5 5.8
Foreign Bank Notes and Coupons	0.6 84.5 511.5	0.3 7.1 506.0	0.3 5.0 50 <b>6.0</b>	0.4 4.3 506.0	0.4 3.2 506.0
* Treasury Bills	91.7 447.9	60.0 554.3	60.0 567.5	60.0 646.0	60.0 693.7
III. Foreign Bills 2) Inland Bills 2) Loans on Security Advances on Current Accounts Bank Premises and Furniture Sundry Assets	49.2 8.4 6.3 79.7	35.8 55.6 2.5 12.4 157.3	35.8 55.6 4.5 12.4 158.3	35.8 52.7 6.5 12.4 161.2	35.8 52.8 8.6 12.4 153.1
LIABILITIES. Total	2 132.5	2 079.7	2 049.0	2 067.4	2 084.9
Liabilities payable on demand: Notes in circulation	1 355.9	1 298.1	1 888.0	1 335.8	1 330.4
Drafts outstanding	2.3	4.1	6.5	5.2	2.1
Balance of Current Accounts due to Government	363.1 138.0	199.4 77.0	169.1 46.4	204.0 40.7	118.0 58.6
Foreign Correspondents Sundry Accounts	20.5	13.2 168.8	15.9 158.0	11.2 136.0	10.5 238.5
Government's Long-term Deposits	-	105.0	105.0	105.0	95.0 36.3
Earnings less Expenses	41.9 100.0	18.6 100.0	19.6 100.0	34.0 100.0	100.0
Reserve Fund	50.0 6.0	50.0 12.0	50.0 12.0	50.0 12.0	50.0 12.0
Profits at disposal	49.0 2 132.5	33.5 2 079.7	33.5 2 049.0	2 067.4	2 084.9

 <sup>1)</sup> Nominal value. Calculated at the dollar rate on Dec.. 15, 1923, 333.7 mill, marks.
 2) Bills not included in the supplementary cover (see note to table 2).

## 2. — NOTE ISSUE OF THE BANK OF FINLAND.

	1922		19	23	
	15/12	28/11	30/11	8/12	<sup>15</sup> / <sub>12</sub>
RIGHT TO ISSUE NOTES:					
Gold Reserve and Foreign Correspondents Additional Right of Issue	845 .4 1 500.0	682.1 1 500.0	637.3 1 500.0	575.8 1 500.0	552. <b>6</b> 1 500.0
• Total	2 345.4	2 182.1	2 137.3	2 075.8	2 052.6
Less Insufficient Supplementary Cover 1)	356.5	366.0	354.9	277.0	230.4
Right to Issue Notes	1 988.9	1 816.1	1 782.4	1 798.8	1 822.2
USED AMOUNT OF ISSUE:				}	
Notes in circulation	1 355.9 529.7 2.3	1 298.1 462.5 8.2	1 <b>333.</b> 0 395.8 6.2	1 335.8 397.2 4.2	1 330.4 427.7 2.1
Total	1 887.9	1 768.8	1 735.0	1 737.2	1 760.2
NOTE RESERVE	101.0	47.3	47.4	61.6	62.0
Total	1 988.9	1 816.1	1 782.4	1 798.8	1 822.2

<sup>1)</sup> Difference between 1500 million marks, being the maximum of the Bank's fiduciary note issue, and assets (above under group II) serving as supplementary cover for the note issue (see note 3 to table 4).

## 3. — BANK OF FINLAND. NOTE CIRCULATION AND FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS.

End of		Not	e Circul Mill. Fml			Foreign Correspondents 1) Mill. Fmk						
Month	1913	1921	1922	1923	Monthly Movement	1913	1921	1922	1923	Monthly Movement	of Month	
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[117.5] 114.4 119.6 116.0 110.6 118.2 114.9 109.9 109.4 112.0 109.2 112.3	[1 341.0] 1 344.4 1 464.4 1 476.0 1 451.4 1 404.9 1 398.6 1 357.7 1 379.1 1 415.7 1 382.7 1 356.1	1 341.2 1 442.1 1 441.2 1 415.4 1 400.0 1 373.1 1 340.4 1 356.4 1 397.2 1 375.6 1 343.3 1 420.9	1 399.7 1 512.9 1 555.1 1 490.8 1 439.7 1 436.3 1 388.9 1 389.7 1 382.9 1 365.3 1 333.0	- 21.2 + 113.2 + 42.2 - 64.3 - 51.1 - 3.4 - 47.4 + 0.8 - 6.8 - 17.6 - 32.3	[60.4] 55.1 53.7 53.6 49.6 48.5 48.7 52.1 51.9 58.5 64.9 62.9 58.5	[180.3] 156.5 117.5 88.0 63.6 108.4 115.2 135.1 125.7 107.0 180.5 149.9 215.7	201.5 161.5 155.6 185.0 153.2 79.8 97.5 106.1 345.3 915.3 853.3 708.0	760.1 803.1 813.0 769.6 709.6 567.3 449.3 347.6 282.6 556.9 594.6	+ 52.1 + 43.0 + 9.9 - 43.4 - 60.0 - 142.3 - 118.0 - 101.7 - 65.0 + 274.3 + 37.7	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	

<sup>1)</sup> Credit balances with foreign correspondents.

## 4. — BANK OF FINLAND. HOME LOANS AND NOTE RESERVE.

End of		Нот	ne Loa: Mill. Fmk	-			N o	te Rese Mill. Fmk			End of
Month	1913	1921	1922	1923	Monthly Movement	1913	1921	1922•)	1923*)	Monthly Movement	Month
_ '	[115.2]	[255.4]				[16.0]	[91.4]	_		!	
Jan.	114.9	225.2	646.0	605.8	' — 44.5	17.2	125.6	213.3	455.5	+ 49.8	Jan.
Febr.	119.2	292.6	757.2	601.6	<b>— 4.2</b>	<b>23.6</b>	66.2	152.9	422.1	<b>— 33.4</b>	Febr.
March	120.8	264.2	731.6	705.0	+ 103.4	22.2	99.3	179.7	<b>321.4</b>	<b>— 100.7</b>	March
April	121.5	254.4	716.8	694.9	— 10.1	23.0	101.5	184.3	332.7	+ 11.3	April
May	126.4	319.5	774.0	706.9	+ 12.0	18.6	73.6	163.0	322. <b>6</b>	<b>— 10.1</b>	May
June	119.6	338.1	822.1	808.5	+101.6	26.2	67.2	<b>13</b> 5.3	236.2	<b>— 86.4</b>	June
July	113.4	348.8	798.7	829.5	+ 21.0	32.8	57.2	176.7	208.4	<b>— 27.8</b>	July
Aug.	108.9	380.2	811.5	889.5	+ 60.0	37.7	36.2	180.6	154.8	53.6	Aug.
Sept.	104.5	434.1	679.7	895.1	+ 5.6	42.9	7.4	306.6	147.4	<b>— 7.4</b>	Sept.
Oct.	102.9	435.2	421.6	747.1	148.0	45.2	26.6	551.6	303.1	+ 155.7	Oct.
Nov.	103.9	452.1	478.1	663.5	- 83.6	46.4	28.7	504.8	402.3	+99.2	Nov.
Dec.	110.0	657.1 3)	650.3		]	41.2	139.4	405.7			Dec.

#### 5. — BANK OF FINLAND. BALANCES OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

End of Month	I	Balance of to	Current A Governme Mill. Fmk	ent	iue	Balan	e of Curre the	ent Accour in Governi Mill. Fmk	ment	others	End of
Month	1913	1921	1922	1923	Monthly Movement	1913	1921	1922	1923	Monthly Movement	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[23.1] 20.1 17.7 20.1 22.5 17.7 18.2 19.0 18.1 17.9 27.3 23.1 20.7	[26.1] 	98.5 41.3 	234.9 217.3 345.0 313.2 320.2 291.4 236.0 242.1 187.4 274.0 169.1	$\begin{array}{c} -4.4\\ -17.8\\ +17.7\\ -31.8\\ +7.0\\ -28.8\\ -55.4\\ +6.1\\ -54.7\\ +86.6\\ -104.9 \end{array}$	[4.7] 4.9 3.6 4.3 3.4 4.4 5.2 4.5 4.5 4.7 4.3 5.7	[53.1] 69.5 34.7 59.7 49.7 60.1 64.8 78.8 49.2 42.8 63.5 57.9	53.9 47.0 51.9 69.1 73.4 60.5 69.3 60.9 85.0 202.0 167.7 110.6	154.1 151.8 60.3 125.6 107.6 85.7 76.9 45.0 48.1 115.1 46.4	+ 43.5 - 2.3 - 91.5 + 65.3 - 18.0 - 21.9 - 8.8 - 31.9 + 67.0 - 68.7	Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.

The figures in brackets [ ] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

<sup>1)</sup> Loans on Security, Advances on Current Accounts and Inland Bills.

1) The sudden increase at this point is a result of the new ordinances concerning the note issue.

2) In these figures the amount deducted in Table 2 has been included in the note reserve, as this is in reality a conditional note reserve. The difference between these two forms of note reserve consists only in the fact that the deduction referred to may be utilised for the note issue only if set against such means as can be referred to the supplementary cover, while on the other hand no conditions are laid down with regard to the employment of the note reserve which the Bank publishes in its balances.

## 6. — BANK OF FINLAND. CLEARING.

		To	tal			Details	fer 1923		
Month	19	22")	19	923*)	Bank-P	ost-Bills	Che	ques	Month
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	Number	Amount	
		Mill. Fmk		Mill. Fmk		Mill. Fmk	!	Mill, Fmk	
January	37 649	638.5	83 621	1 318.2	71 942	589.7	11 679	<b>72</b> 8.5	January
February	34 772	686.6	72 910	1 254.6	61 545	524.2	11 365	730.4	February
March	42 194	728.3	97 213	1 621.0	82 583	629.7	14 630	991.3	March
April	40 301	726.4	85 177	1 350.0	72 507	582.9	12 670	767.1	April
May i	43 914	800.0	90 090	1 348.3	75 452	570.6	14 6 <b>3</b> 8	777.7	May
June	41 199	780.7	87 595	1 368.3	72 701	549.3	14 894	819.0	June
July	42 578	740.0	87 076	1 281.2	73 153	529.2	13 923	752.0	July
August	<b>39</b> 858	805.5	8 <b>4 13</b> 2	1 210.4	69 643	499.3	14 489	711.1	August
September !	42 615	853.0	84 727	1 274.8	68 555	499.9	16 172	774.9	September !
October	48 608	1 370.5	96 004	1 651.8	77 513	679.4	<b>18 491</b>	972.4	October
November	49 310	1 167.4	93 584	1 559.0	<b>76 4</b> 00	611.1	17 184	947.9	November :
December	49 508	1 019.9			İ	i i		ļ į	December
Total	512 506	10 316.8		i					Total
JanNov.	462 998	9 296.9	962 129	15 237.6	801 994	6 265.3	<b>16</b> 0 <b>13</b> 5	8 972.3	JanNov.

1) Includes only clearing at the Head Office of the Bank. — 2) From the beginning of 1923 these figures include the clearing both at the Head Office of the Bank and at five of the branches.

## 7. — RATES OF EXCHANGE QUOTED BY THE BANK OF FINLAND, MONTHLY AVERAGE.

Month	London	Paris	Brussels	Berlin	Amster- dam	Basle	Stock- holm	Chris- tiania.	Copen- hagen	New York	Prague	Reval	Rome	Riga
Par. 1920	25: 22	100: —	100: —	123: 46	208: 32	100: —	138: 89	<b>13</b> 8: 89	138: 89	<b>5: 1</b> 8	105:01	100: —	100:—	
Dec.	145: 36	247: 56	262: 08	57: 92	1 286: 76	<b>646: 3</b> 6	812: 24	609: 36	614: 52	41: 67	_	¦ —	- i	. 2
1921 Dec 1922	218: 92	410: 04	<b>3</b> 9 <b>4</b> : 80	28: 07	1 917: 80	1 030: 88	1 291: 40	801: 64	1 027: 40	52: 94		_	— <u> </u>	
Oct.	191: 55				1 683: 38		1 150: 77							,
	176: 33				1 546: 46		1 057: 50							·. ·-
Dec. 1923	183: 77	288: 60	200: 59	-: 54	1 591: 09	795; —	1 075: 26	799: 85	824: 96	59: 90	124:22	11: 78	— i	
Jan.					1 598: 12		1 084: 20	754: 88	801: 08	40: 38	116:60	11: 97	i :	·
					1 513: 13		1 017: 54							-
					1 <b>44</b> 0: 48	678: 56	96 <b>9:</b> 68							
					1 428: 58		970: 63				110:71			
					1 417: 67		965: 13							
					1 418: 72	650: 36	961: 24							
	166: 08				1 422: 58				636: 04					•
					1 423: 59	653: 67	962: 67							·
	168: 44				1 458: 44 1 463: 63	663: 72 668: 48	984: 30 986: —						165:72	
	169: 09 167: 13				1 450: 92		1 000: 62		100					718• 69
									000.00					

Rates on Berlin are per 1 million Rmk in Aug. and Sept. and per 1 milliard in Oct. The quotations of Rmk was discontinued on Nov. 6. Regular quotation of Latwian lat (Riga) was commenced on Nov. 9, 1923.

## 8. — HOME DEPOSITS IN THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

End of	Curi	rent Accoun Mill. Fmk		I	eposit Mill. Fml			Total Mill. Fmk			thly ment	End of
Month	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1922	1923	Month
	[54.3]	[944.3]		[591.0]	[2 844.0]		[645.3]	[3 788.3]		<u> </u>		
Jan.	57.9	977.7	1 121.4	595.9	2 873.7	3 208.7	653.8	3 851.4	4 330.1	+63.1		
Febr.	54.8	961.2	1 156.8	599.6	2 898.7	3 252.0	654.4	<b>3</b> 859.9	4 408.8			Febr.
March	56.8	1 028.1	1 126.9	603.3	2 910.9	3 330.9	660.1	3 939.0	4 457.8	+ 79.1		March
April	54.3	1 020.9	1 110.9	603.3	2 936.6	3 400.0	657.6	3 957.5	4 510.9	+18.5	+ 53.1	April
May	55.8	990.8	1 177.5	601.6	2 932.3	3 422.8	657.4	3 923.1	4 600.3	34.4	+ 89.4	May
June	55.6	1 008.3	1 136.1	609.7	3 001.4	3 518.0	665.3	4 009.7	4 654.1	+ 86.6	+ 53.8	June
July	55.7	1 043.0	1 112.9	613.3	2 984.8	3 541.3	669.0	4 027.8	4 654.2			July
Aug	57.7	1 035.7	1 062.4	615.8	2 972.7	3 525.1	673.5	4 008.4	4 587.5	-19.4	- 66.7	Aug.
Sept.	57.9	1 124.2	1 146.0	612.8	2 966.7	3 474.6	670.7	4 090.9	4 620.6	+ 82.5	+ 33.1	
Oct.	59.7	1 134.8	1 158.0	611.7	2 959.5	3 418.7	671.4	4 094.3	4 576.7	+ 3.4	43.9	Oct.
Nov.	58.1	1 128.2	1 313.6	605.3	2 988.2	3 385.9	663.4	4 116.4	4 699.5		+122.8	Nov.
Dec.	54.6	1 022.2		619.2	3 113.7	0.000	673.8	4 135.9		+19.5		Dec.

Tables 8—10 according to Finlands' Official Statistics VII, D. Bank Statistics. The figures in brackets [] indicate the position end of the previous year.

\*Actual current accounts and home correspondents. — \*) Deposit accounts and savings accounts.

\*Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 9. — HOME LOANS GRANTED BY THE JOINT STOCK BANKS.

End of		land Bills (ill, Fmk	[		and Overd Mill. Fmk	rafts 1)		Total Mill Fmk		Mon Move		Hind of
Month	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1922	1923	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[283.7] 290.2 292.1 294.7 298.1 301.4 297.1 289.0 281.3 278.1 275.9 274.1	[1 584.3] 1 570.1 1 568.0 1 584.1 1 733.3 1 834.2 1 847.3 1 833.6 1 848.1 1 862.3 1 849.2 1 847.7 1 905.3	1 877.7 1 922.6 2 026.4 2 097.7 2 169.3 2 193.4 2 162.6 2 134.0 2 190.6 2 179.7 2 158.7	[453.8] 459.8 465.4 467.2 472.8 478.5 474.9 470.1 472.3 470.5 477.7 473.4	[4 388.6] 4 298.7 4 372.8 4 404.5 4 317.8 4 266.5 4 290.2 4 268.1 4 253.9 4 239.3 4 212.7 4 257.2 4 240.6	4 243.8 4 340.4 4 446.6 4 460.8 4 506.5 4 508.0 4 582.4 4 638.8 4 695.0 4 704.1 4 733.7	[737.0] 750.0 757.5 761.9 770.9 779.9 772.0 759.1 753.6 748.9 755.8 749.3 743.4	[5 972.9] 5 868.8 5 940.8 5 988.6 6 051.1 6 100.7 6 137.5 6 101.7 6 102.0 6 101.6 6 061.9 6 104.9 6 145.9	6 121.5 6 263.0 6 473.0 6 558.5 6 675.8 6 701.4 6 745.0 6 785.6 6 883.8 6 892.4	$\begin{array}{c} + & 72.0 \\ + & 47.8 \\ + & 62.5 \end{array}$	+ 117.3 + 25.6 + 43.6 + 27.8 + 112.8 - 1.8 + 8.6	Febr. March April May June July Aug.

<sup>1)</sup> Home loans, cash credits and home correspondents.

## 10. - POSITION OF THE JOINT STOCK BANKS WITH REGARD TO FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

End of		redits' Mill. Fmk		 	Debts <sup>3</sup> ) Mill. Fmk		Net Claim	s (+) and Ne Mill. Fmk	- 1		Movement t Debts	End of
Month	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1922	1923	Month
Jan. Febr. March April May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	[32.9] 30.1 30.4 27.8 26.7 27.5 32.2 40.9 50.5 52.1 53.8 50.5 49.5	[86.8] 96.8 116.2 86.8 103.6 84.7 81.8 115.1 107.4 119.9 92.1 79.2 72.2	101.3 100.4 98.0 90.2 75.2 75.3 86.8 79.0 96.5 93.4 131.7	[15.7] 14.7 17.6 23.1 27.7 26.0 19.7 16.1 15.6 20.1 20.3 16.2	[994.6] 944.8 936.4 947.6 1 034.6 1 036.3 1 001.4 988.4 998.5 1 086.1 1 078.8 971.8	1 008.8 1 054.0 1 078.9 1 117.4 1 102.2 1 011.4 983.0 951.8 884.3 1 016.6 856.7	[+17.2] +15.4 +13.2 +10.2 +3.6 -0.2 +6.2 +21.2 +34.4 +36.5 +33.7 +30.2 +33.3	[-907.8] -848.0 -820.2 -860.8 -951.0 -951.6 -918.1 -886.3 -881.0 -878.6 -994.0 -999.6	— 907.5 — 953.6 — 980.9 —1 027.2 —1 027.0 — 936.1 — 896.2 — 787.8 — 787.8 — 923.2 — 725.0	- 27.8 + 40.6 + 70.2 + 20.6 - 33.5 - 31.8 - 5.3 - 2.4 + 115.4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	

The figures in brackets [] indicate the position at the end of the previous year.

1) Balances with foreign correspondents and foreign bills.

1) Due to foreign correspondents.

## 11. — DEPOSITS IN THE SAVINGS-BANKS, BANKRUPTCIES AND PROTESTED BILLS.

	Deposits		avings-	Bar	krupt	cies			Prot	ested	Bill	ls			
Month		Banks ill. Fmk.		]	Numbe	F		Nu	mber				ount Fmk		Month
	1921	1922	4)1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1921	1922	1923	1913	1921	1922	1923	<u> </u>
January	¹)[1007.0]	•	•	67	<b>3</b> 9	40	959	392	422	436	2.8	3.3	4.9	3.9	January
February		•	•	62	33	35	762	299	398	326	2.1	4.0	2.7	3.9	February
March	1 057.7	1 241.5	1 462 0*		37	44	957	<b>3</b> 85	364	353	1.1		2.5	3.3	March
April	•	•	1 480.5*		34	34	881	266	313	301	1.2		2.8	3.6	April
May		•	1 489.5*		33	42	861	267	370	306	1.0		3.6	2.0	May
June	1 092.5	1 266.4			28	29	807	279	345	416	0.8	2.2	2.7	2.3	June
July	•	•	1 496.5*		27	24*	820	239	363	492	0.8	2.3	2.3	3.1	July
August	•	•	1 496.9*		17	38*	799	222	299	430	1.0	4.4	1.6	3.6	August
September	1 108.5	1 281.6	1 495.1*		25	29*	8 <b>3</b> 8	290	318	455	1.1	4.4	3.7	2.7	September
October	•	•	1 490.4*		23	40*	888	379	334	612	0.8	4.4	2.3	3.9	October
November	•	•	[	69	34	ĺí	762	487	339	633*	0.6	7.7	29	3.9*	November
December	<sup>2</sup> )1 194.8	<sup>3</sup> )1.387.0		63	39		942	468	539	]i	1.0	5.2	4.8		December_
Total	ļ —			762	<b>3</b> 69		8 572	3 018			12.7	36.2	29.1		Total
JanNov.	l)		1	699	330		7 630	2 550	2 987	4 760*	12.7	36.2	29.1	36.2*	JanNov.

<sup>\*)</sup> Including rates for 1920. — \*) Increased by 75.4 mill. mk rates for 1921. — \*) Increased by 89.8 mill. mk rates for 1922. —

\*) Excluding rates for current year.

Deposits in the Savings Banks, including long-term deposits and current accounts, according to figures supplied by the Savings Banks Inspector's Office.

Number of bankruptcy petitions filed during the corresponding month which will lead in due course to actual bankruptcy. The eports for 1913 and 1921 are given according to the notices in the Official Gazette, those since 1922 according to the reports sent in to he Central Statistical Office by the various Courts.

Protested bills according to figures published in the \*Report of Bills Protested in Finland\*.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 12. — TURNOVER OF HELSINGFORS STOCK EXCHANGE.

		Total		D	etails for	1923 <b>Mill. F</b> 1	nk	
Month		Mill. Fmk	!		Shares		1	Month
	1921	1922	1923	Bank	Industrial	Miscel- laneous	Bonds	l.
January	33.5	12.1	14.1	10.1	3.0	0.9	0.1	January
February	26.7	13.1	12.2	5.6	4.5	1.5	0.6	February
March	26.2	10.5	14.9	8.4	4.7	0.8	1.0	March
April	16.2	10.8	13.6	5.7	5.8	0.9	1.2	April
May	13.6	17.3	11.8	7.7	3.4	0.5	0.2	.⊧ Мау
June	9.8	6.5	7.2	5.1	1.7	0.2	0.2	June
July	7.6	3.9	7.8	5.0	2.2	0.3	0.3	July
August	11.8	6.9	8.6	5.0	1.9	0.6	1.1	August
September	18.4	11.8	10.3	. ő.9	2.8	0.7	0.9	September
October	29.2	17.0	8.9	5.2	2.1	1.1	0.5	October
November	15.6	12.2	9.3	6.1	2.0	0.6	0.6	November
December	9.3	13.8			1			December
Total	217.9	135.9	-				1	Total
JanNov.	208.6	122.1	118.7	69.8	34.1	8.1	6.7	JanNov.

According to figures supplied by the Stock Exchange Committee.

## 13. — STOCK EXCHANGE INDEX.

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. Year
1920 1921 1922 1923	178 128 145	160 132 148	150 127 142	145 122 142	148 122 144	141 124 141	145 125 147	147 127 149	138 140 144	130 144 145	175 129 142 139	173   1920   127   1921   143   1922   1923

According to figures published in the Mercator.

This revised index series is based on the prices bid at the end of each month for 18 representative securities, viz., 4 bank.

12 industrial and 2 other kinds of shares. By multiplying the price bid for each security by the number of shares in the corresponding company the so-called Exchange value has been arrived at for the share capital of the company, the sum of which values has been calculated in % of the total nominal value of the share capital of the same companies. These percentages in the above table usually show a fall during March and April owing to the payment of dividends.

## 14. — NATIONAL DEBT.

End of		Foreign Mill. Fmk	1	1	nterna Mill. Fmk	· 1	j.  -  -		tal Fmk		End of
Month	Funded	Floating	Total	Funded	Floating	Total	Funded	Floating	Total	Monthly Movement	Month
1920 November	30 <b>4.</b> 9	145.1	450.0 [	888 <b>.5</b>	   592.5	1 481.0	! 1 193.4	737.6	1 931.0		1920 November
1921 November		149.2	685.2	955.8	295.0	1 250.8	1 491.8	444.2	1 936.0	+ 1.1	1921 November
1922 November December		156.1 167.1	778.1 826.9	956.2 956.0	103.0 95.0	1 059.2 1 051.0	1 578.2 1 615.8	259.1 262.1	1 8 <b>37.3</b> 1 8 <b>77.</b> 9	- 7.2 + 40.6	1922 November December
1923 January February March	659.8 659.8 666.6	167.1 167.1 167.1	826.9 826.9 833.7	956.0 956.0 956.0	85.2 84.5 83.7	1 041.2 1 040.5 1 039.7	1 615.8 1 615.8 1 622.6	252.3 251.6 250.7	1 868.1 1 867.4 1 873.4	- 9.8 - 0.7 + 6.0	February
April May June	666.7 666.3 665.8	167.1 167.1 167.1	833.8 8 <b>33.4</b> 8 <b>32.</b> 9	956.0 956.0 956.0	84.0 84.0 84.0	1 040.0 1 040.0 1 040.0	1 622.7 1 622.3 1 621.8	251.1 251.1 251.1	1 873.8 1 873.4 1 872.9	$\begin{array}{ccc} + & 0.4 \\ - & 0.4 \\ - & 0.5 \end{array}$	April May June
July August September October	665.8 664.9 664.9 648.5	167.1 167.1 167.1 167.1	832.9 832.0 832.0 815.6	954.8 954.8 953.6 953.1	84.0 84.0 84.0 84.0	1 038.8 1 038.8 1 037.6 1 037.1	1 620.6 1 619.7 1 618.5 1 601.6	251.1 251.1 251.1 251.1	1 871.7 1 870.8 1 869.6 1 852.7	-1.2 $-16.9$	July August September October
November	1 129.4	167.1 	1 296. <b>5</b>	953.1	84.0 Mill. Dolla:	1 037.1 rs	2 082.5	251.1   Mill.	2 333.6 Dollars		November
Novemb. 1)	54.1	5.7 <sup>2</sup> )	59.8	25.0	2.2	27.2	79.1	7.9	87.02	)ji •	November

The above table is based on the monthly report on the Public Debt published by the Treasury in the Official Gazette. Interna loans are given at their nominal value. Foreign loans are given at their nominal value, Foreign loans are given in Finish currency according to the rate ruling on the date of the raising of the loan. As a result of this, loans of an earlier date than 1914 are set down at par.

1) Calculated as follows: The loans raised in the country, have been calculated in dollars, according to the average rate of exchange of each month. The loans, negotiated abroad, which are all issued in different currencies, are grouped according to the proportion of currencies, shown by the coupons paid, and reduced to dollars at the rate of exchange just mentioned.
2) Excluding the loan of the State Grain Office, amounting to 3.3 million dollars, which has not yet been transferred to the actual Rational Debt.

## 15. — MISCELLANEOUS STATE RECEIPTS COLLECTED BY CUSTOMS. (000's omitted.)

Month	Import Customs and Storage Charges	Export Customs	Export Charges	Clearing Charges	Light Dues	Excise on Tobacco	Excise on Matches	Month
1923 January February March April May June July August September October November December	70 073* 60 162* 70 384* 82 748* 106 090* 92 499* 87 086* 83 503* 95 714* 106 804* 98 876*	1 191* 863* 840* 1 245* 1 716* 3 978* 5 474* 4 800* 3 934* 3 813* 2 437*	21* 36* 1 366* 90* 322* 1 889* 2 429* 2 456* 2 033* 1 555* 739*	73* 50* 56* 88* 239* 447* 488* 422* 391* 357* 304*	426* 299* 250* 640* 1 823* 2 930* 3 039* 2 315* 2 128* 1 892* 1 581*	10 062* 13 532* 12 198* 12 709* 12 803* 13 252* 14 904* 12 173* 16 021* 13 885* 14 258*	1 142* 2 463* 2 266* 1 476* 1 121* 1 314* 1 739* 1 530* 2 749* 3 163*	1923 January February March April May June July August September October November
JanNov. 1923 9 1922 9 1921 9 1920	953 939* 672 224 465 380 252 678	30 291* 29 150 33 127 37 889	12 936* 25 069 85 279 81 695	2 915* 2 601 1 948 2 088	17 323* 17 783 9 511 6 469	145 797* 118 050 120 205 139 972	20 379* 14 022 —	JanNov. 1923 1922 1921 1920
1923 Budget Estimate	720 000	23 000	5 000	2 000	14 000	120 000	14 000	1923 Budget Estimate

Tables 15-24 according to Finnish Official Statistics I. A., Foreign Trade of Finland, Monthly Reports. The figures for 1922 in the tables 16, 18 and 19 are finally adjusted.

## 16. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Month	(	Imports C. I. F. Val Mill. Fmk	=		Exports F. O. B. Va Mill. Fmk			ıs of Impor Exports ( Mill. Fmk		Month
 !/ :r	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	<b>19</b> 13	1922	1923	1
January February March April May June July August September October November December	61.4	146.1 116.6 225.7 322.3 456.4 426.4 319.9 399.8 360.8 365.0 392.5	306.2* 261.5* 311.1* 368.0* 460.2* 421.4* 392.3* 370.0* 410.3* 469.9* 451.5*	13.0 14.2 13.6 17.3 36.6 49.1 56.6 52.1 50.3 42.9 32.3 26.8	146.2 116.3 200.3 256.0 333.3 532.3 623.5 600.0 511.0 479.2 391.1 278.4	199.1* 150.4* 154.4* 195.5* 247.5* 529.9* 657.3* 563.7* 477.4* 481.2* 357.4*	$\begin{array}{c} -16.9 \\ -12.4 \\ -15.0 \\ -15.0 \\ +6.1 \\ +13.1 \\ +11.8 \\ -1.5 \\ -18.5 \\ -16.1 \\ -8.8 \end{array}$	+ 0.1 - 0.3 - 25.4 - 66.3 - 123.1 + 105.9 + 303.6 + 200.2 + 150.2 + 114.2 - 160.0	-172.5* -212.7* +108.5* +265.0* +193.7* +67.1*	May June July August
Total JanNov.	<b>495.4</b> 459.8	3 969.9 3 531.5	4 222.4*	404.8 378.0	4 467.6 4 189.2	4 013.8*	90.6 81.8	+ 497.7 + 657.7	i .	Total JanNov.

The term import covers all imported goods which have been placed on the market either immediately after importation or after storage.

Export covers all goods exported from the open market, including re-exports.

Goods are declared to the Customs by their owner, who must at the same time state the value of the goods as calculated at the frontiers of the country. Consequently, imports are given according to their C. I. F. value and exports F. O. B.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 17. - VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS IN DIFFERENT GROUPS OF GOODS.

of group	Groups of Goods			(C. I.	orts F. Value I. Fmk	)				(F. O. I	orts 3. Value) Fmk		
No.		Nov.	Oct.	Nov.		Jan.—No	v.	Nov.	Oct.	Nov.	J	anNov	7.
	i	1922	1923	1923	1921	1 <b>92</b> 2	1923	192 <b>2</b>	1923	1923	1921	1922	1923
1	Live animals	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.3	1.3	8.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	30.1	9.0	2.2
2	Food obtained from animals	17.4	14.8	14.0	111.1	97.4	107.8	24.9	13.4	10.1	403.5	427.2	243.8
3 4	Cereals and their products Fodder and seed	64.1 4.9	88.9 24.9	89.4 22.2	666.5 45.6	597.8 54.2	662.6 125.5	3.3 1.8	0.0 1.0	0.2 0.8	2.2 3.9	10.9 10.3	<b>4.4</b> 8.7
5	Fruit, vegetables, live plants,	]			1				1.0	0.0	5.5		
	etc.	8.6	12.0	13.3	54.6	65.0	87.4	0.1	0.9	0.2	18.9	3.8	1.6
: 6 ! 7	Colonial produce and spices Preserves, in hermetically	48.2	53.8	44.4	614.4	464.6	512.2	2.1	1.2	1.4	8.1	9.0	4.7
•	sealed packages	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.6	1.2	2.4	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.1	2.6	3.9
8	Beverages	0.2	0.4	1.0	1.8	5.0	5.6	0.0		0.0			0.0
9 10	Spinning materials Yarns and ropes	39.6 10.9	$\begin{array}{c} 23.5 \\ 10.3 \end{array}$	33.4 9.9	217.4 66.3	295.3 100.9	254.8 105.3	0.0	0.0	0.1 0.0	0.1 1.1	0.4 0.7	0.4 0.4
īĭ	Cloth	24.0	29.2	21.0	195.1	270.4	345.2	0.4	0.1	0.2	8.0	12.8	2.8
12	Diverse textile products	11.8	19.5	13.9	113.3	125.7	186.8	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.9	3.1	0.5
13 14	Timber and wooden articles Bark, cane, branches or	1.4	1.9	1.1	14.0	12.0	10.5	218.7	353.9	250.8	1 430.4	Z 191.9	497.8
-	twigs, and articles made												
	from same	2.9	1.6	1.2	5.4	18.3	18.9	0.1	0.5	0.1	1.0	1.8	2.5
15	Board, cardboard and pap- er and articles made from				į i								
·	same	1.2	2.2	1.1	5.7	7.8	15.2	117.4	94.1	76.3	977.6	1 310.1	<b>1 103.</b> 7
16	Hair, bristles, feathers toge-				l		'						
	ther with bones, horn and other carvable goods not		. !						i				
İ	specifically mentioned, and		:			ļļ							
	articles made from same		1.4	1.5	10.7	9.7	14,9	0.2	0.1	0.2	2.1	2.1	1.3
17	Hides and skins, leather-	17.9	10.4	100	01.1	190.0	101.0	8.0	9.0	7.1	41.5	CA m	71 0
18	goods, furs, etc Metals and metal goods	46.7	19.4 54.5	18.8 48.7	91.1 287.9	139.9 367.0	191.2 467.9	1.5	3.6 0.9	0.9	41.5 16.9	64.5 10.3	71.3 7.5
19	Machinery and apparatus		24.5	31.7	260.4	187.3	264.5	0.4	0.5	0.7	10.0	8.0	7.0
	Means of transport	2.3	3.1	4.5	53.0	46.2	88.7	0.0	0.4	0.0	6.4	10.5	0.9
SI	Musical instruments, instru- ments, clocks and watches	3.0	4.1	3.5	20.1	19.7	38.3		0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0
22	Stones and earths, and ar-		i	0.0		20.1			0.0	0.0			
	ticles made from same	19.1	28.5	28.9	75.8	126.7	203.0	1.5	2.0	0.7	14.1	12.7	11.6
25	Asphalt, tar, resins, rub- ber and products made	İ			İ								
i	from same	7.9	8.6	5.8	49.0	72.1	76.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	10.3	10.9	6.2
24	Oils, fats and waxes, and		4.5			404	404	0.5				0 -	٠.
25	products of same Ethers, alcohols not speci-	17.1	17.5	11.7	142.2	164.0	161.9	().0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.6	0.4
20	fically described, ethereal		:							İ			
امما	oils, cosmetics, etc	0.5		0.7	4.1	5.0	5.4	0.5	0.1	0.0	3.8	4.3	3.3
	Colours and dyes Explosives, fire-arms and	3.2	4.7	4.0	35.6	48.2	50.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.1
۵.	materials, fuses and fire-		į			1							
-	works	0.4	1.4	1.7	6.4	4.1	10.6	2.4	4.7	3.3	18.4	26.7	31.5
28	Chemical elements and combinations thereof and	: !											
	drugs	10.4	12.0	12.7	63.2	113.8	111.1	2.8	0.3	0.3	6.7	8.2	5.8
	Fertilizers	3.5	1.4	6.5	30.3			—			-	_	
50	Literature and works of art, educational materials, of-	; ;		İ	i			İ			[ .		
	fice fittings, etc	3.7	3.2	3.3	15.2	20.3	28.6	0.8	0.7	0.6	3.5	5.6	4.2
31	Articles not specified else-		. !								İ	l i	İ .
	where	2.0	1.5	1.4	20.4	19.1	17.0		0.2	0.1	3.2		
	Re-exports Total	392.5	469.9	401.5	3 278.5	3 531.5	4 222.4	388.2 2.9	479.5 1.7	355.8 1.6	3 026. <b>4</b> 45.1	4 160.1 29.1	3 989.8 24.0
i	*	392.5	469.9	451.5	3 278.5	3 531.5	4 222.4						<u> </u>

## 18. - IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		R y e Tons		i.	Rye Flour Tons			Wheat Tons		Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
January February	90 <b>3.</b> 3 974.5	1 278.7 2 402.7	2 492.7* 8 928.4*	7 844.3 8 619.6	101.8 195.4	825.5* 288.4*	69.7 12.4		98,5*	January February
March April	1 391.5 906.6	7 669.3 5 100.0	11 528.5* 12 570.6*	9 524.5 5 218.6	1 299.2 1 576.0	362.8* 269.8*	10.5 23.0	19.8 2.2		March April
May June	6 902.8 3 696.8	11 494.7 7 519.3	7 424.8* 17 123.2* 18 763.4*	22 320.0 16 083.5	1 826.8 2 155.6	476.5* 1 740.1*	51.5 22.2	14.5 2.4	0.0* 24.7*	May June
July August September	5 981.5 4 769.6 13 264.9	3 629.8 12 460.6 7 175.5	16 338.4* 7 825.8*	14 597.3 12 149.3 28 854.6	755.2 969.5 1 797.2	1 485.4* 1 295.9* 1 857.7*	0.3 24.3 30.2	3.2 104.3 110.0	0.1* 0.3* 1.2*	July August September
October November December	16 126.1 9 643.9 1 048.9	8 172.6 14 929.8 18 827.6	30 900.1* 26 871.8*	37 290.8 24 991.0 8 536.8	569.9 1 614.8 4 991.1	2 594.0* 2 809.9*	66.4 28.0 29.8	18.3 113.6 254.0	0.7 <b>*</b> 0.9 <b>*</b>	October November December
Total JanNov.		100 660.6 81 833.0	160 767.7*	196 030.3 187 493.5	17 852.5 12 861.4	14 006.0*	368.3 338.5	662.1 408.1	139.2*	Total JanNov.

	1913	1922						Tons	!	Month
١.		1000	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
February March April May 1 June 1 July 1 August September October 1 November 1	8 858.2 5 904.9 5 799.8 5 950.5 4 905.8 0 647.2 0 108.0 6 870.2 8 862.9 16 015.3 15 444.7 9 034.3	2 582.4 2 990.1 4 508.0 6 020.2 9 046.7 9 869.8 4 893.8 6 292.4 5 587.6 5 979.4 7 443.3 14 385.8	6 205.1* 6 301.2* 6 603.5* 9 600.8* 10 910.0* 10 099.8* 7 576.2* 5 802.9* 8 444.7* 7 375.3* 8 974.7*	16.7 53.7 20.9 77.5 2 856.5 1 636.4 2 895.2 1 161.2 1 315.5 2 060.6 185.9	119.2 299.0 774.7 810.2 1 188.5 2 369.4 1 548.5 1 751.1 835.1 844.5 976.6 1 383.3	634.0* 976.9* 917.0* 759.8* 1 662.3* 3 715.8* 1 880.0* 774.5* 1 130.5* 1 430.3* 1 273.4*	579.2 423.3 558.3 562.8 796.5 1 053.2 589.3 370.8 428.5 799.4 754.8 386.9	30.6 10.0 70.5 48.7 115.1 165.6 159.5 353 2 263.1 605.7 386.6 433.8	84.6*	July August September

Month		Coffee . Tons	-	(Refir	Sugar ned and Unr Tons	refined)	1	law Tobac Tons	co	Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	<u> </u>
January February March April May June July August September October November December	623.9 745.4 510.7 719.4 1 812.4 1 300.0 808.8 946.5 1 494.4 1 899.8 1 286.6 719.0	849.9 739.3 915.6 1 977.7 1 534.2 1 407.8 941.9 1 198.0 1 141.9 1 252.6 1 297.3 554.1	1 679.6* 1 307.5* 1 366.4* 1 397.3* 1 391.2* 1 326.3* 968.0* 1 119.2* 1 113.5* 1 359.6* 915.1*	3 659.9 3 702.2 3 250.1 3 777.2 3 835.0 3 502.3 3 031.3 3 740.7 5 945.3 4 397.4 2 907.5	214.6 118.3 1 080.6 2 551.5 4 355.4 6 551.5 5 046.1 5 825.5 6 434.4 3 781.5 5 908.0 18 092.7	1 021.8* 417.4* 1 888.8* 2 293.0* 3 076.6* 5 936.3* 3 394.1* 7 047.0* 5 576.0* 5 446.2*	326.4 324.3 284.7 353.7 297.2 260.1 315.7 320.7 295.4 462.3 327.3 192.7	124.8 137.0 136.0 131.6 167.2 154.5 135.6 226.5 211.6 203.7 169.4 151.5	226.0* 226.7* 225.7* 262.1* 258.0* 165.9* 299.7* 275.5* 240.0*	May June July
Total JanNov.		13 810.8 13 256.2	13 883.7*	47 665.4 44 757.9	59 940.1 41 847.4	44 470.2*	3 760.5 3 567.8	1 949.4 1 797.9	2 641.3*	Total Jan -Nov.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 18. — IMPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Raw Cotton Tons	1		Wool Tons			Oilcakes Tons	j	Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	<u> </u>
January February March April May June July August September October	1 153.1 659.9 668.4 561.5 998.1 541.5 709.4 700.2 214.2 557.0	188.2 192.5 1045.6 494.3 778.1 631.7 506.6 550.1 422.3 681.8	964.4* 584.8* 510.6* 288.4* 503.3* 238.1* 366.6* 780.4* 565.5* 620.3*	66.3 80.9 79.1 86.6 39.5 37.1 57.8 61.8 118.4 81.8	80.6 117.1 72.8 277.2 236.3 190.8 184.2 103.4 96.9 137.8	104.3* 173.3* 95.8* 155.0* 134.0* 104.0* 95.2* 92.1* 157.3*	536.6 508.5 707.2 423.3 317.0 284.6 421.1 1 940.0 2 024.1	302.1 9.8 151.9 2 171.1 250.5 9.7 28.1 913.4 1 531.1	2 087.3* 1 053.5* 1 084.5* 1 865.2* 608.1* 122.5* 753.6* 3 759.1*	April May June
November December	842.9 847.9	1 145.1 880.7	949.3*	103.3 53.8	177.4 107.0	108.2*	1 698.2	295.3 1 461.5	3 580.8*	November December
Total JanNov.	8 454.1 7 606.2	7 517.0 6 636.3	6 371.7*	866.4 812.6	1 781.5 1 674.5	1 237.3*	11 581.7	7 124.5	1	Total JanNov.

Month		Raw Hides Tons			Coal Tons	-		Petroleun Tons	<b>u</b>	Month
-	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
January February	558.7 371.3	285.4 191.1	464.3* 7 <b>3</b> 8.2*	8 411.6 2 016.6		11 287.8* 3 216.3*	616.8 610.7	4.0 0.0		January February
March April May	336.4 539.5	354.8 479.2	578.4* 592.0*	1 255.0 15 108.4	2 448.5 1 350.2	4 724.3* 11 101.6*	188.0 26.8	107.7 62.8	129.4* 4.7*	March April
June	753.1 586.6	683.6 621.1	639. <b>6*</b> 952.8*	81 395.7 76 753.2	28 734.3 21 359.9	40 885.5* 56 666.0*	61.6 1 764.6	267.3 175.1	5 640.4* 418.1* 1 608.8*	June
July August September	420.0 694.2 416.6	293.1 417.7 344.3	559.1* 642.1* 767.2*	78 673.8 73 848.4 99 646.1	21 745.9 37 790.4 18 619.0	64 639.9* 58 320.2* 67 952.5*		7 908.2 5 760.4 2.9	12 595.6*	
October November December	440.2 390.8 336.2	564.7 728.1 542.7	705.5* 663.7*	67 200.5 43 533.0 37 771.4	28 915.9 48 651.8 27 403.8		4 020.4	1 522.8 896.6 3 912.2	107.6* 18.0*	October November December
Total JanNov.	5 843.6	5 505.8 4 963.1	7 302.9*	585 613.7 547 842.3	243 096.8	478 080.7*	36 071.3	20 620.0		Total

## 19. - EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES.

Month		Fresh Meat Tons	1)	I. :	Butter Tons	: : 		Cheese Tons		Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
January .	244.6	517.2	169.5*	864.3	385.4	5 <b>37.6*</b>	34.7	190.4	215.6*	January
February 1	203.6	491.1	172.0*	891.9	427.4	527.1*	115.2	220.5	102.0*	February
March	116.0	329.3	195.3*	1 025.0	651.5	775.4*	57.3	328.7	49.5*	March
April	73.8	337.8	78.2*	1 776.8	1 056.7	944.1*	95.1	321.9	70.0*	April
May	80.8	191.6	139.3*	1 297.1	736.9	848.7*	67.9	252.2	59.7*	May
June	75.2	169.4	80.9*	1 396.8	786.9	549.9*		161.7	56.2*	June
July	71.1	58.7	100.8*	1 530.6	1 091.1	474.1*	29.1	199.2	63.1*	July
August	113.0	184.5	146.9*		972.7	880.2*	117.0	193.3	95.1*	August
September ::	169.7	253.7	180.0*	706.9	678.9	298.6*	173.3	229.2	133.3*	September
October	299.7	247.4	214.2*	813.8	666.6	170.7*	173.0	194.6	158.5*	October
November !	276.7	185.9	173.3*	711.2	394.2	143.9*	142.4	240.3	108.1*	November
December	240.7	214.0		828.1	485.9		167.6	184.5		December
Total Jan,-Nov.	1 964.9 1 724.2	3 180.6 2 966.6	1 650.4*	12 640.3 11 812.2	8 <b>334.2</b> 7 848.3	6 150.3*	1 224.1 1 056.5	2 716.5 2 532.0	1 111.1*	Total JanNov.

<sup>1)</sup> Fresh meat, excluding pork.
Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 19. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Raw Hides Tons			sawn Tim Cinds (excl. 1 000 m <sup>s</sup>		F	uel (wood 1000 m³	1)	Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	! !
January February March April May June July August September October November December	317.0 393.4 303.1 441.6 298.7 185.4 230.3 185.7 343.5 297.4 336.8 352.7	86.1 77.5 109.0 71.0 9.5 1.1 40.4 199.1 212.8 257.4 221.8	77.5* 184.9* 151.1* 109.3* 265.7* 149.0* 240.6* 128.1* 277.2* 198.9*	3.0 5.1 4.2 24.0 307.7 487.6 610.0 721.8 604.5 295.4 81.0	7.8 0.8 5.7 7.1 61.9 237.1 397.4 475.0 444.4 343.2 121.9	3.1* 8.8* 0.3* 22.1* 72.1* 465.2* 630.7* 723.0* 615.5* 410.3* 128.3*	77.8 73.7 57 3 74.6 80.1 111.8 123.3 128.5 102.2 118.1 60.1 58.9	14.4 9.7 27.8 57.5 47.3 47.4 59.0 115.1 72.4 82.0 34.4 15.1	15.6* 9.7* 15.2* 12.3* 14.2* 17.3* 12.1* 10.9* 1.7*	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanNov.	3 685.4	1 544.2 1 285.7	2 169.7*	3 162.9 3 144.3	2 139.8 2 102.3	3 079.4*	1 066.4 1 007.5	582.1 567.0	133.9*	Total JanNov.

Month		sawn Timbe All Kinds 000 standar			Plywood Tons			Matches Tons		Month
	1913	1922	1923	1921 1)	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	!
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2.8 0.0 0.2 3.0 73.8 137.0 161.8 144.7 139.7 121.6 79.7 38.7	6.4 0.2 0.6 0.3 41.8 140.0 182.9 142.8 105.6 110.0 85.4 31.7	2.8* 0.4* 1.0* 0.6* 30.9* 146.1* 171.7* 130.9* 106.9* 123.4* 100.8*	358.7 461.6 126.6 1 342.7 255.2 1 169.7 844.0 229.0 1 648.0 1 204.2 995.4 1 575.7	1 017.7 537.3 1 109.6 2 452.8 1 685.7 1 381.1 1 384.2 1 701.8 2 163.6 2 346.5 2 055.4 2 223.6	2 274.0* 1 749.2* 2 371.8* 2 376.5* 1 365.6* 1 591.6* 3 004.2* 2 533.2* 3 049.0* 2 160.6*	30.5   1.0  4.5  2.6 0.0	166.8 60.3 47.3 316.3 324.7 293.4 94.0 110.0 92.4 206.8 195.0 220.2	251.1* 104.5* 298.9* 221.6* 231.8* 302.0* 211.2* 94.5* 440.6* 453.0* 34 1.4*	April May June July August September
Total JanNov.	903.0 864.3	847.7 816.0	815.5*	10 210.8 8 635.1	20 059.3 17 835.7	25 537.2*	38.6 38.6	2 127.2 1 907.0		Total JanNov.

<sup>1</sup> standard sawn timber = 4.672 m<sup>3</sup>.

<sup>1)</sup> Figures for 1913 not available. Exports were negligible.

Month		Bobbins Tons		Mech	anical P Tons	ulp <sup>1</sup> )	Che	mical P	ա Ip¹) .	Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
January	847.8	449.6	473.6*	1 227.4	2 880.8	3 591.1*	2 867.5	5 071.1	22 010.7*	January
February	989.2	160.1	448.4*	1 262.7	2 203.6	2 077.9*		6 266.9	14 931.8*	February
March :	1 030.4	682.0	619.8*	1 987.3	1 413.5	3 031.4*	2 071.5	12 590.7	11 841.2*	March
April	885.2	693.5	700.6*	1 888.4	2 361.6	3 001.7*	4 250.1	18 689.7	23 559.5*	April
May	1 130.2	388.9	443.9*	10 418.4	5 801.2	6 897.0*	11 017.5	25 205 <b>.9</b>	20 686.7*	May
June !	916.0	450.4	497.4*	3 555.8	5 246.9	4 413.8*	4 276.5	15 6 <b>33.1</b>	10 081.6*	June
July	944.8	463.1	539.0*	6 <b>485.6</b>	8 732.1	9 695.1*	4 694.7	11 758.0	19 486.7*	July
August	796.7	515.4	368.2*	2 868.9	6 380.3	7 606.6*	7 695.0	18 126.2	15 499.6*	August
September	979.8	486.6	440.6*	3 965.4	4 588.3	3 137.3*	7 594.4	21 352.5	18 056.6*	September
October	723.1	452.2	476.3*	2872.8	5 024.7	7 981.9*	4 890.8	11 535.8	12 953.6*	October
November	1 143.1	324.8	411.8*	2 725.6	4 839.6	3 919.8*	8 126.1	18 856.9	11 771.4*	November
December	935.7	602.4		5 657.1	2 044.1	,	13 460.8	18 858.8		December
Total	11 322.0	5 669.0		44 915.4	51 516.7		75 479.0	183 945.6		Total
JanNov.		5 066.6	5 419.6*	39 258.3	49 472.6	55 353.6*	62 018.2	165 086.8	180 879.4*	JanNov.

<sup>\*</sup> Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations. - 1) Dry weight.

## 19. — EXPORTS OF THE MOST IMPORTANT ARTICLES. — Continued.

Month		Cardboard Tons		:	Paper All Kinds Tons	 		Newsprint Tons		Month
	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
January	2 480.7	1 724.9	1 779.0*	10 793.7	11 609. <b>3</b>	15 708.4*	5 301.7	8 <b>144.3</b>	10 526.3*	January
February	4 128.8	462.5	2 055.9*		9 704.3			6 315.7	9 179.5*	
March	4 371.3	1 464.5	2 204.2*	10 906.9	19 373.8			13 375.6	11 211.6*	March
April	3 832.1	2 324.5	2 581.6*	11 408.4	22 198.1	15 444.4*	5 520.8	13 979.8	10 782.7*	April
May	5 572.7	2 493.9	1 742.6*	11 998.3	17 433.0		5 773.4	11 915.2	9 161.0*	
June	4 540.8	2 015.3	1 962.0*	12 196.6	14 010.7	15 935.6*			11 301.7*	
July	4 812.5	1 777.9	2 268.2*	13 094.0	13 969.4	15 309.1*			10 868.2*	July
August	4 824.8	2 655.9	1 779.6*	12 551.9	17 451.8	12 969.1*	5 399.0		10 110.5*	August
September:	5 206.0	1 825.3	1 952.1*	12 676.5	18 044.4		6 155.0	12 836.1	10 372.0*	
October	4 718.1	2 153.8	2 058.4*	12 719.9	17 097.6	15 064.3*	6 585.0	11 176.0	11 478.7*	October
November	4 809.7	3 256.9	1 014.3*	13 515.0	14 764.2	13 305.9*	6 977.7	10 183.5	10 640.9*	November
December	4 454.3	2 534.2		12 895.3	16 484.6		6 509.0			December
Total	53 751 s	24 689.6		145 634.6	192 141.2		70 066.1	130 082.6		Total
JanNov.	49 297.0	22 155.4				158 238.5*			115 633.1*	JanNov.

## 20. — FOREIGN TRADE WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES.

			orts J. Value)	·			orts 3. Value)	
Country	19 <b>January</b>	23 November	1922 Whole Year	1921 Whole Year	19 January		1922 Whole Year	1921 Whole Year
	Mill. Fmk	º/o	%	%	Mill Fmk	%	%	%
Europe:				, ,		, •		
Belgium	131.1	3.1	2.4	0.8	272.1	6.8	7.0	5. <b>5</b>
Denmark	222.6	5.3	4.4	6.8	207.0	5.1	4.8	4.9
Esthonia	51.1	1.2	1.4	0.8	23.0	0.6	1.4	1.5
France	81.2	1.9	1.5	1.2	368.2	9.2	10.3	6.4
Germany	1 442.1	34.2	33.3	33,7	253.0	6.3	8.7	10.9
Great Britain	788.0	18.7	21.6	19.8	1 676.1	41.8	37.0	33.8
Holland	227.0	5.4	5.1	5 <b>.3</b>	341.3	8.5	8.3	8.0
Latvia	9.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	2.8	0.1	0.3	0.3
Lithuania	.1.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
Norway	27.1	0.7	0.9	0.7	25.0	0.6	0.3	1.2
Poland	26.8	0.6	0.5	0.1	1.5	0.0	0.1	0.1
Russia	198.3	4.7	0.5	0.0	78.6	2.0	3.1	1.6
Sweden	242.2	5.7	6.3	7.5	235.0	5.8	6.5	11.9
Spain	8.6	0.2	0.3	0.2	9.6	0.2	0.3	1.2
Other European countries	102.9	2.4	2.3	1.7	10.6	0.3	0.4	0.4
Total Europe	3 560.0	84.3	80.8	78.8	3 504.9	87.3	88.5	87.8
Asia	12.3	0.3	0.2	1.1	28.6	0.7	0.8	1.0
Africa	0.4	0.0	0.2	0.0	106.0	2.6	2.4	2.0
United States	530.0	12.6	15 4	17.0	312.2	2.6 7.8	6.5	8.1
Other States of North						-		_
America	13.4	0.3	0.6	<b>0.3</b>	3.9	0.1	0.1	0.0
South America	105.2	2.5	3.9	2.8	51.2	1.3	1.6	1.0
Australia	11	0.0	0,0	0.0	7.0	0.2	0.1	0.1
Grand Total	4 222.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	4 013.8	100.0	100.0	100.0

According to figures supplied by the Statistical Department of the Board of Customs,

Up to Dec. 31, 1917, the last port of shipment and the first port of discharge were used in determining the respective countries of import and export. In the case of transportation of goods over land frontiers, the country from which goods arrived or that to which they were transferred was used in a similar sense, with the exception of a part of the exchange of goods with Russia, which was not put down to that country, but to the actual countries of import or export. From January 1, 1918, the country of import indicates the fland in which goods were purchased, and country of export the land to which goods were sold.

\* Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

## 21. — IMPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year	Total		Det	ails		U .	Last Groups g to their F		Year
Month	All Kinds	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Agricultur- al Require- ments	Other Goods	Raw Ma- terials	Machinery	Industrial products	Month
1913	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1913
1914	106	111	-99	101	101	100	99	100	1914
1915	162	177	130	135	179	147	153	134	1915
1916	227	236	186	149	311	219	263	207	1916
1917	519	647	405	370	526	451	360	465	1917
1918	741	881	600	420	661	647	459	642	1918
1919	755	896	608	600	659	681	487	593	1919
1920	1 387	1 751	1 108	934	1 268	1 364	931	827	1920
1921	1 329	1 556	1 080	1 087	1 109	1 129	1 005	1 048	1921
1922	1 072	1 150	1 067	1 066	913	1 041	820	987	1 <b>92</b> 2
1923									1923
January	940	963	992	953	806	1 001	839	778	January
JanFebr.	943	971	990	1 011	761	995	757	806	JanFebr.
JanMarch	935	986	972	991	726	946	7 <b>5</b> 8	840	JanMarc
JanApril	935	987	957	1 002	748	944	728	856	JanApril
JanMav	941	1 007	949	956	773	944	707	852	JanMay
JanJune	9 <b>3</b> 6	1 003	931	948	803	934	709	852	JanJune
JanJuly	939	1 005	925	936	8 <b>2</b> 7	942	711	847	JanJuly
JanAug.	929	995	924	923	813	938	711	829	JanAug.
JanSept.	923	988	917	920	816	928	731	828	JanSept.
JanOct.	917	975	916	906	818	920	736	829	JanOct.
JanNov.	915	965	917	904	824	924	736	825	JanNov.
JanDec.		1				,	, , , , ,		JanDec.

The import- and export-indices have been calculated by the Statistical Dept, of the Board of Customs in the following manner: the quantities of imports and, respectively, exports for the current year have been multiplied by the average price for the class of goods in question in 1913, after which the import (or export) value for the current year has been calculated in percentage of the sum thus obtained for purposes of comparison.

The goods chosen for the setting-up of a total-index have been divided, according to their use, into the groups: foodstuffs, clothing, agricultural requirements and other goods. The three last-named have been further divided, according to their purpose into raw materials, machinery and industrial products.

## 22. — EXPORT-PRICE INDEX.

Year	Total				Det	ails				Year
Month	Ail Kinds	Fresh Meat	Butter	Cheese	Timber	Bobbins	Mechanic- al Pulp	Chemical   Pulp	Paper	Month
1913	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	1913
1914	103	100	103	105	105	100	100	102	102	1914
1915	134	130	146	140	128	105	111	147	141	1915
1916	254	238	185	290	186	146	278	290	352	1916
1917	375	560	349	600	317	218	389	342	452	1917
1918	415	276	620	501	222	705	508	399	483	1918
1919	441	790	725	1 079	375	1 258	571	500	611	1919
1920	1 053	805	916	1 250	886	1 755	1 710	1 742	1 185	1920
1921	1 213	1 008	1 636	1 489	996	2 186	2 202	1 502	1 433	1921
1922	1 180	1 075	1 351	1 066	1 081	1 911	2 002	1 355	1 198	1922
1923						!		! 		1923
January	1 294	1244	1 371	894	1 192	1 861	2 117	1 307	1 088	January
JanFebr.	1 272	1 180	1 346	931	1 237	1 910	2 202	1 290	1 080	JanFebr
JanMarch	1 234	1 196	<b>13</b> 06	920	1 228	1 866	2 125	1 285	1 033	JanMarc
JanApril	1 220	1 191	1 232	907	1 363	1774	2 037	1 279	1 027	JanApril
JanMay	1 198	1182	1 159	916	1 174	1 751	1 915	1 280	$\bar{1}026$	JanMay
JanJune	1 169	1 174	1 128	914	1 152	1 758	1 839	1 282	1 009	JanJune
JanJuly	1 157	1 166	1 105	924	1 148	1 758	1 784	1 271	993	JanJuly
JanAug.	1 159	1 154	1 091	932	1 158	1762	1 754	1 276	983	JanAug.
JanSept.	1 157	1 142	1 096	954	1 157	1 772	1741	1 271	978	JanSept
JanOct.	1 153	1 110	1 101	970	1 154	1 795	1728	<b>1 26</b> 8	970	JanOct.
JanNov.	1 147	1 086	1 105	976	1 147	i 840	1 726	1 263	965	JanNov.
JanDec.	ų				!		:			JanDec.

Besides the total index the table contains indices for only a few of the most important exports. See in addition text under Table No. 21.

## 23. — INDEX NUMBER FOR QUANTITIES OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS. 1)

Year	Jan.	Febr.	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Whole Year	Jan Oct.	Year
1							I m p	orts.						1:3	!
1913	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100.0			100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
1920	66.1	73.4	68.6	72.8	36.8	56.7	55.0	47.9	47.8	34.2	48.5	<b>61.9</b>		52.1	
1921	44.1	56.2	58.5	79.3	59.0	53.2	49.0	62.7	49 6	42.5	45.8	72.4	54.5	53.0	1921
1922	45.3	39.1	65.7	92.0	73.8	88.1	67.2	87.9	65.7	59 <b>.3</b>	84.3	124.2		70.9	
1923	108.8	104.0	112.6	121.8	91.6	106.7	94.3	105.8	89.2	87.3	104.0		]	100.4	1923
ï	liet ·	•					Ехр	orts						i	
1913	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		100 o	100.0:	100.0 i	100.0	100 o	100.0	100.0	1913
1920	29.3	67.9	43.0	57. <b>5</b>	62.2	67.2	69.0				78.7	71.2		68.2	1920
1921	45.0	28.7	36.3	47.2	30.4	39.6	50.2	60.7	90.9	119.6	138.4	88.8	69.0	67.6	1921
1922	82.4	59.2	109.9	106.7	73.3	93.0	98.9	102.3	87. <b>3</b>	98.5	106.5	85.3	93.5	94.1	1922
1923	118.0	85.4	98.3	95.1	59.3	95.9		92.9	83.0	99.0	101.8			92.6	1923

<sup>1)</sup> Value of imports and exports calculated on the basis of the prices for 1913 and expressed in percentage of imports and exports for 1913 during the corresponding period.

## 24. — VALUE OF IMPORTS AND EXPORTS DIVIDED ACCORDING TO THE PURPOSE OF THE GOODS. 1)

		I m p	orts	:		Exp	orts		
Year and	Goods for	Production	Goods for (	Consumption	Goods for	Production	Goods for	Consumption	Year and
Month	Raw Material	Machinery	Industrial products	Foodstuffs	Raw Material	Machinery	Industrial products	Foodstuffs	Month
1	%	%	%	% 4	%	%	%	: %	-
· 1913	32.1	10.5	18.4	39.0	67.4	3.0	16.1	13.5	1913
1914	29.3	10.9	17.2	42.6	55.4	3.8	2 <b>3.4</b>	17.4	1914
1915	34.5	5.4	11.4	48.7	27.3	6. <b>5</b>	41.8	24.4	1915
1916	38.9	7.6	14.6	38.9	26.5	6.8	53.7	13.0	1916
1917	33 7	8.3	28.2	29.8	26.1	4.9	58.2	10.8	1917
1918	19.1	8.3	20.3	52.3	55.9	2.8	34.0	7.3	1918
1919	27.7	9.4	18.7	44.2	76.8	1.3	19.3	2.6	1919
1920	34.4	15.6	17.8	32.2	73.9	0.7	22.8	2.6	1920
1921	23.2	13.8	19.0	44.0	61.9	1.7	22.4	14.0	1921
1922	32.0	11.3		36.5	67.4	0.9	21.0	10.7	1922
1923	i !			į ;					1923
JanOct.	30.5	12.8	24.9	31.8	76.6	0.4	16.3	6.7	JanOct
JanNov.	31.1	12.7	24.2	32.0	77.0	0.4	16.2	6.4	JanNov
Nov.	36.5	11.4	18.6	33.5	81.2	0.5	14.8	3.5	Nov.

<sup>1)</sup> The goods have been divided into four groups: 1) raw materials and semi-manufactured products, 2) machinery, tools, means of transport and other similar means of production, 3) other manufactured products and 4) foodstuffs (food and luxuries).

## 25. — FOREIGN SHIPPING.

	n. F		A r	rivals					Sa	llings		"	
Month	Wit	th Cargo	In	Ballast		l'otal	W	th Cargo	In	Ballast		[otal	Month
	Ves- sels	Reg. tons	Ves-	Reg. tons	Ves- sels	Reg. tons	Ves- sels	Reg. tons	Ves- sels	Reg.tons Net.	Ves- sels	Reg. tons Net.	
1923		· -										!	1923
Jan.	114	70 542	33	10 838	147	81 380	125	79 220	7	3 916	132	83 136	Jan.
Febr.	69	45 018	11	7 756	80	52 774		60 281		_	85	60 281	Febr.
March	86	54 861	6	6 478		61 339	83	49 468	1	378		49 846	March
April	130	91 677		20 417	157	112 094	117	84 951	12	5 985	129	90 936	April
May	531	165 312	286	149 485	817	314 797	453	169 511	223	25 043		194 554	May
June	585	196 815	614	320 868	1 199	517 683	964	469 344	280	27 934	1 244	497 278	
July	5 <b>31</b>	201 246	727	347 665	1 258	548 911	996	508 187	207	26 697	1 203	534 884	July
Aug.	420	190 021	554	278 050	974	468 071	869	501 647	108	20 038	977	521 685	Aug.
Sept.	401	170 128	487	263 462	888	433 590	744	419 442	138	17 950	882	437 392	
Oct.	630	196 108	390	183 213	1 020	379 321	704	388 999	237	18 312	941	407 311	Oct.
Nov.	463	199 096	245	129 443	708	328 539	471	303 465	185	29 832	656	333 297	Nov.
Dec.	<u>]</u>	I				<u>i_</u>		_		1		_	Dec.
anNov.	3 960	1 580 824	3 380	1 717 675	²)7 340	3 298 499	5 611	3 034 515	1 398	176 085	*) 7 009	3 210 600	JanNo
1922				: '		!	1	1					1922
an Mov	2 007	11 16A 045	1 996	1 760 710	7 202	9 004 055	! K 004	9 716 6QA	1 971	COL DOL	7 1/15	9 207 027	Ton N

Jan.-Nov. 3 097 | 1 164 245 | 4 226 | 1 760 710 | 7 323 | 2 924 955 | 5 774 2 716 684 | 1 371 180 403 | 7 145 2 897 087 Jan.-Nov.

## 26. — SHIPPING WITH VARIOUS COUNTRIES AND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

Country of departure		vals <sup>1</sup> ) v. 1923.	Sail JanNov	ings <sup>1</sup> ) . 1928.	Country of departure	Arri JanNo	vals 1) v. 1923		ngs <sup>1</sup> ) v. 1923
and destination	Number of Vessels	1000 Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1000 Reg. tons Net.	and destination	Number of Vessels	Reg. tons Net.	Number of Vessels	1000 Reg. tons Net.
Europe:		!			Asia	1	5.3	12	38.4
Belgium	81	56.4	274	191.2	Africa	ī	0.9	47	100.2
Danzig	67	33.9	38	12.3	U. S. A	36	113.0	41	128.9
Denmark	849	444.0	778	147.7	Other States of				
Esthonia	1 464	121.2	1 347	99.4	America	9	29.5	12	38.1
France	27	20.7	296	217.7	Australia		( — l	3	12.7
Germany	1 667	1 199.5	706	<b>3</b> 89.9	Total	47	148.7	115	318.3
Great Britain	554	445.5	1 292	1 206.5	10001	4:	140.7	110	
Holland	145	94.8	376	277.3	Grand Total	7 340	3 298.5	7009	3 210.6
Latvia	82	32.8	22	5.6	]	DACCENG	ER TRAFI	FIC 2)	
Norway	37	36.7	39	35.0		ASSLITO	LK IKALI	10. /	
Russia	176	65.5	118	23.4		Arr	ived	L	eft .
Sweden	2 115	574.6	1 598	275.7	Month		Of whom	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Of whom
Spain	21	16.0	! 8	9.9		Total	Foreigners	Total	Foreigners
Other countries	8	8.2	2	0.7	N 1000	1.550	1 !		000
Total Europe	7 293	3 149.8	6 894	2 892.3	Nov. 1923 JanNov. 1923		933 17 683	2 420 40 108	992 15 592

<sup>1)</sup> Vessels with cargo and in ballast together. 1) Sea-traffic Passenger traffic overland is at present insignificant. According to figures supplied by the Statistical Office of the Shipping Board.

## 27. — STATE RAILWAYS.

Month		of Goods ported 1000 Tons	ű	Ga	kilometr ods-true Mill. Km	ks	Locor	notives Number	in use	Goods	n use	End of Month	
	1913	1922	19231)	1913	1922	1923	1920	1922	1923	1920	1922	1923	Monon
Jan.	380.5	<b>438.</b> 6	587.6*	28.3	34.8	43.8	445	452	466	12 601	15 069	15 837	Jan.
Febr.	441.2	521.3	696.7*	29.7	36.1	45.6	457	458	483	12 642	15 271	15 931	Febr.
March	412.5	603.7	779.7*	30.6	41.5	51.8	454	454	476	12 734	15 271	16 014	March
April	405.0	549.3	660.4*	32.4	43.1	53.9	446	459	460	12 601	15 537	16 146	April
May	426.5	592.1	671.5*	31.1	45.5	52.2	458	460	488	12 622	15 617	16 254	May
June	443.8	592.8	727.9*	30.9	43.2	50.6	476	488	<b>48</b> 8	12 662	15 777	16 349	June
<b>July</b>	470.3	647.6	782.4*	34.2	47.6	53.5	473	487	511	12 720	15 811	16 405	July
Aug.	430.5	658.7	780.6*	33.7	49.4	56.1	<b>46</b> 6	494	522	12 808	15 549	16 502	Aug.
Sept.	437.2	614.7	692.6*	32.3	48.2	52.8	<b>4</b> 68	496	517	12 896	15 582	16 526	Sept.
Oct.	443.5	602.8	719.7*	32.3	48.5	<b>52.3</b>	472	489	515	13 030	15 600	16 587	Oct.
Nov.	" 340.4 "	557.1	li	28.9	45.1		474	485		13 137	<b>15 650</b>		Nov.
Dec.	∦ 302.1	505.1	. 11	28.5	40.4	I	486	468	İ	13 233	15 695		Dec.
Total	4 933.5	6 883.8		372.9	523.4		·		<del></del>	İ			
Jan -Oct.	4 291.0	5 821.6	7 099.1*	315.5	437.9	512.6	l	<b>i</b>		!			<b>"</b> .

<sup>1)</sup> Goods transported on credit not included, as details of these are only available at the end of the year. The figures for 1922 have in this respect been adjusted accordingly.

## 28. — STATE RAILWAYS' REVENUE, REGULAR EXPENDITURE AND TRAFFIC PROFITS.

Month	(1888 )	Revenue Re-imbursen Mill, Fmk	nents)	Regul	lar Expend Mill Fmk	iture	· T	raffic Profi Mill. Fmk	ts	Month
!	1913	1922	1923 ·)	1913	1922	1923	1913	1922	1923	
January February March April May June July August September October November December	4.3 4.2 4.9 4.6 5.2 5.9 5.7 5.5 4.7 4.3	36.6 35.1 46.3 49.0 48.6 52.0 49.5 50.7 50.1 47.3 45.3	48.5*   48.5*   56.7*   51.3*   56.5*   56.4*   56.5*   52.3*   53.1*	•	34.0 33.4 32.8 32.4 33.2 39.2 34.9 33.8 36.5 34.8 76.8	32.6* 40.2* 37.2* 38.9* 49.8* 40.4* 41.1* 42.5* 39.8*		2.6 1.7 13.5 16.6 15.4 12.8 14.6 16.9 13.6 13.8 10.5 —27.8	15.9* 7.6* 15.5* 17.5* 13.1* 6.7* 16.0* 15.4* 9.8* 13.3*	January February March April May June July August September October November December
Total JanOct.		559.5 465.2	533.3*	40.3	455.3 343.7	402.5*	18.3	104.2 121.5	130.8*	Total JanOct.

According to Finnish State Railways' Preliminary Monthly Statistics.

1) At the final closing of the books the figures for income and expenditure will alter to a certain extent, in some cases quite considerably. The difference between the results based on preliminary data and the final figures will be adjusted in the figures for December. The figures for 1922 have in this respect been adjusted accordingly.

\*) Preliminary figures subject to minor alterations.

29.	1	NIIMR	ED:	ΛE	TIME	CMD	I AVI	CAD.
ZM.	_	annad	C.K	UF	UA		LAPTI	

		1921		1922			1923				
Hand of Month	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Monthly Move- ment	End of Month
January February March April May June July August September October November December	2 207 2 569 2 006 1 142 849 606 610 735 708 919 1 590 1 605	1 166 1 269 921 881 520 331 423 623 661 774 762 522	3 373 3 838 2 927 2 023 1 369 937 1 033 1 358 1 369 1 693 2 2 127	2 607 2 613 2 089 1 487 609 514 346 332 394 562 786 836	978 874 772 773 463 285 281 420 397 560 634 458	3 585 3 487 2 861 2 260 1 072 799 627 752 791 1 122 1 420 1 294	1 552 1 451 887 562 368 251 289 270 273 347 493	701 541 355 397 331 261 235 353 403 539 592	2 253 1 992 1 242 959 699 512 524 623 676 886 1 085	+ 959 - 261 - 750 - 283 - 260 - 187 + 12 + 99 + 53 + 210 + 199	January February March April May June July August September October November December

This table, prepared from the weekly reports of the Labour Exchange Department of the Ministry of Social Affairs, shows the number of unemployed registered in the books of the communal labour exchanges in the majority of towns and a very small part of the rural centres of population at the close of the week nearest to the month's end. As agricultural labourers and skilled industrial workers proper register, up to the present, only in a minority of cases at the communal labour exchanges, the table does not give a complete review of the number of unemployed, but is to be regarded more as symptomatic.

## 30. — INDEX NUMBER OF COST OF LIVING. 1)

Month	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Rent	Fuel	Tobacco	Newspapers	Taxes	Total Cost of Living	Monthly Movement	Month
1914 JanJune	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		1914 JanJune
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	_	· .
1921						i			i .	1921
November	1 323.7	1 104.0	602.5	1 288.6	1 298.8	817.5	2 093.4	1 231.3	48.1	November
December	1 230.0	1 106.7	602.5	1 248.7	1 293.4	817.5	2 093.4	1 171.8	59.5	December
1922		1							•	1922
January	1 151.4	1 096.2	602.5	1 249.8	1 292.1	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 124.4	<b> 47.4</b>	January
February	1 144.5	1 097.6	602.5	1 240.6	1 288.2	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 119.9	- 4.5	February
March	1 123.8	1 098 1	602.5	1 231.0	1 287.3	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 106.7	13.2	March
April	1 126.5	1 102.2	602.5	1 235.1	1 285.3	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 109.1	+ 2.4	April
May	1 131.5	1 098.2	602.5	1 237.6	1 262.5	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 111.4	+ 2.3	May
June	1 138.9	1 098.9	753.9	1 261.4	1 268.9	1 079.4	2 09 <b>3.4</b>	1 137.4	+26.0	June
July	1 144.2	1 097.6	766.5	1 262.6	1 290.5	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 142.4	+ 10.1	July
August	1 165.3	1 094.3	798.1	1 261.1	1 286.6	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 159.2	+ 16.8	August
September	1 166.3	1 089.0	809.6	1 238.0	1 276.7	1 079.4	2 093.4	1 159.5	+ 0.3	September
October	1 156.5	1 094.2	786.9	1 301.7	1 280.5	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 176.0	+16.5	October
November	1 140.0	1 092.9	795.1	1 329.6	1 282.1	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 167.9		November
December	1 121.7	1 089.6	795.1	1 340.4	1 283.4	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 156.7	<b>— 11.2</b>	December
1923					İ	i				1923
January	1 107.9	1 090.2	804.0	1 345.1	1 290.5	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 149.7	<b> 7.0</b>	January
February	1 103.1	1 083.4	804.2	1 400.5	1 294.0	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 148.5	<b>— 1.2</b>	February
March	1 096.2	1 078.7	804.2	1 467.7	1 287.0	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 146.7	<b>— 1.8</b>	March
April	1 047.1	1 075.4	804.2	1 481.4	1 288.9	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 116.4	<b></b> 30.3	April
May	1 015.8	1 071.8	804.2	1 474.9	1 288.9	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 096.4	<b> 20.</b> 0	May
June	1 003.9	1 070.0	947.5	1 492.7	1 288.2	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 108.5	+12.1	June
July	1 002.5	1 064.8	971.0	1 501.4	1 287.3	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 110.7	+ 2.2	July
August	1 087.4	1 062.0	971.0	1 505.6	1 284.7	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 162.9	+52.5	August
September	1 103.0	1 053.4	972.9	1 506.9	1 283.7	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 171.8	+8.9	September
October	1 140.1	1 046.6	972.9	1 498.5	1 279.9	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 193.4	+21.6	October
November	1 132.9	1 041.6	972.9	1 539.0	1 283.4	1 079.4	2 526.3	1 190.1	3.3	November

From the beginning of 1921 onwards a new official index has been drawn up differing from that published in the Bulletin for 1922 in that the whole first half of 1914 forms the basis (= [100] for the same, and that the rise in taxation is also included.

The index is calculated by the Social-Statistical Department of the Central Statistical Office and is based on monthly reports from 21 different centres; it shows the rise in the cost of living for a workingman's family of normal size, the income of which amounted during the years 1908—1909 to 1600—2000 Fmk., assuming that the average monthly consumption within the same remained unaltered. The index for total cost of living is the average based on weight of the different indices.

## CERTAIN PARTICULARS ABOUT FINLAND.

## 1. FORM OF GOVERNMENT.

Finland formed a part of the kingdom of Sweden from 1154 to 1809; since 1809 it was an autonomous Grand Duchy connected with Russia up to December 6th, 1917, when Finland declared its independence. It became a republic in 1919. The Diet together with the President possess the legislative power of the country. The highest executive power is held by the President chosen for a period of 6 years. The Diet, composed of 200 members, is elected by universal suffrage.

The proportions of the different parties in the Diet are at present as follows:

Right (	Swedish people's party (Swedish speaking po-	Number	Per cent.		
	pulation)	25	12.5		
	Unionist party	<b>35</b> 60	<b>17.</b> 5 30		
Centre	Agrarian party	45	22.5		
	Agrarian party Progressive party	<b>15</b> 60	<b>7.5 3</b> 0		
Left	Social-Democrats	53	26.5		
	Communists 1)	27 80	13.5 40		

#### LAND.

THE AVERAGE TEMPERATURE in the coldest month is in S. W. Finland  $-5^{\circ}$  to  $-6^{\circ}$  C, in Lappland  $-15^{\circ}$  C. and during the warmest month  $+15^{\circ}$  and  $+13^{\circ}$  to  $+14^{\circ}$  C. resp. The average temperature in Helsingfors is  $+4.6^{\circ}$  (in Christiania  $+5.5^{\circ}$ , in London  $+9.9^{\circ}$ , in Montreal  $+5.5^{\circ}$ , in Chicago  $+9.1^{\circ}$ , in Vladivostock  $+4.4^{\circ}$ , in Moscow  $+3.6^{\circ}$ ). The ground is covered with snow in the South during about 100 days, in Central Finland during 150 to 180 days, in Lappland about 210 days.

THE AREA (the new province of Petsamo included) is 387, 565 square kilometres (=149, 651 square miles, Great Britain's area is 89,047 sq. m. and Italy's area 110,632 sq. m.). Of the total area 343,279 sq. km. (88.6%) consist of land, while 44,286 sq. km. (11.4%) are lakes. On an average 10.8% of the land in the south of Finland is cultivated, 0.8% in the North 6.1% of the whole land.

#### 3. POPULATION.

NUMBER OF INHABITANTS (1921): 3.4 millions, of which 0.2 million emigrants, [in Sweden (1921) 6.0, in Switzerland (1920) 3.9, in Denmark (1921) 3.3 and in Norway (1920) 2.6 millions].

DENSITY OF POPULATION (1920): In South-Finland 17.2, in North-Finland 2.3 and in the whole country an average of 10.1 inhabitants to the square kilometre.

LANGUAGE (1920): Finnish speaking 89%, Swedish speaking 11%.

RELIGION (1920): Lutheran 98  $\%_0$ , Greek-Orthodox 2  $\%_0$ .

DISTRIBUTION (1921): 83.9 % of the population inhabit the country, 16.1 % the towns. The largest towns are (1921): Helsinki (Helsingfors), the capital, 200,208 inhabitants, Turku (Åbo) 58,694, Tampere (Tammerfors) 48,475, Viipuri (Viborg) 30,748.

EDUCATION (1920): Amongst persons over 15 years of age only 0.8% are illiterate. Three universities founded 1640, 1917 and 1920.

INCREASE OF POPULATION (1921): Births 24.3  $\%_{00}$ , deaths 14.0  $\%_{00}$  (in France in 1919 15.0  $\%_{00}$ , and in England in 1920 12.4  $\%_{00}$ ), natural increase 10.3  $\%_{00}$ .

#### 4. INDUSTRIAL AND BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

PROPORTIONS OF OCCUPATIONS OF THE POPULATION- (1920): agriculture 65.1  $^{9}/_{0}$ , industry and manual labour- 14.8  $^{9}/_{0}$ , commerce 3.4  $^{9}/_{0}$ , other occupations 17.7  $^{9}/_{0}$ .

AGRICULTURE (1920): Cultivated land 2.0 million hectars, divided as follows: area under cultivation 0.5—10 hectars 33.8%, 10—50 ha. 48.9%, 50—100 ha 9.8%, over 100 ha. 8.0%. The above mentioned surface of cultivated land was divided between the different kinds of crops as follows: 45.8% hay, 19.6% oats, 11.2% rye, 5.8% barley, 3.5% potatoes, 14.1% other. The number of dairies in 1920 amounted to 455.

INDUSTRY (1922): Number of industrial concerns-3,294, hands 132,842, gross value of products of industry 8,085.4 million marks.

LENGTH OF BAILWAYS (1923): 4,458 km., of which 4,162 km. State railways and 296 km private.

commercial fleet (1921): Sailing ships 683 (102,111 reg. tons net.) steamships 781 (92,032 r. t.), motorboats 124 (18,649 r. t.), lighters 3,229 (274,505 r. t.). Total 4,817 (486,797 r. t.).

FINANCES: Since 1860 the currency unit is the Finnmark (= 100 pennies) = 1 French franc. The redemption of bank notes in gold was cancelled on April 15th, 1915.

THE CENTRAL BANK. The Bank of Finland, (founded in 1811) is a State Bank. Its head-office is in Helsinki (Helsingfors) with branches in Turku (Åbo), Pori (Björneborg), Vaasa (Vasa), Oulu (Uleåborg), Kuopio, Joensuu, Sortavala, Viipuri (Viborg), Mikkeli (S:t Michel), Tampere (Tammerfors), Hämeenlinna (Tavastehus), Jyväskylä and Kotka.

THE JOINT STOCK BANKS (1923): Number 20, possess 396 branch offices, where all kinds of banking business is transacted. Including all banks, there is one banking establishment per 7,900 inhabitants.

THE SAVINGS BANKS (1922): Number at the end of the year 466.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>) Owing to the Communist party having been dissolved at the beginning of August this year in consequence of its illegal activities, the newspapers of the party having been closed and its leaders, including the greater part of the members of the Diet belonging to the party, having been imprisoned and prosecuted, the size of the Communist party in the Diet cannot at present be given exactly.

# PROFESSOR HECKSCHER'S SCHEME FOR THE MONETARY REFORM IN FINLAND.

The Finnish Diet's supervisors of the Bank of Finland have asked Professor Eli F. Heckscher, of the Stockholm University College of Commerce, for a report on the reform of the monetary system of Finland. This report which was submitted at the end of August, has now been published in Finland both in Finnish and Swedish. It contains a very thorough examination of the principles to be followed in going over from paper money to gold coinage, as well as a practical scheme for the introduction of a gold standard in Finland.

We give below, in brief, some of the most important points in the extensive examination.

The chief object of monetary reform, according to Prof. Heckscher, is the return to a coinage which is connected with some material basis, or in other words the reintroduction of a gold standard. As a consequence of this one is, certainly, obliged to allow the value of the currency to vary with the changes which may occur in the value of gold. At present, when an actual gold standard exists as yet only in the United States, if large countries only are taken into consideration, the value of gold is identical with the value of the dollar and therefore dependent on the level of prices in the United States. This carries with it the consequence that the value of gold is not as stable as formerly, but Prof. Heckscher is of opinion that there is no particular reason for anticipating any great changes in the value of gold for the present. Doubts as to the future value of gold should thus not be allowed to prove a deterrent to basing the value of the currency on gold.

On the question as to the value at which the mark should be stabilised Prof. Heckscher takes the standpoint that it is not conceivable to raise the mark to its former gold value. Prof. Heckscher, indeed, admits that to raise the value

of the currency is a right object and one to be aimed at in those special cases, when it is possible in practice without real detriment to the community to attain the former gold parity. In regard to Finland, however, this appears to be impossible. For, a return to the old gold parity would mean a fall in prices to a seventh or eighth part of the present level of prices. Both theory and practice, however, prove unanimously that nothing cripples the whole economic life so much as great and protracted falls in prices. After describing the losses and suffering produced in many countries by the much smaller drop in prices during 1920-22, Prof. Heckscher expresses the opinion that the depression of prices to such a degree as would be necessary in order to re-establish the mark at its old gold value, would have a ruinous influence on the economic life of Finland. But even a smaller rise in the value of the mark he considers impracticable, as it would be of very little benefit to those who have suffered losses through the depreciation of money, but would cause great disturbances in the economic life of the country. Nor from the point of view of justice would an improvement in the value of the currency be unconditionally right, as it would cause injustice to all those who had invested in loans in the existing currency. Therefore the mark should be stabilised at its present level, a view which is strongly supported by the fact that the value of the mark inside the country has already for two or three years been stabilised approximately at its present height.

Prof. Heckscher thinks it especially regrettable both from the point of view of economics and justice that the numerous savers, one of the most useful classes of the community, should thus finally have to acknowledge a loss which the depreciation of the currency had caused them

during the last few years. For this reason he has examined, as a basis for discussing the question, the possibility of granting the possessors of savings some recompense from the Treasury funds.

In accordance with the view expressed the present gold value of the paper mark should thus be determined, or in practice a new dollar parity should be fixed for the mark. Prof. Heckscher who considers that the level of the rates of exchange of last summer showed too high rather than too low a valuation of the Finnish currency, proposes for this reason as well as for others a devaluation point with the dollar exchange at 36: 99. This fixing of the gold value of the paper mark should, of course, be in practice the most important step towards devaluation.

By this means the mark would have a fixed value in comparison to gold. But as such a small unit of coinage would be inconvenient for many reasons, this unit should be changed for a larger coinage. Prof. Heckscher proposes as a larger new coinage 1/20 of a pound or one shilling for which he suggests the name "daler". Should devaluation be carried out at the exchange mentioned 1 dollar = 36: 99 paper marks, and as, on the other hand, one dollar = 4.11 shillings or "daler", one "daler" would thus correspond to 9 paper marks.

For his own part Prof. Heckscher inclines to think that all the conditions requisite for carrying out a change to a gold coinage are present in Finland. For instance, he considers the gold reserve of the Bank of Finland which corresponds in value to about 300 million paper marks, amply sufficient. His own proposal, therefore, is that Finland, just as Lettland has already done, should go over to a gold standard without further delay. In case, however, public opinion should not yet be prepared for decisive measures, he suggests intermediate stages. The first step would be a marginal gold exchange standard which would mean that the Bank of Finland would at first be bound to sell gold currency (though not yet gold) at a price which would at first be allowed to fluctuate within certain limits on either side of the new parity, the limits being subsequently reduced by degrees until the fixed gold exchange standard was reached. The next step would be that at this fixed rate of exchange not only gold currency would be bought and sold, but gold itself, too, when the gold standard would be complete.

In addition, in the latter part of the book those principles are dealt with which should be observed for maintaining and safeguarding the new parity.

As mentioned at the beginning, Prof. Heckscher's report was completed already in August. He therefore, seeing that the publication was delayed, added an appendix to the report in which he refers briefly to the recent fall in the value of the mark abroad. He considers that this development in various respects confirms the results of the earlier examination. The slight fall in the value of the mark abroad, which occurred up to the middle of November, he ascribes to the rise in the American currency; the subsequent greater drop he considers, too, as not having been due to actual changes in the economic position in Finland, but to speculation occasioned by the abandonment of the complete stabilisation of the previous half-year. therefore does not think it impossible to continue aiming at the foregoing dollar parity of 36: 99, provided sufficiently effective measures are adopted in order that the recent rise in the rates of exchange should not be afforded an opportunity of causing a rise in the level of prices inside the country. The most important of these measures, he considers, is that the Bank of Finland should publish its programme for stabilisation which should then be carried through by all possible means and the necessity of a fixed rate for gold and dollars is, according to his opinion, the principle result of experience, as faith in the possibility of raising the value of the currency easily leads to the opposite result.

The Management of the Bank of Finland has not yet made public its point of view on the question of reforming the monetary system of Finland.

## THE PRICE LEVEL IN FINLAND.

BY

KAARLO J. KALLIALA, M. A. STATISTICIAN TO THE BANK OF FINLAND.

#### THE COST OF LIVING.

The total index of the cost of living in Finland increased from 1,111 points in July to 1,193 points in October, or by 7.4 %. At first sight it might be supposed that this fact reflects a decrease in the value of the Finnmark at home. On closer examination, however, it will be noticed that this is not the case.

When comparing the figures for the different index groups in July and in October (see table 30), it will be observed that an increase has taken place in the group of foodstuffs only; the other groups have, practically, either remained stationary or decreased to some extent. Consequently, already for this reason, it may be presumed that the difference in the cost of living has been caused, so to say, by changes in the price of foodstuffs and not in the value of money. But on a still closer analysis of the groups of foodstuffs it will be seen that the cause is even more limited.

The index of the cost of foodstuffs amounted to 1,003 points in July and to 1,140 in October, thus showing an increase of 13.7 %. In the Bulletin no other material is published, by which the cause of the increase could be examined. But the Social Periodical of Finland, in which the calculations of the cost of living are published in greater detail, gives information on this point. When keeping in view the prices of the different groups of foodstuffs as such, i. e. without regard to the place they occupy in the budgets of family expenditure, the following index figures will be found, which are average figures for about 40 localities:

			July	October
Dairy-produce	5	kinds	897	1,238
Bread, flour, grain	9	,,	1,160	1,137
Meat	9	22	1,037	975
Fish	9	,,	804	956
Other foodstuffs	4	"	991	988

In examining these figures, it is apparent that prices have decreased for all the other groups of foodstuffs except those of fish and of dairy-produce. In the last-mentioned group the increase is especially great - 38 %. As fish only slightly influences the final index (see below), but dairy-produce on the contrary has a very great effect, it can be proved that the increase referred to in the cost of living in Finland has been caused almost entirely by the rise in price of dairy-produce. If it be asked, how it is possible that dairy-produce alone could have become so much more expensive, the answer is easily found. As is natural and also proved by experience, the price of dairy-produce depends mainly upon the price paid for butter. But the price for butter in itself is dependent on the world-market prices, since it is regularly exported from Finland. Butter, naturally, could not be sold at home for a dower price than it could fetch abroad. It is a known fact that the price of butter on the European markets has risen considerably. As an example of this it may be mentioned, that Finnish butter was sold in England at the end of June for only 132/per cwt., but during the autumn realised up to 220/-. It is true that a rise in the rate of exchange of the pound, from 166.08 on an average in July to 169.09 in October, has also somewhat influenced the price of butter in Finland, but the chief cause was, of course, the rise in price on the world-markets. This is the explanation of the rise in price for dairy-produce in Finland.

It is, nevertheless, rather astonishing that the rise in price of one single group of foodstuffs should have influenced the index of the whole group to such a degree and thus also of the total index. But this is due to the fact that the index of the cost of living in Finland, (the indices of the different chief groups, as well as the

total index), is calculated on the basis of the budget of expenditure of a workingman's family, viz. the different kinds of commodities are allowed to influence the final figures in proportion as they constitute a part of the total expenditure of the working people. Since, in the workingman's budget, which is taken as a basis for the above calculation, 55 % falls to the share of foodstuffs, and since dairy-produce is of the greatest importance in the workingman's budget for foodstuffs, it will be easily understood that the rise in price in the group referred to has increased the whole index for the cost of living.

In this manner we obtain the final result that no conclusion whatever can be drawn, as to a decrease in the buying capacity of the Finnmark at home on account of the rise in the cost of living in Finland in July—October.

#### THE WHOLESALE PRICES.

The fact that the index for the cost of living gives a very insufficient idea of changes in the general level of prices, has brought about the result that in Finland, too, a wholesale-price index is under calculation. The calculations have been made by the Central Statistical Office which, after collecting materials for almost a year, completed its calculations for 1920—1923 in the middle of December. As we intend to discuss the method of calculation for this index

series more in detail in a separate article, we will confine ourselves at present to publishing the total indices only for these years. The figures are as follows:—

#### FINLANDS WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX.

	1920	1921	1922	1923
January	1,075	1,223	1,263	1,134
February	1,054	1,188	1,254	1,127
March	1,024	1,203	1,244	1,108
April	1,035	1,249	1,260	1,096
May	1,056	1,182	1,241	1,093
June	1,113	1,247	1,229	1,095
July	1,178	1,259	1,219	1,080
August	1,266	1,293	1,230	1,080
September	1,298	1,364	1,224	1,089
October	1,385	1,361	1,186	1,077
November	1,422	1,305	1,140	1,070
December	1,400	1,295	1,149	

As is seen by these figures, the wholesale prices have, broadly, remained unchanged during recent months, though showing a slight falling tendency. This proved possible, in spite of the rise in price of dairy produce referred to, principally owing to the price of timber, pulp and other goods having fallen. The size of the wholesale price indices in the most important groups will be seen in the table which we shall publish in the next issue.

## FORGERY OF FINNISH 1000 MARK NOTES.

On December 27th the Board of Management of the Bank of Finland was informed from St. Petersburg that on the previous Monday about 1,000 very eleverly counterfeited Bank of Finland 1,000 mark notes had been sold on the Exchange there. At the same time as this news reached the Board of Management, the Helsingfors Police Detective Department delivered five

counterfeit notes to the Bank which a traveller from St. Petersburg had brought with him. The Bank at once took steps to make the matter known abroad before these forged notes should find their way there, too. So far 200 of these counterfeit notes have been traced in Finland.

The type of 1000 mark note which has now been forged, is like all the other Bank of Finland notes of the old types issued prior to 1919. Recently the Bank of Finland has begun to issue notes of a new type, dated with the year 1922. Of this type the following kinds are already in circulation:—

Fmk 1,000: — handmade paper with watermark, copper-plate print,

- ,, 100: machinemade paper, copper-plate print,
- ,, 100: handmade paper with watermark, provided with the mark Litt. A., copper-plate print,
- ,, 50: machinemade paper, typographic print,

- Fmk 10: machinemade paper, typographic print.
  - ,, 5: machinemade paper, typographic print.

In addition to these, 500 mark notes are to be put into circulation in March 1924 which are being printed on the same kind of paper as the 1000 mark notes.

The Bank of Finland advises the public therefore to accept only 1000 mark notes of the 1922 issue.

Notes of the older types are exchanged in all the offices of the Bank of Finland for notes of the new type.

## NOTICE.

The Bank of Finland Monthly Bulletin will appear next year supplemented by tables of State receipts, new issues of shares, wholesale price-index etc., and will be posted free of charge to anyone interested abroad. Those who, for any reason, have not returned the address card circulated with the October issue, but still would care to receive the Bulletin, are requested to communicate with the following address: Bank of Finland, Statistical Department, Helsingfors, Finland.